

# **Solano Local Agency Formation Commission**

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Staff Report This item is continued from LAFCO's 12-14-2020 Meeting

DATE: December 14, 2020

TO: Local Agency Formation Commission

FROM: Rich Seithel

SUBJECT: Financial Audit Fiscal Years 2019/20 and 2018/19

# **RECOMMENDATION:**

RECEIVE, ADOPT, and DIRECT staff to file the FY 2019/20 and 2018/19 Financial Audit.

# **DISCUSSION:**

The Commission's outside audit firm, James Marta & Company, LLP (auditor), has completed the LAFCO biennial audit for fiscal years 2020 and 2019. The purpose of the biennial audit is for an independent third-party to review and assess the Commission's financial records to determine their compliance with generally accepted governmental accounting standards. The outside audit provides an opportunity for a third-party to identify reporting errors and omissions as well as to make suggestions for improvements.

James, Marta & Company, LLP, found that the financial statements present fairly the financial position of the Commission and has noted the following financial highlights:

#### **Financial Highlights**

• The Commission's net position<sup>1</sup> totaled \$343,627 at June 30, 2020 and \$283,049 at June 30, 2019. These amounts may be used to meet the Commission's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

#### Commissioners

Nancy Shopay, Chair ● Ron Rowlett, Vice-Chair ● Harry Price ● Jim Spering ● John Vasquez

#### **Alternate Commissioners**

Ron Kott • Shawn Smith • Skip Thomson

#### Staff

Rich Seithel, Executive Officer ● Michelle McIntyre, Sr. Analyst ● Jeffrey Lum, Analyst II ● P. Scott Browne, Legal Counsel

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The statement of net position presents information on the Commission's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Commission is improving or deteriorating.

- The Commission's total net position increased by \$60,578 as a result of the current year's operations and increased by \$46,154 as a result of fiscal year (FY) 2019 operations.
- The Commission's governmental funds<sup>2</sup> reported an ending fund balance of \$400,010 at June 30, 2020 and \$327,043 at June 30, 2019, all of which is available for spending at the Commission's discretion (unassigned fund balance<sup>3</sup>).
- Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses<sup>4</sup>.
- Test results disclosed <u>no instances</u> of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

Given the above findings, staff recommends that the Commission receive, adopt, and direct staff to file the FY 2019/20 and FY 2018/19 financial audit.

#### Attachment:

A - Financial Audit of FY 2019/20 and 2018/19

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a Commission's near-term financing requirements.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Unassigned Fund Balance represents the residual classification for the government's general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. The Commission maintains a contingency reserve fund of not less than 20 percent of annual budgeted expenditures in any given year intended for extraordinary, unbudgeted, and high priority expenditures.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis.



JAMES MARTA & COMPANY LLP

# LOCAL AGENCY FORMATION COMMISSION OF SOLANO COUNTY

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
WITH
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

FOR THE FISCAL YEARS ENDED
JUNE 30, 2020 AND 2019

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# LOCAL AGENCY FORMATION COMMISSION OF SOLANO COUNTY JUNE 30, 2020 AND 2019

#### **COMMISSION MEMBERS**

Nancy Shopay Public Member

Ron Rowlett Mayor of Vacaville

Jim Spering Solano County Supervisor

> Harry Price Mayor of Fairfield

John Vasquez Solano County Supervisor

# **ALTERNATE COMMISSION MEMBERS**

Ron Kott Mayor of Rio Vista

Shawn Smith Public Member

Skip Thomson Solano County Supervisor

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# James Marta & Company LLP Certified Public Accountants

Accounting, Auditing, Consulting, and Tax

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Commissioners of Local Agency Formation Commission of Solano County Fairfield, California

### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and the general fund information of the Local Agency Formation Commission of Solano County (the "Commission"), as of and for the years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Commission's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### **Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements**

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### **Auditor's Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and the State Controller's Minimum Audit Requirements for California Special Districts. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### **Opinion**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and the general fund information of the Local Agency Formation Commission of Solano County as of June 30, 2020 and 2019, and the respective changes in financial positions for the years then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, as well as accounting systems prescribed by the State Controller's Office and state regulations governing special districts.

#### **Other Matters**

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion, Analysis, Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance-Budget (Non-GAAP) and Actual - General Fund, Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability and Schedule of Contributions be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

# Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

James Marta + Company LLP

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 24, 2020 on our consideration of the Commission's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Commission's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

James Marta & Company LLP Certified Public Accountants

Sacramento, California November 24, 2020

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

#### FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 and 2019

As management of the Local Agency Formation Commission of Solano County, California (Commission), we offer readers of the Commission's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Commission for the fiscal years (FY) ended June 30, 2020 and 2019. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information in our financial statements.

#### **Financial Highlights**

- The Commission's net position totaled \$343,627 at June 30, 2020 and \$283,049 at June 30, 2019. These amounts may be used to meet the Commission's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The Commission's total net position increased by \$60,578 as a result of the current year's operations and increased by \$46,154 as a result of fiscal year 2019 operations.
- The Commission's governmental funds reported an ending fund balance of \$400,010 at June 30, 2020 and \$327,043 at June 30, 2019, all of which is available for spending at the Commission's discretion (unassigned fund balance).

