Division 2.

Sec. 41-2006. Zones Established

(a) Purpose. This section establishes the zones applied to property within the plan area by the Regulating Plan. The Regulating Plan divides the plan area into separate zones that are based on a transect of intensity within the plan area that ranges from the most urban types of development and land use to the least urban types, with most zones providing for a significant mixture of land uses within them.

This approach differs from conventional zoning maps that typically divide cities into zones that rigidly segregate residential, commercial, industrial, and institutional uses into separate areas, and thereby require residents to drive for nearly all daily activities. The use of zones based on development intensity (instead of land use zones) as the spatial basis for regulating development, directly reflects the functions of, and interrelationships between, each part of the plan area. The zones also effectively implement the City's urban design objectives for each part of the plan area, to establish and maintain attractive distinctions between each zone. This is why some parcels are zoned with more than one zone. In such cases, the zoning is divided along a clear boundary such as the middle of a block.

The zones of this Regulating Plan allocate architectural types, frontage types, and land uses within the plan area, as well as providing detailed standards for building placement, height and profile. The diagram to the right identifies the 9 zones applied within the plan area as they relate to existing rights-of-way and parcels.

(b) Zones established. The following zones are applicable to this specific plan, and applied to property within the boundary as shown on the Regulating Plan.

(1) Transit Village (TV) Zone.

The Transit Village zone is intended to provide standards for compact transit-supportive mixed-use/residential development. This zone is characterized by a wide range of building intensity, including mixed-use tower-on-podium buildings, flex blocks, liners, stacked flats, and courtyard housing. The zone accommodates retail, restaurant, entertainment, and other pedestrian-oriented uses at street level, with offices and flats above in the mixed-use building types, at high intensities and densities. The landscape palette is urban, with shading and accent street trees in parkway strips along Santa Ana Boulevard, and in sidewalk tree wells where on-street parking is provided. Parking is accommodated on-street, in structures with liner buildings, and underground.

(2) Government Center (GC) Zone.

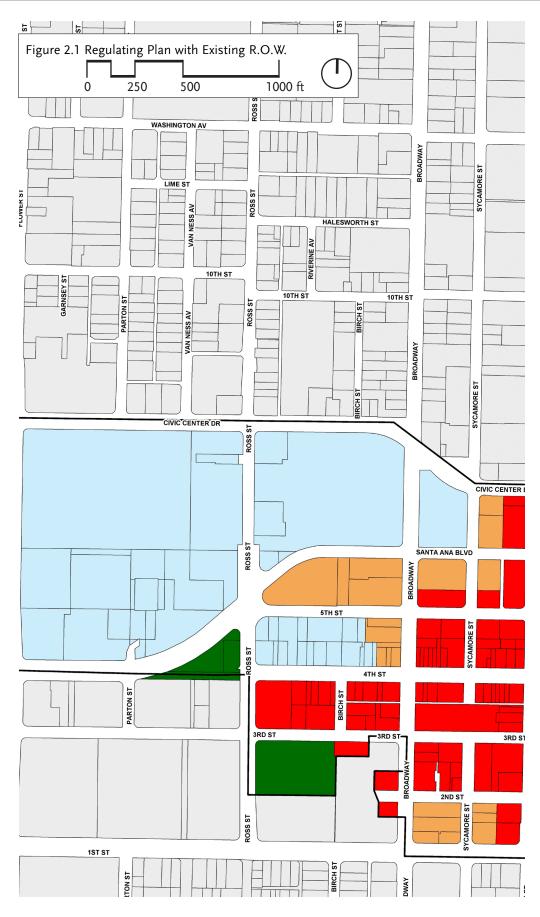
This area accommodates a wide variety of civic uses, including Federal, State, and local government offices and services, libraries, museums, community centers, and other civic assembly facilities. Building types vary according to their public purpose, are programmed by the various government agencies for their specific sites, and therefore are not coded by the Transit Zoning code (SD-84A and SD 84B). The landscape style is urban, emphasizing shading street trees in sidewalk tree wells, and in landscaped public plazas.

