

SENATE BILL 9 (SB 9): AN OVERVIEW

WHAT IT IS AND HOW IT IMPACTS RESIDENTIAL LAND USE

ASSOCIATION OF BAY AREA GOVERNMENTS

Senate Bill 9 (SB 9) is a new California State Law taking effect January 1, 2022.

Similar to previous state legislation on Accessory Dwelling Units (ADUs), SB 9 overrides existing density limits in single-family zones. SB 9 is intended to support increased supply of starter, middle-class homes by encouraging building of smaller houses on small lots.



SB 9 WAIVES DISCRETIONARY REVIEW AND PUBLIC HEARINGS FOR:

BUILDING TWO HOMES on a parcel in a single-family zone

Used together, this allows **4** HOMES where 1 was allowed before

SUBDIVIDING A LOT INTO TWO that can be smaller than required min. size

SB 9 CAN BE USED TO: Add new homes to existing parcel • Divide existing house into multiple units • Divide parcel and add homes

WHAT IT CAN MEAN FOR RESIDENTIAL DEVELOPMENT

Illustrations are based on a preliminary analysis of the law. Details are subject to change and are for informational purposes only.



USING SB 9 WITHOUT A LOT SPLIT:

- Without a lot split, SB 9 does not limit the number of ADUs or JADUs (B2, D2) - but other laws might.
- SB 9 could be interpreted to allow 2 new units beyond an existing unit (for a total of 3 units/lot).

• SB 9 does not require jurisdictions to approve more than 4 units total, including any ADUs/JADUs.

SB 9 can be used to develop single units - but projects must comply with all SB 9 requirements.

THIS DOCUMENT DOES NOT CONSTITUTE LEGAL ADVICE OR OPINIONS REGARDING SPECIFIC FACTS. FOR MORE INFORMATION ABOUT SB 9, PLEASE CONTACT YOUR OWN LEGAL COUNSEL.

DOES THE PROPERTY QUALIFY?

2-UNIT DEVELOPMENTS AND LOT SPLITS

Single-family lot (usually R-1)			
Located in an Urbanized Area or Urban Cluster ¹			
Not in state/local historic dis	strict, not a historic landmark		
Meets requirements of SB35 s	subparagraphs (a)(6)(B)-(K) ² :		
PROPERTY CANNOT BE:			
Prime farmland or farmla	Prime farmland or farmland of statewide importance (B)		
Wetlands (C)	Wetlands (C)		
Identified for conservation easement (I+K)	Identified for conservation or under conservation easement (I+K)		
Habitat for protected species (J)			
PROPERTY CANNOT BE (UNLESS MEETING SPECIFIED REQUIREMENTS):			
 Within a very high fire hazard severity zone (D) A hazardous waste site (E) 			
			Within a delineated earth
Within a 100-year floodpl	Within a 100-year floodplain or floodway (G+H)		
Project would not alter nor demolish:			
Deed-restricted affordab	 Deed-restricted affordable housing Rent-controlled housing Housing on parcels with an Ellis Act eviction in last 15 yrs 		
Rent-controlled housing			
Housing on parcels with a			
Housing occupied by a tenant currently or in last 3 yrs ³			
Addtl. qualifications for 2-UNIT DEVELOPMENTS	Addtl. qualifications for LOT SPLITS		
Project does not remove more than 25% of exterior walls on a building that	Lot is split roughly in half - smaller lot is at least 40% of the original lot ⁴		
currently has a tenant or has had a tenant in the last	Each new lot is at least		

 Lot is not adjacent to another lot split by SB
 9 by the same owner or "any ptwerson acting in concert with the owner"

1,200ft^{2 5, 6}

Lot was not created by a previous SB 9 split⁷

¹ Defined by the Census Bureau; ² See Section 65913.4(a)(6) Exclusions for full details and definitions; ³ Lot can be split first, then new units added to the lot without the Ellis Act-affected building; ⁴ Each lot can be smaller than required minimum lot size; ⁵ This number can be lowered by local ordinance; ⁶ If minimum size is 1,200ft², this requires a 2,400ft² lot to start with, or 3,000ft² if a 60/40 split; ⁷ This does not apply to previous lot splits taken under usual Map Act procedures

RELATIONSHIPS TO OTHER LAWS

3 yrs even if the rental unit

itself isn't altered

CEQA Does not apply to 2-unit or lot split approvals or ordinances implementing 2-unit or lot split provisions

Coastal Act Applies, but no public hearings needed for duplex and lot split coastal development permits

Housing Crisis Act Local ordinances cannot impose restrictions that reduce the intensity of land use on housing sites (including total building envelope, density, etc.)

