



CITY OF SANTA ANA, CALIFORNIA Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

Our purpose is to provide quality service to enhance the safety, livability and prosperity of our community. CITY OF SANTA ANA, CALIFORNIA

2010 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

Prepared by Finance & Management Services Agency

> Francisco Gutierrez Executive Director



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CITY OF SANTA ANA, CALIFORNIA Comprehensive Annual Financial Report MAYOR Miguel A. Pulido MAYOR PRO TEM Claudia C. Alvarez COUNCIL MEMBERS P. David Benavides Carlos Bustamante Michele Martinez Vincent F. Sarmiento Sal Tinajero



CITY OF SANTA ANA

CITY MANAGER David N. Ream CITY ATTORNEY Joseph W. Fletcher CLERK OF THE COUNCIL Maria D. Huizar

December 15, 2010

To the Honorable Mayor, Members of the City Council, and Citizens of the City of Santa Ana:

State law requires that all general-purpose local governments publish within six months of the close of each fiscal year a complete set of financial statements presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America by a firm of licensed independent certified public accountants. Pursuant to that requirement, we hereby issue the comprehensive annual financial report of the City of Santa Ana for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010.

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the City of Santa Ana. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all of the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of the City of Santa Ana has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the government's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the City of Santa Ana's financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the City of Santa Ana's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

The City of Santa Ana's financial statements have been audited by Macias Gini & O'Connell LLP, a firm of licensed independent certified public accountants. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the City of Santa Ana for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010 are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unqualified opinion that the City of Santa Ana's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010 are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

The independent audit of the financial statements of the City of Santa Ana was part of a broader, federally mandated "Single Audit" designed to meet the special needs of federal grantor agencies. The standards governing Single Audit engagements require the independent auditor to report not only on the fair presentation of the financial statements, but also on the audited government's internal controls and compliance with legal requirements, with special emphasis on internal controls and legal

requirements involving the administration of federal awards. These reports are available in the City of Santa Ana's separately issued Single Audit Report.

GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of the Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City of Santa Ana's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

Profile of the Government

The City of Santa Ana, incorporated in 1886, is located in Orange County, California, which is considered to be one of the top growth areas in the state, and one of the top growth areas in the country. The City of Santa Ana currently occupies a land area of 27.2 square miles and serves a population of 357,754. The City of Santa Ana is empowered to levy a property tax on both real and personal properties located within its boundaries. Increases in the property tax rate are subject to voter approval. It also is empowered by state statute to extend its corporate limits by annexation when deemed appropriate by the governing council.

The City of Santa Ana has operated under the council-manager form of government since 1952, having been one of the first in the state to adopt this form of government. Policy-making and legislative authority are vested in a governing city council consisting of the mayor and six other members. The City Council, among other things, is responsible, for passing ordinances, adopting the budget, appointing committees, and hiring the City Manager, City Attorney, and the City Clerk. The City Manager is responsible for carrying out the policies and ordinances of the City Council, for overseeing the day-to-day operations of the City, and for appointing the heads of the various departments. The council is elected on a non-partisan basis. Council members serve four-year staggered terms, with three council members elected every two years. The mayor is elected to serve a two-year term. The mayor and all council members are elected at large.

The City of Santa Ana provides a full range of services, including police and fire protection; the construction and maintenance of streets and other infrastructure; recreational activities; public library and cultural events. The City of Santa Ana is also responsible for three legally separate entities: The Community Redevelopment Agency of the City of Santa Ana, the Housing Authority, and the Santa Ana Financing Authority, each of which are reported separately within the City of Santa Ana's financial statements. Additional information on all three of these legally separate entities can be found in Note 1A in the notes to the basic financial statements.

The annual budget serves as the foundation for the City of Santa Ana's financial planning and control. During the months of January through April of each year, the City of Santa Ana agencies submit requests for appropriation to the City Manager which are then used to develop the proposed budget. The City Manager then presents this proposed budget to the council for review prior to June 15. The council is required to hold public hearings on the proposed budget and to adopt a final budget by no later than July 31. The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, department (e.g., police), and program (e.g., police patrol). Upon adoption of the budget, department heads may make appropriation adjustments within a department. Appropriation adjustments between departments; however, require the special approval of the City Council. The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report includes budgetary comparisons for individual governmental funds for which a budget has been adopted. The general fund comparison is presented on page 109 as part of the basic financial statements for the governmental funds. Governmental funds comparison, other than the general fund, with appropriated

annual budgets, is presented in the governmental fund subsection of this report, which starts on pages 109 through 111 as well as on pages 126 and 129.

Factors Affecting Financial Condition

The information presented in the financial statements is perhaps best understood when it is considered from the broader perspective of the specific environment within which the City of Santa Ana operates.

Economic base. Orange County is the fourth richest county in the nation with a Gross County Product of \$179.7 billion. The City of Santa Ana is known as the heart of Orange County and the center of government, commerce and transportation. Santa Ana is home to over 15,000 businesses with the top 25 businesses generating more than 30% of the jurisdiction's total sales/use tax revenue. Major companies with headquarters and divisions located within the City's boundaries include computer hardware and software manufacturers, electrical controls and electronic component manufacturers, food manufacturers, and several financial and insurance institutions. A key component in enhancing the City's economic base is its focus on business attraction and retention program. The City's designation as an Enterprise Zone provides a competitive edge in attracting new businesses to the area. Private sector developers also recognize the benefits of building in Santa Ana and as a result several new commercial and residential projects were developed, which resulted in over 1,500 new residential units and over 30,000 square feet of new retail space.

Local economy. The downturn in the economy and the affects it has had on real estate and retail sectors have negatively affected the State of California and local jurisdictions. Substantial revenue declines have led to a surge in job losses at both private and public sectors. California's unemployment rate reached 12.2% in September 2010 while Orange County was at 9.6%. Both the State and County unemployment levels are anticipated to remain unchanged as the mortgage, finance, retail, construction and real estate markets are not anticipated to generate sustainable job growth in the near future. While there are mixed signals of an economic recovery, Economists are expecting the recovery to be sluggish at best over the next two years. The economic downturn has eroded the City of Santa Ana General Fund revenues over the past three fiscal years and by the end of fiscal year 2010-11 will have established a new revenue base line that will grow as the economy improves. Nevertheless, the City will continue to develop its strategic financial plan to address impacts of the current economic situation on its budget.

Long-term financial planning. Ensuring the City's financial stability is a fundamental responsibility of the administration of our organization. In addition to the ongoing fiduciary functions, strategy for our long-term financial ability to deliver quality services includes; aggressively seeking grant monies available to local government to fund capital projects or enhance operations; refinancing debt to reduce annual payments by capitalizing on lower interest rates; actively pursuing competitive bids for goods, services, and capital projects; providing adequate reserves for liability and workers compensation funds; and minimizing credit and market risks while maintaining a competitive yield on the City's investment portfolio. In 2010-11, the City will continue to research grant opportunities provided by the Federal and State governments and aggressively apply for programs that are in alignment with our goals. Through the efforts of our departments and the citywide grants task force, the City secured \$62 million in competitive grant funding in fiscal year 2010-2011. Also through the efforts of the Santa Ana Police Department, the Department of Homeland Security has awarded the City the Fiscal Year 2011 Urban Area Security Initiative Grant for \$11.2 million. This financial assistance will provide funding to address the unique planning, equipment, training, and exercise needs of large urban areas

and to assist the City in building an enhanced and sustainable capacity to prevent, respond to, and recover from threats or acts of terrorism.

The City's population has increased by almost 55% in the last twenty plus years. It is anticipated that Santa Ana will continue to experience modest population growth through 2025. Providing and maintaining infrastructure and community facilities are essential goals of the City's administration. One of the priorities under these goals is to ensure proper levels of maintenance for our infrastructure, public buildings, parks and neighborhoods. Another priority is to complete the improvement of local neighborhood streets. The \$51 million Capital Improvement Program for the 2010-2011 fiscal year includes: the commitment to neighborhood improvements, with more than \$12.2 million budgeted for neighborhood street improvements, street resurfacing, and reconstruction of damaged curbs and sidewalks; \$4.5 million for improvements at City parks and public facilities; \$25.9 million for arterial improvements of which \$15.8 million was awarded from the Orange County Transportation Authority gas tax subvention for the Bristol Street corridor widening project; \$7.1 million for improvements to the water and sewer systems; and \$2.1 million for traffic improvements.

Relevant financial policies. Fiscal stability strategies incorporated into the 2010-11 General Fund Budget include reorganization of some departments and functions, elimination of service redundancies, shifting of legitimate expenses to non-General Fund sources, and contracting out services when the private sector can provide comparable or better quality service for less cost.

As an example, the City merged the Library into Parks, Recreation and Community Services Agency in 2009. The savings generated through consolidation of administrative functions can be used to maintain existing programs and services. In addition, the City has contracted out park maintenance services to all but 13 the park sites since fiscal 2007-08. During fiscal year 2009-10, the City along with leadership from the Mayor and City Council agreed to contract out the remaining park sites and Civic Center which resulted in approximately \$800,000 in ongoing cost saving.

Another major component to the City's fiscal stability strategy is the reduction of salary and benefit costs through bargaining group concessions. Since fiscal year 2008-09, the City has been in discussions and negotiations with its various bargaining groups and has achieved significant cost savings. As an example, in December of 2008 the City's Executive Management Team deferred salary increases and performance-based merit pay equating to 10% of their compensation. Following the Executive team, other bargaining units have deferred salary and benefit increases and in some instances reduced or eliminated them all together. In spite of these efforts, the City has been forced to reduce its workforce by 150 full-time positions during fiscal year 2009-10 and an additional 123 in 2010-11 which equates to a workforce reduction of 15% over the last two fiscal years.

Major initiatives. The Police Department Computer Forensics Unit will join with the FBI, DA's Office and eight other agencies in 2010-11 to form the new Orange County Regional Computer Forensics laboratory. The new multi-million dollar facility will not only be a cost savings to the City of Santa Ana, it will substantially increase the computer forensics resources, expertise, and networking valuable to the Santa Ana Police Department.

The City's "Go Local" Transit Study, which will result in the establishment of local transit system connecting the Santa Ana Regional Transportation Center with the Civic Center and the Pacific-Electric Right of Way to Garden Grove, has received Phase II funding approval from Orange County Transportation Authority.

The City of Santa Ana has undertaken the California Green Jobs Corps as a pilot program funded by the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (ARRA). This program provides green education, paid work experience, and community service opportunities for 28 young adults ages 16-24. The program will give youth an opportunity to receive training in green careers

Pension and other post-employment benefits. The City has contracted with the California Public Employee's Retirement System (CalPERS) to provide certain retirement, disability, death and survivor benefits for full-time city employees. The annual actuarial valuation of CalPERS continues to reflect relative stability in the City's and employees' funding of the system. The City's actuarial determined contribution 09-10 effective rate for Safety members and miscellaneous members was 22.567% and 13.118% respectively.

The City of Santa Ana also provides limited postretirement health and dental care benefits for certain retirees and their dependents. As of the end of the current fiscal year, there were 192 (excluded POA) retired employees receiving these benefits, which are financed on a pay-as-you-go basis.

Additional information on the City of Santa Ana's pension arrangements and post-employment benefits can be found in pages 98 through 105 as well as pages 114 and 116 in the notes to the basic financial statements.

Awards and Acknowledgements

The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Santa Ana for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009. This was the thirty two consecutive years that the government has received this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the government published an easily readable and efficiently organized CAFR. This report satisfied both GAAP and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current CAFR continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The preparation of this report would not have been possible without the efficient and dedicated services of the staff of the Finance Department, particularly the Accounting Division. We would like to express our appreciation to all members of the department who assisted and contributed to the preparation of this report. Credit also must be given to the Mayor and the City Council for their unfailing support for maintaining the highest standards of professionalism in the management of the City of Santa Ana's finances.

Respectfully submitted,

and M. Reum

David N. Ream City Manager

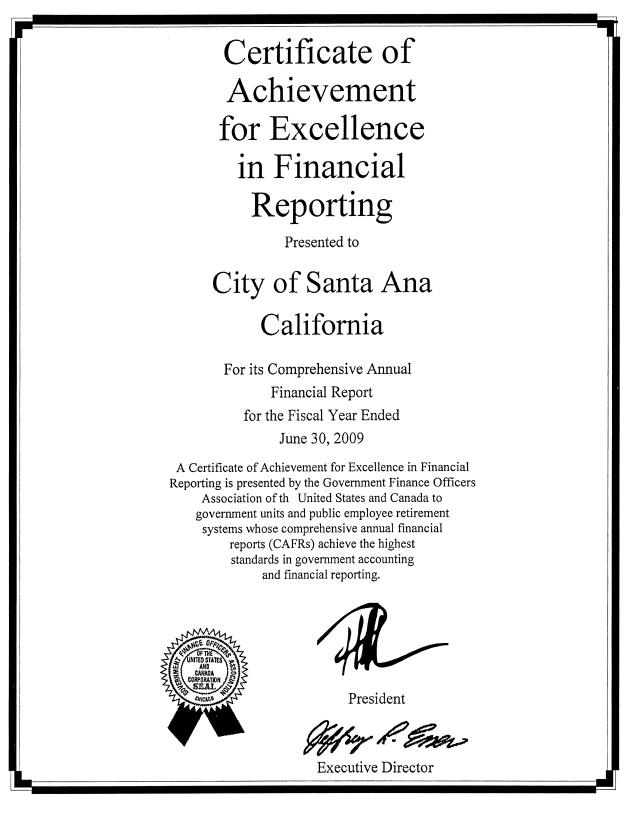
Francisci H.J.-

Francisco Gutierrez Executive Director Finance & Management Services



CITY OF SANTA ANA, CALIFORNIA Comprehensive Annual Financial Report **GFOA Certificate of Achievement**

Excellence in Financial Reporting for Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009



Directory of City Officials June 30, 2010

Miguel A. Pulido

Claudia C. Alvarez Mayor Pro Tem

P. David Benavides Councilmember

Carlos Bustamante Councilmember

Michele Martinez Councilmember

Vincent F. Sarmiento Councilmember

Sal Tinajero Councilmember

David N. Ream City Manager

Joseph W. Fletcher City Attorney

Maria D. Huizar Clerk of the Council

Development Services

External Affairs

Finance & Management Services Agency

Fire Department

Personnel Services Agency

Planning & Building Agency

Police Department

Library Services Agency Parks, Recreation & Community Service Agency

Public Works Agency

Cynthia J. Nelson Deputy City Manager

Jill Arthur Executive Director

Francisco Gutierrez Executive Director

David A. Thomas Fire Chief

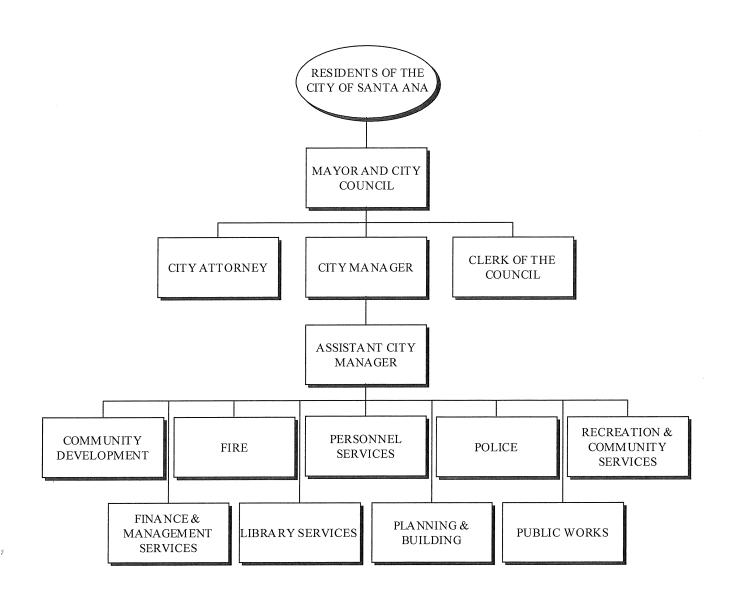
Kathie S. Gonzalez *Executive Director*

Jay M. Trevino *Executive Director*

Paul M. Walters Police Chief

Gerardo R. Mouet *Executive Director*

Raul Godinez *Executive Director* Table of OrganizationFiscal Year 2009-2010



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CITY OF SANTA ANA, CALIFORNIA Comprehensive Annual Financial Report CITY OF SANTA ANA, CALIFORNIA

Financial Section





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The Honorable City Council of the City of Santa Ana, California

Independent Auditor's Report

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Santa Ana, California (City) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2010, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the City's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller general of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the as of June 30, 2010, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Subsequent to the issuance of the City's basic financial statements on December 15, 2010, a material error was discovered by management whereby the classification of net assets in the statements of net assets for the business-type activities and the non-major enterprise funds was not correct between restricted and unrestricted. The statements of net assets for the business-type activities and proprietary funds have been restated and the effects of the correction are described in Note 5. Our report dated December 15, 2010 should not be relied on and is replaced by this report.

As discussed in Note 1 to the basic financial statements, the City adopted the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 15, 2010, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in

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Suite 300	Suite 750	5th Floor	Suite 325	Suite 500	Suite 680	Suite 1750	
Sacramento	Walnut Creek	Oakland	Los Angeles	Los Angeles	Newport Beach	San Diego	Boring Accountants.™
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accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

The management's discussion and other required supplementary information identified in the accompanying table of contents are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statement. The introductory section and combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules listed as supplementary schedules in the table of contents, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements attaced in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

macian Jini & O'Connell LCP

Newport Beach, California December 15, 2010, except for Note 5 as to which the date is June 8, 2011

Management's Discussion and Analysis

CITY OF SANTA ANA, CALIFORNIA

Management's Discussion and Analysis



Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of the City of Santa Ana (City), we offer readers of the City of Santa Ana's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City of Santa Ana for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal, which can be found on pages 1-5 of this report. All amounts, unless otherwise indicated, are expressed in thousands of dollars.

Financial Highlights

- The City of Santa Ana's combined governmental activities and business-type activities assets exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$1,014,086 (net assets). Of this amount, \$49,356 is unrestricted. The City's investment in capital assets net of related debt is \$807,145 and \$157,585 restricted for debt service, capital projects and specific projects and programs. The City's general revenue decreased (\$34,784) or 16.99% percent from fiscal year 2008-09 due to decreases in Property taxes, Sales taxes, Hotels visitors' taxes, however the City's total net assets increased by \$26,443 due to increases in the operating grants and City's charges for services.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the City of Santa Ana's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$202,439, a decrease of (\$31,238) as compared to the prior fiscal year. The decrease was primarily due to the construction cost for the Local Street Improvement Project. Despite the implementation of the City's cost reduction plan, general fund revenues continued to decline far greater than originally anticipated. At the end of the current fiscal year, the fund balance for the general fund decreased by \$7,865 as compared to the prior fiscal year. The amount of \$2,962 is available for spending which is 1.50 percent of total general fund appropriations in fiscal year 2010-11.
- The City experienced a net decrease in its total bonded debt and loans by \$14,847 in the fiscal year under review due to the principal repayments of existing debt. (See Note 3E on page 80).

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City of Santa Ana's basic financial statements. The City of Santa Ana's basic financial statements consist of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City of Santa Ana's finances, in a manner similar to a private sector business.

The *statement of net assets* presents information on all of the City of Santa Ana's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as *net assets*. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City of Santa Ana is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the government's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, *regardless of the timing of related cash flows*. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City of Santa Ana that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business type activities). The governmental activities of the City of Santa Ana include general government, human resources, finance and management services, museum, library, recreation and community services, police, fire, planning and building, public works and community development. The business type activities of the City of Santa Ana include Water, Refuse Collection, Parking, Sanitation, a Regional Transportation Center, Sewer and the Federal Clean Water Protection.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the City of Santa Ana itself (known as the *primary government*), but also blended component units. Blended component units, although legally separate entities are, in substance, part of the primary government's operations and are included as part of the primary government. Accordingly, the Community Redevelopment Agency of the City of Santa Ana (RDA), the Housing Authority, and the Santa Ana Financing Authority (SAFA) are reported as part of the primary government.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 33-35 of this report.

Fund financial statements. A *fund is* a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City of Santa Ana, like other state and local governments uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City of Santa Ana can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on *near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources*, as well as on *balances of spendable resources* available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented *for governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenue, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The City of Santa Ana maintains sixteen individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, Special Revenue Grants Fund, Housing Authority Special Revenue Fund, Special Revenue Special Gas Tax Fund, RDA Capital Project Fund, Capital Projects Street Construction, RDA Debt Service and the SAFA Debt Service Funds, all of which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other eight governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of *combining statements* elsewhere in this report.

The City of Santa Ana adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General Fund, Housing Authority Special Revenue Fund, Special Gas Tax Fund and other nonmajor Special Revenue Funds, including Sewer Connection Fee, Civic Center and Maintenance, Inmate Welfare Fund and Air Quality Improvement. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for both to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 40-46 of this report.

Proprietary funds. The City of Santa Ana maintains two different types of proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City of Santa Ana uses enterprise funds to account for its Water, Refuse Collection, Parking, Sanitation, Regional Transportation Center operations, the Sewer Enterprise Fund, and the Federal Clean Water Protection Enterprise Fund. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City of Santa Ana's various functions. The City of Santa Ana uses internal service funds to account for, amongst others, its self insurance and equipment maintenance/replacement, and for its management information systems. Because these services predominantly benefit governmental rather than business type functions, they have been included within governmental activities, in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the water, and the parking operation, which are considered to be major funds of the City of Santa Ana. Conversely, all internal service funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements. Individual fund data for the internal service funds is provided in the form of *combining statement* elsewhere in this report.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 48-55 of this report.

Fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are *not* reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are *not* available to support the City of Santa Ana's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on page 56 of this report.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 59-105 of this report.

Other information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain *required supplementary information* concerning the City of Santa Ana's budgetary information and compliance; the Schedule of Funding Progress for Pensions and OPEB plans; and the OPEB Schedule of Employer Contributions. Required supplementary information can be found on pages 109-116 of this report.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds, enterprise funds, and internal service funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information captioned supplementary schedules. Combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found on pages 119-164 of this report.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City of Santa Ana, assets of the City's governmental activities exceeded liabilities by \$894,841 at the close of fiscal year 09-10 as compared to the net assets of \$872,721 in fiscal year 08-09.

By far the largest portion of the City of Santa Ana net assets reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, rights of way, infrastructure, buildings, machinery, and equipment); less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City of Santa Ana uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are *not* available for future spending. Although the City of Santa Ana's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

		Gove Ac	rnm tiviti		Business Activit	v 1	Total			
	<u></u>	2010		2009	2010	2009	2010	2009		
Current and other assets	\$	412,586	\$	411,052 \$	45,109 \$	40,290 \$	457,695 \$	451,342		
Capital assets		890,797		857,098	108,627	109,508	999,424	966,606		
Total assets		1,303,383		1,268,150	153,736	149,798	1,457,119	1,417,948		
Long-term liabilities		359,359		364,674	26,238	27,744	385,597	392,418		
Other liabilities		49,183		30,755	8,253	7,132	57,436	37,887		
Total liabilities		408,542		395,429	34,491	34,876	443,033	430,305		
Net assets: Invested in capital assets-										
net of related debt		723,057		684,618	84,088	83,163	807,145	767,781		
Restricted		156,629		182,937	956	7,014	157,585	189,951		
Unrestricted		15,155		5,166	34,201	24,745	49,356	29,911		
Total net assets										
	\$ _	894,841	. \$ _	872,721 \$	119,245 \$	114,922 \$	1,014,086	987,643		

City of Santa Ana Statement of Net Assets

An additional portion of the City of Santa Ana's governmental activities net assets (17.50 percent) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. As June 30, 2010 the City's unrestricted net assets is a positive \$15,155, or a positive 1.69 percent. The positive in unrestricted net assets primarily due to the increase in net assets of \$22,120 as compared to fiscal year 08-09.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City of Santa Ana is able to report positive balances in three categories of net assets for its governmental activities. In the business-type activities the City also has positive balances in the three categories of net assets. The same situation held true for the prior fiscal year.

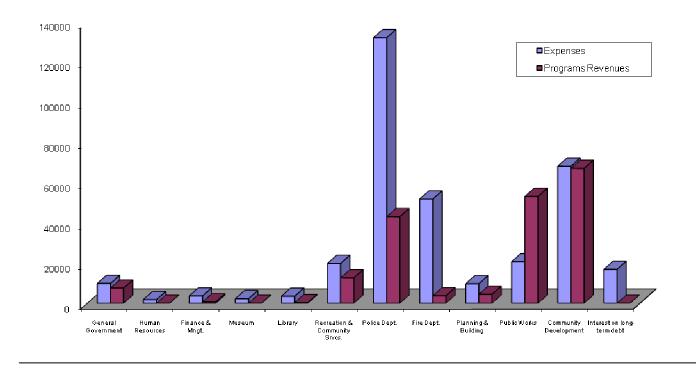
The government's total net assets are increased by \$26,443 during the current fiscal year. The increase represents the degree to which increases in ongoing revenues have outstripped similar increases in ongoing expenses.

Governmental activities. Governmental activities increased the City of Santa Ana's net assets by \$22,120, thereby accounting for 83.65 percent of the total growth in the net assets of the City of Santa Ana. Key elements of this increase are as follows:

	Governmen Activitie			ties			Business-type Activities		_	Total			
		2010		2009		2010		2009		2010		2009	
Program revenues: Charges for services Operating grants and	\$	55,288	\$	51,451	\$	84,526	\$	76,251	\$	139,814	\$	127,702	
contribution Capital grants and		99,887		72,232		-		6,442		99,887		78,674	
contribution		37,218		38,694		-		-		37,218		38,694	
General revenues: Property taxes		79,422		106,966		_		-		79,422		106.966	
Other taxes		85,054		90,934		_		-		85,054		90,934	
Intergovernmental, unrestricted		1,255		1,203		_		_		1,255		1,203	
Investment income		2,862		4,613		255		463		3,117		5,076	
Others		1,089		542		-		-+05		1,089		542	
Total revenues		362,075	• •	366,635	•	84,781		83,156	-	446,856		449,791	
Expenses:			• •		•		•						
General government		9,839		13,718						9,839		13,718	
Human resources		1,763		2,056		-		-		1,763		2,056	
Finance and management services		3,625		4,682		-		-		3,625		4,682	
Museum		2,260		2,413		-		-		2,260		2,413	
Library		3,470		4,427		-		-		3,470		4,427	
Recreation and community services		19,797		21,097		-		-		19,797		21,097	
Police department		132,066		125,224		-		-		132,066		125,224	
Fire department		51,819		49,812		-		-		51,819		49,812	
Planning and building		9,676		11,796		-		-		9,676		11,796	
Public works		20,662		18,054		-		-		20,662		18,054	
Community development		68,150		53,598		-		-		68,150		53,598	
Interest on long-term debt		16,828		16,580		-		-		16,828		16,580	
Water		_		-		45,727		41,911		45,727		41,911	
Parking		-		-		2,824		2,767		2,824		2,767	
Refuse		-		-		16,716		13,205		16,716		13,205	
Transportaion center		-		-		1,423		1,422		1,423		1,422	
Sewer		-		-		3,486		3,141		3,486		3,141	
Sanitation		-		-		8,072		7,781		8,072		7,781	
Federal clean water protection		-		-		2,210		2,217		2,210		2,217	
Total expenses		339,955		323,457	• •	80,458		72,444	-	420,413		395,901	
Increase in net assets before transfers		22,120	•	43,178		4,323		10,712	-	26,443		53,890	
Transfers in (out)		-	• •	50		-	-	(50)		-			
Increase in net assets		22,120	•	43,228		4,323	. –	10,662	-	26,443	-	53,890	
Net assets beginning		872,721		829,493		114,922		104,260		987,643	-	933,753	
Net assets ending	\$	894,841	\$	872,721	\$	119,245	\$	114,922	\$_	1,014,086	\$_	987,643	

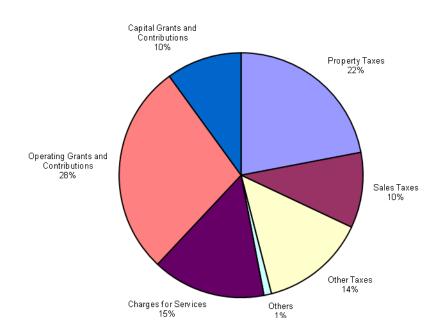
City of Santa Ana's Changes in Net Assets

• Property taxes decreased by \$27,544 (25.75 percent) during the year. The decrease was primarily due to the overall depressed property sales and a decline in assessed valuations. As a result of the downturn in the local economy, sales taxes for governmental activities decreased by \$5,203 (13.11 percent). Investment income decreased by \$1,751 (37.96 percent), due to the decrease in the average yield on investments. Operating grants, and contributions for governmental activities increased by \$27,655 (38.29 percent) as a result of the State released of the prior year withholding distributions and the grant received from the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (ARRA). The grant awards provided resources to support three functions: police services, community development services and public works services. The total expenses in Governmental Activities increased 5.10% as compared to fiscal year 08-09. The increase in expenses was primarily due to the spending on the grants received.



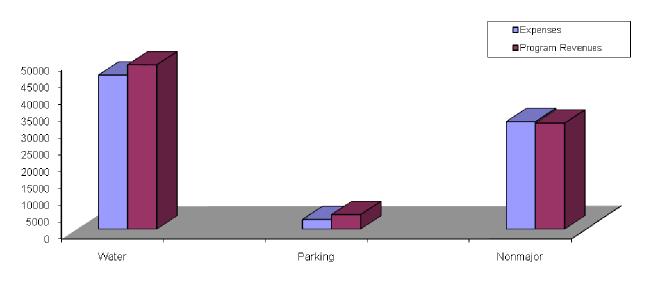


Revenue by Source - Governmental Activities



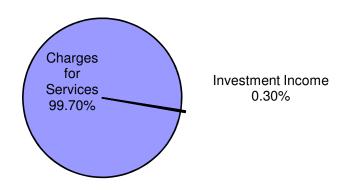
Business-type activities. Business-type activities increased the City of Santa Ana's net assets by \$4,323, accounting for 16.29 percent of the total growth in the government's net assets. Key elements of this increase are as follows:

- Charges for services for business-type activities increased by \$8,275 (10.85 percent) as compared to the prior fiscal year. The Water Enterprise accounted for \$1,444, Parking Funds accounted for an increase of \$13. The nonmajor enterprise funds accounted for the increase of \$6,818.
- Investment earnings decreased by (\$208) (-44.92 percent) for business-type activities because of overall decrease in the size of the investment portfolio due to the increase in capital improvement expenses and the decrease in the average yield on investments.
- Total expenses for business-type activities increased by \$8,013 (11.06 percent) as compared to the prior fiscal year. The increases were primarily due to the increased costs of providing the services in 2009-2010.



Expenses and Program Revenues - Business-type Activities

Revenue by Source - Business-type Activities



Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the City of Santa Ana uses fund accounting to ensure a demonstrated compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the City of Santa Ana's *governmental funds* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City of Santa Ana's financing requirements. In particular, *unrestricted fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the City of Santa Ana's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$202,439. The negative (\$66,379) constitutes *unassigned fund balance*. The remainder of fund balance is allocated: 1) to the City's future needs for \$9,340; 2) to the nonexpendable items for \$12,354; and 3) to the restricted for specific spending for \$247,124.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City of Santa Ana. At the end of the current fiscal year, the fund balance of the general fund was \$8,471 as compared to \$16,336 in fiscal year 08-09. The 48.14 percent reduction is primarily due to the overall downturn in the economy. Santa Ana's major revenue sources for the general fund have continued to experience significant declines. In fiscal year 09-10, property taxes decreased 8.7% and sales taxes decreased 13.11% when compared to fiscal year 08-09. The City responded to the financial challenges by implementing cost reduction strategies which included departmental consolidations/reorganizations, maintaining vacancies, reductions in force and achieving concessions by renegotiating bargaining group agreements. Total General Fund actual expenditures decreased 8.37% in fiscal year 09-10. Unfortunately, the declines in revenue were far greater than originally anticipated.

As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance in the General Fund was \$2,962 represents 1.39 percent of total general fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 3.98 percent of that same amount. The City has been implementing a strategic financial plan to address impacts of the current economic situation on its budget.

The Special Revenue Grants' fund balance is \$4,563 in fiscal year 09-10 as compared to the fund balance of \$4,875 in fiscal year 08-09. The 6.4% decrease is due to the rapid spending grants received to meet the allowable grant period.

The Special Revenue Housing Authority's fund balance is \$3,698 in fiscal year 09-10 as compared to the fund balance of \$5,107 in fiscal year 08-09. The 27.6 percent decrease is due to the aggressive plan to provide rental subsidy to very low-income residents.