(3) Downtown (DT) Zone.

This zone is applied to the historical shopping district of Santa Ana, a vital, pedestrian-oriented area that is defined by multi-story urban building types (flex blocks, live-work, stacked dwellings, and courtyard housing in the Downtown edges) accommodating a mixture of retail, office, light service, and residential uses. The standards of this zone are intended to reinforce the form and character represented by pre-World War II buildings and recognized as a National Historic District, through restoration, rehabilitation, and context-sensitive infill. The standards also facilitate the replacement or improvement of post-war development that eliminated the pedestrian orientation of various downtown blocks (for example, parking structures with no features of pedestrian interest along their entire lengths). The landscape style is urban, emphasizing shading and accent street trees in sidewalk tree wells. Parking is accommodated on-street and may also be in structures with liner buildings, underground, and within block centers in surface lots not visible from streets.

(4) Urban Center (UC) Zone.

This zone is applied to the area surrounding the Downtown, which serves as a transitional area to the surrounding lower intensity neighborhoods and to other areas where mixed-use and multi-unit residential buildings create a pedestrian-oriented urban fabric. The zone provides for a variety of non-residential uses and a mix of housing types at medium intensities and densities. Besides accommodating community serving businesses, this zone may also serve the daily convenience shopping and service needs of nearby residents. Building types include mixed-use Flex Blocks, stacked flats, live-work, rowhouses, and courtyard housing. The landscape is urban, emphasizing shading street trees in sidewalk tree wells. Parking is accommodated on-street and may also be in structures with liner buildings and underground in areas adjacent to the DT zone, and in surface lots away from street frontages.



(5) Corridor (CDR) Zone.

This zone is applied to properties fronting existing commercial corridors and provides standards to improve pedestrian-orientation in a transit-supportive, mixed use area. Mixed-use flex block and live-work building types are at or near the sidewalk, and accommodate street level retail, service, and office uses, with office and residential above. The landscape style is urban, emphasizing shading street trees in sidewalk tree wells. Parking is accommodated on-street, and in screened surface lots between buildings, or away from streets, with no more than half the site frontage occupied by parking.

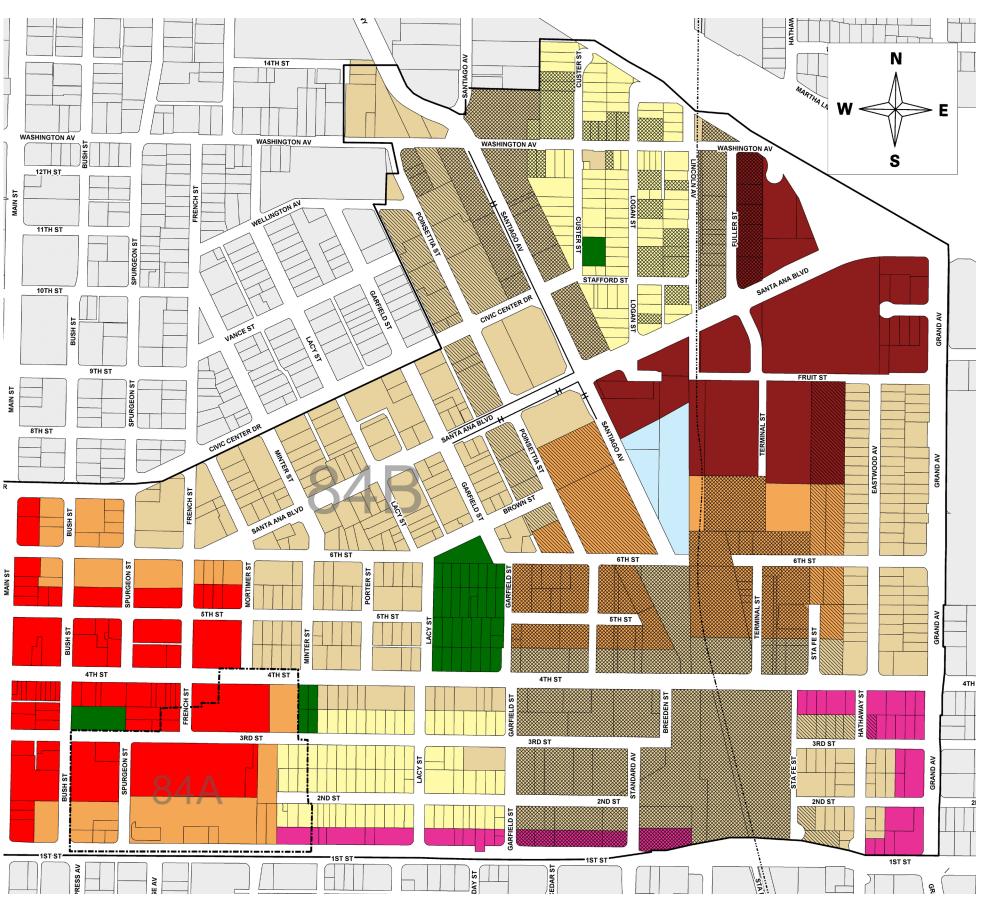
(6) Urban Neighborhood 2 (UN-2) Zone.