#### **Overview of the Financial Statements**

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the Commission's basic financial statements. The Commission's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements.

**Government-wide financial statements.** The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Commission's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on the Commission's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Commission is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the Commission's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of timing of related cash flows.

Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 8-9 of this report.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

#### FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 and 2019

**Fund financial statements.** A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Commission, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a Commission's near-term financing requirements.

Since the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the Commission's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 10-13 of this report.

**Notes to the financial statements.** The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 14-27 of this report.

**Other information.** In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the Commission's budgetary comparison schedule for the General Fund and the schedule of funding progress for the retirement program. Required supplementary information can be found on pages 28-32 of this report.

#### **Government-wide Financial Analysis**

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a Commission's financial position. In the case of the Commission, the net position was \$343,627 and \$283,049 at June 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively. The Commission's net position is entirely categorized as unrestricted net position which may be used to meet the Commission's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

#### FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 and 2019

#### SUMMARY OF NET POSITION

		As of June 30:	
	2020	2019	2018
Current Assets	\$ 464,583	\$ 446,291	\$ 381,642
Total Assets	464,583	446,291	381,642
Deferred outflows of resources			
related to pensions	49,407	55,015	56,375
Current Liabilities	64,573	119,248 96,256	126,823
Long-Term Liabilities Total Liabilities	103,243 167,816	215,504	69,287 196,110
Deferred intflows of resources related to pensions	2,547	2,753	5,012
Net Position	\$ 343,627	\$ 283,049	\$ 236,895

The key elements in the significant changes in current assets and liabilities are as follows:

Current assets: Current assets increased by \$18,292 or 4% from FY 2019 to 2020. This is mainly due to increased intergovernmental revenue and project application fees.

Liabilities: Current liabilities decreased by \$54,675 from FY 2019 to 2020. The primary reason for the decrease is the reduction in outstanding warrants and a reduction in unearned revenue from long-term project contracts that were completed. Long term liabilities have increased by \$6,987 primarily due to an increase in compensated absences.

Governmental activities increased the Commission's net position by \$60,578 during FY 2020. Governmental activities increased the Commission's net position by \$46,154 during FY 2019. The key elements in the significant changes in net position are as follows:

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

#### FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 and 2019

#### **SUMMARY CHANGES IN NET POSITION**

	For the Year Ended June 30:							
	2020	2019	2018					
Revenues	\$ 700,176	\$ 534,633	\$ 482,866					
Expenditures	(639,598)	(488,479)	(418,331)					
Excess (Deficiency)	\$ 60,578	\$ 46,154	\$ 64,535					
		As of June 30:						
	2020	2019	2018					
Fund Balances	\$ 400,010	\$ 327,043	\$ 254,819					
Net Position	\$ 343,627	\$ 283,049	\$ 236,895					

Program expenses: Program expenses increased \$151,119 in FY 2020 and \$70,148 in FY 2019 due to Employee Services increase of \$184,714 primarily due to the Sphere of Influence Update focus and subsequent contracting of Municipal Service Review consultants. In FY 2019, a part-time employee was hired due to a long-term disability absence.

Program revenues: Program revenues were stable from fiscal year 2019 to 2020. However, general revenues increased in FY 2020 by \$160,391 primarily in intergovernmental revenue to pay for the increase in employee services created by the filling of a new full-time benefited Analyst II position.

#### Financial Analysis of the Commission's Governmental Funds

As noted earlier, the Commission uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The General Fund is a governmental fund type employed to account for general government functions of the Commission. The focus of the Commission's governmental fund is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Commission's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

At June 30, 2020 and 2019, the Commission's governmental fund reported an ending fund balance of \$400,010 and \$327,043, respectively. The ending fund balance resulted in an increase of \$72,967 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 and an increase of \$72,224 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019.

Governmental revenues totaled \$642,684 in FY 2020 and \$482,293 in FY 2019. The increases are due to the increase in operating costs billed to the County and cities.

Expenditures totaled \$627,209 in FY 2020 and \$462,409 in FY 2019. This represents a 36% increase from FY 2019 to 2020 and an 16% increase from fiscal year 2018 to 2019. These increases are primarily due to an increase in professional and employee services.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

#### FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 and 2019

#### **Budgetary Highlights**

The General Fund budget (Adopted and Final versions) is reflected in the Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance: Budget and Actual, as presented on pages 28-29 in the Required Supplementary Information (RSI) section of this report.

There were no changes between the adopted budget and the final budget of the General Fund in FY 2020. Revenues and expenses recognized were more than and less than budgeted by \$57,450 and \$70,517, respectively. Expenses were notably less due to the delay in hiring a full time benefitted Analyst II, delay in the Fire District Special Study, and the long-term disability of the Senior Analyst.

There were no changes between the adopted budget and the final budget of the General Fund in FY 2019. Revenues were more than and expenses were less than budgeted by \$21,340 and \$127,963, respectively.