The Special Revenue Gas Tax Fund had a net decrease of \$16,762 in the current fiscal year. The decrease is primarily due to the spending on the proceeds received from the issuance of the Gas Tax Revenue Certificates of Participation for the 2007 Local Street Improvement Project.

The Capital Projects Community Redevelopment Agency fund had a decrease of \$1,814 in the current year. The decrease is due primarily to greater increased pass-through payments to the State of California Supplemental Education Revenue Augmentation Fund (SERAF).

The Capital Projects Street Construction Fund ended with a fund balance of \$23,646 in fiscal year 09-10 as compared to the fund balance of \$23,344 in fiscal year 08-09. The increase was primarily due to the advance received from OCTA for Bristol Street Widening Project.

The RDA Debt Service Fund has a deficit fund balance of (\$64,784), of which \$3,546 is restricted for payment of debt service. This negative number is largely due to the RDA obligation to the SAFA (Santa Ana Financing Authority).

The SAFA Debt Service Fund has a total fund balance of \$75,503, of which \$7,173 is restricted for payment of debt service. The \$68,330 restricted fund balance in Community development is attributable to the purchase of the 1989 Tax Allocation Bonds, which were issued by RDA and subsequently acquired by the SAFA in 1999. As required by GASB Statement No. 34, the intra-entity obligation between the RDA Debt Service Fund and the SA Financing Authority of \$68,330 was eliminated from the government-wide financial statements because repayment is not expected within a reasonable period. The fund balance decreased by \$4,027 primarily due to principal repayments of the refunding lease revenue bonds.

Proprietary funds. The City of Santa Ana's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

The Water fund ended with total net assets of \$70,443 in fiscal year 09-10 as compared to the net assets of \$67,240 in fiscal year 08-09. The 4.76 percent increase was primarily due to the increase in revenues, and capital projects being carried over to fiscal year 10-11.

The Parking fund ended with total net assets of \$8,317 in fiscal year 09-10 as compared to the net assets of \$6,821 in fiscal year 08-09. The increase was primarily due to the rate charges for services increased.

Unrestricted net assets of the of the business-type activities at the end of the year amounted to \$34,201 as compared to \$24,745 in fiscal year 08-09. As indicated earlier, the 38.2 percent increase was primarily due to the increase in revenues, capital projects being carried over to fiscal year 10-11, and the reclassifications for fiscal year 09-10. (See Note 5 on page 105).

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

During the year, there was a \$4,388 increase in appropriations between the original and final amended budget. Following are the main components of the increase (decrease):

- \$4,275 to roll forward 2008-09 active purchase orders provided for in prior reserve balances and budgets.
- \$12 supplemental appropriation to the Planning and Building Agency in anticipation of the revenue received from various building plan checks.
- \$50 supplemental appropriation to the Parks, Recreation & Community Services Agency in anticipation of the fund received from LA 84 Foundation for Memorial pool and other aquatic program.
- \$4 supplemental appropriation to the Parks, Recreation & Community Services Agency in anticipation of the fund received from Gisela's Mexican Food (DYSC Vending Truck).
- \$2 supplemental appropriation to the Police department in anticipation of the fund received from Target Stores for the Graffiti Task Force.
- \$11 supplemental appropriation to the Parks, Recreation & Community Services Agency in anticipation of the fund received from TowerCo, LLC for cell tower equipment at Heritage, Rosita and Windsor parks.
- \$33 supplemental appropriation to the Parks, Recreation & Community Services Agency in anticipation of the fund received from Omnipont Communications for the Rosita Park cell tower.

General Fund revenues of \$193,019 were under budgeted revenues of \$206,236 by \$13,217 (6.4%). The short fall was primarily due the unfavorable variances for the following revenues: sales taxes (\$3,613), property taxes (3,472), Utility Users Taxes (2,002), hotels visitors' taxes (386), business taxes (639), charges for services (3,472), fines and forfeits (2,122). However the favorable variance for Police Jail facility rental was \$1,216. Overall, the unfavorable variances were due to the downturn in the economy. General Fund expenditures were less than budgeted. The variances were primarily due to the saving in administrative cost.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets. The City of Santa Ana's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business- type activities as of June 30, 2010, was \$999,424 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, right of way, street trees, buildings, improvements, machinery and equipment, park facilities, streets, and bridges.

City of Santa Ana Capital Assets

(net of accumulated depreciation)

	Governmen	ntal	Business-	type					
	Activitie	es	Activit	ies	Total				
	2010	2009	2010	2009	2010	2009			
Land	\$ 12,124 \$	14,036 \$	7,987 \$	7,987 \$	20,111 \$	22,023			
Rights of way	427,119	427,118	0	0	427,119	427,118			
Street trees	7,031	5,963	0	0	7,031	5,963			
Construction in progress	115,400	69,706	3,826	3,164	119,226	72,870			
Building	98,255	104,241	3,214	3,433	101,469	107,674			
Improvements	35,330	35,784	76,726	77,674	112,056	113,458			
Equipment	11,858	14,592	4,572	4,812	16,430	19,404			
Infrastructure	182,403	184,322	12,023	12,438	194,426	196,760			
Intangeble	0	0	279	0	279	0			
Library materials	1,277	1,336	0	0	1,277	1,336			
Total	\$ 890,797 \$	857,098 \$	108,627 \$	109,508 \$	999,424 \$	966,606			

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City total assets increased by \$32,817 (3.40 percent). The increase is primarily due to the City wide local streets improvement projects and the Water Main improvements. Additional information on the City of Santa Ana's capital assets can be found in Note 3C on pages 74-76 of this report.

Long-term debt. At the end of the current fiscal year, the City of Santa Ana had total bonded debt and loans outstanding of \$302,219. Of this amount, \$122,453 comprises debt backed by the full faith and credit of the government, \$166,110 represents bonds secured solely by specified revenue sources, \$4,342 in capitalized lease obligations and \$9,314 in long-term loans.

		Ch,	yv	JI San	ιa	Ana				
	Ι	Long-term	В	onded I	Deł	ot and Loa	ins		4	
		Governi	mer	ntal		Business	s-type			
		Activ	vitie	s		Activi	ties	 Total		
		2010		2009		2010	2009	 2010	2009	
Tax allocation bonds	\$	18,010 \$	5	18,520	\$	- \$	-	\$ 18,010 \$	18,520	
Tax allocation refunding bonds		22,770		24,500		-	-	22,770	24,500	
Capital leases		4,342		5,705		-	-	4,342	5,705	
Certificates-of-participation		77,515		77,845		-		77,515	77,845	
Revenue bonds		149,860		158,710		16,250	17,060	166,110	175,770	
Long-term loans and notes		8,006		8,329		1,308	1,459	9,314	9,788	
Refunding certificates-of-										
participation						7,755	8,680	7,755	8,680	
Less: deferred amounts		(5,494)		(5,989)		(774)	(853)	(6,268)	(6,842)	
Add: bond premium		2,671		3,100		-	-	2,671	3,100	
Total	\$	277,680 \$	s	290,720	\$	24,539 \$	26,346	\$ 302,219 \$	317,066	

City of Santa Ana

At the end of the current fiscal year, the Governmental Activities long-term debt decreased by (\$13,040) and the Long-term debt in Business-type Activities decreased (\$1,807). The decreases represented the principal repayments of existing debts. Additional information on the City of Santa Ana's long-term debt can be found in Note 3E on pages 79 through 91.

The City of Santa Ana maintains an "A" rating from Standard & Poor's and an "A1" by Moody's. The City currently has no general obligation debt. State statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt a governmental entity may issue to 10 percent of its total assessed valuation. The current debt limitation for the City of Santa Ana is \$512,796.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

- The unemployment rate for the Orange County Metropolitan Statistical Area was 12.2 percent in June 2010, an increase from a rate of 9.3 percent a year ago. This compares favorably to the state's average unemployment rate of 12.2 percent and the national average rate of 9.6 percent.
- Consistent with the condition of the national economy, the California financial outlook will continue to be volatile. At the local level, Santa Ana's major revenues sources continued to show signs of the economy's downturn.
- Inflationary trends in the region compare favorably to national indices.

All of these factors were considered in preparing the City of Santa Ana's budget for the 2010-2011 fiscal year.

During the current fiscal year, total fund balance in the general fund was \$8,471. The City of Santa Ana has reserved \$5,509 of this amount to roll forward 2009-10 active purchase orders to the 2010-2011fiscal year.

Even during difficult economic times, the city continues to maintain high-quality services at low cost to customers. The City Council reaffirmed in 2010-11 budget year by retaining the 2009-2010 Water Collection rates. However, the Refuse Collection rates increased for the 2010-11 budget year. The average increase in the refuse rates was 9.1 percent. The refuse rate increases were necessary to cover the increased costs of providing the services in 2010-2011.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City of Santa Ana's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Executive Director of Finance & Mgmt. Services, City of Santa Ana, 20 Civic Center Plaza, Santa Ana, CA 92701.



CITY OF SANTA ANA, CALIFORNIA Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

Basic Financial Statements

CITY OF SANTA ANA, CALIFORNIA

Basic Financial Statements



CITY OF SANTA ANA, CALIFORNIA

Government - wide Financial Statements



Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2010

		Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
Assets:	•			
Cash and investments (Note 3A) Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):	\$	234,197,672	30,443,544 \$	264,641,216
Taxes		9,553,774	-	9,553,774
Interest		862,855	47,352	910,207
Accounts		410,108	12,256,268	12,666,376
Allowance for uncollectible accounts		-	(298,077)	(298,077)
Intergovernmental		16,430,794	-	16,430,794
Loans and notes		76,653,020	-	76,653,020
Internal balances		(2,000,000)	2,000,000	-
Inventory of supplies		1,122,590	-	1,122,590
Restricted assets:				
Cash and investments (Note 3A)		27,298,161	659,452	27,957,613
Cash and investments with fiscal agents (Note 3A)		18,781,415	187	18,781,602
Land held for resale		29,275,253	-	29,275,253
Capital assets, undepreciated (Note 3C)		561,673,834	11,813,436	573,487,270
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation (Note 3C)	-	329,123,376	96,813,859	425,937,235
Total assets	-	1,303,382,852	153,736,021	1,457,118,873
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable		17,265,314	6,628,408	23,893,722
Interest payable		5,849,897	276,296	6,126,193
Retention payable		218,675	7,784	226,459
Due to governmental agencies		5,982,689	-	5,982,689
Customer's deposits		641,564	1,340,027	1,981,591
Unearned revenue		19,224,414	-	19,224,414
Non current liabilities- due within one year (Note 3E)		33,907,577	2,318,857	36,226,434
Non current liabilities- due over one year (Note 3E)		305,284,704	23,314,052	328,598,756
Postemployment benefits obligation(Note 4F)	-	20,166,647	605,353	20,772,000
Total liabilities	-	408,541,481	34,490,777	443,032,258
Net Assets:				
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted for:		723,056,800	84,088,121	807,144,921
Debt service		8,196,949	-	8,196,949
Capital projects		103,620,621	-	103,620,621
National Pollution Discharge Elimination System		-	956,200	956,200
Special reveue grants		5,102,781	-	5,102,781
Special revenue Housing Authority		3,697,680	-	3,697,680
Local street improvements		36,011,985	-	36,011,985
Unrestricted	_	15,154,555	34,200,923	49,355,478
Total net assets	\$ _	894,841,371	\$	1,014,086,615

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

Statement of Activities Year ended June 30, 2010

				Program Revenues	
				Operating	Capital
			Charges for	Grants and	Grants and
		Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contibutions
Governmental activities:	-				
General government	\$	9,839,034	3,990,361	3,534,851	_
Human resources	·	1,762,575	-	· · · · ·	-
Finance and management services		3,625,035	668,874	-	-
Museum		2,260,006	-	-	-
Library		3,470,577	69,599	208,390	-
Recreation and community services		19,797,036	3,161,595	7,772,609	1,702,599
Police department		132,066,593	22,257,696	20,792,695	-
Fire department		51,818,665	3,112,298	604,617	-
Planning and building		9,675,635	4,033,051	402,707	-
Public works		20,662,110	11,673,371	5,913,205	35,514,988
Community development		68,149,990	6,321,267	60,658,234	-
Interest on long-term debt		16,827,930	-	-	-
interest on rong term deor	-	10,027,950			
Total governmental activities	\$_	339,955,186	55,288,112	99,887,308	37,217,587
Business-type activities:					
Water		45,726,750	48,781,762		
Parking		2,824,045	48,781,782	-	-
Refuse collections		16,715,842	14,988,036	-	-
		1,423,203	1,232,653	-	-
Transportation center Sewer		3,484,925	4,816,446	-	-
				-	-
Sanitation Endersal algen water protection		8,072,232 2,210,294	7,945,762 2,473,584	-	-
Federal clean water protection	-	2,210,294	2,475,584		-
Total business-type activities	-	80,457,291	84,525,654		-
Total	\$_	420,412,477	139,813,766	99,887,308	37,217,587
		General revenues: Property taxes Sales taxes shared i Hotels visitors' taxe Utility users taxes Business taxes Franchise taxes Other taxes Intergovermental, u Investment income Other revenues Total general revenues Change in net assets Net assets - beginning	es inrestricted es		
			g		

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

Governmental	Business-Type	
 Activities	 Activities	 Total
\$ (2,313,822)	\$ -	\$ (2,313,822)
(1,762,575)	-	(1,762,575)
(2,956,161)	-	(2,956,161)
(2,260,006)	-	(2,260,006)
(3,192,588)	-	(3,192,588)
(7,160,233)	-	(7,160,233
(89,016,202)	-	(89,016,202)
(48,101,750)	-	(48,101,750)
(5,239,877)	-	(5,239,877)
32,439,454	-	32,439,454
(1,170,489) (16,827,930)	-	(1,170,489) (16,827,930)
\$ (147,562,179)	\$ 	\$ (147,562,179)
	3,055,012	3,055,012
-	1,463,366	1,463,366
-	(1,727,806)	(1,727,806)
	(1,727,800) (190,550)	(190,550)
	1,331,521	1,331,521
	(126,470)	(126,470)
 -	 263,290	 263,290
 <u> </u>	 4,068,363	 4,068,363
\$ (147,562,179)	\$ 4,068,363	\$ (143,493,816)
79,421,834	-	79,421,834
34,495,752	-	34,495,752
5,650,400	-	5,650,400
26,097,219	-	26,097,219
9,944,049	-	9,944,049
7,777,112	-	7,777,112
1,089,673	-	1,089,673
1,254,747	-	1,254,747
2,862,352 1,089,110	254,628	3,116,980 1,089,110
 169,682,248	 254,628	169,936,876
22,120,069	4,322,991	26,443,060
 872,721,302	 114,922,253	 987,643,555
\$ 894,841,371	\$ 119,245,244	\$ 1,014,086,615



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CITY OF SANTA ANA, CALIFORNIA

Fund Financial Statements



Governmental Funds

Major Governmental Funds

GENERAL FUND

The General Fund must be classified as a major fund and is used to account for revenues and expenditures that are not required to be accounted for in another fund.

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

The Special Revenue Funds account for the proceeds of special revenue sources that are restricted by law or administrative action to expenditures for specific purposes. The following have been classified as major funds in the accompanying financial statements:

<u>Grants Fund</u> is a combined report of various grants awarded to the City by the Federal, State, and local governments not otherwise accounted for in the General Fund or Capital Projects Funds. A detailed report by program is available under a separate report meeting the criteria of Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations, for all grants operated by the City.

<u>Housing Authority Fund</u> accounts for the receipt and disbursement of funds received from the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development to provide rental assistance programs for low income residents and senior citizens under Section 8 of the Federal Housing Act of 1937 as amended, and for the receipt of revenues from the issuance of Residential Mortgage Revenue Bonds. The City has elected to treat this fund as a major fund in the accompanying financial statements.

<u>Gas Tax Fund</u> accounts for the receipts and expenditures of money apportioned under Streets and Highway Code Sections 2105, 2106, and 2107 of the State of California.

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

The Capital Projects Funds account for the acquisition of fixed assets or construction of major capital project not being financed by proprietary funds. The following Capital Project Fund has been classified as a major fund in the accompanying financial statements:

<u>Community Redevelopment Agency Fund</u> is a combined report of revenues and expenditures for the merged redevelopment project area authorized under the provisions of the California Redevelopment Law.

<u>Street Construction Fund</u> this fund is used to account for the receipts and disbursements of funds for right-of-way acquisition, construction and improvements related to the City's street system. These projects are funded by gas taxes, Measure M, Intermodal Surface Transportation Efficiency Act and improvement fees.

DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

The Debt Service Funds account for the servicing of the long-term debt not being financed by proprietary or nonexpendable trust funds. The following Debt Service Funds have been classified as major funds in the accompanying financial statements:

<u>Community Redevelopment Agency (RDA) Funds</u> account for the receipt of tax increment revenues which by State of California Law regulating redevelopment agencies, must be used for the payment of debt.

<u>Santa Ana Financing Authority</u> (SAFA) Fund accounts for the receipt of revenues and payment of debt service related to the Police Administration and Holding Facility Lease Revenue and the 1998 Refunding Revenue Bonds.

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Other Governmental Funds - These funds constitute all other governmental funds that do not meet the major 10% tests of assets, liabilities, revenues or expenditures for the governmental funds and the 5% test of total assets, liabilities, revenues or expenditures for the total governmental and enterprise funds combined. These funds include other Special Revenue Funds and several Capital Projects Funds, including the Capital Grants Fund.

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2010

Assots	General	Special Revenue Grant	Special Revenue Housing s <u>Authority</u>	Special Revenue Gas Tax
Assets	11 505 050	0 (05 110	2 0 40 000	4 700 074
Cash and investments (Note 3A) \$ Investment in RDA Bonds Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):	11,587,070 -	3,675,117	3,840,009 -	4,700,874 -
Taxes Interest	8,182,048 69,339 305,006	- 6,899 26,981	- 5,824 15,154	- 59,056
Accounts Intergovernmental Loans and notes (Note 3F)	2,699,003	6,775,281 37,821,691		- 248,199 -
Due from other funds (Note 3D) Advances to other funds (Note 3D) Restricted assets:	-	-	-	-
Cash and investments (Note 3A) Cash and investments with fiscal agents (Note 3A) Court deposits	- 205,544	39,870	- 294,065	27,020,532 4,213,529
Land held for resale			·	
Total assets \$	23,048,010	48,345,839	4,155,052	36,242,190
Liabilities and Fund Balances				
Liabilities: Accounts payable \$ Interest payable	2,913,706 30,054	2,650,153	148,153	230,205
Retention payable Due to other funds (Note 3D)	-	-	-	-
Due to other governmental agencies Deferred revenues Deposits	6,493,667	41,131,698	309,219	-
Advances payable to other funds (Note 3D) Obligation to SA Financing Authority	5,140,000	-	-	-
Total liabilities	14,577,427	43,781,851	457,372	230,205
Fund balances (deficit): Nonexpendable: Deposits	_	_	-	_
Advances to other funds Surplus property from street projects	-	-	-	-
Restricted for: Community development Debt service	-	133,133	3,697,680	-
Public safety Street projects	-	3,538,378	-	- 34,658,105
Drainage construction Other capital projects Cultural recreation and community services	-	- - 892,477	-	-
Land held for resale Committed to:	-	-	-	-
Other purposes Assigned to:	5,509,023	-	-	-
Continuing projects Unassigned:	2,961,560	- -		1,353,880
Total fund balances (deficit)	8,470,583	4,563,988	3,697,680	36,011,985
Total liabilities and fund balances \$	23,048,010	48,345,839	4,155,052	36,242,190

Total		Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Debt Service SA Financing Authority	Debt Service Community Redevelopment Agency	Capital Projects Street Construction	Capital Projects Community Redevelopment Agency
152,685,593 68,330,000	\$	1,743,473 14,924,497 68,330,000 -		10,680,858 -	34,019,779	67,513,916
9,553,774 500,855 347,141		22,499	4,739	1,325,607 185,711	48,959	46,119 97,829
16,430,794 76,653,020		1,653,100	-	-	5,055,211	- 38,831,329
321,287 8,702,359		-	-	-	-	321,287 8,702,359
27,020,532 18,781,415 100		-	5,429,251	8,587,541	- -	- 11,615 100
<u>29,275,253</u> 408,602,123	- <u>-</u>				3,651,750 42,775,699	25,623,503
	: -					
15,319,121 30,054	\$	447,686	4,463	2,227,337	6,258,721	438,697
176,680 1,364,601		36,310 1,043,314	-	321,287	140,370	-
5,982,689 100,769,739		1,273,079	-	5,982,689	- 12,730,747	38,831,329
347,499 13,842,359 68,330,000		-	-	8,702,359 68,330,000	-	347,499 - -
206,162,742		2,800,389	4,463	85,563,672	19,129,838	39,617,525
100		-	-	-	-	100
8,702,359 3,651,750		-	-	-	3,651,750	8,702,359
140,416,549 10,719,045		1,051,166	68,330,000 7,173,000	3,546,045	-	67,204,570
3,804,191 52,174,643		265,813 - 4,495,247	-	-	17,516,538	-
4,495,247 5,236,102 4,654,236		4,493,247 5,236,102 3,761,759	-	-	-	-
25,623,503		-	-	-	-	25,623,503
5,509,023 3,831,453		-	-	-	- 2,477,573	-
(66,378,820)		(1,010,380)		(68,330,000)	<u></u>	
202,439,381		13,799,707	75,503,000	(64,783,955)	23,645,861	101,530,532
408,602,123	\$	16,600,096	75,507,463	20,779,717	42,775,699	141,148,057



CITY OF SANTA ANA, CALIFORNIA Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2010

Fund balances of governmental funds		\$ 202,439,381
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statemen different because:	t of net assets are	
Capital assets, net of depreciation, used in governmental activ and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. This amoun assets of the internal service funds which are reported be	t does not include the capital	878,916,321
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, loans, capital and compensated absences, are not due and payable in th and, therefore are not reported in the funds. This amount liabilities of the internal service funds which are included	e current period t does not include the long-term	
Long-term debt Compensated absences	(293,594,770) (36,309,949)	(329,904,719)
Accrued interest payable for the current portion of interest du has not been reported in the governmental funds.	e on long-term liabilities	(5,819,843)
Long-term receivable are not available to pay for current peri are deferred on the modified accrual basis in government		81,428,706
Internal Service Funds are used by management to charge the activities to individual funds. The assets and liabilities o funds are unrestricted in the governmental activities in th	f the internal service	67,781,525
Net assets of governmental activities		\$ 894,841,371

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds Year ended June 30, 2010

		General	Special Revenue Grants	Special Revenue Housing Authority	Special Revenue Gas Tax
Revenues:					
Taxes License and permits Intergovernmental Charges for services Fines and forfeits Investment income Miscellaneous	\$	$\begin{array}{c} 138,722,610\\ 2,830,743\\ 2,349,978\\ 8,750,696\\ 6,435,216\\ 200,675\\ 33,729,124 \end{array}$	48,634,315 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	29,860,427 - - 36,089 137,001	5,913,205 - - 300,255
Total revenues	-	193,019,042	49,676,409	30,033,517	6,213,460
Expenditures:					
Current: General government Human resources Finance and management services Museum Library Recreation and community services Police department Fire department Planning and building Public works Community development Pass-through payments to districts and other agencies County administrative charge Capital Outlay Debt Service: Principal retirement Interest and fiscal charges		6,291,166 1,580,612 3,632,161 1,823,284 2,965,430 13,694,900 106,391,097 47,946,046 8,113,538 4,907,735 331,017 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	336,279 1,192,349 18,549,569 2,985,745 1,620,697 22,752,352 - 2,370,806	31,442,715	1,872,902
Total expenditures		200,226,910	49,807,797	31,442,715	4,955,683
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(7,207,868)	(131,388)	(1,409,198)	1,257,777
Other financing sources (uses):					
Transfers in (Note 3D) Transfers out (Note 3D)		11,908,177 (12,565,440)	(179,841)		(18,019,480)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(657,263)	(179,841)		(18,019,480)
Net change in fund balances		(7,865,131)	(311,229)	(1,409,198)	(16,761,703)
Fund balances (deficit) - beginning		16,335,714	4,875,217	5,106,878	52,773,688
Fund balances (deficit) - ending	\$	8,470,583	4,563,988	3,697,680	36,011,985

Capital Projects Community Redevelopment Agency	Capital Projects Street Construction	Debt Service Community Redevelopment Agency	Debt Service SA Financing Authority	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total
- - -	14,071 35,255,327 80,104	54,323,076 _ _	- - -	9,760 6,226,743 1,316,455	\$ 193,055,446 2,844,814 128,239,995 10,147,255 6,435,216
602,340 2,492,359	282,249 377,300	16,726	475,378 5,109,447	124,821 1,513,814	2,072,397 44,367,275
3,094,699	36,009,051	54,339,802	5,584,825	9,191,593	387,162,398
- - - - - 12,568,585 17,889,256 97,269 64,917	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	241,396 3,617,094 1,473,195 183,933 125,588 - 2,585,219	$\begin{array}{c} 6,291,166\\ 1,822,008\\ 3,632,161\\ 1,823,284\\ 3,301,709\\ 18,504,343\\ 126,413,861\\ 50,931,791\\ 9,918,168\\ 9,797,552\\ 67,469,166\\ 28,093,061\\ 486,346\\ 56,481,108\\ \end{array}$
377,668 132,975	-	2,240,000 8,046,014	8,850,000 8,609,937	-	12,485,310 20,768,746
31,130,670	53,716,250	21,253,393	17,459,937	8,226,425	418,219,780
(28,035,971)	(17,707,199)	33,086,409	(11,875,112)	965,168	(31,057,382)
27,585,069 (1,362,600)	18,009,480	1,282,125 (35,209,159)	9,130,425 (1,282,125)	522,785	68,438,061 (68,618,645)
26,222,469	18,009,480	(33,927,034)	7,848,300	522,785	(180,584)
(1,813,502)	302,281	(840,625)	(4,026,812)	1,487,953	(31,237,966)
103,344,034	23,343,580	(63,943,330)	79,529,812	12,311,754	233,677,347
101,530,532	23,645,861	(64,783,955)	75,503,000	13,799,707	\$202,439,381

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, And Changes in the Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities Year ended June 30, 2010

Net change in fund balances-total governmental funds		\$ (31,237,966)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of different because:	of activities are	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. Ho of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capi depreciation in the current period.	estimated useful lives	
Capital outlay Depreciation expense Net of deletion	56,481,108 (20,593,326) (2,377,198)	33,510,584
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide curre are not reported as revenue in the fund.	ent financial resources	10,297,195
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resour while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt com- resources of governmental funds. Also, the governmental f issuance of long-term debt issuance costs, premiums, and s is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amo- activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences debt and related items.	sumes the current financial unds report the effect of the imilar items when the debt ortized in the statement of	10,924,417
Accrued interest for long term liabilities including bonds payab in accrued interest for the current period.	le. This is the net change	689,029
The increase in the OPEB obligation is reported in the statemen require the use of current financial resources and therefore in governmental funds.		(5,992,824)
Internal Service Funds are used by management to charge the c to individual funds. The net revenues (expenses) of the int reported with governmental activities.		 3,929,634
Change in net assets with governmental activities		\$ 22,120,069

Major Enterprise Funds

Enterprise Funds are used to account for any activity for which a fee is charged to external users for goods or services. These funds use full accrual accounting.

Water – For the provision of water services to the residential, commercial and industrial segments of the City.

Parking - For the provision of the parking meter program and the downtown parking structures operations.

Statement of Net Assets Proprietary Funds June 30, 2010

	Water	Parking
Assets:		
Current assets:	\$ 18,389,96	2 2 800 002
Cash and investments (Note 3A) Receivables:	\$ 18,389,96	2 3,800,903
Accounts	8,330,51	9
Allowance for uncollectible accounts	(271,56	
Interest	20,90	
Due from other funds	20,90	
Inventory of supplies		
Total current assets	26,469,81	5 3,809,322
Noncurrent assets:	2 000 00	
Advances to other funds (Note 3D)	2,000,00	
Restricted cash and investments (Note 3A)	659,45	
Cash and investments with fiscal agent (Note 3A)	18	6 1
Capital assets (Note 3C): Land	603,54	5 2 501 040
Buildings	223,58	
Improvements other than buildings	109,325,99	
Equipment	13,330,60	
Parking structures	15,550,00	- 14,748,556
Construction work in progress	3,029,45	
Other assets	278,58	
Less accumulated depreciation	(60,541,23	
Total capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)	66,250,54	
Total noncurrent assets	68,910,18	
Total assets	95,380,00	
i otal assets		15,899,077
Liabilities:		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	5,606,46	
Retention payable	7,78	
Compensated absences payable (current portion) (Note 3E)	115,79	
Notes payable (current portion) (Note 3E)	155,42	
Interest payable	246,20	
Deposits payable	1,329,02	-
Claims payable (current portion) (Note 3E)		
Capital lease payable (current portion) (Note 3E)	830,00	 -
Revenue bonds payable (current portion) (Note 3E) Certificates of participation payable (current portion) (Note 3E)	850,00	- 1,060,000
Total current liabilities	8 200 60	
Total current habilities	8,290,69	6 1,110,950
Noncurrent liabilities:		
Compensated absences payable	347,37	
Notes payable	1,153,012	
Claims payable		
Capital lease payable		
Postemployment benefits obligation	229,91	
Revenue bonds payable, net of deferred amounts	14,916,00	
Certificate of participation payable, net of deferred amounts		6,424,730
Total noncurrent liabilities	16,646,30	3 6,471,912
Total liabilities	24,936,99	9 7,582,862
Net assets:		
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	49,196,10	3 4,605,624
Restricted for :		
National Pollution Discharge Elimination System	-	
Unrestricted	21,246,893	3,711,191
Total net assets	\$ 70,443,00	8,316,815

		Business-Type Activities- Enterprise Funds		Governmental Activities- Internal Service
Nonmajor		Total	-	Funds
8,252,679	\$	30,443,544	\$	81,512,079
3,925,749		12 256 269		62.067
(26,510)		12,256,268 (298,077)		62,967
18,032		47,352		184,454
-		-		1,043,314 1,122,590
12,169,950		42,449,087		83,925,404
-		2,000,000		3,140,000
-		659,452		277,629
-		187		-
3,792,491		7,987,085		-
8,607,909		8,831,492		-
41,345,826 9,303,242		150,671,824 22,994,760		859,017 33,295,920
4,817,296		19,565,852		
796,896		3,826,351		5,855,601
-		278,589		-
(38,377,266)		(105,528,658)		(28,129,649
30,286,394	_	108,627,295	Management and	11,880,889
<u> </u>		<u>111,286,934</u> 153,736,021		<u> </u>
72,730,377		155,750,021		<u></u>
1,008,744		6,628,408		1,946,193
-		7,784		41,995
149,982		273,434		429,025
-		155,423		-
11,000		276,296 1,340,027		-
-		1,540,027		9,540,000
-		-		1,012,925
-		830,000		-
-	_	1,060,000		-
1,169,726		10,571,372	Real Productions of	12,970,138
449,948		820,301		1,287,071
-		1,153,012		12 045 904
-		-		13,945,804 2,117,364
351,242		605,353		1,122,020
		14,916,009		
-		6,424,730		-
801,190	_	23,919,405		18,472,259
1,970,916	_	34,490,777		31,442,397
30,286,394		84,088,121		8,750,600
956,200		956,200		-
9,242,834		34,200,923	·	59,030,925
40,485,428	\$	119,245,244	\$	67,781,525

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Assets Proprietary Funds Year ended June 30, 2010

	1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 -		
		Water	Parking
Operating revenues: Charges for services Miscellaneous	\$	48,581,648 200,114	3,696,053 591,358
Total operating revenues		48,781,762	4,287,411
Operating expenses: Cost of goods sold Personal services Contractual services Materials and supplies Other services and charges Administration Insurance Provision for self-insured losses Depreciation		4,315,260 10,862,094 10,969,682 16,395,679 - - 2,400,464	642,468 1,101,542 25,537 279,452 326,543
Total operating expenses		44,943,179	2,375,542
Operating income (loss)		3,838,583	1,911,869
Nonoperating revenues (expenses): Investment earnings Interest expense Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		147,549 (783,571) (636,022)	32,333 (448,503) (416,170)
Income (loss) before transfers		3,202,561	1,495,699
Transfers in (Note 3D) Transfers out (Note 3D)		-	-
Change in net assets		3,202,561	1,495,699
Net assets - beginning	-	67,240,440	6,821,116
Net assets - ending	\$	70,443,001	8,316,815

	Business-Type Activities- Enterprise Funds	Governmental Activities- Internal Service
Nonmajor	Total	Funds
25,063,213 6,393,268	5 77,340,914 7,184,740	\$ 70,557,350
31,456,481	84,525,654	73,683,560
64 6,519,585 10,557,484 532,809 13,340,596 - - - 955,958 31,906,496 (450,015)	64 11,477,313 22,521,120 11,528,028 30,015,727 - - - - - - - - - - - - -	1,825,907 16,036,475 8,361,858 4,086,925 2,945,542 5,560,570 22,411,671 7,130,858 2,072,561 70,432,367 3,251,193
74,746	254,628 (1,232,074) (977,446)	612,403 (114,546) 497,857
(375,269)	4,322,991	3,749,050
-		2,922,230 (2,741,646)
(375,269)	4,322,991	3,929,634
40,860,697	114,922,253	63,851,891
40,485,428 \$	119,245,244	\$67,781,525

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds Year ended June 30, 2010

Page 1 of 4

		Water	Parking
Cash flows from operating activities: Receipts from customers	\$	47,989,900	3,705,099
Receipts from interfund services provided Receipts from other operating sources Payments to suppliers for goods and services		200,114 (37,855,895)	591,358 (1,416,920)
Payments from interfund services used Payments to employees		(4,216,918)	(626,402)
Net cash provided by operating activities		6,117,201	2,253,135
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities: Transfer in Transfer out			-
Net cash provided by (used for) noncapital financing activities			
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: Acquisition of capital assets Retirement of long-term liabilities Interest paid		(2,004,889) (960,122) (757,916)	(925,000) (407,312)
Net cash used for capital and related financing activities		(3,722,927)	(1,332,312)
Cash flows from investing activities: Interest received Net increase in the fair value of investment		68,928 84,911	43,443
Net cash provided by investing activities		153,839	43,443
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		2,548,113	964,266
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning		16,501,487	2,836,638
Cash and cash equivalents - ending (Includes restricted assets)	\$	19,049,600	3,800,904

Page 2 of 4

			Business -Type Activities- Enterprise Funds	Governmental Activities-	
-	Nonmajor	-	Totals	 Internal Service Funds	
	9,168,550 8,623,901 13,603,052 (23,670,580) - (6,333,754)	\$	60,863,549 8,623,901 14,394,524 (62,943,395) - (11,177,074)	\$ 70,494,384 3,126,211 (50,040,459) (1,926,184) (15,436,104)	
_	1,391,169	-	9,761,505	6,217,848	
-	-	-	- - -	 2,922,230 (3,784,960)	
-				 (862,730)	
	(796,896) - -		(2,801,785) (1,885,122) (1,165,228)	(2,261,286) (983,595) (114,546)	
-	(796,896)	-	(5,852,135)	 (3,359,427)	
	73,376		185,747 84,911	694,180 1,039	
- <u>-</u>	73,376	_	270,658	 695,219	
	667,649		4,180,028	2,690,910	
_	7,585,030	-	26,923,155	79,098,798	
_	8,252,679	\$	31,103,183	\$ 81,789,708	

Continued

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds Year ended June 30, 2010

Page 3 of 4

		Water	Parking
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities:			
Operating income (loss)	\$	3,838,583	1,911,869
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities:			
Depreciation expense		2,400,464	326,543
Change in assets and liabilities: Decrease (increase) in accounts receivable Decrease (increase) in inventory of supply		(603,243)	9,046
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		- 448,061	(10,389)
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences payab	le	(5,435) 11,495	4,494
Increase (decrease) in deposits payable Increase (decrease) in retention payable		(76,501)	-
Increase (decrease) in claims payable		-	-
Increase (decrease) in postemployment benefits obl	gation_	103,777	11,572
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ =	6,117,201	2,253,135
Noncash investing, capital, and financing activities:			
Increase in fair value of investments	\$ =	84,911	

Page	4 o	f 4

	Bu	siness -Type Activities- Enterprise Funds	Governmental Activities-
Nonmajor		Total	 Internal Service Funds
(450,015)	\$	5,300,437	\$ 3,251,193
955,958		3,682,965	2,072,561
(60,978)		(655,175)	(62,966
- 760,373		- 1,198,045	(72,996 429,686
115,447		114,506	(86,880
-		11,495	
-		(76,501)	-
-		-	203,872
70,384		185,733	 483,378
1,391,169	\$	9,761,505	\$ 6,217,848

Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities Agency Funds June 30, 2010

Assets

Current assets:		
Cash and investments (Note 3A)	\$	34,414,772
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):		
Loans and notes		950,296
Interest		49,162
Intergovernmental	_	2,576,650
Total assets	\$ _	37,990,880
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	\$	952
Due to City employees		8,582,224
Due to governmental agencies	_	29,407,704
Total liabilities	^{\$} _	37,990,880

CITY OF SANTA ANA, CALIFORNIA

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements



Notes to the Basic Financial Statements, JUNE 30, 2010

Note 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Reporting Entity

The City of Santa Ana (the "City") was incorporated on June 1, 1886, and operates under a Council/Manager form of government. The Council is composed of an elected Mayor and six Council members. As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements present the government and its component units for which the government is considered financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the government's operations and so data from these units are combined with the data of the primary government. Each blended component unit as described below has a June 30 year-end. The City has no discretely presented component units.