This zone is applied to primarily residential areas intended to accommodate a variety of housing types, with some opportunities for live-work, neighborhood-serving retail, and cafes. Appropriate building types include single dwellings, duplexes, triplexes and quadplexes, courtyard housing, rowhouses, and livework. In some areas, the more intense, hybrid court building type is allowed where additional intensity is warranted while maintaining compatibility with neighboring properties (see Regulating Plan). The landscape is appropriate to a neighborhood, with shading street trees in parkway strips, and shallow-depth landscaped front yards separating buildings from sidewalks. Parking is onstreet, and in garages located away from street frontages.

(7) Urban Neighborhood 1 (UN-1) Zone.

This zone is applied to existing primarily residential areas and is intended to strengthen and stabilize the low intensity nature of these neighborhoods.

Regulating Plan and Zones Established, cont'd



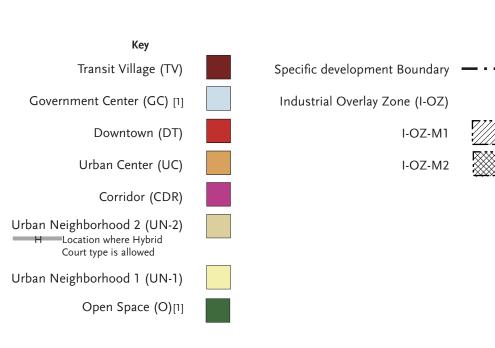
Appropriate building types include single dwellings, duplexes, triplexes, and quadplexes, and live-work. The landscape is appropriate to a neighborhood, with shading street trees in parkway strips and landscaped front yards separating buildings from sidewalks. Parking is on-street, and in garages located away from street frontages.

(8) Industial Overlay (I-OZ) Zone.

The I-OZ is applied to areas currently zoned M1 or M2, and occupied with an industrial use, to allow the types of land use activity and development permitted by existing M1 and M2 zoning to continue until such time that the owner chooses to apply the new zones identified in Figure 2.1. In order to determine if the M1 or M2 land use activity and development apply to a particular parcel, the I-OZ is further identified as I-OZ-M1 or I-OZ-M2. Until the property owner applies to modify the zoning district, property in the I-OZ shall be regulated by the provisions of the M1 and M2 zones (SAMC 41, Article III, Divisions 18 and 19), as applicable.

(9) Open Space (O) Zone.