SB8 SB 9 projects are subject to Permit Streamlining Act deadlines SB478 Does not apply to single-family zones

LIMITATIONS APPLIED 2-UNIT DEVS. AND LOT SPLITS



- HOAs MAY restrict use of SB 9
- Agencies <u>MUST</u> only impose objective⁸ zoning standards, subdivision standards, and design standards (they <u>MAY</u> impose a local ordinance to set these standards)
 - These standards <u>MUST NOT</u> preclude 2 units of at least 800ft²
- Projects <u>MUST</u> follow local yard, height, lot coverage, and other development standards, EXCEPT:

 A local agency <u>MAY NOT</u> require rear or side setbacks of more than 4 ft, and <u>CANNOT</u> require any setback if utilizing an existing structure or rebuilding a same-dimensional structure in the same location as an existing structure
- Project <u>MAY</u> be denied if a building official makes a written finding of specific, adverse impacts on public health or safety based on inconsistency with objective standards, with no feasible method to mitigate or avoid impact
- Agency <u>MAY</u> require 1 parking space/unit, unless the project is:
 Within 1/2 mile of "high-quality transit corridor" or "major transit stop"⁹
 - Within 1 block of a carshare vehicle
- Agency <u>MUST</u> require that units created by SB 9 are not used for short-term rental (up to 30 days)
- Agency <u>MUST</u> allow proposed adjacent or connected structures as long as they comply with building codes and are "sufficient to allow separate conveyance"

2-UNIT DEVS	 Without a lot split, agency <u>CANNOT</u> use SB 9 to limit ADUs/JADUs <i>e.g.</i>, <i>lot can have</i> <i>2 primary units</i> + 1 ADU + 1 JADU Agency <u>MUST</u> include # of SB 9 units in annual progress report 	• For properties with on-site wastewater treatment, agency <u>MAY</u> require a percolation test within last 5 yrs or recertification within last 10 yrs
LOT SPLITS	 Agency <u>MAY</u> approve more than two units on a new parcel <i>including ADUs, JADUs, density bonus units, duplex units</i> Project <u>MUST</u> conform to all relevant objective reqs. of Subdivision Map Act Agency <u>MAY</u> require easements for provision of public services and facilities Agency <u>MAY</u> require parcels to have access to, provide access to, or adjoin public right of way 	 Project <u>MUST</u> be for residential uses only Applicant <u>MUST</u> sign affidavit stating they intend to live in one of the units for 3+ yrs¹⁰ Agency <u>MUST</u> include number of SB 9 lot split applications in annual progress report Agency <u>CANNOT</u> require right-of-way dedications or off-site improvements Agency <u>CANNOT</u> require correction of nonconforming zoning conditions

⁸ "Objective" as defined by the Housing Accountability Act; ⁹See Sections 21155 and 21064.3 of the Public Resources Code for definitions of these terms; ¹⁰ Unless the applicant is a land trust or qualified non-profit

KEY DECISIONS FOR AGENCIES TO MAKE

Whether to require:

- Septic tank percolation tests
- 1 parking space per unit
- 2-UNITS Owner-occupancy
- SPLIT Public services/facilities easements
- SPLIT Right-of-way easements

Whether to allow:

- Creation of lots <1,200ft²
- SPLIT >2 units/new lot

Define:

- Objective zoning/subdivision/ design review standards
- "Acting in concert with owner"
 "Sufficient for separate
- conveyance" Create:

• Application forms and checklists

- Recording of deed restrictions for short-term rentals and future lot splits
- Owner-occupancy affidavit