Blended Component Units

Community Redevelopment Agency of the City of Santa Ana

The Redevelopment Agency (RDA) was originally established in 1973 to eliminate blighted areas through the redevelopment of six project areas under provisions of the California Community Development Law. Effective September 1, 2004, the RDA amended its project area plans to create one merged project area within the City. The City's Council members serve as the RDA's Directors, designate management, and have full accountability for the RDA's fiscal matters. The RDA's financial data and transactions are included with the debt service funds and capital projects funds. The RDA prepares a separate Component Unit Financial Report (CUFR) and a copy can be obtained from the City's Finance and Management Services Agency.

Housing Authority of the City of Santa Ana

The Housing Authority (the "Authority") was established in 1972 pursuant to Housing Authority Laws of California to provide rental assistance programs to low-income families and senior citizens, and to operate a Housing Rehabilitation Loan Program. The Authority is governed by a commission of seven members comprised of the City Council, which designates management and has full accountability for the Authority's fiscal affairs. The Authority's financial data and transactions are included with the special revenue Housing Authority fund. There is no separate Component Unit Financial Report (CUFR) prepared for the Authority.

Santa Ana Financing Authority

The Santa Ana Financing Authority (SAFA) was organized in August 1993, for the primary purpose of assisting in the financing and refinancing of certain redevelopment activities of the RDA and certain public programs and projects of the City. The Financing Authority is administered by a board whose members shall be, at all times, the Mayor of the City and the members of the City Council. The SAFA's board has full accountability for the Financing Authority's fiscal affairs. The SAFA's financial data and transactions are included with the debt service funds and the Water Enterprise Fund. There is no separate Component Unit Financial Report (CUFR) prepared for SAFA.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its blended component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. *Governmental activities,* which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities,* which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentations

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. The agency funds, however, are unlike all other types of funds, reporting only assets and liabilities. Therefore the agency funds cannot be said to have a measurement focus. They do, however, use the accrual basis of accounting to recognize receivables and payables.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, utility user's taxes, hotel visitors' taxes, interest and business taxes are susceptible to accrual. Sales taxes collected and held by the state at year-end on behalf of the City are also recognized as revenue. Other receipts and taxes become measurable and available when cash is received by the City and are recognized as revenue at that time.

Entitlements and shared revenues are recorded at the time of receipt or earlier if the susceptible to accrual criteria are met. Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other grant requirements have been met. Grant funds received before the revenue recognition criteria have been met are reported as deferred revenues.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u>. The General Fund is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the City, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

<u>Special Revenue Grants Fund</u>. This fund accounts for revenue sources awarded to the City by the Federal, State and local governments not otherwise accounted for in the General Fund or capital projects funds.

<u>Special Revenue Housing Authority Fund</u>. This fund accounts for the receipt and disbursement of funds received from the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development to provide rental assistance under Section 8 of the Federal Housing Act as amended. The City has elected to treat this fund as a major governmental fund.

<u>Special Revenue Gas Tax Fund</u>. This fund is used to account for the receipts and expenditures of money apportioned under Streets and Highway Code Sections 2105, 2106 and 2107 of the State of California.

<u>Capital Projects Community Redevelopment Agency</u>. This fund accounts for the receipts and expenditures relating to the City's merged redevelopment project area in accordance with the California Health and Safety Code.

<u>Capital Projects Street Construction Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for the receipts and disbursements of funds for right-of-way acquisition, construction and improvements related to the City's street system. These projects are funded by gas taxes, Measure M, Intermodal Surface Transportation Efficiency Act and improvement fees.

<u>Community Redevelopment Agency Debt Service Fund</u>. This fund accounts for the receipt of tax increment revenues which by State of California Law regulating redevelopment Agencies, must be used for the payment of debt.

Santa Ana (SAFA) Financing Authority Debt Service Fund. This fund accounts for the receipt of revenues and payment of debt service related to the Police Administration and Holding Facility Lease Revenue and the 1998 refunding Revenue Bonds.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

<u>Water Enterprise Fund</u>. This fund is used to account for the provision of water services to the residential, commercial and industrial segments of the City.

<u>Parking Enterprise Fund</u>. This fund is used to account for the provision of the parking meter program and the downtown parking structures operation of the City.

Additionally, the City reports the following fund types:

<u>Internal Service Funds</u>. These funds account for fleet services, facilities management, equipment maintenance and replacement, the administration of the self-insurance programs, installation and maintenance of all data networking and financial management systems, engineering, designing, project management and construction services, and training and support services provided to other departments or agencies of the City, on a cost reimbursement basis.

<u>Agency Funds</u>. These funds are used to account for money and property held by the City as trustee or custodian. Among the activities are the disposition of funds charged to departments for the payment of salaries and retirement benefits to City employees, deposits made for the account of other governmental agencies, developers, tax increment pass-through and others under the terms of agreements for which the deposits were made.

Private sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued by Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in both the business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). Governments also have the *option* of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their business-type activities and enterprise funds, subject to this same limitation. The City has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector guidance.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments-in-lieu of taxes and other charges between the City's water and other enterprise functions, and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the City's enterprise funds, and of the City's internal service funds are charges to customers for sales and services. The City also recognizes as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system. Operating expenses for enterprise funds and internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

D. Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets or Equity

<u>Cash and Investments</u>. For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the City considered cash and cash equivalents as short term, highly liquid investments that are both readily convertible to

known amounts of cash and so near their maturity that they present insignificant risk of changes in value because of changes in interest rates. The City follows the practice of pooling the cash and investments of all funds, including the City's enterprise, internal service, and agency funds. As amounts are available to these funds on demand, all cash and investments are considered to be cash and cash equivalents for statement of cash flows purposes.

Investments are reported in the accompanying financial statements at fair value, except for certain certificates of deposit and investment contracts that are reported at cost because they are not transferable and they have terms that are not affected by changes in market rates. Changes in fair value that occur during the fiscal year are recognized as revenue from investment income (governmental funds) and investment earnings (proprietary funds). These revenues include interest earnings, changes in fair value, rentals, leases and any gains or losses realized upon liquidation, maturity, or sale of investments.

The City carries certain investments, which include money market securities (such as short-term, highly liquid debt instruments including commercial paper, bankers' acceptances, U.S. Treasury and agency obligations) that have a remaining maturity at the time of purchase of one year or less, at amortized cost.

Cash and investments are pooled to maximize investment yields. The net change in fair value and interest earned on the investments is allocated monthly to the respective funds based on each fund's daily average cash and investments balance.

<u>Cash and Investments with Fiscal Agents</u>. This account includes unexpended bond proceeds and amounts set aside for payment of debt service.

Interagency Receivables and Payables. Interagency current receivables and payables are classified as amounts "due from" and "due to" other funds. Interagency long-term receivables and payables with a repayment schedule are classified as "advances to" and "advances from" other funds. The City considers interagency long-term loans without a repayment schedule to be operating transfers. Accordingly, "loans receivable" are classified as "transfers out" while "loans payable" are "transfers in". Interest on such loans is recorded only when due. Loan amounts, including interest, are noted in Note 3B. When these loans are repaid, such transactions are also recorded as "transfers out" (typically from the debt service funds) and "transfers in", and the loan balance is reduced in the footnotes. Residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

<u>Property Taxes.</u> Secured property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes are levied in September and are payable in two installments due on November 1, and February 1, and are considered delinquent after December 10 and April 10. The County of Orange, California bills and collects the property taxes and remits them to the City in installments during the year. City property tax revenues are recognized when levied on the government-wide statements, and to the extent that they result in current receivables within 60 days in the governmental funds financial statements.

The County is permitted by State law (Proposition 13) to levy taxes at 1% of full market value (at time of purchase) and can increase the property tax rate no more than 2% per year. The City receives a share of this basic levy proportionate to what it received in the 1976 to 1978 period.

Proposition 1A Borrowing by the State of California. Under the provisions of Proposition 1A and as part of the 2009-10 budget package passed by the California state legislature on July 28, 2009, the State of California borrowed 8% of the amount of the property tax revenue, including those property taxes associated with the in-lieu motor vehicle license fee, the triple flip in lieu sales tax, and supplemental property tax, apportioned to cities, counties and special districts (excluding redevelopment agencies). The state is required to repay this borrowing plus interest by June 30, 2013. After repayment of this initial borrowing, the California legislature may consider only one additional borrowing within a ten-year period. The amount of this borrowing pertaining to the City of Santa Ana was \$5,512,900.

Authorized with the 2009-10 State budget package, the Proposition 1A Securitization Program was instituted by the California Statewide Communities Development Authority ("California Communities"), a joint powers authority sponsored by the California State Association of Counties and the League of California Cities, to enable local governments to sell their Proposition 1A receivables to California Communities. Under the Securitization Program, California Communities simultaneously purchased the Proposition 1A receivables and issued bonds ("Prop 1A Bonds") to provide local agencies with cash proceeds in two equal installments, on January 15, 2010 and May 3, 2010. The purchase price paid to the local agencies equaled 100% of the amount of the property tax reduction. All transaction costs of issuance and interest rate paid by the State of California. The City participated in the securitization program and accordingly property taxes have been recorded in the same manner as if the State had not exercised its rights under Proposition 1A. The receivable sale proceeds were equal to the book value and, as result, no gain or loss was recorded.

<u>Inventories</u>. Inventories of materials and supplies are valued at average cost. The costs of governmental fund-type inventories are recorded as expenditures when purchased rather than when consumed.

Land Held for Resale. Land held for resale is carried at the lower of cost or estimated net realizable value, as determined upon the execution of a disposition and development agreement.

<u>Restricted Assets</u>. Certain proceeds of the City's long-term debt proceeds are classified as restricted assets because they are maintained in separate bank accounts and their use is limited by applicable bond covenants.

<u>Capital Assets</u>. Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$10,000 (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed. The total interest expense incurred by the City during the current fiscal year was \$18,174,550. No interest amount was included as part of the cost of capital assets under construction.

Property, plant, and equipment of the primary government, as well as the component units, is depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Years</u> 30-50
20
50
75
50
5
3-5
6
5-10

<u>Arbitrage Liability</u>. Any liability for arbitraged interest is recorded in the fund incurring the liability and interest income is reduced by the amount of liability incurred during the year.

<u>Compensated Absences.</u> It is the City's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits. A liability for unpaid accumulated sick leave is accrued for employees who have attained ten (10) years or more of continuous service equivalent to one-third (1/3) of the total accumulated sick leave benefit credited to the employee, to maximum of 427 hours for each employee. All vacation, compensated time, and vested sick leave pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds only if they have matured, for example as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

<u>Long-term Obligations</u>. In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net assets. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

<u>Fund Equity</u>. As prescribed by GASB Statement No. 54, governmental funds report fund balance in classifications based primarily on the extent to which the County is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the funds can be spent. As of June 30, 2010, fund balances for government funds are made up of the followings:

- Nonspendable Fund Balance includes amounts that are (a) not in spendable form, or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes itmes that are not expected to be converted to cash, for example: inventories, prepaid amounts, and long-term notes receivable.
- *Restricted Fund Balance* includes amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by external resource providers, constitutionally or through enabling legislation. Restrictions may effectively be changed or lifted only with the consent of resource providers.
- *Committed Fund Balance* includes amounts that can only be used for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the City's highest level of decision-making authority, the City Council. Commitments may be changed or lifted only by the City taking the same formal action that imposed the constraint originally.
- Assigned Fund Balance comprises amounts intended to be used by the City for specific purposes that are neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by (1) the City Council or (b) a body (for example: a budget or finance committee) or official to which the City Council has delegated the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes.
- Unassigned Fund Balance is the residual classification for the General Fund and includes all amounts not contained in the other classifications. Unassigned amounts are technically available for any purpose.

In circumstances when an expenditure is made for a purpose for which amounts are available in multiple fund balance classifications, fund balance is generally depleted in the order of restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned.

Note 2. RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

A. Explanation of Difference between Governmental Funds Balance Sheet and the Statement of Net Assets

The "total fund balances" of the City's governmental funds \$202,439,381 differs from "net assets" of governmental activities \$894,841,371 reported in the statement of net assets. This difference primarily results from the long-term economic focus of the statement of net assets versus the current financial resources focus of the governmental fund balance sheets.

Capital Related Items

When capital assets (property, plant, equipment) that are to be used in governmental activities are purchased or constructed, the cost of those assets are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. However, the statement of net assets includes those capital assets among the assets of the City as a whole.

Cost of capital assets	\$ 1,215,284,926
Accumulated depreciation	(336,368,605)
Total capital assets, net	\$ 878,916,321

66

Long-Term Debt Transactions

Long-term liabilities applicable to the City's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and accordingly are not reported as fund liabilities. All liabilities (both current and long- term) are reported in the statement of net assets. Long-term liabilities of the internal service funds of \$29,454,209 are included in the internal service funds adjustment.

Tax allocation bonds payable	\$ (18,010,000)
Tax allocation refunding bonds	(22,770,000)
Lease revenue bonds payable	(84,930,000)
Refunding revenue bonds	(64,930,000)
Certificates of participation	(77,515,000)
Long-term loans payable	(8,006,206)
Compensated absences payable	(36,309,949)
Capitalized lease obligations payable	(1,211,715)
Postemployment benefit obligation	(19,044,627)
Bond premium	(2,671,051)
Less: Deferred amount on refunding costs	5,493,829
Total governmental activities long-term debt	\$ (329,904,719)

Accrued Interest

Accrued liabilities in the statement of net assets differ from the amount reported in governmental funds due to accrued interest on outstanding debt payable.

Accrued interest added \$

Internal Service Funds

Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to individual City funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of net assets, because they primarily serve governmental activities of the City.

\$

\$

Internal service - net assets

67,781,525

(5,819,843)

Deferred Revenues

Various home loans and RDA Housing Rehabilitation loans guaranteed by deeds of trust are not available to pay for current period expenditures and are deferred in the fund statements, but eliminated in the government wide financial statements.

Net reclassifications

81,428,706

B. Explanation of Differences between Governmental Funds Operating Statements and the Statement of Activities

The "net change in fund balances" for governmental funds \$(31,237,966) differs from the "change in net assets" for governmental activities \$22,120,069 reported in the statement of activities. The differences arise primarily from the long-term economic focus of the statement of activities versus the current financial resources focus of the governmental funds. The effect of the differences is illustrated below.

Capital Related Items

When capital assets that are to be used in governmental activities are purchased or constructed, the resources expended for those assets are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. As a result, fund balance decreases by the amount of financial resources expended, whereas net assets decreased by the amount of depreciation expense charged for the year. The effect of changes in internal service funds capital assets of (\$188,724) are not reflected in the adjustment below.

\$ 56,481,108
(20,593,326)
(2,377,198)
\$ 33,510,584
•

Long-term Debt Transactions

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

Postemployment benefits	
obligation (less \$483,378 in	
internal service fund liabilities)	\$ (5,992,824)

Repayment of debt service is reported as an expenditure in governmental funds and, thus has the effect of reducing fund balances because current financial resources have been used. For the City as a whole, however, the principal payments reduce the liabilities in the statement of net assets and do not result in an expense in the statement of activities. The effect of changes in internal service funds long-term debt of \$983,596 is reflected in the adjustment below.;

Principal payments made:		
Refunding revenue bonds	\$	4,820,000
Tax allocation bonds		2,240,000
Police admnistrative and holding facili	ty	
lease revenue bonds		4,030,000
Certificates of participation		330,000
Capitalized lease obligations		377,668
Long-term loans payable		1,363,159
Total principal repayments		13,160,827
Internal service fund activity		(983,596)
Proceeds from long-term loan		(55,012)
A mortization of bond premium		429,201
Amortization of deferred charges		(495,556)
Net change in compensated absences		(1,131,447)
Net change	\$	10,924,417

Accrued Interest

Accrual interest for long-term liabilities decreases net assets in the government-wide financial statements. This is the net change in accrued interest for the current period.

Accrued interest \$ 689,029

Internal Service Funds

Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to individual City funds. The adjustments for internal service funds "closes" those funds by crediting additional amounts to participating governmental activities to cover the internal service funds' cost for the year.

Net change in net assets - internal service funds

\$ 3,929,634

Deferred Revenues

Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the fund.

Revenue adjustment \$ 10,297,195

C. Fund Deficits

At June 30, 2010, the Community Redevelopment Agency Debt Service fund has accumulated deficits of \$64,783,955. The deficit is attributable to the purchase of the 1989 Tax Allocation Bonds, which were issued by the RDA and subsequently acquired by the SAFA in 1999. The intra-entity liability relationship is recognized in the financial statements of the Debt Service Community Redevelopment Agency Fund as "Obligation to SA Financing Authority". The deficit of \$924,858 in the nonmajor Capital Grants Capital Projects Fund and \$85,522, in the nonmajor Civic Center & Maintenance, Special Revenue Fund are due primarily to the deferral of revenues due from granting agencies which did not meet the revenue recognition criteria in accordance with GASB Statement 33. Subsequent collection of the receivables from the granting agencies will reduce the deficits.

Note 3. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

A. Deposits and Investments

Cash and investments as of June 30, 2010 are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of net assets:		
Cash and investments	\$	264,641,216
Restricted assets:		
Cash and investments		27,957,613
Cash and investments with fiscal agents		18,781,602
Statement of fiduciary assets and liabilities:		
Cash and investments	-	34,414,772
Total cash and investments	\$	345,795,203

Cash and investments as of June 30, 2010 consist of the following:

Cash on hand	\$ 826,766
Deposits with financial institutions	486,368
Investments	344,482,069
Totals	\$ 345,795,203

Investments Authorized by the California Government Code and the City of Santa Ana's Investment Policy

The table below identifies the investment types that are authorized for the City of Santa Ana (City) by the California Government Code and the City's investment policy. The table also identifies certain provisions of the California Government Code (or the City's investment policy, if more restrictive) that address interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk. The investment types that are restricted by the City's investment policy are Reverse Repurchase Agreements, County Pooled Investment Funds, and JPA Pools. This table does not address investments of debt proceeds held by bond trustee that are governed by the provisions of debt agreements of the City, rather than the general provisions of the California Government Code or the City's investment policy.

Investment Types Authorized by State Law	Authorized By Investment <u>Policy</u>	*Maximum <u>Maturity</u>	*Maximum Percentage <u>Of Portfolio</u>	*Maximum <u>Investment</u> In One Issuer
Local Agency Bonds	Yes	5 years	None	None
U.S. Treasury Obligations	Yes	5 years	None	None
Federal Agency Securities	Yes	5 years	None	None
Banker's Acceptances	Yes	180 days	40%	30%
Commercial Paper	Yes	270 days	25%	10%
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	Yes	5 years	30%	None
Repurchase Agreements	Yes	90 days	30%	Nonė
Reverse Repurchase Agreements	No	92 days	20% of base value	None
Medium-Term Notes	Yes	3 years	15%	5%
Mutual Funds investing in eligible securitie	Yes	None	20%	10%
Money Market Mutual Funds	Yes	None	20%	10%
Mortgage Pass-Through Securities	Yes	5 years	20%	None
County Pooled Investment Funds	No	None	None	None
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	Yes	None	None	None
JPA Pools (other investment pools)	No	None	, None	None

* Based on state law requirements or investment policy requirements, whichever is more restrictive.

Investments Authorized by Debt Agreements

Investment of debt proceeds held by bond trustee are governed by provisions of the debt agreements, rather than the general provisions of the California Government Code or the City's investment policy. The table below identifies the investment types that are authorized for investments held by bond trustee. The table also identifies certain provisions of these debt agreements that address interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk.

		Maximum	Maximum
Authorize	Maximum	Percentage	Investment
Investment Type	Maturity	Allowed	in One Issuer
U.S. Treasury Notes	None	None	None
Federal Agency Securities	None	None	None
Banker's Acceptances	180-365 Days	None	None
Certificates of Deposit	None	None	None
Commercial Paper	270 days	None	None
Municipal Obligations	None	None	None
Corporate bonds and notes	3 years	None	None
Money Market Mutual Funds	None	None	None
State of California Investment Pool	None	None	None
Savings Accounts	None	None	None
Money Market Deposit Accounts	None	None	None
Deposit Accounts	None	None	None
Investment Contracts	30 years	None	None
Repurchase Agreements	30 days	None	None

Disclosures Relating to Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. One of the ways that the City manages its exposure to interest rate risk is by purchasing a combination of shorter term and longer term investments and by timing cash flows from maturities so that a portion of the portfolio is maturing or coming close to maturity evenly over time as necessary to provide the cash flow and liquidity needed for operations.

Information about the sensitivity of the fair values of the City's investments to market interest rate fluctuations is provided by the following table that shows the distribution of the City's investments by maturity (for purposes of the schedule shown below, any callable securities are assumed to be maturing at the next call date):

		Remaining Maturity (in months)				
Investment Type	Total	12 Months or Less	13 to 24 Months	25-60 M onths	More than 60 Months	
Federal Agency Securities \$	225,646,959 \$	89,756,620	\$ 42,920,815 \$	92,969,524 \$	_	
Negotiable Certificate of Deposit	5,031,200	5,031,200		-	-	
Mortgage-backed Securities	259,250	-	-	-	259,250	
Local Angency Investment Fund	94,763,058	94,763,058	-	-	-	
Held by Fiscal Agent:						
Money Market Funds	13,183,619	12,838,069	-	-	-	
Local Agency Investment Fund	168,780	168,780	-	-	-	
Investment Contracts	5,429,203	-		-	5,429,203	
\$_	344,482,069 \$	202,557,727	<u>42,920,815</u> \$	92,969,524 \$	5,688,453	

The City's investments (including investments held by bond trustees) include the following investments that are highly sensitive to interest rate fluctuations (to a greater degree than already indicated in the information provided above):

Highly Sensitive Investments	Antiplea and Antiplea case and all an and an and	Fair Value at Year End
Callable agency securities with interest rates that increase in ranges from 2 percent to 7 percent	\$	5,096,185

Disclosures Relating to Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. Presented below is the minimum rating required by (where applicable) the California Government Code, the City's investment policy, or debt agreements, and the actual rating as of year end for each investment type.

		Minimum		.]	Rati	ng as of Year	r End			
Investment Type	Total	Legal Rating	AAA	AAA		Aa		Not Rated		
Federal Agency Securities \$	225,646,959	N/A \$	225,646	5,959	\$	-	\$			
Negotiable Certificate of Deposit	5,031,200	А		-		· –		5,031,200		
Mortgage-backed Securities	259,250	AA		-		-		259,250		
Local Agency Investment Fund	94,763,058	N/A		-		-		94,763,058		
Held by Fiscal Agent:										
Money Market Funds	13,183,619	А		-		12,838,069		-		
Local Agency Investment Fund	168,780	N/A		-		-		168,780		
Investment Contracts	5,429,203	N/A		-		-		5,429,203		
\$	344,482,069	. \$	225,646	5,959	\$_	12,838,069	\$	105,651,491		

Concentration of Credit Risk

The investment policy of the City contains no limitations on the amount that can be invested in any one issuer beyond that stipulated by the California Government Code. Investments in any one issuer (other than U.S. Treasury securities, mutual funds, and external investment pools) that represent 5% or more of total City investments are as follows:

Issuer	Investment Type	Reported Amount
Federal Farm Credit Bank	Federal agency securities	\$ 18,549,077
Federal Home Loan Bank Agency	Federal agency securities	109,826,775
Federal Home Loan Mortage Corp.	Federal agency securities	24,035,720
Federal National Mortage Association Agency	Federal agency securities	73,235,387

Investments in any one issuer that represents 5% of more of total investments by reporting unit (governmental activities, major fund, nonmajor fund in the aggregate, etc.) are \$5,429,203 of the cash and investments (including amounts held by bond trustee) reported in the Santa Ana Financing Authority Debt Service Fund (a major fund of the City) is held in the form of investment contract issued by AIG Financial.

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for *deposits* is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The custodial credit risk for *investments* is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g., broker-dealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. The California Government Code and the City's investment policy do not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for deposits or investments, other than the following provision for deposits: The California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by state or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law (unless so waived by the governmental unit). The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110% of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure City deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the secured public deposits. As of June 30, 2010, none of the City's deposits with financial institutions in excess of federal depository insurance limits were held in uncollateralized accounts.

For investments identified herein as held by bond trustee, the bond trustee selects the investment under the terms of the applicable trust agreement, acquires the investment, and holds the investment on behalf of the City.

Investment in State Investment Pool

The City is a voluntary participant in the Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) that is regulated by the California Government Code under the oversight of the Treasurer of the State of California. The fair value of the City's investment in this pool is reported in the accompanying financial statements at amounts based upon the City's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by LAIF for the entire LAIF portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by LAIF, which are recorded on an amortized cost basis.

The total amount invested by all public agencies in LAIF as of June 30, 2010 was \$23.3 billion. LAIF is part of the California Pooled Money Investment Account (PMIA), which at June 30, 2010 had a balance of \$69.4 billion, of that amount, 5.42% (3.1 billion) was invested in medium-term and short-tem structured notes and asset-backed securities. The average maturity of PMIA investments was 203 days as of June 30, 2010.

B. Interagency Long-Term Debt. In prior years, the City of Santa Ana transferred monies to the Redevelopment Agency to fund redevelopment project costs. An obligation for the accumulated transfers has been reported eliminated from both the government-wide financial statements and the fund financial statements because repayment is not expected within a reasonable period of time. The balances of these obligations include \$108,365,868 accrued interest as of June 30, 2010, and are as follows:

		Loans Receivable		Loans Payable
City of Santa Ana	\$	430,316,365	\$	-
Redevelopment Agency:				
Merged Project		-		430,316,365
Total	\$_	430,316,365	\$_	430,316,365

• • •				y 1'
_	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land \$	14,036,260 \$	- \$	(1,912,078) \$	12,124,182
Right of way	427,118,325	-	-	427,118,325
Street trees	5,963,333	1,067,994	-	7,031,327
Construction in progress	69,706,034	57,472,373	(11,778,407)	115,400,000
Total capital assets not being depreciated	516,823,952	58,540,367	(13,690,485)	561,673,834
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings	199,706,276	-	(1,100,045)	198,606,231
Improvements	68,264,282	1,985,990	-	70,250,272
Equipment	54,880,368	1,058,239	(1,743,014)	54,195,593
Infrastructure	356,886,781	8,724,424	(2,103,471)	363,507,734
Library materials	7,078,901	222,091	(239,192)	7,061,800
Total capital assets being depreciated	686,816,608	11,990,744	(5,185,722)	693,621,630
Less: accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	(95,464,902)	(5,985,670)	1,100,045	(100,350,527
Improvements	(32,480,876)	(2,438,650)	-	(34,919,526
Equipment	(40,288,853)	(3,781,908)	1,732,703	(42,338,058
Infrastructure	(172,564,879)	(10,179,322)	1,638,800	(181,105,401
Library materials	(5,743,148)	(280,337)	238,743	(5,784,742)
Total accumulated depreciation	(346,542,658)	(22,665,887)	4,710,291	(364,498,254
Capital assets being depreciated, net	340,273,950	(10,675,143)	(475,431)	329,123,376
Governmental activities capital assets, net \$	857,097,902 \$	47,865,224 \$	(14,165,916) \$	890,797,210

C. Capital Assets. Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2010 was as follows:

CITY OF SANTA ANA

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Business-type activities:				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land \$	7,987,085 \$	- \$	- \$	7,987,085
Construction in progress	3,164,562	2,801,789	(2,140,000)	3,826,351
Total capital assets not being depreciated	11,151,647	2,801,789	(2,140,000)	11,813,436
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings	8,831,492	-	-	8,831,492
Water system and other improvements	148,860,370	1,861,409	(49,955)	150,671,824
Equipment	22,994,761	-	-	22,994,761
Parking structures	19,565,851	-	-	19,565,851
Intangible		278,589		278,589
Total capital assets being depreciated	200,252,474	2,139,998	(49,955)	202,342,517
Less: accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	(5,398,104)	(218,481)	-	(5,616,585)
Improvements other than buildings	(71,186,728)	(2,808,654)	49,955	(73,945,427)
Equipment	(18,182,732)	(240,426)	-	(18,423,158)
Parking structures	(7,128,084)	(415,404)		(7,543,488)
Total accumulated depreciation	(101,895,648)	(3,682,965)	49,955	(105,528,658)
Capital assets being depreciated, net	98,356,826	(1,542,967)		96,813,859
Business-type capital assets, net \$	109,508,473 \$	1,258,822 \$	(2,140,000) \$	108,627,295

Governmental activities:		
General government	\$	1,389,067
Finance and management services		17,736
Museum		436,722
Library		359,926
Recreation and community services		2,019,285
Police		4,963,136
Fire		527,006
Planning & Building		3,305
Public works		10,561,294
Community development		315,849
Capital assets held by the City's internal services		
funds are charged to the various functions		
based on their usage of the assets	•	2,072,561
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$	22,665,887

Business-type activities:		
Water	\$	2,400,464
Parking		326,543
Transportation Center		422,193
Sewer		501,251
Sanitation		5,163
Federal Clean Water	• -	27,351
Total depreciation expense - business-type activities	\$ _	3,682,965

Construction Commitments

The City has active construction projects as of June 30, 2010. The projects include street widening and improvements, various park improvements, improvements to the water system, sewer improvements and storm drain improvements.