This zone identifies areas reserved for community parks and other open spaces. Allowable structures in this zone are limited to those necessary to support the specific purposes of the particular open space area (e.g., sport-court enclosures and multi-purpose buildings in active parks, and trails within passive parks).



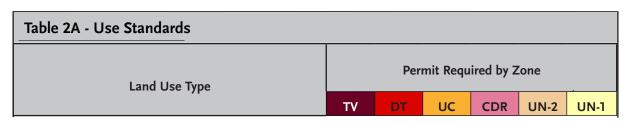
[1] Identified, but not regulated by this Code, Refer to City requirements as identified in SAMC Chapter 41.

Sec. 41-2007. Uses Permitted.

- (a) Allowable Land Use Types. A parcel or building within the Specific Development area shall be occupied by only the land uses allowed by the table entitled Use Standards (hereinafter Use Standards Table) within the zone applied to the site by the Regulating Plan.
- (b) Garage sales are allowed in compliance with Section 41-193.
- (c) Temporary outdoor activities are allowed in compliance with Section 41-195.5.
- (d) Youth amusement rides are permitted in compliance with Section 41-366 for C1 districts.
- (e) Drive-through facilities shall not be permitted.

Sec. 41-2008. Operational Standards.

- (a) All property shall be maintained in a safe, sanitary and attractive condition including, but not limited to, structures, landscaping, parking areas, walkways, and trash enclosures.
- (b) All business activities shall be conducted and located within an enclosed building, except as allowed by Section 41-195 of the SAMC and except that the following business activities may be conducted outside of an enclosed building:
 - (1) Newsstands
 - (2) Flower Stands
- (c) There shall be no manufacturing, processing, compounding, assembling or treatment of any material or product, other than that which is clearly incidental to a particular retail and service general enterprise, and where such goods are sold on the premises.
- (d) There shall be no work inside of a structure that generates noise that exceeds 60 dB CNEL measured at the exterior wall of the unit.
- (e) Storage of goods and supplies shall be limited to those sold at retail on the premises or utilized in the course of business.
- (f) Public utility structures, including electric distribution and transmission substations shall be screened by a solid wall at least eight (8) feet high, except as restricted by Sections 36-45, 36-46, and 36-47.
- (g) Any activity permitted shall be conducted in such a manner as not to have a detrimental effect on permitted adjacent uses by reason of refuse matter, noise, light, or vibration.
- (h) Small scale industry uses shall require a solid wall or fence not less than eight (8) feet in height along any rear or side lot line.
- (i) All business activities, including, but not limited to, compounding, processing, packaging or assembly of articles of merchandise and treatment of products shall be conducted within a completely enclosed building. No ancillary vehicle maintenance or repair shall be allowed on site.
- (j) Loading areas shall not be visible from streets. Loading areas not facing a street shall be setback at least thirty-five (35) feet from the property line.



Refer to Key to Zone Symbols table on following page for zone description and use notations

RESIDENTIAL

Live-Work Use / Joint living-working quarters	P (2)	P (2)	P (2)	P (2)	CUP	CUP
Care Homes	CUP	CUP	CUP	CUP	CUP	CUP
Single Dwelling					Р	Р
Multi-Family Dwellings	P (1)	P (1)	P (1)	P (1)	Р	Р

RECREATION, EDUCATION AND ASSEMBLY

Community assembly	P(1)	P (1)	P (1)	Р	CUP	CUP
Health/fitness facility	Р	Р	Р	Р	CUP	
Library, museum	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	CUP
Schools	P (1)	P (1)	P (1)	Р	CUP	CUP
Studio	Р	Р	Р	Р	CUP	CUP
Theater, cinema or performing arts	Р	Р	Р	Р		
Commercial Recreation (Indoor)	CUP	CUP	CUP			

RETAIL

General retail, except with any of the following features	Р	Р	Р	Р	P(2)	
Floor area over 20,000 per tenant	CUP	CUP	Р		CUP	
Eating establishments	Р	Р	Р	Р	P(2)	
Auto or motor vehicle service			Р	Р		