Projects:	Spent-to date	Remaining Commitment	Total Project Budget
Street widening and improvements \$	218,958,653 \$	123,705,801 \$	342,664,454
Park improvements	16,959,980	3,806,336	20,766,316
Water system improvements	17,661,301	6,902,345	24,563,646
Sewer improvements	9,989,665	5,050	9,994,715
Other improvements	13,439,770	3,283,623	16,723,393

D. Interfund Receivables, Payables, Transfers, and Advances. The composition of interfund balances as of and for the year ended June 30, 2010 was as follows:

Due To/From Other Funds:

	Due From Other Funds (Receivable)						
Due To Other Funds (Payable)		Capital Projects Community Redevelopment Agency		Internal Service Funds		Total	
Community Redevelopment Agency Debt Service Fund	\$	321,287	\$. -	\$	321,287	
Nonmajor Governmental Funds		-		1,043,314	-	1,043,314	
Total	\$	321,287	\$	1,043,314	\$_	1,364,601	

The non-major Capital Project Grant Funds received temporary advances from the Liability and Property Insurance, an Internal Service Fund, to cover deficit cash balances in the amount of \$1,043,314. The Community Redevelopment Agency Debt Service Fund received \$321,287 from Capital Community Redevelopment Agency Fund representing its share of tax increment monies received in July 2010.

Interfund	Transfers:							
_			Transfers In					
			Street					
		RDA	Construction	RDA	SAFA	Nonmajor	Internal	
	General	Capital	Capital Projects	Debt Service	Debt Service	Governmental	Service	
Transfers Out	Fund	Projects	Fund	Fund	Fund	Funds	Funds	Total
General Fund \$	-	-	-	-	9,130,425	522,785	2,912,230 \$	12,565,440
Special Revenue Grants	179,841	-	-	-	-	-	-	179,841
Special Revenue Gas Tax Fund	-	-	18,009,480	-	-	-	10,000	18,019,480
RDA Capital Projects Fund	1,362,600	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,362,600
RDA Debt Service Fund	7,624,090	27,585,069	-	-	-	-	-	35,209,159
SAFA Debt Service Fund		-	-	1,282,125	-	-	-	1,282,125
Internal Service Funds	2,741,646	-						2,741,646
\$	11,908,177	27,585,069	18,009,480	1,282,125	9,130,425	522,785	2,922,230 \$	71,360,291

Interfund Transfers:

The General Fund received transfers of \$179,841 from the Special Revenue Grants to reimburse to cost incurred during the year in General Fund for Police activities.

The \$7,624,090 represents loan repayments from the RDA Debt Service Fund to General Fund. The General Fund received transfer of \$2,741,646 from Internal Service Fund to General Fund consisting of: 1) \$304,068 received from the Public Works Engineering and Administrative Internal Service Funds for its share in the energy conservation capital lease payment; 2) \$196,118 received from the Building Maintenance for its share in the City Hall Expansion Certificates of Participation payment; and 3) \$2,241,460 from Equipment Maintenance and Replacement, an Internal Service Fund for its share of General Fund's operations.

The \$1,362,600 represents the residual amount between the purchase value of various land parcels and their current carrying value that were recorded as an intra-entity transfers of assets from RDA Capital Projects to General Fund.

The RDA Capital Projects Fund received a transfer of \$27,585,069 from the RDA Debt Service consisting of: 1) \$14,148,801 for the low and moderate housing share of tax increment set-aside monies; 2) \$5,906,884 for the 2009-2010 SERAF payment; 3) \$1,282,125 for the 1989 Tax Allocation Bond payments; 4) \$6,247,259 for other obligations' payments.

The RDA Debt Service Fund received from the SAFA Debt Service Fund the amount of \$1,282,125 representing savings from the issuance of the SAFA Refunding Revenue Bonds.

The SAFA Debt Service Fund received a transfer of \$9,130,425 from the General Fund for payment of the police lease revenue bonds debt service.

The amount of \$18,009,480 was received in the Street Construction Capital Projects Fund from Special Gas Tax Fund to reimburse the Street Construction Fund for eligible street related construction and maintenance costs. The nonmajor Special Revenue Funds received transfers of \$522,785 representing the General Fund's support for Civic Center and Centennial Park maintenance.

The Communications Internal Service Fund received a transfer of \$2,662,230 from the General Fund representing the General Fund's share in the implementation of the City's Communications Strategic Plan. The Building Maintenance Internal Service Fund received a transfer of \$250,000 from the General Fund representing the General Fund's share in the building maintenance cost of the fiscal year 2010. The Public Works Engineering and Administrative Internal Service Fund received \$10,000 from Special Revenue Gas Tax Fund representing Engineering Cost Allocation from the State.

Advances To/From Other Funds:

Receivable fund	Payable fund	Amount
Internal Service Funds	General Fund	\$ 3,140,000
Water Enterprise Fund	General Fund	2,000,000
Capital Projects Community	Debt Service Community	
Redevelopment Agency	Redevelopment Agency	8,702,359
		\$ 13,842,359

The \$3,140,000 amount represent advances made by the Workers Compensation Fund to the General Fund for the construction of Fire Station #1 in the amount of \$2,920,000 and the balance of \$220,000 to partially fund the construction of the Children's' Zoo from the Equipment Maintenance and Replacement Fund. The advance from the Water Enterprise Fund to the General Fund in the amount of \$2,000,000 is due on demand. The advances made to the RDA Capital Projects Fund to the RDA Debt Service Fund of \$8,702,359 were used for ERAF payments as mandated by the State to balance the State of California 2005-06, 2004-05 and 2009-10 budgets.

E. Long-Term Liabilities. The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Governmental activities:					
Tax allocation bonds \$	18,520,000 \$	- \$	510,000 \$	18,010,000 \$	525,000
Tax allocation refunding bonds	24,500,000	-	1,730,000	22,770,000	1,810,000
Capital leases	5,705,163	-	1,363,159	4,342,004	1,411,568
Certificates of participation	77,845,000	-	330,000	77,515,000	1,470,000
Lease revenue bonds	88,960,000	_	4,030,000	84,930,000	4,190,000
Refunding revenue bonds	69,750,000	-	4,820,000	64,930,000	5,080,000
Long-term loans	8,328,862	55,012	377,668	8,006,206	374,498
Less: Deferred amounts	(5,989,385)	-	(495,556)	(5,493,829)	-
Add: Bond premium	3,100,252	-	429,201	2,671,051	<u> </u>
Total bonds payable, long-term					
loans and capital leases	290,719,892	55,012	13,094,472	277,680,432	14,861,066
Compensated absences payable	37,026,379	11,804,769	10,805,103	38,026,045	9,506,511
Claims payable - worker's comp	18,590,140	4,931,709	4,612,116	18,909,733	5,890,000
Claims payable - liability insurance	4,691,792	-	115,721	4,576,071	3,650,000
Governmental activities					
Long-term liabilities \$	351,028,203 \$	16,791,490 \$	28,627,412 \$	339,192,281 \$	33,907,577
Business-type activities:					
Revenue bonds payable \$	17,060,000 \$	- \$	810,000 \$	16,250,000 \$	830,000
Refunding COP	8,680,000	-	925,000	7,755,000	1,060,000
Notes payable	1,458,556	-	150,121	1,308,435	155,423
Less: Deferred amounts	(852,906)	-	(78,645)	(774,261)	-
Total bonds payable and long-term					
notes pay able	26,345,650	-	1,806,476	24,539,174	2,045,423
Compensated absences payable	1,076,389	1,266,013	1,248,667	1,093,735	273,434
Business-type activities					
long-term liabilities \$	27,422,039 \$	1,266,013 \$	3,055,143 \$	25,632,909 \$	2,318,857

Internal service funds predominantly serve the governmental funds. Accordingly, \$23.49 million of claims payable is included as part of the above totals for governmental activities.

At year-end, \$1.72 million of internal service funds compensated absences are included in the above amounts. For governmental activities, claims and judgments and compensated absences are generally liquidated by the General fund.

A description of each long-term debt obligation follows:

TAX ALLOCATION BONDS

The proceeds of the Tax allocation bonds and Tax allocation refunding bonds were used to fund certain redevelopment activities of benefit to public properties within the Agency's Santa Ana South Main Street Redevelopment Project Area.

2003A Tax Allocation Bonds. The Community Redevelopment Agency of the City of Santa Ana issued the South Main Street Redevelopment Project Tax Allocation Bonds in the amount of \$20.945 million on May 14, 2003 to fund redevelopment activities of benefit to the RDA's Santa Ana South Main Street Redevelopment Project. Bonds totaling \$13,295,000 mature serially on September 1 beginning 2004 through 2024 in amounts ranging from \$475,000 to \$910,000 and pay interest at rates varying from 1.10 percent to 4.5 percent. \$4,075,000 4.50 percent term bonds mature on September 1, 2028 while \$3,575,000 4.50 percent bonds mature on September 1, 2031.

\$18,010,000

Period Ending			
June 30		Principal	Interest
2011	\$	525,000 \$	746,298
2012		545,000	729,566
2013		560,000	711,260
2014		580,000	691,660
2015		605,000	670,620
2016-2020		3,380,000	2,983,672
2021-2025		4,165,000	2,201,088
2026-2030		5,215,000	1,155,937
2031-2032	_	2,435,000	110,813
Total	\$	18,010,000 \$	10,000,914

2003A Tax allocation bonds debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

<u>2003B Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds</u>. On May 14, 2003 the Redevelopment Agency issued the South Main Street Redevelopment Project Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds, Series 2003B in the amount of \$34,145,000 to current refund the 1993 South Main Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds. The bonds mature serially starting on September 1, 2003 through 2019 in amounts ranging from \$1,820,000 to \$2,820,000 and pay interest at rates varying from 2 percent to 5 percent.

The 2003 Bonds Series A and B are not a debt of the City of Santa Ana, the State of California, nor any of its political subdivisions, and neither the City, the State nor any of its political subdivision is liable therefore, not in any event shall the bonds be payable out of funds or properties other than those of the Redevelopment Agency as set forth in the bond indenture.

Payment of the principal and interest on both Series A and B bonds is guaranteed by Financial Guaranty Insurance Company (FGIC) under a Municipal Bond New Issue Insurance Policy. As of March 25, 2009, Moody's withdrew the credit rating of FGIC.

Total Tax Allocation Bonds and Refunding Bonds

\$40,780,000

22,770,000

2003B Tax allocation refunding bonds debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

Period Ending	5		
June 30		Principal	Interest
2011	\$	1,810,000 \$	1,084,200
2012		1,890,000	1,000,750
2013		1,990,000	903,750
2014		2,085,000	801,875
2015		2,200,000	694,750
2016-2020		12,795,000	1,663,125
Total	\$	22,770,000 \$	6,148,450

The 2003 Series A and B Tax Allocation Bonds are secured and to be serviced from tax increment revenues of the project area. All project tax increment revenues except dedicated housing tax increment allocation are the security for bonds. The revenues have been pledged until the year 2031 for the Series A bonds and 2019 for the Series B bonds. The total debt service amount for the bonds is \$56.9 million. Pledged tax increment revenue recognized during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010 was \$40.2 million as against the total debt service payments of \$4.2 million.

CAPITALIZED LEASE OBLIGATIONS

<u>Energy Conservation Project</u> - In February 24, 2003, the City entered into a lease purchase agreement related to the upgrade of several buildings with lighting and HVAC improvements and direct digital control systems with SunTrust. The minimum lease payments required during the ten and one-half years term of the agreement are \$3,504,024. The lease payments discounted at an estimated interest rate of 3.4252 percent provide a present value of \$2,887,120, which approximates the value of the improvements and is the amount that is capitalized in the City's capital assets used in the operation of governmental funds. The future minimum lease payments required under the terms of the lease at June 30, 2010 totaled \$1,107,775.

<u>Modular Building for Fire Training Classroom</u> - On April 25, 2006, the City entered into a lease-purchase agreement to purchase modular building for Fire training classroom. The minimum lease payments required during the five-year term of this agreement are \$507,600. The lease payment discounted at an estimated rate of 9.8 percent provide a present value of \$400,000 which approximates the value of the equipment plus taxes and is the amount capitalized in the City's capital assets used in the operation of governmental funds. The future minimum lease payments required under the terms of the lease at June 30, 2010 totaled \$103,940.

<u>Finance and Utility Billing Software</u> - In March 19, 2008, the City entered into a master lease purchase agreement related to the conversion finance and utility billing software with SunTrust. The minimum lease payments required during the five-year term of this agreement are \$5,490,706. The lease payment discounted at an estimated rate of 2.96 percent provide a present value of \$5,069,000 which approximates the value of the intangible assets and is the amount that will be capitalized after the completion of the project in the City's capital assets used in the operation of governmental funds and Water enterprise fund. In 2010, Utility Billing Software was capitalized for \$278,589. The future minimum lease payments required under the terms of the lease at June 30, 2010 totaled \$3,130,290.

Total Capitalized Lease Obligations

The future minimum lease obligations and the net present value of these minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2010 were as follows:

Period Ending June 30	Principal	Interest
2011	\$ 1,411,568	\$ 126,811
2012	1,365,161	80,158
2013	1,398,788	38,071
2014	166,487	2,872
Total	\$ 4,342,004	\$ 247,912

\$1,107,775

103,940

<u>3,130,290</u> \$4,342,004

83

CERTIFICATES OF PARTICIPATION (COP)

<u>Certificates of Participation (City Hall Expansion Project).</u> On January 13, 1998, Certificates of Participation amounting to \$12,450,000 were issued by the Santa Ana Financing Authority to finance the construction of an expansion to the City of Santa Ana City Hall building. Certificates totaling \$4,435,000 mature serially on January 1, beginning 2000 through 2014 in amounts ranging from \$215,000 to \$400,000 and pay interest at rates varying from 4.5% to 4.7%. \$1,315,000 term certificates are due on January 1, 2017; \$980,000 term certificates are due on January 1, 2019; and the balance of \$5,720,000 term certificates are due on January 1, 2028.

The City is required under the lease agreement (between the City and Authority) to make lease payments every year for the use and occupancy of the building, in an amount sufficient to pay the annual principal and interest on the Certificates. Payment of principal and interest represented by the Certificates is guaranteed by a municipal bond insurance policy issued by Financial Security Assurance Inc. (FSA). A reserve fund surety bond was issued by FSA in lieu of the reserve requirement of \$796,705.

Gas Tax Revenue Certificates of Participation (2007 Local Street Improvement Project). On December 1, 2007, Certificates of Participation amounting to \$68,010,000 were issued by the Santa Ana Financing Authority to finance the Street Improvement Project. Certificates totaling \$32,365,000 mature serially on January 1, beginning 2011 through 2029 in amounts ranging from \$400,000 to \$2,340,000 and pay interest at rates varying from 4% to 5%. \$10,970,000 term certificates are due on January 1, 2033; \$13,145,000 term certificates are due on January 1, 2037; 7,515,000 term certificates are due on January 1, 2039; and the balance of \$4,015,000 term certificates are due on January 1, 2040.

The City is required under the 2007 Installment Sale Agreement (between the City and Authority) to make Installment Sale Payments from the revenues solely received from the State in accordance with Street and Highways Code Sections 2105, 2106 and 2107 in an amount sufficient to pay the annual principal and interest on the certificates. These revenues have been pledged until fiscal year 2040. Total debt service amount for the certificates of participation is \$126,310,255. Pledged gas tax revenues recognized during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010 was \$5.9 million as against the total debt service payment of \$3.08 million. At June 30, 2010, the reserve balance is \$4,213,529.

Total Certificates of Participation

\$9,505,000

<u>68,010,000</u>

<u>\$77,515,000</u>

Year Ending	_	CITY HALI	E E	XPANSION	STREET IN	1PF	OVEMENT	Т	OTA	AL.
June 30	_	Principal		Interest	Principal		Interest	 Principal	,	Interest
2011	\$	345,000	\$	438,627	\$ 1,125,000	\$	3,082,781	\$ 1,470,000	\$	3,521,408
2012		365,000		421,943	1,170,000		3,037,781	1,535,000		3,459,724
2013		380,000		404,435	1,220,000		2,990,981	1,600,000		3,395,416
2014		400,000		386,105	1,275,000		2,937,181	1,675,000		3,323,286
2015		420,000		366,835	1,325,000		2,886,181	1,745,000		3,253,016
2016-2020		2,400,000		1,513,165	7,630,000		13,425,907	10,030,000		14,939,072
2021-2025		3,020,000		878,900	9,455,000		11,597,618	12,475,000		12,476,518
2026-2030		2,175,000		156,628	11,725,000		9,326,181	13,900,000		9,482,809
2031-2035		-		-	14,685,000		6,363,200	14,685,000		6,363,200
2036-2040		-	_	-	18,400,000		2,652,444	18,400,000		2,652,444
Total	\$_	9,505,000	\$_	4,566,638	\$ 68,010,000	\$	58,300,255	\$ 77,515,000	\$	62,866,893

COP debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

LEASE REVENUE BONDS

Police Lease Revenue Bonds. On March 23, 1994, the Santa Ana Financing Authority (SAFA) issued the Police Administration and Holding Facility Lease Revenue Bonds in the amount of \$107.4 million to provide funds for the construction and equipping of a police administration and holding facility. The bonds were issued in the following portfolio mix: \$1.47 million Capital Appreciation Bonds with accreted values of \$270,000 due July 1, 2001, \$770,000 due July 1, 2002 and \$1,285,000 due July 1, 2003; \$17.63 million of Current Interest Serial Bonds are due in amounts ranging from \$1.82 million starting July 1, 2004 to \$3.61 million ending in July 1, 2009; \$21.2 million of Auction Inverse Rate Securities Term Bonds (AIRS), due in amounts ranging from \$3.8 million starting in July 1, 2010, to \$4.7 million ending July 1, 2014; \$28.5 million of noncallable Premium Serial Bonds due in amounts ranging from \$5.03 million starting July 1, 2015 to \$6.41 million ending July 1, 2019 and \$38.6 million of noncallable Premium Term Bonds due in amounts ranging from \$6.815 million starting July 1, 2020, to \$8.7 million ending July 1, 2024.

On February 4, 2004, the SAFA issued the Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2004A to partial current refund \$17,620,000 of the Lease Revenue Bonds, Series 1994A representing the Current Interest Serial Bonds maturing in July 1, 2004 through July 1, 2009, and fully refund \$21,200,000 of AIRS Term Bonds maturing July 1, 2010 through July 1, 2014. The face value of the Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2004A was \$38,845,000. The refunding was issued with interest rates ranging from 2.5% to 5%.

The bonds are payable from revenues of the Financing Authority, consisting principally of base rental payments by the City pursuant to a lease agreement between the City and the Authority. The City agreed to make all base rental payments sufficient to permit the Authority to pay principal and interest on all the bonds described in the preceding paragraph. These revenues are pledged until fiscal year 2024. The amount in the reserve account at June 30, 2010 is approximately \$5 million. Payment of principal and interest on the bonds is covered by a municipal bond insurance policy issued by Municipal Bond Investors Assurance Company (MBIA).

Total Lease Revenue Bonds

Combined lease revenue bonds debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

Period Ending				
June 30	-	Principal		Interest
2011	\$	4,190,000	\$	4,904,075
2012		4,370,000		4,694,575
2013		4,585,000		4,541,625
2014		4,685,000		4,381,150
2015		5,030,000		4,193,750
2016-2020		30,285,000		15,840,626
2021-2024	_	31,785,000	_	5,116,877
Total	\$_	84,930,000	\$	43,672,678

REFUNDING REVENUE BONDS

The proceeds of Refunding Revenue bonds were used to fund a Program Fund in order to purchase the Community Redevelopment Agency's 1989 Tax Allocation Bonds. The proceeds of the 1989 Tax Allocation Bonds were used to fund certain redevelopment activities of benefit to public properties within the Agency's Santa Ana Intercity, Downtown and South Harbor Street Redevelopment Project Area.

<u>1998 Refunding Revenue Bonds Series A</u>. On June 3, 1998 the Santa Ana Financing Authority issued refunding bonds in the amount of \$65,330,000. The proceeds were used to fund a Program Fund in order to purchase on September 1, 1999, the Community Redevelopment Agency's 1989 Tax Allocation Bonds, Series B and Series C. Bonds totaling \$38.75 million mature serially through September 1, 2013 in amounts ranging from \$2.025 million to \$3.725 million; \$26.58 million term bonds mature on September 1, 2019. Interest rates vary from 4.25% to 5.375%.

<u>\$84,930,000</u>

\$84,930,000

The Bonds are limited obligations of the Authority and are payable solely from and secured by, a pledge and assignment under the Indenture of a portion of the Revenues, consisting of (i) all amounts derived from or in respect of the 1989 B Bonds and the 1989 C Bonds purchased with the proceeds of the Bonds, including principal prepayments and other payments of principal thereof and interest thereon, other than any Surplus Payments (as defined in the Indenture), (ii) Lease Payments, if any, paid by the City under a Lease Agreement between the City and the Authority (the "Lease Agreement"), and (iii) investment earnings on amounts on deposit in certain funds and accounts established under the Indenture, other than the Surplus Account and the Costs of Issuance Fund.

Payment of the principal and interest on the bonds is guaranteed by a municipal bond guaranty insurance policy issued by Municipal Bond Investors Assurance Company (MBIA).

<u>1998 Refunding Revenue Bonds Series B</u>. On July 15, 1999 the Santa Ana Financing Authority issued refunding revenue bonds in the amount of \$11,485,000. The proceeds were used to make an additional deposit to the Program Fund to purchase on September 1, 1999 the remaining outstanding principal amount of the Community Redevelopment Agency's 1989 Tax Allocation Bonds Series B and to make an additional deposit to the Cost of Issuance Fund. The \$11,485,000 term bonds mature serially in annual amounts ranging from \$270,000 starting September 1, 2000 to \$890,000 through September 1, 2019. Interest rate is 5.125%

The bonds are limited obligations of the Authority and are payable solely from, and are secured by, a pledge and assignment under the Indenture of a portion of the Revenues, consisting of (i) all amounts derived from or in respect of the 1989 B Bonds and the 1989 C Bonds purchased with the proceeds of the Bonds, including principal prepayments and other payments of principal thereof and interest thereon, other than any Surplus Payments (as defined in the Indenture), (ii) Lease Payments, if any paid by the City under a Lease Agreement between the City and Authority (the "Lease Agreement"), and (iii) investment earnings on amounts on deposit in certain funds and accounts established under the Indenture, other than the Surplus Account and the Costs of Issuance Fund.

Payment of the principal and interest on the bonds is guaranteed by a municipal bond guaranty insurance policy issued by Municipal Bond Investors Assurance Company (MBIA).

<u>1998 Refunding Revenue Bonds Series C</u>. On June 3, 1998 the Santa Ana Financing Authority issued refunding revenue bonds in the amount of \$8,100,000. The proceeds of the Bonds were used to fund a Program Fund in order to purchase, on September 1, 1999, the Community Redevelopment Agency's 1989 Tax Allocation Bonds, Series A. Bonds totaling \$4.29 million mature serially through September 1, 2012 in amounts ranging from \$245,000 to \$435,000; \$3.81 million term bonds mature serially through September 1, 2019. Interest rates vary from 4.4% to 5.6%. 7,195,000

\$40,425,000

The Series C Bonds are limited obligations of the Authority and are payable solely from, and are secured by, a pledge and assignment under the Indenture of a portion of the Revenues, consisting of (i) all amounts derived from or in respect of the 1989 A Bonds purchased with the proceeds of the Bonds, including principal prepayments and other payments of principal thereof and interest thereon, other than Agency Surplus Payments, and (ii) investment earnings on amounts on deposit in certain funds and accounts established under the Indenture, other than the Surplus Account and the Costs of Issuance Fund.

<u>1998 Refunding Revenue Bonds Series D</u>. On September 15, 1998 the Santa Ana Financing Authority issued refunding revenue bonds in the amount of \$19,105,000. The proceeds of the Bonds were used to fund a Program Fund in order to purchase, on September 1, 1999, the Agency's 1989 Tax Allocation Bonds, Series E. Bonds totaling \$8.735 million mature serially through September 1, 2011 in amounts ranging from \$0.53 million to \$0.97 million; \$4.535 million term bonds mature on September 1, 2015 while \$5.835 million term bonds mature serially through September 1, 2019. Interest rates vary from 4.2% to 5.6%.

The Bonds are limited obligations of the Authority and are payable solely from, and are secured by, a pledge and assignment under the Indenture of the Revenues, consisting of (i) all amounts derived from or in respect of the Agency Bonds purchased with the proceeds of the Bonds, including principal prepayments and other payments of principal thereof and interest thereon, other than Surplus Payments (as defined in the Indenture), and (ii) investment earnings on amounts on deposit in certain funds and accounts established under the Indenture, other than the Surplus Account and the Costs of Issuance Fund.

12,255,000

Total Refunding Revenue Bonds

Period Ending			
June 30		Principal	 Interest
2011	\$	5,080,000	\$ 3,224,157
2012		5,360,000	2,951,463
2013		5,645,000	2,669,340
2014		5,940,000	2,371,333
2015		6,250,000	2,057,251
2016-2020	_	36,655,000	 4,945,138
Total	\$	64,930,000	\$ 18,218,682
	-		

5,055,000

\$64,930,000

The Authority's purchase of the Agency's 1989 Tax Allocation Bonds has been accounted for in the fund financial statements as an asset called *investment in RDA Bonds* reported on the balance sheet of the Financing Authority Debt Service Fund. The Redevelopment Agency's obligation to the Authority for the funds provided by the Authority have been recorded as an intra-entity liability of the balance sheet of the Redevelopment Agency Debt Service Fund obligated for repayment. This intra-entity liability is reflected in the fund financial statements as *Obligations to Santa Ana Financing Authority*.

LONG-TERM LOANS

Santa Ana Venture Loan. In April 1984, the Redevelopment Agency entered into a participation agreement with the Santa Ana Venture, a joint venture between JMB/ Federated Realty Association and Henry Segerstrom (the "Participants"), to provide for the rehabilitation and redevelopment of the Main Place project. This agreement provided for the Redevelopment Agency to acquire land within the project area and to sell it to the Participants subject to restrictive terms, conditions, and provisions set forth in the agreement. To fund the Redevelopment Agency's acquisition of land and other related costs above the funding level made available by the Agency the Participants agreed to advance the Participant's purchase price and to make available an unsecured loan of up to \$13.5 million to the extent total Agency costs exceeded \$29 million. The loan accrues interest at 10 percent per annum and is to be repaid solely from the annual tax increment accruing to the Agency from the project site, each year that the increment is in excess of the tax increment accruing in fiscal 1984. As of June 30, 2010 the unpaid accrued interest for the Santa Ana Venture Loan is \$2,485,047.

<u>CHFA Loan</u>. On August 21, 2002, the Redevelopment Agency and the California Housing Finance Agency (CHFA) entered into a commitment and loan agreement for Housing Enabled by Local Partnership (HELP) loan program, in connection with the Cornerstone Village Façade Courtyard Improvement Project situated in the City of Santa Ana. CHFA has made available to the RDA, the amount of \$2.6 million. Interest accrues at 3% per annum on the balance outstanding, and repayment including accrued interest, is deferred until 2012. To reduce interest payments, the City elected to make a payment of \$373,085 during the current year and will pay the remaining balance of \$369,559 during fiscal year 2010-11. Currently, the loan outstanding at June 30, 2010 totaled \$369,559. As of June 30, 2010 the unpaid accrued interest for the CHFA Loan is \$4,558.

<u>County of Orange Loan</u>. The Redevelopment Agency owes the County of Orange the balance of \$107,160, which bears interest of 7.5% as of June 30, 1998 for a property in the Downtown project area. The monthly payment of \$887 extends to the year 2021.

\$6,220,687

\$369,559

78,307

Santa Ana Firemen's Benevolent Association (FBA). The City of Santa Ana General Fund owes the FBA a balance of \$700,000, which bears an annual interest rate of 5.65% and will be repaid when necessary, based on the fiscal condition of the Retirees Health Insurance Subsidy Agency Fund for Fire. As of June 30, 2010 the unpaid accrued interest for the FBA Loan is \$637,653.

1,337,653

\$8,006,206

Total Long-Term Loans

<u>Compensated Absences</u>. Accrued vacation (\$19,083,311) represents total vested vacation benefits for all City employees in the governmental funds. Sick leave benefits (\$17,226,638) are payable to employees for illnesses during employment; or upon termination after 10 years, the employee is entitled to payment equal to 1/3 of up to 200 days of accrued sick leave. The sick leave liability included herein represents those amounts payable to employees with over 10 years of employment as of June 30, 2010. Also included herein is \$1,716,096 representing accrued vacation and sick leave benefits for employees in the Internal Service Funds.

\$38,026,045

LONG-TERM DEBT DEFEASED IN PRIOR YEARS

In prior years, the City has defeased various bond issues of which \$100,052 is outstanding as of June 30, 2010. The investments in U.S. government securities, which are held in various escrow funds, are sufficient to fully service the defeased bonds until the bonds are called or mature. For financial reporting purposes, the bonds are considered defeased and therefore, have been removed as a liability from the City's long-term debt.

WATER REVENUE BONDS

On February 5, 2004, the City through the Santa Ana Financing Authority (SAFA) issued the Water Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2004 with a face value of \$20,110,000 with maturities starting Sept. 1, 2005 through September 1, 2025 at interest rates ranging from 2% to 5%. The proceeds of the 2004 Bonds were be used to current refund the 1994 Bonds. The remaining proceeds were be used to purchase the Reserve Surety Bond, finance certain capital improvements to the Water System and to pay costs of issuance. The 2004 Bonds are payable solely from installment payments made by the City from Net System Revenues pursuant to the installment Purchase Agreement. These revenues have been pledged until fiscal year 2025. Total debt service amount for the bonds is \$22.57 million. Pledged revenue recognized during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010 was \$6.2 million as against total debt payment of \$1.52 million. Payment of principal and interest represented by the bonds is covered against nonpayment by a municipal bond insurance policy issued by the Municipal Bond Investors Assurance Corporation with principal offices at Armonk, New York, NY 10504.

Period Ending	3		
June 30		Principal	 Interest
2011	\$	830,000	\$ 687,656
2012		855,000	664,472
2013		880,000	638,431
2014		900,000	609,494
2015		930,000	578,031
2016-2020		5,245,000	2,280,478
2021-2025	_	6,610,000	 858,750
Total	\$	16,250,000	\$ 6,317,312
	-		

Water revenue bonds debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

Among other provisions of the bond resolutions, the city covenants that revenue from the water utility operation will be sufficient to provide net revenues of at least 1.20 times the principal and interest (or minimum term bond payment of the bonds as they become due and payable). This provision has been complied with as shown in the following analysis:

Operating revenue	\$	48,781,762
Operating expenses (net of depreciation		
expense of \$ 2,400,464)	_	42,542,715
Net revenue		6,239,047
Amount required for payment of principal		
and interest payable for the year ended		
June 30, 2011 (\$1,517,656 x 1.20)	_	1,821,187
Excess of net revenue over amount required	\$ _	4,417,860

CERTIFICATES OF PARTICIPATION (COP) – PARKING FUND

On April 2, 2003, Certificates of Participation 2003 Series A amounting to \$16.985 million were issued to current refund the \$16,875,000 City of Santa Ana Certificates of Participation (Parking Facilities Refunding Project) Series 1993A, the \$1,945,000 City of Santa Ana Certificates of Participation (Commercial Facilities Refunding Project), Series 1993B and the \$5,005,000 City of Santa Ana Certificates of Participation (Mass Commuting Facility Refunding Project), Series 1993C. The Certificates mature serially through June 1, 2016 in amounts ranging from \$555,000 to \$1,895,000 and pay interest at rates varying from 2.5% to 5%. The City has covenanted in the Lease Agreement to make the Lease Payments for the Leased Property as provided for therein, Payments of the principal and interest is insured by a financial guaranty insurance policy issued by Ambac Assurance Corporation. The balance outstanding as of June 30, 2010 is \$7,755,000.

Year Ending			
June 30	_	Principal	 Interest
2011	\$	1,060,000	\$ 361,063
2012		1,215,000	318,663
2013		1,405,000	257,912
2014		1,625,000	198,200
2015		1,895,000	116,950
2016		555,000	22,200
Total	\$_	7,755,000	\$ 1,274,988

COP debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

NOTES PAYABLE

The City of Santa Ana ("The City") and the Orange County Water District (OCWD), in order to increase the pumping capacity and to optimize participation in the Metropolitan Water District Seasonal Storage Program and to sustain adequate water deliveries during drought and emergency conditions, had entered into an agreement for the acquisition, construction, installation and operation of certain well facilities, particularly described as Wells 35, 37 and 38.

The agreement was entered into in June 19, 1991 and amended in May 11, 1995. After the project was completed, the City executed a promissory note in favor of OCWD for \$2,857,558, at an interest rate of 3.50 percent, payable semi-annually in the amount of \$99,935 beginning March 15, 1998 and ending September 15, 2017. The balance of the note as of June 30, 2010 is \$1,308,434. The note is a liability of the City's Water Enterprise Fund.

Water notes payable debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

Period Ending		
June 30	 Principal	Interest
2011	\$ 155,423	\$ 44,447
2012	160,910	38,960
2013	166,591	33,279
2014	172,473	27,397
2015	178,562	21,307
2016-2018	 474,475	 25,198
Total	\$ 1,308,434	\$ 190,588

F. Other Bond and Loan Programs. The City has entered into a number of bond and loan programs to provide low interest financing for various residential and commercial developments within the City. Although the City has arranged these financing programs, these debts are not payable from any revenues or assets of the City. Neither the faith and credit nor the taxing power of the City, nor any political subdivision of the City, is pledged to repay the indebtedness. Generally, the bond or loan holders may look only to assets held by trustees for security on the indebtedness. Accordingly, since these debts do not constitute obligations of the City, they are not reflected as a liability in the accompanying statement of net assets. A short description of each program follows:

Residential Mortgage Revenue Bond Programs:

Through June 30, 2010, the City and the Housing Authority of the City of Santa Ana issued residential mortgage revenue bonds totaling \$61,003,704. The proceeds of these bonds were used to purchase mortgage loans made to homeowners and developers for the purpose of financing single-family and multi-family dwellings.

Issue Date	Interest Rate		Amount
E 1 14 100 <i>C</i>	X7 · 11	¢	7 000 000
February 14, 1996	Variable	\$	7,900,000
July 1, 2001	4.00-6.50%		3,640,000
November 1, 2001	6.05%		3,306,000
December 23, 2004	Variable		5,225,000
June 25, 2002	6.00%		1,035,778
November 1, 2003	5.24%		5,100,000
May 1, 2006	5.88%		7,343,904
November 16, 2006	Variable		8,140,000
May 1, 2007	5.21%		8,858,276
May 1, 2007	Variable		6,399,746
July 1, 2009	Variable		4,055,000
		\$	61,003,704

The bonds, secured by first trust deeds and private mortgage insurance, are as follows:

The bonds are payable solely from payments made on the mortgage loans, proceeds of the bonds, and other amounts held in funds or accounts established by the trustee pursuant to the indentures.

California Municipal Finance Authority (CMFA):

The CMFA issued \$8,000,000 in variable rate revenue bonds on behalf of Goodwill Industries of Orange County, California, a nonprofit public benefit corporation. The proceeds will finance acquisition, construction and improvement of various Goodwill facilities. The City has no financial or legal liability for the project or repayment of the bonds and does not constitute any type of indebtedness for the City.

Industrial Development Bond (IDB) Program:

The IDB Program encourages industrial and commercial development by arranging financing and assisting in the acquisition and development of authorized projects. The chief goals of the IDB Program are the creation and retention of jobs, and expansion of the tax base. The City has three avenues through which developers can pursue IDB financing: City Charter Authority, Health Facility Revenue Bonds, and Industrial Development Authority. This program has resulted in the retention or creation of 8,200 jobs in the City. As of June 30, 2010, fourteen issues totaling \$125,675,000 are outstanding (unaudited):

Issuing Authority	Number of <u>Issues</u>	<u>Amount</u>
City Charter Authority	2	\$ 6,418,000
Health Facility Revenue Bond	2	48,800,000
Industrial Development Authority	<u>10</u>	70,457,000
	<u>14</u>	\$125,675,000

Commercial Rehabilitation Loan Program:

<u>Housing Rehabilitation Loan Programs</u>. The City and the Authority have established a number of housing rehabilitation loan programs using Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) funds as authorized by the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD).

To implement these programs, the City and the Authority have entered into agreements with various lending institutions to provide funding for loans at below-market rates of interest. The property owners' notes and deeds of trust are pledged as collateral for the loans.

In addition to loans made available by the lending institutions, the City and the Authority have elected to make other direct deferred payment rehabilitation loans available from CDBG funds, and from funds borrowed from the State Department of Housing and Community Development. Under the program, loans made using CDBG funds accrue interest at rates varying from 0 to 6 percent and are due when the property is sold. Funds borrowed from the state are loaned to participants at an annual rate of 3 percent and become due in five years.

The City accounts for these programs in the Housing Rehabilitation Loan Program Agency Fund where amounts due to other governmental agencies of \$250,296 are reflected at June 30, 2010. The Fund's primary assets consist of the non-interest bearing deposits pledged as collateral, and participant note receivables, which originated from City and/or State funds. Loans to participants made by the outside lending institutions are not reflected in the financial statements.

<u>Self-Funding Residential Rehabilitation Loan Program</u>. During April 1983, the City Council implemented a self-funding residential loan program to replace the aforementioned interest rate buy-down programs implemented through banks and savings and loan associations. The program makes direct loans to qualifying persons for both single-family and multiple units in amounts up to \$30,000 at 5 to 8 percent interest amortized over 15 years for single-family units, and up to \$40,000 for 1 to 3 multiple units amortized over 10 years. Generally, all loans are due upon sale and are secured by a deed of trust. The program is funded by CDBG, HOME, other grant funds and property tax increment revenues in the redevelopment project areas, from which 20 percent of such revenues must be set aside for low and moderate income housing related activities per

State law. At June 30, 2010 loans totaling \$37,821,691 and \$38,831,329 were recorded as "loans and notes receivable" in the Special Revenue Grants Fund and Community Redevelopment Agency Capital Projects Fund, respectively.

G. Commitments

On October 27, 2005, the Santa Ana Financing Authority entered the Lease Agreement with the City of Santa Ana to lease the City's property at the blocks A, B, C and D on Ross Street (Site) for construction of the three-level parking facility. The term of the Site lease commenced on October 27, 2005 and shall end on May 1, 2046. Under the lease, the Authority agreed to advance rental payment in the amount of \$5,970,000 to the City.

On October 27, 2005, the Authority re-leased the Site to the City and assigned its right to receive lease payment and its right to enforce payment of the Lease Payments to All Points Public Funding, LLC. The term of the lease Agreement commenced on October 25, 2005, and shall end on May 1, 2026, unless such term is extended until there has been deposited with the assignee an amount sufficient to pay all obligations due under the Lease Agreement. In no event shall the term of the lease Agreement extend beyond May 1, 2046.

On March 30, 2007, both parties, the Santa Ana Financing Authority and the City of Santa Ana amended the October 27, 2005 Lease and Release Agreements. The amended term of the Site lease commenced on October 27, 2005 and shall end on May 1, 2026 or may be extended for a certain period, but in no event shall the term of the Lease Agreement extend beyond May 1, 2036. Under the amended Lease and Release Agreements, the Authority agreed to advance rental payment in the amount of \$8,470,000 to the City. On March 30, 2007, the Santa Ana Financing Authority and All Points Public Funding, LLC amended the Assigned Agreement to the lease amount of \$8,470,000.

The amended Lease Payment schedule was computed at 4.78% per annum on \$8,470,000 as follows. The future minimum lease payments required under the term of the lease at June 30, 2010 totaled \$7,541,969.

Period Ending		Principal		Interest		Total Lease
June 30		Component	-	Component	-	Payment
2011	\$	322,987	\$	356,835	\$	679,822
2012		338,617		341,205		679,822
2013		355,002		324,819		679,821
2014		372,181		307,640		679,822
2015		390,192		289,630		679,823
2016-2020		2,253,132		1,145,976		3,399,108
2021-2025		2,853,663		545,445		3,399,108
2026	_	656,195	_	23,627	_	679,822
	\$_	7,541,969	\$_	3,335,177	\$_	10,877,148

On February 6, 2006, the Redevelopment Agency entered the agreement with the Charles W. Bowers Museum Corporation to guaranty the payment of the Obligation Amount in form of a guaranty of a standby line of credit to be issued by the bank in the amount of \$1,000,000. The agreement is to give financial assistance to the Bowers Museum Corporation for its expansion and redevelopment of the Museum. This Guaranty Agreement constituted a continuing agreement between the Agency and the East West Bank to secure the full and final repayment of the Obligation.

Note 4. OTHER INFORMATION

A. Risk Management. The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. In July 1975, the City established three separated Internal Service Funds for the administration of the City's self-insurance programs and the payment of health and dental benefits (Employee Group insurance Fund), workers' compensation (Workers Compensation Fund) and liability claims (Liability and Property Insurance Fund). The City's Liability and Workers' compensation programs are self-administered (staffed by City employees). The City's claim staff estimate total losses for each claim and determine reserve requirements for the Liability and Workers' Compensation claims programs.

Under these programs, the City is self-insured for workers' compensation up to \$500,000 each occurrence with Statutory Coverage. Furthermore, the City is a member of the Big Independent Cites Excess Pool (BICEP), a public entity risk pool established to pool resources, share risks, and purchase excess insurance. BICEP's excess liability program began October 1, 1988. Each BICEP member city assumes the first \$1 million of each occurrence, as above mentioned. All BICEP members share risk the first layer of \$1 million. All BICEP Members participate from \$.01 to 27 million and some members, like Santa Ana, participate in excess insurance purchase above \$27 million, in this case to \$102 million. In 1993, the City became a charter member of the Public Entity Property Insurance Program (PEPIP). Current PEPIP limits are \$1 billion per occurrence for "all risks" and \$82.5 million for flood coverage. The City carries commercial insurance to cover claims of employees Retirement System (PERS) Health Insurance Program to cover claims of employees Retirement System (PERS) Health Insurance Program to cover claims of employees participating in the HMO plans contracted by PERS. Settled claims have not exceeded commercial coverage during the last three years.

All funds of the City participate in the program and make payments to the Liability and Property insurance Fund and the Workers Compensation Fund based on actuarial estimates of the amounts needed to pay prior and current claims in the liability and workers' compensation programs.

In the health and dental programs, contributions to the Self-Insurance Internal Service Fund represent estimated premiums payable to PERS and the dental insurance carriers.

Claims expenses and liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of loss can be reasonably estimated. The losses include an estimate of claims that have been incurred but not reported. The effects of specific incremental claim adjustment expenditures/expenses, salvage, and subrogation, and other allocated and unallocated claim adjustment expenditures/expenses are included. At June 30, 2010, the outstanding losses for the workers' compensation and liability programs are reported at their discounted present value. The outstanding losses are discounted at a 3.5 percent annual interest rate to reflect future investment earnings. The present value computations were performed by an independent casualty actuary, in connection with their actuarial study of the City's self-insured workers' compensation and liability programs undertaken as of June 30, 2010. Changes in the balances of claims liabilities since July 1, 2008 resulted from the following:

	Workers' Compensation	Liability	Total
Net Unpaid Claims - July 1, 2008 \$	18,276,678 \$	5,873,579 \$	24,150,257
Claims and Changes in Estimate	7,404,063	72,769	7,476,832
Claims Payments	(4,231,565)	(957,313)	(5,188,878)
Unpaid Claims - June 30, 2009	21,449,176	4,989,035	26,438,211
Less Discount Taken	(2,859,036)	(297,243)	(3,156,279)
Net Unpaid Claims - June 30, 2009 \$	18,590,140 \$	4,691,792 \$	23,281,932

	(Workers' Compensation	Liability	Total
Net Unpaid Claims - July 1, 2009 Claims and Changes in Estimate Claims Payments	\$	18,590,140 \$ 7,514,161 (4,292,523)	4,691,792 \$ 189,590	23,281,932 7,703,751 (4,292,523)
Unpaid Claims - June 30, 2010 Less Discount Taken	-	$\begin{array}{r} (4,292,323) \\ \hline 21,811,778 \\ (2,902,045) \end{array}$	4,881,382 (305,311)	$\begin{array}{c} (4,292,323) \\ \hline 26,693,160 \\ (3,207,356) \end{array}$
Net Unpaid Claims - June 30, 2010	\$_	18,909,733 \$	4,576,071 \$	23,485,804

- **B. Related Party Transactions.** As explained in Note 1A., this report includes the accounts of the Redevelopment Agency, the Housing Authority, and the Financing Authority, each of which are considered component units of the primary government. Each of these units are operated by City employees, some of whom provide services for (or exert management influence over) more than one of these units. Charges to these units for labor, materials and overhead are made directly at the City's standard rate per formal agreements with the City. Real property transfers are executed at appraised value usually net of cost incurred by the acquiring unit. Projects performed by the City on behalf of the Redevelopment Agency are charged at cost, for which the Redevelopment Agency assumes a long-term obligation to pay from future tax increment revenues. As of June 30, 2010, the total obligations for project costs is \$430,316,365 were assumed by the Redevelopment Agency. See also Note 3B.
- C. Contingent Liabilities. <u>Commitments and Contingencies</u>. Numerous claims and suits have been filed against the City in the normal course of business. To the extent that information available indicates that it is probable a liability has been incurred as of June 30, 2010 and where the amount of loss could be reasonably estimated, the obligation has been accrued as an expense of the City's self-insurance program (see Note 4A).

<u>Federally Assisted Programs</u>. Amounts received or receivable from grant agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the City expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

D. Joint Ventures. The Orange County Civic Center Authority (the "Authority") was created in January 1966 under a Joint Exercise of Powers Agreement between the City of Santa Ana and the County of Orange. The purpose of the Authority is to provide, through the issuance of revenue bonds, financing necessary to construct a county courthouse and certain City buildings, located on land contributed to the Authority by the County and the City. Upon completion of construction, the Authority leased the facilities to the County, the City and the State of California. The City took title to its City Hall facilities when it exercised an early defeasance of the corresponding revenue bonds in FY 93-94. The Authority is governed by a five-member board to which the Orange County Board of Supervisors and the Santa Ana City Council each appoint two These four members select the fifth member. The City and the County have members. contracted with the Authority to administer the Civic Center parking lot and the Parking/Maintenance Fund. Parking revenue is retained by the Authority and must be used to pay the parking lot concessionaire, to pay any taxes related to the parking lot, and to reimburse the City for the cost of maintaining the Civic Center. No provision has been made for disposition of excess funds remaining after authorized expenditures have been made.

The Agreement specifies a term of existence of 50 years; however, the Agreement cannot be terminated until all revenue bonds issued and interest thereon has been paid in full or are adequately provided. Upon termination of the Agreement, title to all properties of the Authority shall be conveyed to the State, the County and the City, as applicable. Audited financial information of the Authority is available at the office of the Auditor-Controller, County of Orange, Finance Building, 630 North Broadway P.O. Box 567, Santa Ana, California 92702-0567.

The Countywide Public Financing Authority ("CPFA") was created under a Joint Powers Agreement (the "Agreement"), dated June 19, 1996, by and among the cities of Brea, Buena Park, Fullerton, Garden Grove, Orange, Santa Ana, Seal Beach, Stanton and Tustin (collectively, the "Members"). The purpose of this Agreement is to provide for the financing of public capital improvements for, and working capital requirements of, the Members through the acquisition by CPFA of such public capital improvements and/or the purchase by the Authority of obligations of a Member pursuant to Bond Purchase Agreements and/or the lending of funds by CPFA to a Member and/or the leasing of public capital improvements to a Member.

E. Defined Benefit Pension Plan.

(A) *Plan Description.* The City of Santa Ana contributes to the California Public Employees Retirement System (CalPERS), an agent multiple-employer public employee defined benefit pension plan. CalPERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. CalPERS acts as a common investment and administrative agent for participating public entities within the State of California. Benefit provisions and all other requirements are established by State statute and City ordinance. Copies of CalPERS' annual financial report may be obtained from their executive office: 400 P Street, Sacramento, CA 95814.

(B) *Funding Policy*. Participants are required to contribute 8% (9% for safety employees) of their annual covered salary. The City makes the contributions required of City employees on their behalf and for their account. As an employer, the City is required to contribute an actuarially determined percentage rate of annual covered payroll. The fiscal year 2009-10 rate was 22.567% for the safety employees and 13.118% for non-safety employees. The contribution requirements of plan members and the City are established and may be amended by CalPERS.

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-	Accrued Liability		Actuarial Value of Assets		Jnfunded Liability	Funded Ratio	(Annual Covered Payroll	Actuarial Accrued Liability % of Payroll		
	Miscellaneous Plan										
\$	573,851	\$	483,527	\$	90,324	84.30%	\$	71,649	126.10%		
	<u>Safety Plan</u>										
\$	790,899	\$	691,149	\$	99,750	87.40%	\$	62,068	160.70%		

The funded status of the plan (in thousands) based on the June 30, 2009 actuarial valuation is as follows:

The Schedule of Funding Progress presented as Required Supplementary Information following the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of the plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

(C) Annual Pension Cost and Net Pension Obligation. The City's annual pension cost and net pension obligation to CalPERS for the current year were as follow:

amounts in thousands)	
Annual required contributions	\$ 22,882
Interest on net pension obligation	-
Adjustment to annual required contribution	
Annual pension Cost	22,882
Contribution made	 (22,882)
Increase (decrease) in net pension obligation	-
Net pension obligation beginning of year	
Net pension obligation end of year	

(Dollar

For fiscal year 2009-10, the City's annual pension cost of \$22,882,357 for CalPERS was equal to the City's required and actual contributions. For fiscal year 2009-10, total member's contribution to CalPERS, including contributions on behalf of employees, was \$34,420,399. The required contribution was determined as part of the June 30, 2007 actuarial valuation using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. The actuarial assumptions included (a) 7.75% investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses), (b) projected annual salary increases from 3.25% to 13.15% that vary by duration of service, age and type of employment. Also included is an inflation component of 3% and payroll growth of 3.25%. The actuarial value of CalPERS assets was determined using techniques that smooth the effects of short-term volatility in the market value of investments over a three-year period (smoothed market value). The assumptions used for determining the contribution requirements are the same as the assumptions used in the calculation of the funded status. CalPERS unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on a closed basis. The amortization period of the unfunded actuarial liability ends by June 30, 2037.

Three-year trend information for CalPERS (dollar amount in thousands):

Fiscal	Annual Pension	Percentage of	Net Pension
Year	Cost (APC)	APC Contributed	Obligation
06/30/08	\$ 18,537	100%	_
06/30/09	22,504	100%	-
06/30/10	22,882	100%	

F. Retirement Health Benefits.

1. The Santa Ana Firemen's Benevolent Association (FBA)

(A) *Plan Description.* Article XIV, Section 6, of the Memorandum of Understanding between the City and the Santa Ana Firemen's Benevolent Association (FBA) through June 30, 2010 provides that the City shall administer a "flat rate" retiree Health Insurance Premium Reduction Program, available to retirees of the FBA. This plan is a single-employer defined benefit plan and does not issue separate financial statements. This plan is part of the Subsidy Plan.

(B) *Eligibility*. Employees who are members of the FBA retiring on or after July 1, 1989 are eligible to participate regardless of whether or not they are participating in a City-sponsored medical plan on their date of retirement. If retirees do not elect coverage on their date of retirement, they will not be eligible for coverage at any other time in the future. In addition, to be eligible, employees must have at least ten years of service on the date they retire. This requirement will be waived for any employees retiring due to disability.

(C) *Funding Policy*. The City's monthly contribution is based on a flat dollar amount per year of service. Beginning in 1989, the flat dollar levels were \$2.20 for single coverage and \$5.50 for family coverage. These amounts increase by 5% each year. When the employee dies, the City's contribution ceases regardless of whether or not the dependents are still living. Currently, there are (101) retirees participating in the program. The program is advance funded and the City has annually made available (beginning October 1, 1990) an amount equal to one percent of the FBA unit's current salary base. Effective October 1, 2010 this amount will remain the same as last fiscal year, 1.75%.

(D) *Funded Status and Funding Progress* Contributions made to the fund in fiscal year 2009-10 totaled \$382,264. The balance available at June 30, 2010 totaled \$1,549,418, which is reported in the Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy Agency fund, which is not an irrevocable trust.

2. The City's Other Employees

(A) *Plan Description.* During fiscal year 2001-02, the City expanded the post employment health benefits to cover other represented associations such as the Police Management Association (PMA), the Fire Management Association (FMA), the Santa Ana City Employee's Chapter 1939/SEIU Local 347 (SEIU), the Mid/Administrative Managers' Association (SAMA), and the Unclassified (UC) employees. Additionally, effective October 1, 2006 the City also expanded the contribution to the Police Officers Association (POA) Medical Insurance Trust Fund for their postemployment health benefits. These plans are single-employer defined benefit plans and do not issue separate financial statements. These plans are considered the Subsidy Plan.

(B) *Eligibility*. Employees are eligible for retiree health benefits if they retire from the City within 120 days of separation and are at age 50 with at least 5 years of service, and are eligible for a PERS pension. Membership of the plan consisted of the following at June 30, 2010:

	SEIU	PMA	FMA	SAMA	UC	POA (1)
Retirees and beneficiaries receiving benefits	144	15	7	21	5	-
Terminated plan members entitled to but	43	2	1	6	2	-
not yet receiving benefits						
Active plan members	388	17	6	39	31	-
Total	575	34	14	66	38	_

(1) POA manages the Retirees Benefits fund and it is not part of the City Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy Agency Fund.

(C) *Funding Policy*. The City has annually made available an amount equal to a negotiated percent of the respective bargaining units salary base. For fiscal year 2010, the negotiated percentage is 1% for SAMA, UC and SEIU; 1.75% for FMA; and .5% for POA and PMA. Eligibility and benefits varies depending upon the pertinent provisions as embodied in each bargaining units' Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) with the City. SAMA, UC agreed to defer their 1.75% negotiated City's contribution percentage on the subsidy plan until fiscal year 2011-12.

(D) Annual Pension Cost and Funded Status. Contributions made by the City to each respective bargaining unit in fiscal year 2009-10 and the respective units' balances available for benefits (not held in an irrevocable trust) at June 30, 2010 were as follows:

			Balance in
		Contribution	Agency Fund
POA	\$	370,543 \$	N/A (1)
PMA		50,874	172,488
SEIU		645,837	1,060,572
FMA		20,147	17,324
SAMA/U	IC	- (2)	654,726
Total	\$	1,087,401 \$	1,905,110

(1) POA manages the Retirees Benefits fund and it is not part of the City Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy Agency Fund.(2) SAMA/UC contribution were deferred to FY 2011-12

The actuarial valuation for subsidy plan involves (1) estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future, and (2) actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

3. Public Employees Medical & Hospital Care Act (PEMHCA)

In addition to the negotiated contribution as mentioned above, the City contracted CalPERS Health Benefits under PEMHCA to provide Health Care coverage to the retirees. The PEMHCA benefits are applied to all employee groups other than POA and City Council. Firefighters (FBA, FMA) joined PEMHCA on 1/1/98. All other employee groups (excluding POA) joined PEMHCA on 1/1/99.

FMA) joined PEMHCA on 1/1/98. All other employee groups (excluding POA) joined PEMHCA on 1/1/99.

(A) *Eligibility*. Employees are eligible for PEMHCA benefits if they retire from the City on or after age 50 with at least 5 years of service or disability retire, and are eligible for a PERS pension.

(B) *Funding Method and Funded Status.* The City selected "unequal" PEMHCA method for the contribution. Under this method, the City offered a lesser contribution for retirees than for active employees. The City paid \$97 per active employee for PEMHCA minimum. Beginning 2008, Assembly Bill 2544 changed the computation for annual increases to annuitant health care under the unequal method. Under the new provisions, the City increases annuitant health care contribution equal an amount not less than 5 percent active employees contribution times number of year in the PEMHCA. The annual increase in minimum PEMHCA contribution to CalPERS will continue until the time that the City contribution for retirees equals the City contribution paid for active employees. The maximum adjustment to the minimum contribution is \$100 per annuitant per month. During fiscal year 09-10, the total City's PEMHCA contribution for retirees was \$220,830.

The actuarial valuation for the PEMHCA plan involves (1) estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future, and (2) actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Premium rates and increases

The minimum CalPERS rates for PEMHCA for 2010 is \$105 monthly under the unequal contributions provision based on year entering the plan with a 4.5% increase assumptions. The Medical Trend Rates are as follow:

Year	Rate
2010	10%
2011	9%
2012	8%
2013	7%
2014	6%
2015+	5%

4. Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The City's annual other postemployment benefit (OPEB) cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) not to exceed thirty years. The ARC unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on a closed basis. The amortization period of the unfunded actuarial liability ends by June 30, 2037. The following table shows the components of the City's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the City's net OPEB obligation:

(Dollar amounts in thousands) PEMHCA	POA (1)	РМА	FBA	FMA	SEIU	UC	EM	Total PEMHCA
Annual required contribution	\$ -	\$	55 \$	506 \$	14 \$	918 \$	82 \$	101 \$	1,676
Interest on net OPEB obligation	-		5	32	1	76	7	8	129
Adjustment to annual required contribution	-		(5)	(32)	(1)	(76)	(7)	(8)	(129)
Annual OPEB cost (expense)	-		55	506	14	918	82	101	1,676
Contribution made	-		(11)	(67)	(3)	(126)	(6)	(10)	(223)
Increase (decrease) in net OPEB obligation	-		44	439	11	792	76	91	1,453
Net OPEB obligation - beginning of year	-		119	753	26	1,789	158	182	3,027
Net OPEB obligation - end of year	\$ -	\$	163 \$	1,192 \$	37 \$	2,581 \$	234 \$	273 \$	4,480

(1) POA did not participate in CalPERS Health Benefits under PEMHCA with the City

								Total
(Dollar amounts in thousands)	POA	PMA	FBA	FMA	SEIU	UC	EM	Subsidy
S UBS ID Y PLAN								Plan
Annual required contribution	\$ 3,805 \$	35 \$	1,220 \$	32 \$	1,332 \$	197 \$	200 \$	6,821
Interest on net OPEB obligation	314	2	42	6	81	11	8	464
Adjustment to annual required contribution	(314)	(2)	(42)	(6)	(81)	(11)	(8)	(464)
Annual OPEB cost (expense)	3,805	35	1,220	32	1,332	197	200	6,821
Contribution made	(371)	(51)	(382)	(20)	(646)	-	-	(1,470)
Increase (decrease) in net OPEB obligation	3,434	(16)	838	12	686	197	200	5,351
Net OPEB obligation - beginning of year	7,389	45	997	133	1,910	269	198	10,941
Net OPEB obligation - end of year	\$ 10,823 \$	29 \$	1,835 \$	145 \$	2,596 \$	466 \$	398 \$	16,292

(Dollar amounts in thousands)

		Subsidy	lotal
TOTAL OPEB	PEMHCA	Plan	OPEB
Annual required contribution	\$ 1,676 \$	6,821 \$	8,497
Interest on net OPEB obligation	129	464	593
Adjustment to annual required contribution	(129)	(464)	(593)
Annual OPEB cost (expense)	1,676	6,821	8,497
Contribution made	(223)	(1,470)	(1,693)
Increase (decrease) in net OPEB obligation	1,453	5,351	6,804
Net OPEB obligation - beginning of year	3,027	10,941	13,968
Net OPEB obligation - end of year	\$ 4,480 \$	16,292 \$	20,772

The required contribution was determined as part of the June 30, 2010 actuarial valuation. The actuarial assumptions for both PEMHCA and Subsidy plans included (a) 4.25% investment rate of return, not pre-funded, assets in City investment fund, (b) projected annual salary aggregate increases 3.25%. Also included is an inflation component of 3% and payroll growth of 3.25%. The actuarial accrued liability (AAL) and normal cost under the entry age normal actuarial method. The Health Care Cost Trend Rate implicity considers estimates of health care inflation, changes in health care utilization or delivery patterns, technological advances, and changes in the health status of plan participants. The City's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for 2010 and the three preceding years were as follows:

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	Year	Annual Required	Percentage of Annual OPEB	Net OPEB
	Ended	Contribution	Cost Contributed	Obligation
POA	06/30/08	3,944	11.7%	3,484
PMA	06/30/08	92	22.8%	71
FBA	06/30/08	1,300	29.8%	912
FMA	06/30/08	98	23.5%	75
SEIU	06/30/08	2,382	14.9%	2,028
SAMA/UC	06/30/08	589	4.9%	560
Total		8,405	15.2%	7,130
POA	06/30/09	4,037	9.7%	7,389
PMA	06/30/09	126	32.5%	164
FBA	06/30/09	1,330	33.6%	1,750
FMA	06/30/09	102	18.6%	159
SEIU	06/30/09	2,509	28.7%	3,699
SAMA/UC	06/30/09	569	38.3%	807
Total		8,673	20.5%	13,968
POA	06/30/10	3,805	9.8%	10,823
PMA	06/30/10	90	65.6%	192
FBA	06/30/10	1,726	25.7%	3,027
FMA	06/30/10	46	47.8%	182
SEIU	06/30/10	2,250	33.5%	5,177
SAMA/UC	06/30/10	580	2.9%	1,371
Total		8,497	19.9%	20,772

(Dollar amounts in thousands):

Funded Status as of June 30, 2010 is as follows (Dollar amounts in thousands):

				(a)-(b)=(c)			
		(a)		Unfunded/			
		Entry Age		(Overfunded)			(c)/(d)
		Normal	(b)	Actuarial		(d)	UAAL
	Actuarial	Actuarial	Actuarial	Accrued	(b)/(a)	Annual	As a % of
	Valuation	Accrued	Value of	Liability	Funded	Covered	Covered
	Date	Liability (AAL)	Assets	(UAAL)	Ratio	Payroll	Payroll
POA	06/30/10 \$	46,312 \$	- \$	46,312	0% \$	60,057	77.1%
PMA	06/30/10	1,781	-	1,781	0%	2,385	74.7%
FBA	06/30/10	26,294	-	26,294	0%	25,188	104.4%
SEIU	06/30/10	32,482	-	32,482	0%	53,889	60.3%
FMA	06/30/10	888	-	888	0%	815	109.0%
SAMA/UC	06/30/10	7,590	-	7,590	0%	10,270	73.9%
Total	\$	\$ 115,347 \$	- \$	115,347	\$	152,604	75.6%

The Schedule of Funding Progress presented as Required Supplementary Information following the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements, presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of the plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for the benefits.

Note 5. REISSUANCE OF THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Subsequent to the issuance of the City's basic financial statements on December 15, 2010, an error was discovered by management whereby the net assets for the non-major proprietary funds and the business-type activities were not correctly classified between restricted and unrestricted categories. The City incorrectly classified net assets as restricted in the non-major enterprise funds and, additionally, had a mathematical error in the business-type activities-enterprise funds total column in the proprietary fund statements. The correction of the error resulted in a decrease in restricted net assets and an increase in unrestricted net assets in the non-major proprietary funds in the amount of \$6,862,449 and an decrease in restricted net assets and an increase in unrestricted net assets in the government-wide business-type activities in the amount of \$27,569,484.