SERVICE GENERAL

Banquet facility/catering-sub. to 41.199.1(a) through (d)	CUP	CUP	CUP	CUP(1)		
Child day care - more than 8 and up to 14 children	P (3)	P (3)	Р	Р	LUC(2)	LUC
Child day care center	P (3)	P (3)	Р	Р	CUP	CUP
Adult day care center-subject to 41.199.2 of the SAMC	P (3)	P (3)	Р	Р	Р	
Hotel, excl. transient residential hotel and long term stay	Р	Р	Р	Р		
Mortuaries, funeral homes			CUP	Р		
Personal services	Р	Р	Р	Р	P(2)	P (2)
Personal services - restricted			CUP	CUP	CUP	

Table 2A - Use Standards						
Land Use Type		Peri	mit Requ	ired by Z	one	
71	TV	DT	UC	CDR	UN-2	UN-1

SERVICES-BUSINESS-FINANCIAL-PROFESSIONAL

Bank, financial services	Р	Р	Р	Р		
Business support service	Р	Р	Р	Р	P(2)	P (2)
Clinic, urgent care			CUP	Р		
Doctor, dentist, chiropractor, etc, office	P(1)	P(1)	P(1)	Р		
Extended care	Р	Р	Р	Р	CUP	
Professional / administrative/service office	P(1)	P(1)	P(1)	Р	P(2)	P (2)

SMALL SCALE INDUSTRY

Artisan/craft product manufacturing	CUP	CUP	CUP		CUP	
Furniture and fixture manufacturing, cabinet shop	P (3)		P (3)			
Laboratory - medical - analytical		P (1)	P(1)	Р		
Manufacturing - light	P (3)		P (3)		CUP	
Media production - office or storefront type (no sound stage)	Р	Р	P(1)			
Printing and publishing		P(1)	Р			
Research and development	P (3)		P (3)		CUP	

TRANSPORTATION, COMMUNICATION, INFRASTRUCTURE

Helistops	CUP	CUP				
Parking facility - public or commercial	Р	Р	Р	Р		
Transit station or terminal	CUP			CUP		
Public utility structure, excluding wireless comunication facilities					CUP	

MISCELLANEOUS

Any structure over four (4) stories in height	SPR	SPR	SPR	SPR	SPR	
Businesses operating between 12 and 7 am	CUP	CUP	CUP	CUP	CUP	CUP
Alcoholic beverage sales or consumption	CUP	CUP	CUP	CUP	CUP	

Key to Zone Symbols

TV	Transit Village	CDR	Corridor
DT	Downtown	UN-2	Urban Neighborhood 2
UC	Urban Center	UN-1	Urban Neighborhood 1

Key

- (1) Use permitted only on second or upper floors, or behind retail or service ground floor use.
- (2) Permitted only as part of a vertical mixed use project, with upper floor residential
- (3) Permitted only as part of a mixed use project with a commercial or residential component
- P use is permitted subject to compliance with all applicable provisions the Santa Ana Municipal Code
- LUC use is permitted subject to the approval of a Land Use Certificate.
- CUP use is permitted subject to the approval of a Conditional Use Permit.
- SPR use is permitted subject to the approval of Site Plan Review.
- $\operatorname{---}$ use not permitted in particular zones.

- (k) No business activity that generates noise or vibration shall be conducted between 8:00 p.m. and 7:00 a.m. Monday through Friday and 8:00 p.m. and 10:00 a.m. Saturday and Sunday.
- (I) Operational standards for automobile servicing.
 - (1) No automobile servicing shall be conducted before 7:00 a.m. or after 8:00 p.m. Monday through Friday and before 10:00 a.m. or after 8:00 p.m. Satruday and Sunday.
 - (2) All work shall be conducted inside an enclosed structure.
 - (3) Outdoor or overnight vehicle storage is not permitted.