CITY OF SANTA ANA, CALIFORNIA Comprehensive Annual Financial Report CITY OF SANTA ANA, CALIFORNIA

Required Supplementary Information

Required Supplementary Information



General Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule Year ended June 30, 2010

		Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	-	Budgeted Amounts Original Final		Actual	Positive (Negative)
Revenues: Taxes	- \$	147,187,106	147,187,106	138,722,610 \$	(8,464,496)
License and permits	Ψ	3,029,983	3,029,983	2,830,743	(199,240)
Intergovernmental		2,575,880	2,575,880	2,349,978	(225,902)
Charges for services		12,210,416	12,222,416	8,750,696	(3,471,720)
Fines and forfeits		8,556,973	8,556,973	6,435,216	(2,121,757)
Investment income		1,050,000	1,050,000	200,675	(849,325)
Miscellaneous	-	31,513,264	31,613,604	33,729,124	2,115,520
Total revenues	-	206,123,622	206,235,962	193,019,042	(13,216,920)
Expenditures: Current: General government:					
City council		837,545	837,649	800,544	37,105
Clerk of the council		675,840	675,840	604,096	71,744
City attorney		2,190,646	2,210,796	1,986,147	224,649
City manager Nondepartmental		913,945 2,560,765	913,945 2,876,609	654,275 2,246,104	259,670 630,505
Total general government	-	7,178,741	7,514,839	6,291,166	1,223,673
Human resources	-	1,593,085	1,602,258	1,580,612	21,646
Finance and management services		4,670,246	4,804,033	3,632,161	1,171,872
Museum		1,825,385	1,825,385	1,823,284	2,101
Library		3,217,940	3,261,688	2,965,430	296,258
Recreation and community services		14,215,750	14,847,426	13,694,900	1,152,526
Police department		105,904,048	106,844,531	106,391,097	453,434
Fire department Planning and building		51,159,248 9,383,022	51,563,270	47,946,046 8,113,538	3,617,224
Public works		9,383,022 4,247,599	9,555,863 4,984,605	4,907,735	1,442,325 76,870
Community development		486,000	540,183	331,017	209,166
	_	196,702,323	199,829,242	191,385,820	8,443,422
Capital outlay Debt service:		2,289,427	3,214,203	635,243	2,578,960
Principal retirement		1,443,569	1,071,831	1,017,642	54,189
Interest and fiscal charges	-	526,524	898,267	897,039	1,228
Total expenditures	-	208,140,584	212,528,382	200,226,910	12,301,472
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	_	(2,016,962)	(6,292,420)	(7,207,868)	(915,448)
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in		10,365,736	10,365,736	11,908,177	1,542,441
Transfers out		(12,642,655)	(12,642,655)	(12,565,440)	77,215
Total other financing	-	(,,)	(,-,-,-,-,-)	(,;,)	,210
sources (uses)	_	(2,276,919)	(2,276,919)	(657,263)	1,619,656
Net change in fund balance		(4,293,881)	(8,569,339)	(7,865,131)	704,208
Fund balance - beginning		16,335,714	16,335,714	16,335,714	-
Fund balance - ending	\$_	12,041,833	7,766,375	8,470,583 \$	704,208
	=				

See Accompanying Note to Required Supplementary Information.

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Special Revenue Housing Authority Fund Budget Comparison Schedule Year ended June 30, 2010

		Budgeted Amounts					
		Original	Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Revenues:	-						
Intergovernmental	\$	28,158,205	28,158,205	29,860,427 \$, ,		
Investment Income		-	-	36,089	36,089		
Miscellaneous	_	50,000	50,000	137,001	87,001		
Total revenues	-	28,208,205	28,208,205	30,033,517	1,825,312		
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Community development	-	28,359,860	28,392,594	31,442,715	(3,050,121)		
Net change in fund balance	-	(151,655)	(184,389)	(1,409,198)	(1,224,809)		
Fund balance - beginning	_	5,106,878	5,106,878	5,106,878			
Fund balance - ending	\$ =	4,955,223	4,922,489	3,697,680 \$	(1,224,809)		

See Accompanying Note to Required Supplementary Information.

Special Revenue Gas Tax Fund Budget Comparison Schedule Year ended June 30, 2010

			Budg	eted Amounts	
		Original	Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:	¢	5 011 00 5	5 011 005	5 0 1 0 0 0 5 m	101.000
Intergovernmental	\$	5,811,325	5,811,325	5,913,205 \$	101,880
Investment income Total revenues	-	5,811,325	<u> </u>	300,255 6,213,460	140,255 242,135
Total revenues	-	5,611,525	5,971,525	0,213,400	242,133
Expenditures: Current:					
Public works		3,437,210	3,619,634	1,872,902	1,746,732
Debt service:		, ,	, ,	, ,	, ,
Interest and fiscal charges		3,082,785	3,082,785	3,082,781	(4)
Total expenditures	-	6,519,995	6,702,419	4,955,683	1,746,728
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures	-	(708,670)	(731,094)	1,257,777	1,988,871
Other financing sources (uses):					
Transfers out	-	(31,000,000)	(31,000,000)	(18,019,480)	12,980,520
Net change in fund balance		(31,708,670)	(31,731,094)	(16,761,703)	14,969,391
Fund balance - beginning		52,773,688	52,773,688	52,773,688	-
Fund balance - ending	\$	36,011,984	21,042,595	36,011,985 \$	14,969,391

See Accompanying Note to Required Supplementary Information.

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION, YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

A. Budgetary Information

The City and its component units' fiscal year begins on July 1 of each year and ends the thirtieth day of June the following year. On or before the fifteenth of June of each year, the City Manager submits to the City Council a proposed budget for the next ensuing fiscal year based on a detailed financial plan prepared by the heads of the various offices, agencies and departments of the City and its component units. Upon receipt of the proposed budget, the Council may make modifications with the affirmative vote of at least a majority of its members. Before adoption of the budget, the Council holds a public hearing wherein the public is given an opportunity to be heard, after which the Council may make any revisions deemed advisable. On or before the thirty-first day of July, the City Council adopts the budget as amended by the affirmative vote of at least a majority of its members. Upon final adoption, the budget is in effect for the ensuing fiscal year and becomes the authority for the various offices, agencies, and departments to expend subject to controls established by the City Charter. At any meeting after the adoption of the budget, the City Council may amend or supplement the budget by affirmative vote of at least two-thirds of the members so as to authorize the transfer of unused balances appropriated for one purpose to another purpose, or to appropriate available revenue not included in the budget. Where appropriations are made to offices, departments, or agencies for more than one activity or program, "appropriations" are considered in the aggregate with respect to total expenditures authorized for that office, department or agency within each fund, limited to purposes for which the revenues of such funds are to be spent. The City Manager is authorized to make revisions among the items included in such appropriations if, in his opinion, such revisions are necessary and proper. Budgetary control exists at the department level. Council action is necessary for transfers between departments/agencies or transfers between funds. During the fiscal year, all budget and supplemental amendments were necessary and made in a legally permissible manner.

Annual budgets are legally adopted for the General Fund, Proprietary Funds, and certain Special Revenue Funds including Special Gas Tax, Sewer Connection Fee, Civic Center and Maintenance, Housing Authority, Inmate Welfare, and Air Quality Improvement. The budgetary control for the Special Revenue Funds is under the department in charged. The Public Works Department is responsible for the budget of the Special Gas Tax and Sewer Connection Fee funds. The Recreation and Community Services Department is responsible for the Civic Center and Maintenance fund. Housing Authority and the Air Quality Improvement funds were managed by the Community Development and the Planning and Building Department. The Police Department is responsible for the budget of the Inmate Welfare fund. In addition, project and grant-length budgets are approved for the Special Revenue Grants Fund and Capital Projects Funds as a planning device and for financial and management control purposes. The Asset Forfeiture Funds are not annually budgeted, per guidance from the Federal Department of Treasury, Executive Office of Asset Forfeiture. Monthly budgetary reports are prepared to effect control through fiscal management. Furthermore although budgets are legally adopted for the Proprietary Funds of the City, there is no legal requirement for the fiscal year results to be reported to City Council. Therefore, no budgetary reporting for the Proprietary Funds has been presented in the accompanying financial statements. The City Council approved supplemental appropriations during the year in the General Fund and in other funds, but they were not considered material.

Budgets are prepared on a modified accrual basis. Encumbrances (e.g. purchase orders, contracts) outstanding at year-end are reported as reservations of fund balances since they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end to the extent that they have not been expended or lawfully encumbered. Expenditures may not legally exceed

appropriations at the departmental level in the governmental funds, except that certain Special Revenue Funds and Capital Projects Funds are maintained at the project level.

Under Article XIIIB of the California Constitution (the Gann Spending Limitation Initiative), the City is restricted as to the amount of annual appropriations from proceeds of taxes; and if proceeds of taxes exceed allowed appropriations, the excess must be returned to the taxpayers through revised tax rates or fee schedules within the next two years. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010, proceeds of taxes did not exceed related appropriations.

<u>Budgetary Compliance</u>. The expenditures/expenses were within the legal prescribed limits as approved by the City Council.

Required Supplementary Information Miscellaneous and Safety Plans Schedule of Funding Progress June 30, 2010 (in thousands)

Plan	Actuarial Valuation Date	(a) Entry Age Normal Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)	(b) Actuarial Value of Assets	(c) Unfunded/ (Overfunded) Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL)	(b)/(a) Funded Ratio	(d) Annual Covered Payroll	(c)/(d) UAAL As a % of Covered Payroll
Miscellaneous	06/30/07	\$ 453,967	\$427,149	\$ 26,818	94.1%	\$67,453	39.8%
Safety	06/30/07	682,433	625,094	57,339	91.6%	56,546	101.4%
Miscellaneous	06/30/08	491,604	458,593	33,011	93.3%	74 ,88 4	44.1%
Safety	06/30/08	723,343	664,953	58,390	91.9%	59,327	98.4%
Miscellaneous	06/30/09	573,851	483,527	90,324	84.3%	71,649	126.1%
Safety	06/30/09	790,899	691,149	99,750	87.4%	62,068	160.7%

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Required Supplementary Information OPEB Schedule of Funding Progress June 30, 2010 (in thousands)

	Actuarial Valuation Date	(a) Entry Age Normal Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)	(b) Actuarial Value of Assets	(a)-(b)=(c) Unfunded/ (Over funded) Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL)	(b)/(a) Funded Ratio	(d) Annual Covered Payroll	(c)/(d) UAAL As a % of Covered Payroll
POA	06/30/08	\$ 45,550	_	\$ 45,550	0%	\$ 56,337	80.9%
PMA	06/30/08	2,172	-	2,172	0%	2,237	· 97.1%
FBA	06/30/08	18,591	-	18,591	0%	23,627	78.7%
SEIU	06/30/08	28,860	-	28,860	0%	50,551	57.1%
FMA	06/30/08	1,554	-	1,554	0%	764	203.4%
SAMA/UC	06/30/08	7,085	-	7,085	0%	9,633	73.5%
Total		103,812	_	103,812	0%	143,149	72.5%
POA	06/30/09	47,115	-	47,115	0%	58,167	81.0%
PMA	06/30/09	2,241	-	2,241	0%	2,310	97.0%
FBA	06/30/09	19,272	-	19,272	0%	24,395	79.0%
SEIU	06/30/09	29,750	-	29,750	0%	52,193	57.0%
FMA	06/30/09	1,609	-	1,609	0%	789	203.9%
SAMA/UC	06/30/09	7,349	-	7,349	0%	9,947	73.9%
Total		107,336		107,336	0%	147,801	72.6%
POA	06/30/10	46,312	-	46,312	0%	60,057	77.1%
PMA	06/30/10	1,781	-	1,781	0%	2,385	74.7%
FBA	06/30/10	26,294	-	26,294	0%	25,188	104.4%
SEIU	06/30/10	32,482	-	32,482	0%	53,889	60.3%
FMA	06/30/10	888	-	888	0%	815	109.0%
SAMA/UC	06/30/10	7,590	-	7,590	0%	10,270	73.9%
Total		\$ 115,347		\$ 115,347	0%	\$152,604	75.6%



CITY OF SANTA ANA, CALIFORNIA Comprehensive Annual Financial Report CITY OF SANTA ANA, CALIFORNIA

Supplementary Schedules

Supplementary Schedules



Nonmajor Governmental Funds Combining Balance Sheet June 30, 2010

Assets	 Special Revenue Funds	Capital Projects Funds	Total
Cash and investments	\$ 6,061,493	8,863,004 \$	14,924,497
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):			
Interest	8,992	13,507	22,499
Intergovernmental	 691,819	961,281	1,653,100
Total assets	\$ 6,762,304	9,837,792 \$	16,600,096
Liabilities and Fund Balances			
Liabilities:			
Accounts payable	\$ 392,522	55,164 \$	447,686
Retention payable	-	36,310	36,310
Due to other funds	-	1,043,314	1,043,314
Deferred revenues	 521,728	751,351	1,273,079
Total liabilities	 914,250	1,886,139	2,800,389
Fund balances:			
Restricted for:			
Community development	_	1,051,166	1,051,166
Public safety	265,813	-	265,813
Drainage construction	-	4,495,247	4,495,247
Other capital projects	5,236,102	-	5,236,102
Cultural recreation and community services	431,661	3,330,098	3,761,759
Unassigned	 (85,522)	(924,858)	(1,010,380)
Total fund balances	 5,848,054	7,951,653	13,799,707
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 6,762,304	9,837,792_\$	16,600,096

Nonmajor Governmental Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Year ended June 30, 2010

		Special Revenue Funds	Capital Projects Funds		Total
Revenues:					
Taxes Intergovernmental Charges for services Investment income Miscellaneous	\$	4,276,499 145,616 53,647 452,005	9,760 1,950,244 1,170,839 71,174 1,061,809	\$	9,760 6,226,743 1,316,455 124,821 1,513,814
Total revenues	Residence and	4,927,767	4,263,826		9,191,593
Expenditures:					
Current: Human resources Recreation and community services Police department Planning and building Public works Capital outlay		241,396 3,563,166 1,473,195 183,933 125,588 51,726	53,928 2,533,493		241,396 3,617,094 1,473,195 183,933 125,588 2,585,219
Total expenditures		5,639,004	2,587,421	ajournee-state Side	8,226,425
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(711,237)	1,676,405		965,168
Other financing sources:					
Transfers in		522,785	-		522,785
Net change in fund balances		(188,452)	1,676,405		1,487,953
Fund balances - beginning		6,036,506	6,275,248		12,311,754
Fund balances - ending	\$	5,848,054	7,951,653	\$	13,799,707

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

The following Special Revenue Funds have been classified as nonmajor funds in the accompanying financial statements:

<u>Sewer Connection Fee</u> – This fund is used to account for the receipts and expenditures of sewer connection fees and the replacement and repair of existing undersized sewer system.

<u>Civic Center & Maintenance</u> – This fund is used to account for the receipts and disbursement of funds for the cost of cleaning and maintaining the common areas in the Civic Center, Centennial Park and the City's downtown area. Funding is provided jointly by the City and the County of Orange, except downtown which is provided exclusively by the City.

<u>Inmate Welfare</u> – This fund is used to account for the receipts and disbursement of funds received through donations, profits on the sale of commissary items and commissions for personal items purchased or services used by inmates of the Santa Ana Jail, as authorized by the State of California Penal Code Section 4025.

<u>Air Quality Improvement</u> – This fund is used to account for the receipt and disbursement of funds received under AB 2766 (Health and Safety Code Sections 44220 and 44247).

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds Combining Balance Sheet June 30, 2010

	 Sewer Connection Fee	Civic Center & Maintenance
Assets		
Cash and investments	\$ 5,284,129	23,063
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):	9.047	
Interest Intergovernmental	8,047	- 583,671
-		
Total assets	\$ 5,292,176	606,734
Liabilities and Fund Balances		
Liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$ 56,074	278,676
Deferred revenues	 -	413,580
Total liabilities	 56,074	692,256
Fund balances (deficit):		
Restricted for:		
Public safety	-	-
Other capital projects	5,236,102	-
Cultural recreation and community services Unassigned	-	(85,522)
e meerbred		(00,000)
Total fund balances (dificit)	 5,236,102	(85,522)
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 5,292,176	606,734

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Inmate Welfare	Air Quality Improvement	Total		
288,182	466,119	\$	6,061,493	
462	483 108,148		8,992 691,819	
288,644	574,750	\$	6,762,304	
22,831	34,941 108,148	\$	392,522 521,728	
22,831	143,089		914,250	
265,813	431,661		265,813 5,236,102 . 431,661 (85,522)	
265,813	431,661		5,848,054	
288,644	574,750	_ \$	6,762,304	

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Year ended June 30, 2010

		Sewer Connection Fee	Civic Center & Maintenance
Revenues:			
Intergovernmental Charges for services Investment income Miscellaneous	\$	145,616 47,584	3,981,940
Total revenues	-	193,200	3,981,940
Expenditures:			
Current: Human resources Recreation and community services Police department Planning and building Public works Capital outlay		125,588	3,563,166 1,025,910 - -
Total expenditures		125,588	4,589,076
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		67,612	(607,136)
Other financing sources:			
Transfers in			522,785
Net change in fund balance		67,612	(84,351)
Fund balances (deficit) - beginning		5,168,490	(1,171)
Fund balances (deficit) - ending	\$	5,236,102	(85,522)

:

Total	Air Quality Improvement	Inmate Welfare
4,276,499	294,559 \$	-
145,616 53,647 452,005	3,159 2,585	2,904 449,420
4,927,767	300,303	452,324
241,396	241,396	-
, 3,563,166 1,473,195	-	447,285
183,933 125,588	183,933	-
51,726		51,726
5,639,004	425,329	499,011
(711,237	(125,026)	(46,687)
522,785		_
(188,452	(125,026)	(46,687)
6,036,506	556,687	312,500
5,848,054	431,661 \$	265,813

CITY OF SANTA ANA

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds Sewer Connection Fee Budgetary Comparison Schedule Year ended June 30, 2010

	Dudate	1 4		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	 Original	l Amounts Final	Actual	(Negative)
				(1.08
Revenues:				
Charges for services	\$ 1,850,000	1,850,000	145,616 \$	(1,704,384)
Investment income	 -		47,584	47,584
Total revenues	1,850,000	1,850,000	193,200	(1,656,800)
Expenditures:				
Public works	 1,850,000	1,850,000	125,588	1,724,412
Total expenditures	 1,850,000	1,850,000	125,588	1,724,412
Excess of revenues				
over expenditures	 -		67,612	67,612
Net change in fund balance	-	-	67,612	67,612
Fund balance - beginning	 5,168,490	5,168,490	5,168,490	
Fund balance - ending	\$ 5,168,490	5,168,490	5,236,102 \$	67,612

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Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds Civic Center & Maintenance Budgetary Comparison Schedule Year ended June 30, 2010

		Budgeted .	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive
		Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:					
Intergovernmental	\$	5,319,203	6,608,858	3,981,940 \$	(2,626,918)
Total revenues		5,319,203	6,608,858	3,981,940	(2,626,918)
Expenditures:					
Current: Recreation and community services Police department Total expenditures		4,893,293 1,025,910 5,919,203	6,479,549 1,025,910 7,505,459	3,563,166 1,025,910 4,589,076	2,916,383
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(600,000)	(896,601)	(607,136)	289,465
Other financing sources:					
Transfers in	all set of the set of	600,000	600,000	522,785	(77,215)
Net change in fund balances		-	(296,601)	(84,351)	212,250
Fund balance (deficit) - beginning		(1,171)	(1,171)	(1,171)	-
Fund balance (deficit) - ending	\$	(1,171)	(297,772)	(85,522) \$	212,250

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds Inmate Welfare Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule Year ended June 30, 2010

		Budgeted Original	Amounts Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:					
Investment income Miscellaneous	\$	10,000 400,000	10,000 400,000	2,904 \$ 449,420	(7,096) 49,420
Total revenues		410,000	410,000	452,324	42,324
Expenditures:					
Current: Police department Capital outlay	_	658,662 -	658,662	447,285 51,726	211,377 (51,726)
Total expenditures		658,662	658,662	499,011	159,651
Net change in fund balance		(248,662)	(248,662)	(46,687)	201,975
Fund balance - beginning		312,500	312,500	312,500	
Fund balance - ending	\$	63,838	63,838	265,813 \$	201,975

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds Air Quality Improvement Budgetary Comparison Schedule Year ended June 30, 2010

		Budgeted A	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive
		Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:					
Intergovernmental	\$	415,500	415,500	294,559 \$	(120,941)
Investment income		3,200	3,200	3,159	(41)
Miscellaneous		9,500	9,500	2,585	(6,915)
Total revenues		428,200	428,200	300,303	(127,897)
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Human resources		336,525	336,525	241,396	95,129
Finance and management services		350,000	350,000	-	350,000
Planning and building	-	154,008	154,008	183,933	(29,925)
Total expenditures		840,533	840,533	425,329	415,204
Net change in fund balance		(412,333)	(412,333)	(125,026)	287,307
Fund balance - beginning		556,687	556,687	556,687	
Fund balance - ending	\$	144,354	144,354	431,661 \$	287,307



CITY OF SANTA ANA, CALIFORNIA Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds

The following Capital Projects Funds have been classified as nonmajor in the accompanying financial statements:

<u>Capital Grants</u> – This is a combined report of various capital grants awarded to the City by Federal, State, and local governments not otherwise accounted for in the General and Special Revenue Funds.

<u>Drainage Construction</u> – This fund is used to account for the receipt and disbursements of funds received from developers in the form of drainage assessment fees to be used for storm drain construction.

<u>Park Acquisitions & Development</u> – This fund is used to account for the receipt and disbursement of funds received from developers in the form of development fees for use in park land acquisition and development.

<u>Inclusionary Housing Fee</u> – This fund is used to account for receipt from Developer fees and disbursement for planning (including but not limited to preparation of one of more elements of its general plan or for zoning improvements), conceptual design, final design, bid preparation, award of bid, property appraisal, property acquisition, relocation, lost goodwill, and/or construction of new or substantially rehabilitated existing affordable housing in the City."

Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds Combining Balance Sheet June 30, 2010

Assets		Capital Grants	Drainage Construction
	¢		4 400 457
Cash and investments	\$	-	4,488,456
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles): Interest		-	6,791
Intergovernmental		961,281	
Total assets	\$	961,281	4,495,247
Liabilities and Fund Balances			
Liabilities:			
Accounts payable	\$	55,164	-
Retention payable		36,310	-
Due to other funds		1,043,314	-
Deferred revenues	1	751,351	-
Total liabilities		1,886,139	
Fund balances (deficit):			
Restricted for:			
Community development		-	-
Drainage construction		-	4,495,247
Cultural recreation and community services		-	-
Unassigned		(924,858)	-
Total fund balances (deficit)		(924,858)	4,495,247
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	961,281	4,495,247

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Park Acquisitions	Inclusionary Housing Fee	Total
& Development	ree	Total
3,324,978	1,049,570 \$	\$ 8,863,004
5 100	1.506	13,507
5,120	1,596	961,281
3,330,098	1,051,166	§9,837,792
	a	\$ 55,164
-	- 3	\$ 55,164 36,310
	-	1,043,314
		751,351
		1,886,139
	1,051,166	1,051,166
-	-	. 4,495,247
3,330,098	-	3,330,098
	-	(924,858)
3,330,098	1,051,166	7,951,653
3,330,098	1,051,166	\$ 9,837,792

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Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Year ended June 30, 2010

Revenues:	 Capital Grants	Drainage Construction
Taxes Intergovernmental Charges for services Investment income Miscellaneous	\$ 1,950,244 - - -	9,760 - 40,313
Total revenues	 1,950,244	50,073
Expenditures:		
Current: Recreation and community services Capital outlay Total expenditures	 53,928 1,968,145 2,022,073	-
Net change in fund balances	 (71,829)	50,073
Fund balances (deficit) - beginning	 (853,029)	4,445,174
Fund balances (deficit) - ending	\$ (924,858)	4,495,247

Park Acquisitions & Development	Inclusionary Housing Fee	Total
-		\$ <u>9,760</u> 1,950,244
1,170,839 26,695 14,809	4,166 1,047,000	1,170,839 71,174 1,061,809
1,212,343	1,051,166	4,263,826
565,348	-	53,928 2,533,493
565,348	-	2,587,421
646,995	1,051,166	1,676,405
2,683,103_		6,275,248
3,330,098	1,051,166	\$7,951,653

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CITY OF SANTA ANA, CALIFORNIA Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

Nonmajor Enterprise Funds

Enterprise funds are used to account for any activity for which a fee is charged to external users for goods or services. These funds use full accrual accounting.

The following Enterprise Funds have been classified as nonmajor in the accompanying financial statements:

<u>Refuse Collections</u> - For the provision of refuse collection services to the residential, commercial and industrial segments of the City.

Transportation Center - For the provision of a concentrated commuter-oriented transportation center for the region.

<u>Sewer</u> - For the provision of providing cleaning, rehabilitation, and repair of sanitary sewer facilities and removal of sewer main blockages.

Sanitation - For the provision of motorized sweeping of all improved streets in the City, graffiti removal and weed control.

<u>Federal Clean Water Protection</u> - For the provision of storm drain systems operation and maintenance and pollution reduction under the National Pollutant Discharge Elimination permit issued by the Santa Ana Region of Water Quality Control Board.

Nonmajor Enterprise Funds Combining Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2010

		Refuse Collections	Transportation Center
Assets:			
Current assets:	\$	1 162 862	348,396
Cash and investments Receivables:	Φ	1,162,862	546,590
		1,720,226	46,786
Accounts Allowance for uncollectible accounts		1,720,220	40,780
Interest		1,280	- 890
Total current assets		2,884,368	396,072
Noncurrent assets:			
Capital assets: Land			3,792,491
		-	8,607,909
Buildings		-	3,462,519
Improvements other than buildings		9,240,394	5,402,519
Equipment Parking structures		9,240,394	4,817,296
Construction work in progress			4,017,290
Less accumulated depreciation		(9,240,394)	(8,812,483)
Total capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)		(),240,374)	11,867,732
Total noncurrent assets			11,867,732
Total assets		2,884,368	12,263,804
Liabilities:			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable		490,999	54,109
Compensated absences payable (current portion)		-	2,398
Deposits payable		-	11,000
Total current liabilities		490,999	67,507
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Compensated absences payable		_	7,195
Postemployment benefits obligation		12,984	4,107
Total noncurrent liabilities		12,984	11,302
Total liabilities		503,983	78,809
Net assets:			
			11 967 722
Invested in capital assets		-	11,867,732
Restricted for:			
National Pollution Discharge Elimination System		2,380,385	317,263
Unrestricted			Action and the second
Total net assets	\$	2,380,385	12,184,995

Sewer	Sanitation	Federal Clean Water Protection	Total
3,604,644	2,218,857	917,920 \$	8,252,679
804,876	1,190,951	162,910	3,925,749
(18,115)	(8,395)	-	(26,510)
8,769	5,171	1,922	18,032
4,400,174	3,406,584	1,082,752	12,169,950.00
_	-	_	3,792,491
-	-	-	8,607,909
37,336,292	-	547,015	41,345,826
11,218	51,630	-	9,303,242
-	-	-	4,817,296
796,896	-	-	796,896
(20,248,303)	(23,664)	(52,422)	(38,377,266)
17,896,103	27,966	494,593	30,286,394
17,896,103	27,966	494,593	30,286,394
22,296,277	3,434,550	1,577,345	42,456,344
174,073	261,598	27,965	1,008,744
25,500	108,925	13,159	149,982
-	-	-	11,000
199,573	370,523	41,124	1,169,726
76,501	326,776	39,476	449,948
84,191	204,008	45,952	351,242
160,692	530,784	85,428	801,190
360,265	901,307	126,552	1,970,916
17,896,103	27,966	494,593	30,286,394
-	-	956,200	956,200
4,039,909	2,505,277		9,242,834
21,936,012	2,533,243	1,450,793 \$	40,485,428

Nonmajor Enterprise Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Assets Year ended June 30, 2010

	Re	efuse Collections	Transportation Center
Operating revenues: Charges for services Miscellaneous	\$	8,600,606 6,387,430	1,228,641 4,012
Total operating revenues		14,988,036	1,232,653
Operating expenses: Cost of goods sold Personal services Contractual services Materials and supplies Other services and charges Depreciation		147,571 7,401,077 446 9,166,748	123,892 235,282 185,519 456,317 422,193
Total operating expenses		16,715,842	1,423,203
Operating income (loss)		(1,727,806)	(190,550)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses): Investment earnings		12,391	2,688
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		12,391	2,688
Change in net assets		(1,715,415)	(187,862)
Net assets - beginning		4,095,800	12,372,857
Net assets - ending	\$	2,380,385	12,184,995

Sewer	Sanitation	Federal Clean Water Protection	Total
4,815,448	7,944,934	2,473,584 \$	25,063,213 6,393,268
4,816,446	7,945,762	2,473,584	31,456,481
1,404,595 928,602 169,605 480,872 501,251 3,484,925	64 3,949,292 1,339,865 176,106 2,601,742 5,163 8,072,232	894,235 652,658 1,133 634,917 27,351 2,210,294	64 6,519,585 10,557,484 532,809 13,340,596 955,958 31,906,496
1,331,521	(126,470)	263,290	(450,015)
31,252	20,217	8,198	74,746
31,252	20,217	8,198	74,746
1,362,773	(106,253)	271,488	(375,269)
20,573,239	2,639,496	1,179,305	40,860,697
21,936,012	2,533,243	1,450,793 \$	40,485,428

Nonmajor Enterprise Funds Combining Statement of Cash Flows Year ended June 30, 2010

Page 1 of 4

		Refuse Collections	Transportation Center
Cash flows from operating activities: Receipts from customers Receipts from interfund services provided Receipts from other operating sources Payments to suppliers for goods and services Payments to employees	\$	8,623,901 6,387,430 (16,109,348) (143,417)	1,214,538 - 4,012 (902,404) (110,192)
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities		(1,241,434)	. 205,954
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: Acquisition of capital assets	_		
Net cash used for capital and related financing activities		-	
Cash flows from investing activities: Interest received	_	13,591	2,285
Net cash provided by investing activities		13,591	2,285
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(1,227,843)	208,239
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning	_	2,390,705	140,157
Cash and cash equivalents - ending	\$ =	1,162,862	348,396

NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

Page 2 of 4

Sewer	Sanitation	Federal Clean Water Protection	Total
- -	7,954,012	- -	\$ 9,168,550 8,623,901
4,746,865 (1,426,884) (1,366,898)	(3,913,048) (3,841,898)	2,464,745 (1,318,896) (871,349)	13,603,052 (23,670,580) (6,333,754)
1,953,083	199,066	274,500	1,391,169
(796,896)		<u>-</u>	(796,896)
(796,896)	<u>_</u>		(796,896)
31,252	18,149	8,099	73,376
31,252	18,149	8,099	73,376
1,187,439	217,215	282,599	667,649
2,417,205	2,001,642	. 635,321	7,585,030
3,604,644	2,218,857	917,920	\$8,252,679

Continued

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Nonmajor Enterprise Funds Combining Statement of Cash Flows Year ended June 30, 2010

Page 3 of 4

	_	Refuse Collections	Transportation Center
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:			
Operating income (loss)	\$	(1,727,806)	(190,550)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash			
provided by (used for) operating activities:			
Depreciation expense		-	422,193
Change in assets and liabilities:			
Decrease (increase) in accounts receivable		23,295	(14,103)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		458,923	(25,286)
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences payable		-	9,593
Increase (decrease) in postemployment benefits obligation	_	4,154	4,107
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$ =	(1,241,434)	205,954

	Federal Clean					
Sewer	Sanitation	Water Protection		Total		
1,331,521	(126,470)	263,290	\$	(450,015)		
501,251	5,163	27,351		955,958		
(69,581)	8,250	(8,839)		(60,978)		
152,195	204,729	(30,188)		760,373		
(624)	107,394	(916)		115,447		
 38,321		23,802		70,384		
1,953,083	199,066	274,500	\$	1,391,169		



CITY OF SANTA ANA, CALIFORNIA Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

Internal Service Funds

To account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency of the City to other departments or agencies on a cost-reimbursement basis.

<u>Central Services</u> - For the provision of printing, duplicating, messenger and postal services.

Building Maintenance - For the provision of building maintenance, janitorial services and utilities to the City departments.

<u>Equipment Maintenance and Replacement</u> - For the provision of maintenance on, materials and supplies for, and replacement of, City vehicles and other gasoline or diesel-powered equipment, and maintenance of a warehouse inventory of materials and supplies for all City departments.

<u>Liability and Property Insurance</u> - For the administration of the City's self-insurance programs and the payment of liability claims.

<u>Employee Group Insurance</u> - For the administration of the City's health and dental benefits.

Workers Compensation - For the administration of the City's workers' compensation and payment of liability claims.

<u>Information and Communications Services</u> - For the design, installation and maintenance of all data networking, voice, radio, and facsimile services of the City's operating departments.

<u>City Yard Operations</u> - For the maintenance and security services at the City's Corporate Yard and Fleet Maintenance Facility.

<u>Engineering and Administrative Services</u> - For the provision of engineering, design, project management, and construction inspection services for public facilities and infrastructure, and the development and administration of transportation policy and the City's capital improvement program.

<u>Quality Service Training</u> - For the provision of training and support services, through the use and application of total quality improvement tools, for the continuous improvement of City services.

Internal Service Funds Combining Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2010

Page 1 of 3

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		Central Services	Building Maintenance	Equipment Maintenance and Replacement
Assets:				
Current assets: Cash and investments	\$	818,500	1,402,939	4,806,095
Receivables:	φ	010,500	1,402,939	4,000,095
Interest		1,849	-	11,985
Accounts		-	-	-
Due from other funds		-	-	-
Inventory of supplies	_	25,014	-	1,097,576
Total current assets	-	845,363	1,402,939	5,915,656
Noncurrent assets:				
Restricted cash and investments			-	-
Advances to other funds		-	-	220,000
Capital assets:			60 0 00 0	
Improvements other than buildings		-	602,886	
Equipment Construction work in progress		378,225	-	25,261,991
Less accumulated depreciation		(328,776)	(521,245)	(20,178,734)
Total capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)	-	49,449	81,641	5,083,257
Total noncurrent assets	-	49,449	81,641	5,303,257
Total assets	-	894,812	1,484,580	11,218,913
	-	094,012	1,404,500	11,210,915
Liabilities:				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable		26,586	143,559	337,069
Interest payabe		-	-	-
Compensated absences payable (current portion)		3,943	37,190	85,388
Claims payable (current portion)		-	-	-
Capital lease payable (current portion) Total current liabilities	-	30,529		422,457
Total current habilities	-	30,329	180,749.00	422,457
Noncurrent liabilities:		11.000		056160
Compensated absences payable		11,829	111,569	256,163
Claims payable Capital lease payable		-	-	-
Postemployment benefits obligation		14,815	81,892	179,229
Total noncurrent liabilities	-	26,644	193,461	435,392
Total liabilities	-	57,173	374,210	857,849
Net assets:	-			
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		49,449	81,641	5,083,257
Unrestricted		788,190	1,028,729	5,277,807
	¢.			10,361,064
Total net assets	\$ =	837,639	1,110,370	10,301,004

Liability and Property Insurance	Employee Group Insurance	Workers Compensation	Information and Communications Services	City Yard Operations
30,586,497	2,610,586	25,457,339	13,632,244	215,554
72,906	3,094	57,678	31,873	531
- 1,043,314	-		-	-
	2,613,680	25,515,017	13,664,117	216,085
51,702,717	2,015,080	23,313,017	13,001,117	210,000
	277,629	-	-	-
-	-	2,920,000	-	-
	-	-	-	256,13
-	15,754	-	7,334,279 5,855,601	68,20
-	(15,754)	-	(6,892,086)	(68,17
	-		6,297,794	256,15 [°] 256,15 [°]
-	277,629	2,920,000	6,297,794	
31,702,717	2,891,309	28,435,017	19,961,911	472,242
151,362	314,042	31,149	886,097	15,62
-	-	-	41,995	
1,136 3,650,000	10,259	16,800 5,890,000	55,248	
-	-	-	1,012,925	
3,802,498	324,301	5,937,949	1,996,265	15,62
3,408	30,776	50,401	165,743	
926,071	-	13,019,733	-	
-	-	-	2,117,364	
<u>28,228</u> 957,707	38,025	65,829	<u>113,162</u> 2,396,269	
4,760,205	393,102	19,073,912	4,392,534	15,62
			na an a	
· _	-	· · · -	3,167,505	256,15
26,942,512	2,498,207	9,361,105	12,401,872	200,46
26,942,512	2,498,207	9,361,105	15,569,377	456,62
				Continue

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Internal Service Funds Combining Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2010

	-	Engineering and Administrative Services	Quality Service Training	Total
Assets:				
Current assets:				
Cash and investments	\$	1,682,589	299,736 \$	81,512,079
Receivables:		2.046	(02	104.454
Interest		3,846	692	184,454
Accounts		62,967	-	62,967
Due from other funds		-	-	1,043,314
Inventory of supplies	-	1 740 402		1,122,590
Total current assets	-	1,749,402	300,428	83,925,404
Noncurrent assets:				
Restricted cash and investments		-	-	277,629
Advances to other funds		-	-	3,140,000
Capital assets:				
Improvements other than buildings		-	- -	859,017
Equipment		237,470	- '	33,295,920
Construction work in progress		-		5,855,601
Less accumulated depreciation		(124,879)	-	(28,129,649)
Total capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)		112,591	-	11,880,889
Total noncurrent assets	-	112,591		15,298,518
Total assets	-	1,861,993	300,428	99,223,922
Liabilities:				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable		40,708	-	1,946,193
Interest payable		-	-	41,995
Compensated absences payable (current portion)		219,061	-	429,025
Claims payable (current portion)		-	-	9,540,000
Capital lease payable (current portion)		<u></u>	la 2	1,012,925
Total current liabilities		259,769	- 	12,970,138
Noncurrent liabilities:				
Compensated absences payable		657,182	-	1,287,071
Claims payable		-	-	13,945,804
Capital lease payable		-	-	2,117,364
Postemployment benefits obligation		600,840		1,122,020
Total noncurrent liabilities		1,258,022	-	18,472,259
Total liabilities		1,517,791	· _	31,442,397
Net assets:			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Invested in agnital assets not of related debt		112,591	_	8,750,600
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Unrestricted		231,611	300,428	59,030,925
Total net assets	\$	344,202	300,428 \$	67,781,525

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CITY OF SANTA ANA, CALIFORNIA Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

Internal Service Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets Year ended June 30, 2010 Page 1 of 3

	Central Services		Building Maintenance	Equipment Maintenance and Replacement
Operating revenues: Charges for services Miscellaneous	\$	857,980 266	3,889,683	10,133,451
Total operating revenues		858,246	3,889,683	10,168,399
Operating expenses: Cost of goods sold Personal services Contractual services Materials and supplies Other services and charges Administration Insurance Provision for self-insured losses Depreciation Total operating expenses Operating income (loss)		242,539 193,478 302,925 127,793 - - - 11,820 878,555 (20,309)	1,410,254 1,517,412 173,319 156,309 - - - 75,361 3,332,655 557,028	1,825,907 2,991,369 688,751 3,078,010 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -
Nonoperating revenues (expenses): Investment earnings Interest expense		7,118	-	36,720
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		7,118		36,720
Income (loss) before transfers		(13,191)	557,028	(33,854)
Transfers in Transfers out	· Extension	-	250,000 (196,118)	(2,241,460)
Change in net assets		(13,191)	610,910	(2,275,314)
Net assets - beginning		850,830	499,460	12,636,378
Net assets - ending	\$	837,639	1,110,370	10,361,064

Page	2	of 3	
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Liability and Property Insurance	Employee Group Insurance	Workers Compensation	Communications Services	City Yard Operations
8,891,995 76,538	19,701,138 2,426,512	9,340,352 272,447	4,578,984 37,421	956,905
8,968,533	22,127,650	9,612,799	4,616,405	956,905
6,908,555_	22,127,030	9,012,799	4,010,405	
-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	1,864,031 5,069,212	50,881 247,813
-	-	-	410,535	15,616
- -	-	-	315,644	637,687
2,583,504	894,116	2,082,950	-	-
3,075,526	18,920,913	415,232	-	· -
-	2,518,742	4,612,116	· -	-
	-	-	285,275	18,257
5,659,030	22,333,771	7,110,298	7,944,697	970,254
3,309,503	(206,121)	2,502,501	(3,328,292)	(13,349)
243,060	17,681	200,058	91,959	1,676
-			(114,546)	
243,060	17,681	200,058	(22,587)	1,676
3,552,563	(188,440)	2,702,559	(3,350,879)	(11,673)
5,552,565	(100,110)	2,702,009	(0,000,017)	(1,0,0)
-	-	-	2,662,230	- , _
3,552,563	(188,440)	2,702,559	(688,649)	(11,673)
23,389,949	2,686,647	6,658,546	16,258,026	468,294
26,942,512	2,498,207	9,361,105	15,569,377	456,621

Continued

Internal Service Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets Year ended June 30, 2010

Engineering Quality and Administrative Service Training Total Services Operating revenues: \$ 9,220 \$ 70,557,350 Charges for services 12,197,642 Miscellaneous 278,078 3,126,210 Total operating revenues 12,475,720 9,220 73,683,560 Operating expenses: Cost of goods sold 1,825,907 9,477,401 16,036,475 Personal services -645,192 8,361,858 Contractual services 106,520 4,086,925 Materials and supplies 2,945,542 Other services and charges 1,708,109 Administration 5,560,570 22,411,671 Insurance -Provision for self-insured losses 7,130,858 Depreciation 26,912 2,072,561 70,432,367 Total operating expenses 11,964,134 -511,586 9,220 3,251,193 Operating income (loss) Nonoperating revenues (expenses): Investment earnings 11,696 2,435 612,403 Interest expense -(114,546) Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) 11,696 2,435 497,857 Income (loss) before transfers 523,282 11,655 3,749,050 Transfers in 10,000 2,922,230 Transfers out (304,068) (2,741,646)229,214 11,655 3,929,634 Change in net assets Net assets (deficit) - beginning, as restated 288,773 63,851,891 114,988 300,428_\$__ Net assets (deficit) - ending \$ 344,202 67,781,525

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CITY OF SANTA ANA, CALIFORNIA Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

Internal Service Funds Combining Statement of Cash Flows Year ended June 30, 2010

		Central Services	Building Maintenance	Equipment Maintenance and Replacement
Cash flows from operating activities: Receipts from interfund services provided Receipts from other operating sources	\$	857,980 267 (474-292)	3,889,683	10,133,451 34,948
Payments to suppliers for goods and services Payments for interfund services used Payments to employees		(474,282) (127,793) (231,728)	(1,699,280) (156,309) (1,368,678)	$\begin{array}{r}(4,867,690)\\(688,751)\\(2,874,659)\end{array}$
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities		24,444	665,416	1,737,299
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities: Transfers in Transfers out		-	250,000 (196,118)	(2,241,460)
Net cash provided by (used for) noncapital financing activities			53,882	(2,241,460)
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: Retirement of long-term debt Acquisition of capital assets Interest paid		9,947	- - -	(194,624)
Net cash used for capital and related financing activities		9,947		(194,624)
Cash flows from investing activities: Interest received Net increase (decrease) in the fair value of investment		7,669	73	51,061
Net cash provided by investing activities		7,669	73	51,061
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		42,060	719,371	(647,724)
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning		776,440	683,568	5,453,819
Cash and cash equivalents - ending (Includes restricted cash and investments)	\$	818,500	1,402,939	4,806,095
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:				
Operating income (loss)	\$	(20,309)	557,028	(70,574)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities: Depreciation expense Change in assets and liabilities:		11,820	75,361	1,654,936
Decrease (increase) in accounts receivable Decrease (increase) in inventory of supplies Increase (decrease) in accounts payable Increase (decrease) in compensated absences payable		1,732 20,390 7,931	(8,548) 36,810	(74,728) 110,955 31,701
Increase (decrease) in claims payable Increase (decrease) in postemployment benefits obliga	tio1	2,880	4,765	85,009
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$	24,444	665,416	1,737,299
Noncash investing, capital, and financing activities: Increase (decrease) in fair value of investments	\$	<u> </u>		<u> </u>

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Liability and Property Insurance	Employee Group Insurance	Workers Compensation	Information and Communications Services	City Yard Operations
8,891,995 76,538 (5,510,121)	19,701,138 2,426,512 (22,023,913)	9,340,352 272,447 (7,093,426)	4,578,984 37,421 (5,643,647) (315,644)	956,905 - (264,491) (637,687)
(153,685)	(11,912)	354,705	(1,759,037)	(50,881)
3,304,727	91,825	2,874,078	(3,101,923)	3,846
(1,043,314)		-	2,662,230	
(1,043,314)	·		2,662,230	
-	- - 	- - -	(983,595) (2,070,357) (114,546)	- - -
	<u> </u>		(3,168,498)	
279,234 (87)	21,937	225,424 1,126	89,153	2,125
279,147	21,937	226,550	89,153	2,125
2,540,560	113,762	3,100,628	(3,519,038)	5,971
28,045,937	2,774,453	22,356,711	17,151,282	209,583
30,586,497	2,888,215	25,457,339	13,632,244	215,554
3,309,503	(206,121)	2,502,501	(3,328,292)	(13,349)
-	-	-	285,275	18,257
-	-	-	-	-
148,909 (50,106)	309,858 (29,275)	16,872 3,293	(163,900) 56,400	(1,062)
(115,721) 12,142	17,363	319,593 31,819	48,594	-
3,304,727	91,825	2,874,078	(3,101,923)	3,846
(87)		1,126		

Internal Service Funds Combining Statement of Cash Flows Year ended June 30, 2010

	-	Engineering and Administrative Services	Quality Service Training	Total
Cash flows from operating activities: Receipts from interfund services provided Receipts from other operating sources Payments to suppliers for goods and services Payments for interfund services used Payments to employees	\$	12,134,676 278,078 (2,463,609) (9,340,229)	9,220 \$	70,494,384 3,126,211 (50,040,459) (1,926,184) (15,436,104)
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	-	608,916	9,220	6,217,848
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities: Transfers in Transfers out	-	10,000 (304,068)	-	2,922,230 (3,784,960)
Net cash provided by (used for) noncapital financing activities	-	(294,068)		(862,730)
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: Retirement of long-term debt Acquisition of capital assets Interest paid	-	(6,252)	- - -	(983,595) (2,261,286) (114,546)
Net cash used for capital and related financing activities	_	(6,252)		(3,359,427)
Cash flows from investing activities: Interest received Net increase (decrease) in the fair value of investment	_	14,642	2,862	694,180 1,039
Net cash provided by investing activities	_	14,642	2,862	695,219
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		323,238	12,082	2,690,910
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning	_	1,359,351	287,654	79,098,798
Cash and cash equivalents - ending (Includes restricted cash and investments)	\$_	1,682,589	299,736 \$	81,789,708
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:				
Operating income (loss)	\$	511,586	9,220 \$	3,251,193
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities: Depreciation expense Change in assets and liabilities: Decrease (increase) in accounts receivable Decrease (increase) in inventory of supplies		26,912 (62,966)	-	2,072,561 (62,966) (72,996)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable Increase (decrease) in compensated absences payable Increase (decrease) in claims payable		(3,788) (143,634)	-	429,686 (86,880) 203,872
Increase (decrease) in claims payable Increase (decrease) in postemployment benefits obliga	tioı	280,806		483,378
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$_	608,916	9,220 \$	6,217,848
Noncash investing, capital, and financing activities: Increase (decrease) in fair value of investments	\$_		\$_	1,039

Page 3 of 3

Agency Funds

Agency Funds are used to account for money and property held by the City as trustee or custodian. Agency Funds include the following:

<u>Payroll</u> - For the disposition of funds charged to departments for the payment of wages and retirement benefits to City employees.

<u>Treasurer's Trust</u> – For deposits made by developer, governmental agencies and others for disposition under the terms of the agreements for which deposits were made.

<u>Retirees Health Insurance Subsidy</u> – For the deposition of funds charged to departments for the payment of retirees health insurance under the terms of the Memorandum of Understanding between the City of Santa Ana and different represented employees unions.

<u>Housing Rehabilitation Loan Program</u> – For the disposition of the assets deposited for and the liabilities of the City's housing rehabilitation loan program.

<u>Transportation Corridor</u> – For the collection of fees until their disbursement to transportation corridor agencies under the terms of joint exercise of powers agreement.

<u>Transportation System Improvement Authority (TSIA) Santa Ana – Tustin</u> – For the receipt and disbursement of funds under the terms of the joint exercise of powers agreement between the City of Santa Ana and the City of Tustin.

<u>School Districts' Trust</u> – For the receipt of State funds for the Santa Ana Unified School District and disbursements thereof, under the terms of the agreement between the City of Santa Ana, the Community Redevelopment Agency of the City of Santa Ana, and the Santa Ana Unified School District. For the receipt of tax increment pass-throughs allocated to Rancho Santiago College and disbursements thereof, under the terms of the agreement between the Community Redevelopment Agency of the City of Santa Ana and Rancho Santiago College.

Agency Funds Combining Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities June 30, 2010

	Payroll	Treasurer's Trust	Retirees Health Insurance Subsidy
Assets			
Cash and investments Receivables:	\$ 9,023,230	3,096,341	2,747,340
Loans and notes	-	-	700,000
Interest	154	818	6,482
Intergovernmental	 	5	
Total assets	\$ 9,023,384	3,097,159	3,453,822
Liabilities			
Accounts payable	_		-
Due to City employees	\$ 5,128,402	-	3,453,822
Due to governmental agencies	 3,894,982	3,097,159	-
Total liabilities	\$ 9,023,384	3,097,159	3,453,822

Housing		TSIA	School		
Rehabilitation	Transportation	Santa Ana-	Districts'		
Loan Program	Corridor	Tustin	Trust	-	Total
-	209,652	12,461,149	6,877,060	\$	34,414,772
250,296	-	-	-		950,296
-	-	28,385	13,323		49,162
-	-		2,576,650		2,576,650
250,296	209,652	12,489,534	9,467,033	_\$	37,990,880
					•
-	-	952	-	\$	952
-	-	-	-		8,582,224
250,296	209,652	12,488,582	9,467,033	-	29,407,704
250,296	209,652	12,489,534	9,467,033	\$	37,990,880

Agency Funds Combining Statement of Changes with Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities Year ended June 30, 2010

Page 1 of 3

					-	-8
		ance 0,2009	Additions	Deduction	ns J	Balance June 30,2010
PAYROLL FUND						
Assets Cash and investments Interest receivable Total assets		-	172,101,036 154 172,101,190		- ·	9,023,230 154 9,023,384
Liabilities Due to City employees Due to governmental agencies Total liabilities	3,87	73,126	148,878,424 23,222,767 172,101,191	23,200,9	11	5,128,402 3,894,982 9,023,384
TREASURER'S TRUST FUND						
Assets Cash and investments Interest receivable Total assets		47,876 \$ <u>1,611</u> 49,487 \$	818	1,6	11	3,096,341 818 3,097,159
Liabilities Due to governmental agencies Total liabilities		49,487 \$ 49,487 \$				3,097,159 3,097,159
RETIREES HEALTH INSURANCE SUBSIDY						
Assets Cash and investments Notes receivable Interest receivable Total assets	70	22,403 \$ 00,000 <u>8,486</u> 30,889 \$	700,000 6,482	\$ 1,014,9 700,0 <u>8,4</u> \$ 1,723,4	00 86	2,747,340 700,000 6,482 3,453,822
Liabilities	••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	-				

Liabilities

Due to city employees	\$ 3,330,889 \$ 1,846,397 \$ 1,723,464 \$	3,453,822
Total liabilities	\$ <u>3,330,889</u> \$ <u>1,846,397</u> \$ <u>1,723,464</u> \$ <u></u>	3,453,822

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Page 2 of 3

				Fage 2 01 5
	Balance June 30,2009	Additions	Deductions	Balance June 30,2010
HOUSING REHABILITATION LOAN PROGRAM				
Assets				
Notes receivables Total assets	$\frac{168,288}{168,288}$	224,604 \$ 224,604 \$	<u>142,596</u> \$ <u>142,596</u> \$	250,296 250,296
Liabilities				0.50.0000
Due to governmental agencies Total liabilities	\$ <u>168,288</u> \$ <u>168,288</u> \$	224,604 \$ 224,604 \$	<u>142,596</u> \$ <u>142,596</u> \$	250,296 250,296
TRANSPORTATION CORRIDOR FUND				
Assets				200 (52
Cash and investments Total assets	\$\$ \$\$	213,043 \$ 213,043 \$	3,391 \$ 3,391 \$	209,652 209,652
Liabilities				
Due to governmental agencies Total liabilities	\$\$ \$\$	213,043 \$ 213,043 \$	3,391 \$ 3,391 \$	209,652 209,652
TRANSPORTATION SYSTEM IMPROVEMENT AUTHORITY SANTA-ANA - TUSTIN				
Assets	• 10.001.750 •	200.212	50.001 (10 461 140
Cash and investments Interest receivable	\$ 12,231,758 \$ 48,018	309,312 \$ 28,384	79,921 \$ 48,017	12,461,149 28,385
Total assets	\$ 12,279,776 \$	337,696 \$	127,938 \$	12,489,534
Liabilities	.			
Accounts payable Due to governmental agencies	\$ 1,403 \$ 12,278,373	952 \$ 337,697	1,403 \$ 127,488	952 12,488,582
Total liabilities	\$ 12,279,776 \$	338,649 \$	128,891 \$	12,489,534

(Continued)

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CITY OF SANTA ANA

Agency Funds Combining Statement of Changes with Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities Year ended June 30, 2010

Page 3 of 3

				1 uge 5 01 1
	Balance			Balance
	July 1, 2009	Additions	Deductions	June 30,2010
SCHOOL DISTRICTS'				
TRUST FUND				
Assets				
Cash and investments	\$ 6,255,182 \$	5,040,846 \$	5 4,418,968 \$	6,877,060
Interest receivable	14,895	13,323	14,895	13,323
Intergovernmental		4,654,494	2,077,844	2,576,650
Total assets	\$ 6,270,077 \$	9,708,663 \$	6,511,707 \$	9,467,033
Liabilities				
Due to governmental agencies	\$ 6,270,077 \$	9,708,663 \$	6,511,707 \$	9,467,033
Total liabilities	\$ 6,270,077 \$	9,708,663 \$		9,467,033
	······································			
TOTAL - ALL AGENCY FUNDS				
Assets				
Cash and investments	\$ 33,663,058 \$	189,217,272 \$	188,465,558 \$	34,414,772
Receivables:				
Loans and notes	868,288	924,604	842,596	950,296
Interest	73,010	49,161	73,009	49,162
Intergovernmental	-	4,654,494	2,077,844	2,576,650
Total assets	\$\$	194,845,531 \$	191,459,007 \$	~37,990,880
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$ 1,403 \$	952 \$	1,403 \$	952
Due to City employees	8,563,602	150,724,821	150,706,199	8,582,224
Due to governmental agencies	26,039,351	44,120,712	40,752,359	29,407,704
Total liabilities		194,846,485 \$		37,990,880
r otar fraominos	ф <u></u> ф			57,770,00

CITY OF SANTA ANA, CALIFORNIA

Statistical Section

2010

Statistical Section

STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the City of Santa Ana's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the government's overall financial health.

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Net Assets by Component Last Nine Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting) (amounts expressed in thousands)

	 		Fiscal Year		
	 2010		2009	-	2008
Governmental Activities:					
Investment in capital assets,					
net of related debt	\$ 723,057	\$	684,618	\$	650,254
Restricted	156,629		182,938		185,518
Unrestricted	15,155		5,165		(6,279)
Total governmental activities net assets	\$ 894,841	\$	872,721	\$	829,493
Business-type activities:					
Investment in capital assets,					
net of related debt	\$ 84,088	\$	83,163	\$	79,764
Restricted	956		7,014		4,111
Unrestricted	34,201		24,745		20,385
Total business-type activities net assets	\$ 119,245	_\$	114,922	\$	104,260
Primary government:					
Investment in capital assets,					
net of related debt	\$ 807,145	\$	767,781	\$	730,018
Restricted	157,585		189,952		189,629
Unrestricted	49,356		29,910		14,106
Total primary government net assets	\$ 1,014,086	- \$	987,643	\$	933,753

Source: City of Santa Ana 2002 - 2010 CAFRS

The City of Santa Ana implemented GASB 34 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2002. Information prior to the implementation of GASB 34 is not available.

SCHEDULE 1

			Fiscal Year			
	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003	2002
\$	700,479 \$	658,414 \$	644,474 \$	646,755 \$	644,080 \$	545,893
	117,988	164,332	144,464	147,433	139,892	100,408
	(24,752)	(122,359)	(136,627)	(170,248)	(168,784)	(82,670)
\$	793,715 \$	700,387 \$	652,311 \$	623,940 \$	615,188 \$	563,631
		· · · ·	· · ·			
\$	69,748 \$	39,031 \$	69,906 \$	69,554 \$	67,517 \$	62,022
	2,846	9,579	9,066	8,948	6,843	12,467
	28,270	15,774	12,877	10,917	9,028	8,199
\$	100,864 \$	64,384 \$	91,849 \$	89,419 \$	83,388 \$	82,688
\$	770,227 \$	727,445 \$	714,380 \$	716,309 \$	711,597 \$	607,915
Ψ	120,834	173,911	153,530	156,381	146,735	112,875
	3,518	(106,585)	(123,750)	(159,331)	(159,756)	(74,471)
\$	894,579 \$	794,771 \$	744,160 \$	713,359 \$	698,576 \$	646,319

Changes in Net Assets Last Nine Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting) (amounts expressed in thousands)

				Fiscal Year				Page 1 of 6
		2010		2009		2008		2007
						/		
Expenses:								
Governmental activities:							· _	
General government (1)	\$	15,227	\$	20,456	\$	6,912	\$	26,370
Cultural recreation and								
community services (2)		25,528		27,937		24,057		28,956
Public safety (3)		183,885		175,036		157,792		151,581
Developmental services (4)		30,338		29,849		44,289		29,698
Community development		68,150		53,598		58,798		56,286
Interest on long -term debt		16,828	_	16,580		16,585		12,420
Total governmental								
activities expenses	\$	339,955	_\$ _	323,456	_\$	308,433	_\$	305,311
Business-type activities:								
Water	\$	45,727	\$	41,910	\$	41,289	\$	39,184
Parking		2,824		2,767		2,973		2,898
Refuse collections		16,716		13,205		13,345		12,978
Transportation center		1,423		1,422		1,282		1,303
Sewer		3,485		3,140		3,313		3,084
Sanitation		8,072		7,781		7,641		7,252
Federal clean water protection		2,210		2,217		2,585		2,798
Total business-type expenses		80,457		72,442	-	72,428	and the second	69,497
Total primary government	and a second	00,107		,				
expenses	\$	420,412	_\$_	395,898	_\$	380,861	= * =	374,808

Continued

1. Includes Human Resources and Finance

2. Includes Museum and Library

3. Includes Police and Fire

4. Includes Planning and Building, and Public Works

Source: City of Santa Ana 2002 - 2010 CAFRS

The City of Santa Ana implemented GASB 34 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2002. Information prior to the implementation of GASB 34 is not available.

STATISTICAL SECTION

SCHEDULE 2

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 		Fis	cal Ye	ear				Page 2 of
 2006		2005		2004	-	2003	at <u>Landston y</u>	2002
16,137	\$	14,146	\$	15,459	\$	14,533	\$	16,30
23,406		21,766		26,325		26,183		29,80
135,530		129,507		130,369		118,392		116,90
16,735		27,439		26,225		28,034		34,81
70,235		67,561		59,321		46,813		54,17
 13,918	-	13,903		15,979		16,090		14,63
275,961	_\$	274,322	\$	273,678	_\$	250,045	_\$. 266,63
34,609	\$	35,671	\$	32,530	\$	30,757	\$	30,51
2,949		2,952		2,663		2,656		12,34
13,316		12,126		11,784		11,611		2,60
1,342		1,256		1,518		1,192		1,29
2,818		2,373		2,157		2,050		69
8,212		7,615		7,518		7,418		7,71
1,944		1,853		1,327		624		
 65,190		63,846		59,497		56,308		55,16
341,151	\$	338,168	\$	333,175	\$	306,353	\$	321,79

Continued

Changes in Net Assets Last Nine Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting) (amounts expressed in thousands)

				Fiscal Year				Page 3 of 6
		2010	<u> </u>	2009		2008		2007
Program revenues:								
Governmental activities:								
Charges for services:								
General government (1)	\$	4,659	\$	5,482	\$	4,076	\$	3,857
Cultural recreation and								
community services (2)		3,231		2,598		1,569		2,649
Public safety (3)		25,370		20,844		17,642		17,959
Developmental services (4)		15,706		13,833		10,591		12,214
Community development		6,321		8,694		418		1,921
Operating grants and		,		,				,
contributions		99,887		72,232		61,202		71,352
Capital grants and		,		,		,		,
contributions		37,218		38,694		37,448		54,166
Total governmental activities			_				-	
program revenues	\$	192,393	\$	162,377	\$	132,946	\$	164,118
1 0		,		,		,		
Business-type activities:								
Charges for services:								
Water	\$	48,782	\$	47,338	\$	42,574	\$	42,233
Parking		4,287		4,274		3,757		4,105
Refuse collections		14,988		8,615		8,111		7,877
Transportation center		1,233		1,026		850		724
Sewer		4,816		4,522		3,610		3,422
Sanitation		7,946		8,091		7,831		7,922
Federal clean water		,		,		,		,
protection		2,474		2,384		2,340		2,389
Operating grants and		2,171		2,001		_,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		_,2 0 5
contributions		_		6,442		6,185		6,082
Capital grants and				0,112		0,100		0,002
contributions		_		-		_		_
Total business-type activities								
Program revenues		84,526		82,692		75,258		74,754
Total primary government		04,520		02,072		15,250	-	74,734
Program revenues	\$	276,919	\$	245,069	\$	208,204	\$	238,872
Tiogramitevenues	Ф <u> —</u>	270,919	=	213,009	= = ===	200,201	= = ==	230,072
Net (expense) revenue								
Governmental activities		(147,562)		(161,079)		(175,487)		(141,193)
Business -type activities		4,068		10,250		2,830		5,257
Total primary government		4,008		10,230		2,850		5,257
net (expense) revenue	\$	(143,494)	s —	(150,829)	- _¢	(172,657)	- _{\$}	(135,936)
net (expense) revenue	ф <u> </u>	(145,494)	φ	(150,829)	- ^φ	(172,057)	- ^φ	(155,950)

SCHEDULE 2

		Fiscal Year						
	2006	2005	-	2004	2003	2002		
5	4,673	6	6,028 \$	5,221	\$ 5,618	\$ 5,810		
	5,515		3,847	2,382	2,104	1,364		
	19,486		1,468	21,385	17,679	15,15		
	11,299		7,586	7,828	6,821	7,36		
	3,867		5,035	893	64	. 2		
	62,431	6	7,327	57,317	67,656	68,02		
	27,749	1	2,990	21,333	16,460	17,210		
5	135,020	\$ 12	24,281 \$	116,359	\$ 116,402	2 \$ 114,92:		
5	38,401	\$3	5,991 \$	35,040				
	3,639		3,115	3,439	2,774			
	7,647		7,389	7,252	7,000			
	905		720	1,252	1,479			
	2,684		2,318	2,344	2,214			
	7,948		7,926	7,746	7,777	7,80		
	2,725		2,041	1,941	702	2 .		
	6,225		5,721	5,525	5,121	4,36		
Manpoonteerad			-	714	579	36		
	70,174		5,221	65,253	58,827	55,86		
\$	205,194	\$	<u>89,502</u> \$	181,612	\$ 175,229	<u> </u>		
	(140,941)	(15	50,041)	(157,319)	(133,643	3) (151,70		
	4,984	× ×	1,375	5,756	2,519			
\$	(135,957)	\$ (14	48,666) \$	(151,563)	\$ (131,124	4) \$ (151,01		

Continued

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Changes in Net Assets Last Nine Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting) (amounts expressed in thousands)

	and some of the second s		Fiscal Year		Page 5 of 6
		2010	2009	2008	2007
General revenues and other					
changes in net assets					
Government activates:					
General government (1)	\$	(7,033) \$	(10,791) \$	(1,801) \$	(20,737)
Cultural recreation and					
community services (2)		(12,613)	(19,708)	(15,476)	(21,398)
Public safety (3)		(137,118)	(137,103)	(133,106)	(116,787)
Developmental services (4)		27,200	22,104	3,717	36,457
Community development		(1, 170)	999	(12,236)	(6,309)
Interest on long -term debt		(16,828)	(16,580)	(16,585)	(12,420)
General revenues:		()	(,)	(***,****)	(,)
Property taxes		79,422	106,966	103,339	94,312
Sales Taxes		34,496	39,699	46,421	46,770
Hotels visitors' Taxes		5,650	6,149	7,714	7,442
Utility users taxes		26,097	27,693	28,112	28,327
Business taxes		9,944	10,027	10,444	10,019
Franchise taxes		7,777	5,866	5,618	5,293
Other taxes		1,090	1,500	1,837	3,242
Intergovernmental, unrestricted		1,255	1,202	1,672	2,174
Investment income		2,862	4,613	5,219	7,505
Other revenues		1,089	543	389	825
Transfers		1,007	50	128	025
Gain (loss) on disposal of assets		_	50	372	_
Total Governmental activities		22,120	43,229	35,778	64,715
Duciness true activities					
Business-type activities:		2 0 5 5	5 400	1.005	2 0 5 0
Water		3,055	5,428	1,285	3,050
Parking		1,463	1,506	785	1,206
Refuse collections		(1,728)	1,852	950	981
Transportation center		(191)	(395)	(433)	(579)
Sewer		1,332	1,382	297	338
Sanitation		(126)	309	190	670
Federal clean water		0(2	1.67	(245)	(100)
protection		263	167	(245)	(409)
General revenues:				0.50	
Investment income		255	463	850	1,223
Transfers		-	(50)	(128)	-
Gain (loss) on disposal of assets	betroen en en	The second secon		(155)	
Total business -type activities		4,323	10,662	3,396	6,480
Total primary government		26,443	53,891	39,174	71,195
Changes in net assets					
Government activates					
Business-type activities		22,120	43,229	35,778	64,715
Total primary government		4,323	10,662	3,396	6,480
	\$	26,443 \$	53,891 \$	39,174 \$	71,195

.

STATISTICAL SECTION

SCHEDULE 2

	Fiscal Ye	ear		Page 6 of 6	
2006	2005	2004	2003	2002	
(11,086) \$	(11,086) \$	(9,627) \$	(8,423) \$. (8,688	
(11,366)	(11,366)	(18,111)	(17,165)	(19,085	
(103,069)	(103,069)	(105,523)	(93,764)	(96,304	
19,210	19,210	8,671	2,484	(7,848	
(20,713)	(20,713)	(16,749)	(684)	(5,144	
(139,189)	(13,918)	(15,979)	(16,091)	(14,634	
82,624	74,874	56,340	53,088	50,389	
45,094	43,973	41,865	40,383	39,059	
7,187	5,470	4,656	3,993	3,899	
27,565	26,666	25,874	24,958	24,335	
9,829	8,180	7,792	7,637	7,576	
7,107	5,673	5,422	5,141	5,403	
5,188	2,174	3,352	5,851	20,982	
2,904	7,726	15,905	-	;	
7,468	7,085	4,572	5,915	5,239	
310	323	285	20,332	533	
200	(581)	7	(4,576)	-	
 (70,737)	40,621	8,752		- 5,712	
 an daa da aha da ah	2012-21-2014-2014-2014-2014-2014-2014-20				
792	321	2,511	1,003	385	
690	787	1,147	119	43	
556	359	622	510	(1,023	
(437)	(536)	(266)	287	438	
(134)	(54)	902	164	736	
(264)	311	227	358	115	
781	188	614	78	· -	
803	473	281	441	755	
(200)	581	(7)	4,576	-	
 2,587	2,430	6,031	7,536	1,449	
 (68,150)	43,051	14,783	36,615	7,161	
				μ ₆	
54,534	40,621	8,752	29,079	5,712	
 2,587	2,430	6,031	7,536	1,449	
57,121 \$	43,051 \$	14,783 \$	36,615 \$	7,161	

Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Nine Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting) (amounts expressed in thousands)

	Fiscal Year							
		2010*		2009		2008		2007
General Fund								
Reserved	\$	-	\$	5,243	\$	3,945	\$	4,361
Committed to Other Purposes		5,509		-		-		-
Unreserved		-		11,093		32,183		36,438
Unassigned		2,962		-		-		-
Total General Fund	\$	8,471	\$	16,336	\$	36,128	\$	40,799
All Other Governmental Funds								
Reserved:	\$	-	\$	142,939	\$	113,693	\$	85,460
Nonexpendable		12,354		-		-		-
Restricted		247,124		-		-		-
Assigned to Continuing Projects		3,831		-		-		-
Unassigned, Reported in:								
Special Revenue		(86)		63,681		77,705		16,893
Capital Projects		(925)		10,721		11,875		28,538
Debt Service		(68,330)		-		-		-
Total all other governmental funds	\$	193,968	\$	217,341	\$	203,273	\$	130,891

Source: City of Santa Ana 2002 - 2010 CAFRS

The City of Santa Ana implemented GASB 34 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2002. Information prior to FY 2002 is not available.

*The City of Santa Ana implemented GASB 54 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010.

STATISTICAL SECTION

SCHEDULE 3

					Fiscal Year	1000 Million (1000 A		
Notification of	2006	-	2005		2004		2003	 2002
\$	9,459	\$	5,577	\$	7,659	\$	10,645	\$. 12,714
	42,890		32,679	_	12,422		11,961	13,925
\$	52,349	\$	38,256	\$	20,081	\$	22,606	\$ 26,639
\$	80,941	\$	93,205	\$	101,638	\$	94,624	\$ 64,167
	10,061		5,918		10,030		7,604	8,738
	23,085		15,305		9,931		5,630	14,788
	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-
\$	114,087	\$	114,428	\$	121,599	\$	107,858	\$ 87,693

Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting) (amounts expressed in thousands)

			Fiscal Ye	ar	
		2010	2009	2008	2007
Revenues: Taxes License and permits Intergovernmental Charges for services Fines and forfeits Investment income Miscellaneous	\$	193,055 \$ 2,845 128,240 10,147 6,435 2,072 44,368	205,817 \$ 3,485 109,186 9,161 7,332 11,504 39,359	210,242 \$ 3,321 89,337 13,643 7,645 13,568 35,050	201,155 3,488 128,046 10,878 5,891 27,458 13,242
Total revenues		387,162	385,844	372,806	390,158
Expenditures: General government (1) Cultural recreation and community services (2) Public safety (3)	-	11,745 23,629 177,346	20,300 26,883 173,793	16,497 28,176 160,806	19,152 28,264 156,930
Developmental services (4) Community development Capital outlay Debt service:		19,716 67,454 56,481 12,485	22,022 53,439 46,819 12,791	23,134 55,330 41,769 11,154	20,032 40,225 77,665 11,614
Principal Interest Other charges Total expenditures		20,769 28,594 418,220	20,992 11,738 388,777	20,430 11,503 368,799	19,384 8,993 382,259
Excess of revenues Over (under) expenditures		(31,058)	(2,933)	4,007	7,899
Other Financing Sources (uses) Gain on sale of land held for resale Transfers in Transfers out Bond premium		68,438 (68,619)	65,647 (69,137)	350 57,400 (61,025)	39,411 (42,582)
Bond discount and fiscal charges Capital lease agreement Issuance and other costs Loan proceeds OCIP investment loss		2 - - - -	700	- - - - -	526
Payment to refund bond escrow agent Proceeds from issuance of bonds Proceeds from lease revenue bonds			- -	68,010	- - -
Proceeds from refunding bonds Proceeds from state (CHFA) loan Total other financing sources (uses)		(181)	(2,790)	(1,032)	(2,645)
Net change in fund balance	\$	(31,239) \$	(5,723) \$	67,710_ [°] \$	5,254
Debt service as a percent of noncapital expenditures		9.2%	9.9%	9.7%	10.2%

Source: City of Santa Ana 1998 - 2010 CAFRS

1. Includes Human Resources and Finance

2. Includes Museum and Library

3. Includes Police and Fire

4. Includes Planning and Building, and Public Works

.

SCHEDULE 4

			Fiscal Ye	ar	· · ·	
	2006	2005	2004	2003	2002	2001
\$	190,891 \$	173,009 \$	149,350 \$	141,502 \$	134,391 \$	133,322
•	4,172	3,822	3,853	3,144	2,455	3,667
	87,718	85,023	94,229	98,861	95,628	83,802
	16,280	13,570	11,960	10,913	10,340	10,969
	5,911	5,005	3,943	3,615	3,814	3,928
	29,696	26,203	23,002	21,397	23,264	27,297
	15,487	9,111	8,798	10,593	7,349	8,341
	350,155	315,743	295,135	290,025	277,241	271,326
	15,022	13,107	11,796	13,024	14,092	12,839
	24,636	22,917	21,370	23,525	26,715	20,953
	141,660	134,747	120,150	113,407	110,000	105,328
	17,769	15,493	17,363	19,631	21,421	18,168
	40,968	43,220	39,551	44,265	40,958	32,164
	48,385	40,708	40,801	49,110	40,857	35,961
	11,350	9,641	7,429	8,376	6,871	8,190
	20,142	21,518	21,596	24,573	21,699	21,958
	9,465	6,397	4,787	3,450	2,186	-
	329,397	307,748	284,843	299,361	284,799	255,561
	20,758	7,995	10,292	(9,336)	(7,558)	15,765
		-	_	_	_	-
	67,313	67,470	58,988	84,723	59,067	50,260
	(69,597)	(64,461)	(59,094)	(87,219)	(63,069)	(53,633)
	-	-	2,383	-	-	-
	-	-		(274)	-	-
	- · ·	-	-	5,687	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	(40,525)	-	-	-
	-	-	(40,535)	(36,456)	-	-
	-	-	-	20,945	-	
	-	-	38,845	37,199	-	· _
	_	_	335	865	1,143	258
	(2,284)	3,009	922	25,470	(2,859)	(3,115)
\$	18,474 \$	11,004 \$	11,214 \$	16,134 \$	(10,417) \$. 12,650
	11.2%	11.7%	11.9%	13.2%	11.7%	13.7%

CITY OF SANTA ANA

Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property Last Seven Fiscal Years (in thousands of dollars)

	City								
Fiscal Year Ended June 30	 Secured		Unsecured		Less: Exemptions ¹		Taxable Assessed Value		
2010	\$ 18,811,560	\$	1,700,267	\$	(174,101)	\$	20,337,726		
2009	20,220,321		1,711,122		(175,015)		21,756,428		
2008	19,553,630		1,630,486		(177,491)		21,006,62		
2007	17,927,887		1,631,584		(180,619)		19,378,852		
2006	16,039,774		1,415,202		(186,041)		17,268,93		
2005	14,530,607		1,449,024		(187,232)		15,792,39		
2004	13,388,870		1,467,731		(187,564)		14,669,03		

1. Includes tax-exempt property

Basic levy (Prop. 13) for county, city, schools, and districts (apportioned by County Auditor). Proposition 13 in effect eliminated the property rates for cities, exclusive of voted authorizations for which a rate may be established for debt service on debt authorized by the voters prior to July 1, 1978.

Source: County of Orange Auditor-Controller's Office

The City of Santa Ana implemented GASB 44 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006. Information prior to FY 2004 is not available.

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SCHEDULE 5

Redevelopment Agency									
	Secured	<u>.</u>	Unsecured		Less: Exemptions ¹		Taxable Assessed Value		
\$	5,861,379	\$	1,147,376	\$	(5,924)	\$	7,002,831		
÷	5,802,723		1,135,087		(5,827)		6,931,983		
	5,204,255		1,077,781		(5,980)		6,276,056		
	3,915,380		1,002,201		(4,456)		4,913,125		
	3,957,501		909,681		(3,242)		4,863,940		
	3,705,383		910,600		(3,132)		4,612,851		
	3,527,810		956,067		(2,917)		4,480,960		

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CITY OF SANTA ANA

Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates (Rate per \$100 of assessed value) Last Seven Fiscal Years (Code Area 11-003)

	2010	2009	2008	
City direct rates:				
City basic rate	(2)	(2)	(2)	
Redevelopment agency				
Total City direct rate	-	-	-	
Overlapping Rates:				
Santa Ana Unified School				
District bonds	0.07167	0.03212	0.03585	
Rancho Santiago Community			•	
College District bonds	0.03141	0.02253	0.02373	
Metropolitan Water District	0.00370	0.00430	0.00450	
County of Orange	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000	
Total direct rate	1.10678	1.05895	1.06408	

Taxes on the secured rolls are payable in two installments on November 1 and March 1 of each fiscal year and become delinquent on December 10, and April 10, respectively. Taxes on unsecured property are assessed and payable on March 1 and become delinquent the following August 31 in the next fiscal year. The penalty for delinquent payment is 10% of the property tax due plus 1-1/2% interest per month until paid.

All property taxes are collected by the County of Orange Tax Collector and are apportioned to participating agencies in accordance with a prearranged schedule of apportionment dates and amounts either as a percentage of the levy or in amounts actually collected. Interest is paid on undistributed taxes in subsequent apportionments. The Tax Collector charges the agencies 1/4 of 1 percent of the amounts collected for his services.

A state constitutional amendment - Proposition 13 - effective July 1, 1978 altered the method of property tax assessment. This amendment essentially reduces the total property tax levy to 1 percent of full cash value on 4 percent of assessed value on the 1975-76 assessments adjusted upward for the lesser of the increase in the CPI or per capita income indices or 2% compounded for each succeeding year except that property changing ownership subsequent to 1975-76 and improvements are reassessed at the time of the exchange or improvement and adjusted each year thereafter at the appropriate rate.

The City of Santa Ana had 120 tax code areas during the year ended June 30, 2001. The tax rate in the these areas were 1.00000% and 1.00770% of assessed valuation. Tax Rate Area 11-003 is the largest representing about 25% of the total assessed valuation.

Rates are stated as a percentage of assessed valuation. Beginning in 1981-82 assessed valuation is stated at 100% of full cash property value. Prior to that fiscal year, assessed valuation was stated 25% of full cash property value.

- 1. Includes County Improvement Bonds
- 2. Basic levy (Prop. 13) for county, city, schools, and districts (apportioned by County Auditor). Proposition 13 in effect eliminated the property rates for cities, exclusive of voted authorizations for which a rate may be established for debt service on debt authorized by the voters prior to July 1, 1978.

Source: County of Orange Auditor-Controller's Office

The City of Santa Ana implemented GASB 44 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006. Information prior to FY 2004 is not available.

SCHEDULE 6

2007	2006	2005	2004		
(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)		
		_	-		
0.03915	0.04353	0.04961	0.03871		
0.01911 0.00470 1.00000	0.01691 0.00520 1.00000	0.02726 0.00580 1.00000	0.01776 0.00610 1.00000		
1.06296	1.06564	1.08267	1.06257		

Fiscal				Collected v	within the			
Year	Taxes Levied Fiscal Y		Fiscal Year	of the Levy	Collections	Total Collect	ions to Date	
Ended		for the			Percentage	in Subsequent		Percentage
June 30		Fiscal Year		Amount	of Levy	Years	Amount	of Levy
2010	- \$	28,550,867	\$	27,376,262	95.9% \$	1,116,499 \$	28,492,761	99.8%
2009		29,692,293		29,424,955	99.1%	1,182,516	30,607,471	103.1%
2008		32,177,388		31,545,969	98.0%	1,215,444	32,761,412	101.8%
2007		29,479,693		28,402,671	96.3%	1,824,367	30,227,038	102.5%
2006		28,514,594		24,929,393	87.4%	971,194	25,900,587	90.8%
2005		23,876,714		21,658,397	90.7%	524,437	22,182,834	92.9%
2004		22,192,001		21,061,515	94.9%	601,509	21,663,024	97.6%
2003		20,950,375		19,827,124	94.6%	577,022	20,404,146	97.4%
2002		20,070,931		19,149,489	95.4%	517,802	19,667,291	98.0%
2001		19,018,727		18,368,954	96.6%	501,106	18,870,060	99.2%

Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

Source: County of Orange Auditor-Controller's Office

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Taxable Sales by Category Last Six Fiscal Years (in thousands of dollars)

				Fiscal	Year		ana da ang ang ang ang ang ang ang ang ang an
Category		2010	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005
General Retail	\$	32,467	35,097	39,163	40,425	40,966	39,059
Business to Business		28,838	35,293	37,484	40,034	38,206	38,719
Transportation		28,414	32,835	36,254	36,901	35,862	34,188
Food Products		20,283	21,654	22,867	22,402	21,875	20,967
Construction		14,305	17,661	20,820	21,621	20,147	18,342
Miscellaneous ¹		1,548	1,997	1,735	1,703	1,655	1,059
Total	\$_	125,855	144,536	158,323	163,086	158,711	152,334

1. Miscellaneous category includes health & government

The County of Orange has a 8.75% tax rate, The City of Santa Ana does not have a direct tax rate

Source: MBIA Muniservices

The City of Santa Ana implemented GASB 44 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006. Information prior to 2005 is not available.

Principal Property	Tax Remitters
Fiscal Year 2010	

Principal Property Tax Remitters		Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total City Taxable Assessed Value
Mainplace Shoppingtown	\$	222,566,711	1	1.09%
NDC Skyline Assoc		132,151,436	2	0.64%
GLL US Office LP		129,225,656	3	0.63%
First American Title		113,796,409	4	0.56%
Greenville Ranch LLC		108,840,135	5	0.53%
Freedom Newspapers Inc		98,197,637	6	0.48%
Mountain Ventures		84,660,000	7	0.41%
1851 E First Street		82,243,620	8	0.40%
Maguire Properties Griffi		80,000,000	9	0.39%
Fund IX VT Santa Ana	-	76,137,735	10	0.37%
Total	\$_	1,127,819,339		5.50%

Presented in order of highest to lowest estimated property tax revenue paid to the City and Redevelopment Agency

Source: MBIA Muniservices

The City of Santa Ana implemented GASB 44 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006. Information prior to the implementation of GASB 44 is not available.



CITY OF SANTA ANA, CALIFORNIA Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

Water Sold by Type of Customer Last Eight Fiscal Years (in thousands of gallons)

		·	
	2010	2009	2008
Type of Customer			
Residential	8,084,666.0	9,775,959.9	9,116,657.7
Commercial	2,158,521.6	2,772,523.9	2,751,669.8
Industrial	710,905.9	996,097.7	965,694.2
Wholesale food	106,531.7	115,519.1	110,642.7
Government	316,262.6	218,620.8	116,565.3
Others ¹	 515,525.3	655,178.0	548,450.8
Total	11,892,413.1	14,533,899.4	13,609,680.5
Total direct rate			
per 44 units ²	\$ 2.673 \$	2.284 \$	2.085

1. Others include: churches, construction use medical, schools, reclaim water

2. A unit is 748 gallons

Source: City of Santa Ana Finance Department, Water Division

The City of Santa Ana implemented GASB 44 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006. Information prior to FY 2003 is not available.

2007	2006	2005	2004	2003
2007				2005
9,696,685.3	9,221,423.3	9,477,817.4	9,825,891.1	9,944,399.
2,955,599.3	2,895,335.2	2,767,566.3	2,756,922.3	2,586,620.
1,089,224.9	971,067.8	994,549.0	1,089,612.3	1,248,816.
117,391.9	124,716.3	129,422.0	135,905.6	146,190.
122,765.5	102,283.7	319,429.7	344,377.7	328,247.
572,328.5	481,370.2	504,001.7	532,953.0	530,480
14,553,995.4	13,796,196.5	14,192,786.1	14,685,662.0	14,784,754
1.871 \$	1.760 \$	1.608 \$	1.452 \$	1.28

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Fiscal Year Ended June 30	 Monthly base Rate ¹	Rate per 44 Units ²		
2010	\$ 7.00	2.67		
2009	7.00	2.28		
2008	7.00	2.09		
2007	7.00	1.87		
2006	7.00	1.76		
2005	7.00	1.61		
2004	7.00	1.45		
2003	7.00	1.28		

Water Rates Last Eight Fiscal Years

1. Monthly rates are based on 5/8" meter, which is the standard household meter size.

2. A unit is 748 gallons

Source: City of Santa Ana Finance Department, Water Division

The City of Santa Ana implemented GASB 44 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006. Information prior to FY 2003 is not available.

Principal Water Customers Fiscal Year 2010

		2010					
Water Customer	Taxable Water Charges		Percentage of Total Water Revenues				
Adohr Farms Inc	\$	256,656	0.59%				
Chroma Systems	4	247,195	0.57%				
Power Circuits Inc.		229,352	0.53%				
Fairview Villas		203,216	0.47%				
MacArthur Village		145,184	0.33%				
Warwick Square Assoc. Inc.		139,952	0.32%				
Far West Management Corp		125,317	0.29%				
Town Square Owners		112,243	0.26%				
Western Medical Center		109,333	0.25%				
On The Lk Versailles		103,228	0.24%				
Total	\$	1,671,676	3.85%				

Source: City of Santa Ana Finance Department, Water Division

The City of Santa Ana implemented GASB 44 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006. Information prior to the implementation of GASB 44 is not available.

Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type¹ Last Seven Fiscal Years

	 		Other Governme	ental A	Activities Debt		<u></u>
Fiscal Year	 Tax Allocation Bonds		Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds	Refunding		_	Certificates of Participation
2010 2009	\$ 18,010,000 18,520,000	\$	22,770,000 24,500,000	\$	4,342,004 5,705,163	\$	77,515,00 77,845,00
2008	19,020,000		26,160,000		8,516,932		78,160,00
2007	19,510,000		27,689,080		4,087,758		10,455,00
2006	19,990,000		29,243,169		4,511,149		10,745,00
2005 2004	20,470,000 20,945,000		30,757,258 32,236,347		5,684,440 7,107,587		11,020,00 11,285,00
	 		Business-1	ype A	ctivities		
	Revenue		Certificates				
Fiscal	Bonds		of Deutisingtion		Refunding COP		Notes
Year	 Payable	-	Participation		COP		Payable
2010	\$ 16,250,000	\$	-	\$	7,755,000	\$	1,308,43
2009	17,060,000		-		8,680,000		1,458,55
2008	17,850,000		-		9,485,000		1,603,55
2007	18,015,209		2,360,000		9,914,595		1,743,61
2006	18,731,609		3,428,883		11,294,550		1,878,89
2005	19,438,010		4,432,394		12,589,505		2,009,50
2004	19,404,410		5,385,904		13,814,460		2,135,77

Notes:

Source: City of Santa Ana 2004 - 2010 CAFRS

1. Details regarding the city's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements

2. Population and personal income data can be found in Schedule 17 of the Statistical Section;

Ratios are calculated using prior calendar year.

The City of Santa Ana implemented GASB 44 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006. Information prior to FY 2004 is not available.

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SCHEDULE 13

	Other	Governmental Activities De	ebt	
Lease		Refunding		Long
Revenue		Revenue		Term
Bonds	participation of the second second	Bonds		Loans
\$ 84,930,000	\$	64,930,000	\$	8,006,082
88,960,000		69,750,000		8,328,862
92,830,000		74,335,000		7,050,475
96,543,001		78,695,000		7,054,737
100,967,003		82,850,000		8,878,375
105,301,003		86,830,000		10,586,752
108,220,004		90,605,000		12,189,685
Total		Percentage		Debt
Primary		of Personal		Per
Government		Income ²		Capital ²
\$ 305,814,570	\$	0.06%	\$	7,142
320,807,582		0.06%		7,475
335,010,966		0.06%		8,000
276,067,997		0.05%		7,077
292,518,637		0.06%		7,924
309,118,929		0.07%		8,786
323,329,176		0.08%		9,757

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Legal Debt Margin Information Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Fiscal Year								
		2010		2009	-	2008		2007		
Debt limit	\$	512,795,676	\$	548,286,091	\$	529,602,908	\$	488,986,777		
Total net debt applicable to limit		-		-		-		-		
Legal debt margin	\$	512,795,676	\$	548,286,091		529,602,908	_\$	488,986,777		
Legal Debt Margin Calculation for	r Fiscal	Year 2010:								
Assessed value							\$	20,511,827,053		
Debt Limit (2.5 percent of assesse	d value)	1						512,795,676		
Debt applicable to limit: General obligation bonds Legal debt margin							\$	None 512,795,676		

Legal debt margin

Source: County of Orange Auditor-Controller's Office

1. This equates to be the 10% authorized by the Santa Ana Charter prior to the Assessor's change in assessed value basis from 25% to 100% of full cash value in fiscal year 1982.

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SCHEDULE 14

	· · · ·			Fiscal Year		
Banandromen	2006	2005	2004	2003	2002	2001
\$	436,374,410 \$	333,262,607 \$	280,586,375 \$	266,029,957 \$	252,587,891 \$	236,397,923
	-	-	-	-	-	- -
\$	436,374,410 \$	333,262,607 \$	280,586,375 \$	266,029,957 \$	252,587,891 \$	236,397,923

Direct and Overlapping Debt Fiscal Year 2010

		City	of San	ta Ana				
2009-10 Assessed Valuation Redevelopment Incremental Valuation:	\$ \$	20,511,827,053 5,720,661,187 14,791,165,866	7					
	Φ	14,791,105,800)	Total Debt			City's Share of	
Overlapping Tax and Assessment Debt:				06/30/10	% Applicable	(1)	Debt 06/30/10	
Metropolitan Water District			\$	264,220,000	0.814	\$	2,150,751	
Coast Community College District				334,718,867	0.275		920,477	
Rancho Santiago Community College Distr	ict			313,655,747	26.865		84,263,616	
Santa Ana Unified School District				272,698,366	51.811		141,287,750	
Tustin Unified School District Facilities Im	prov	ement						
District No 2002-1				62,705,295	12.634		7,922,187	
Tustin Unified School District Facilities Im	prov	ement						
District No 2008-1				25,000,000	12.536	ф.,	3,134,000	
Total Overlapping Tax and Assessment I	Debt:					\$	239,678,781	
Direct and Overlapping General Fund Debt:								
Orange County General Fund Obligations			\$	391,027,000	3.950%	\$	15,445,567	
Orange County Pension Fund Obligations				59,333,382	3.950		2,343,669	
Orange County Board of Education Certific				19,230,000	3.950		759,585	
Community College District Certificates of		•		18,845,000	0.835		157,356	
Orange Unified School District Benefit Obl				92,665,000	2.594		2,403,730	
Orange Unified School District Certificates				49,995,000	2.594		1,296,870	
Santa Ana Unified School District Certifica		•		53,953,747	51.811		27,953,976	
Tustin Unified School District Certificates		rticipation		5,390,000	7.944 100.000		428,182 106,220,000	
City of Santa Ana General Fund Obligat Irvine Ranch Water District Certificates of		inction		106,220,000 85,145,000	0.638		543,225	
Total Gross Direct and Overlapping Gen				85,145,000	0.038	\$ [.]	157,552,160	
Less: City of Santa Ana Certificate of						Ψ	157,552,100	
supported by parking revenues	1 41 11	orpanon					7,755,000	
Total Net Direct and Overlapping Genera	ıl Fui	nd Debt				\$	149,797,160	
Gross Combined Total Debt						\$	397,230,941	(2)
Net Combined Total Debt						\$	389,475,941	(-)
 (1) Percentage of overlapping agency's as (2) Excludes tax and revenue anticipation and tax allocation bonds and non-bo Academy Bonds are included based 	note nded	es, enterprise rever capital lease oblig	nue, n gation	nortgage revenue s. Qualified Zone				
Ratios to 2009-10 Assessed Valuation: Total Overlapping Tax and Assessmen	it De	bt	1	.17%				
Ratios to adjust Assessed Valuation:								
Gross Combined Direct Debt (\$106,2	220,0	00)	0	.72%				
Net Combined Direct Debt (\$98,465,								
Gross Combined Total Debt			2	.69%				
Net Combined Total Debt			2	.63%				

Source: California Municipal Statistics, Inc.

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Pledged-Revenue Coverage Last Eight Fiscal Years (amounts expressed in thousands)

Fiscal Year Ended	Water	Less Operating	Net Available	Debt Se	rvice	
June 30	Revenue	Expenses	Revenue	Principal	Interest	Coverage
2010	\$ 48,782 \$	42,543 \$	 6,239	810	708	31.12
2009	47,338	38,734	8,604	790	729	32.08
2008	42,574	38,356	4,218	770	749	35.68
2007	42,233	36,327	5,906	750	767	35.92
2006	38,401	32,810	5,591	740	783	39.66
2005	35,992	32,846	3,146	455	1,069	42.34
2004	35,040	29,500	5,540	435	1,093	43.61
2003	31,181	27,679	3,502	410	1,115	48.91

Source: City of Santa Ana 2003 - 2010 CAFRS

Details regarding the city's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements. Operating expenses do not include interest or depreciation.

The City of Santa Ana implemented GASB 44 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006. Information prior to FY 2003 is not available.

Calendar Year	Population (1)	Personal Income (in thousands) (2)	Per Capita Personal Income (2)	Unemployment Rate (3)
2009	357,754 \$	551,271,000	42,818	15.7
2008	355,662	552,450,000	42,916	10.4
2007	353,184	539,163,000	41,875	8.5
2006	353,428	505,197,000	39,011	5.5
2005	351,322	477,101,000	36,917	5.49
2004	351,697	453,902,000	35,188	6.2
2003	347,237	427,041,000	33,138	3.5

Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Seven Calendar Years

Sources:

1. State Department of Finance

2. Bureau of Economic Analysis

3. State of California Employment Development

The City of Santa Ana implemented GASB 44 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006. Information prior to 2003 is not available.

Principal Employers Fiscal Year 2010

	2010			
Fundamental and a second se	Number of	Percent of Total		
Employer	Employees	Employment		
County of Orange	15,390	9.5%		
Ingram Micro	4,000	2.5%		
Rancho Santiago Community College	2,300	1.4%		
United States Postal Service	2,000	1.2%		
Tenet Healthsystem Medical	1,500	0.9%		
Freedom Communications Inc	900	0.6%		
First American Corp	900	0.6%		
Corinthian Colleges Inc	858	. 0.5%		
California Department of Mental Health	800	0.5%		
Ponderosa Builders Inc	800	0.5%		

"Total Employment" as used above represents the total employment of all employers within the City limits.

Source: Economic Development Division of Community Development Agency, City of Santa Ana

The City of Santa Ana implemented GASB 44 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006. Information prior to the implementation of GASB 44 is not available.

Full-time and Part-time City Employees by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Full-Time and Part-time Employees as of June 30						
<u>Function</u>	2010	2009	2008	2007			
General government (1)	192	203	232	229			
Cultural recreation and community services (2)	395	404	459	462			
Public safety (3)	896	934	973	963			
Developmental services (4)	246	281	326	311			
Community development	94	111	121	122			
Total	1,823	1,933	2,111	2,087			

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1. Includes Human Resources and Finance

2. Includes Library

3. Includes Police and Fire

4. Includes Planning and Building, and Public Works

Source: Payroll Department, Finance Agency of City of Santa Ana

1 ,200 (1993) (Full-Time and Part-time Employees as of June 30								
2006	2005	2004	2003	2002	2001				
218	211	216	225	241	231				
360	369	386	450	538	548				
939	919	981	997	1,025	1,052				
294	303	308	322	339	332				
118	132	138	141	140	141				
1,929	1,934	2,029	2,135	2,283	2,304				

Operating Indicators by Function Last Five Fiscal Years

	2010	2009
Police:		
Physical arrests	11,313	12,975
Parking citations issued	87,827	94,792
Traffic citations issued	17,989	20,154
Responses to 911 calls	24,986	25,009
Fire:		
Number of emergency calls	17,808	17,859
Inspections	5,124	3,985
Public Works:		
Streets:		
-Street resurfacing (miles)	-	94.23
-Pot holes repaired	25,000	25,000
Sanitation:		
-Refuse collected (tons/year)		
-Recyclables collected (tons/year)		
Refuse collected (tons/year)		:
-Tons Disposed (1)		
-Goal: Max lbs refuse disposed/person*	7.5	7.5
-Actual: lbs refuse disposed/person*	4.7	5.2
Water:		
-New connections	35	52
-Water mains breaks	41	19
-Average daily consumption		
(thousands of gallons)	34,900	36,700
Parks, recreation and community services:	0.000	0.071
Athletic field permits issued	8,890	9,871
Number of recreation classes (subjects)	151	158
Number of facility rentals	3,014	3,335
Planning and Building:	2,032	2,215
Number of building permits issued	2,032 1,405	1,571
Number of plan checks Number of inspections	23,168	39,147
Number of demolition building permits	25,108	12
Value of construction (in thousands):	1 /	12
-Commercial and industrial construction	2,544	6,571
-Residential construction	1,408	951
-Other additions and alterations	55,008	: 43,132

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1. Note: Beginning in 2007, CA Integrated Waste Management Board changed the method of reporting and disposal target to a pounds per day formula.

Source: City of Santa Ana

The City of Santa Ana implemented GASB 44 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006. Information prior to the implementation of GASB 44 is not available.

STATISTICAL SECTION

SCHEDULE 20

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2008	2007	2006
13,841	12,450	12,219
103,817	103,383	95,299
26,233	42,995	34,028
25,616	24,671	22,301
10,645	18,215	19,960
2,033	4,026	4,106
10	2	1.39
27,440	28,500	26,570
1,025,000	1,025,000	970,000
620,000	600,000	580,000
89	147	107
21	27	13
38,400	83,000	42,000
9,139	8,659	9,855
127	104	9,855
3,002	2,691	1,812
5,002	2,071	1,012
3,112	3,868	4,581
2,672	3,221	2,574
48,687	42,308	41,659
42	45	48
14,069	15,031	7,374
7,170	22,007	122,060
69,403	64,773	93,717

Capital Assets Statistics by Function Last Five Fiscal Years

	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
Police:					
Stations	2	2	2	2	2
Fire:					
Fire stations	10	10	10	. 10	10
Public Works:					
Street (miles)	425	425	425	425	400
Streetlights	1,630	1,606	1,606	1,593	1,582
Traffic Signals	285	285	282	279	275
Parks, Recreation and community services					
Number of parks	35	35	35	40	40
Number of libraries	2	2	2	2	2
Number of recreation facilities	17	17	17	8	8
Number of municipal swimming pools	5	5	5	5	5
Number of municipal tennis centers	2 WITH 25				
-	COURTS	COURTS	COURTS	COURTS	COURT
Number of miles of bike trails	11	11	11	11	11
Water:					
Water mains (miles)	478	488	488	488	488
Maximum daily capacity					
(thousands of gallons)	146,000	146,000	146,000	159,000	157,000
Number of water wells	20	20	20	19	19
Number of reservoirs	10	10	10	10	10
Number of hydrants	4,812	4,779	4,943	4,927	4,901
Sewer:					
Sewer mains (miles)	390	390	390	389	389

Source: City of Santa Ana

The City of Santa Ana implemented GASB 44 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006. Information prior to the implementation of GASB 44 is not available.



CITY OF SANTA ANA CALIFORNIA

2010 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

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