#### **Debt Administration**

*Long-term debt.* At June 30, 2020 and 2019 the Commission had \$103,243 and \$96,256, respectively. The balances consisted of \$68,689 of compensated absences and \$34,554 of pension liability at June 30, 2020 and \$61,811 in compensated absences and \$34,445 in pension liability at June 30, 2019. This amount is entirely backed by the full faith and credit of the Commission. For more information see Note 3 on page 20 of this report.

#### **Economic Factors and Next Year's Operating Activities**

The Commission's management acknowledges the Covid-19 and the LNU Lighting Complex fire's economic impact. However, management anticipates operating activities to remain the same in the coming year.

#### **Requests for Information**

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Commission's finances for all those with an interest with the Commission's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Solano Local Agency Formation Commission, 675 Texas Street, Suite 6700, Fairfield, CA 94533.

# **BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

# STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

# JUNE 30, 2020 AND 2019

	2020	2019		
ASSETS				
Cash and investments Prepaid expenses	\$ 463,798 531	\$	446,445	
Deposits with others	-		(262)	
Due from other agencies	 254		108	
Total Assets	 464,583		446,291	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions (note 5)	49,407		55,015	
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	38,260		27,296	
Outstanding warrants	763		25,341	
Due to other agencies	167		1,736	
Unearned revenue	25,383		64,875	
Compensated absences Net pension liability	68,689 34,554		61,811 34,445	
Net pension habinty	 34,334		34,443	
Total Liabilities	 167,816		215,504	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions (note 5)	 2,547		2,753	
NET POSITION				
Unrestricted	343,627		283,049	
Total Net Position	\$ 343,627	\$	283,049	

# STATEMENT OF NET ACTIVITIES

# FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 AND 2019

	2020	2019
EXPENSES:		-
Employee Services	342,688	330,410
Professional Services	228,105	106,236
Rent Expense	22,702	22,674
Non Capitalized expense	2,849	2,195
Supplies	2,691	1,343
Insurance	11,980	4,339
Memberships	5,822	5,141
Communication	5,236	4,094
Travel	12,444	8,886
Miscellaneous	5,081	3,161
Total expenditures/expenses	639,598	488,479
Program revenues:		
Charges for services	57,492	52,340
Net program expenses	582,106	436,139
General revenues		
Intergovernmental Revenue	629,725	470,293
Interest Income	12,959	12,000
Total general revenues	642,684	482,293
Change in net position	60,578	46,154
Net position beginning	283,049	236,895
Net position - ending	\$ 343,627	\$ 283,049

# GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCE SHEET

# JUNE 30, 2020 AND 2019

	2020	2019	
ASSETS			
Cash and investments	\$ 463,798	\$ 446,445	
Prepaid expenses	531	-	
Deposits with others	-	(262)	
Due from other agencies	254	108	
Total Assets	464,583	446,291	
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	38,260	27,296	
Outstanding warrants	763	25,341	
Due to other agencies	167	1,736	
Unearned revenue	25,383	64,875	
Total Liabilities	64,573	119,248	
FUND BALANCE			
Unassigned	400,010	327,043	
Total fund balance	400,010	327,043	
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 464,583	\$ 446,291	

# RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUND TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

# FOR THE FISCAL YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 AND 2019

		2020	 2019
Total fund balances - governmental funds	\$	400,010	\$ 327,043
Amounts reported for assets and liabilities for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different from amounts reported in governmental funds because:			
Long-term liabilities: In governmental funds, only current liabilities are reported. In the statement of net position, all liabilities, including long-term liabilities, are reported. Long-term liabilities relating to governmental activities consist of:			
Net pension liability		(34,554)	(34,445)
Compensated absences payable		(68,689)	(61,811)
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pensions: In governmental funds, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pensions are not reported because they are applicable to future periods. In the statement of net position, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pensions are:			
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions		49,407	55,015
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	-	(2,547)	(2,753)
Total net position, governmental activities:	\$	343,627	\$ 283,049

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

#### **GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS**

# FOR THE FISCAL YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 AND 2019

	2020	2019
REVENUES:		
Intergovernmental Contributions	\$ 629,725	\$ 470,293
Charges for Services	57,492	52,340
Interest Income	12,959	12,000
Total revenues	700,176	534,633
EXPENSES:		
Employee Services	330,299	304,340
Professional Services	228,105	106,236
Rent Expense	22,702	22,674
Non Capitalized expense	2,849	2,195
Supplies	2,691	1,343
Insurance	11,980	4,339
Memberships	5,822	5,141
Communication	5,236	4,094
Travel	12,444	8,886
Miscellaneous	5,081	3,161
Total expenditures/expenses	627,209	462,409
Excess/ (deficiency) of revenues		
over/ (under) expenditures	72,967	72,224
FUND BALANCES:		
Beginning of the Year	327,043	254,819
Ending of the Year	\$ 400,010	\$ 327,043

# RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUND TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

# FOR THE FISCAL YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 AND 2019

	 2020	 2019
Total net change in fund balances - governmental funds	\$ 72,967	\$ 72,224
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different from amounts reported in governmental funds because:		
Compensated absences in governmental funds are measured by the amounts paid during the period. In the statement of activities, compensated absences are measured by the amounts earned. The difference between compensated absences paid and compensated absences earned was:		
Compensated absences payable	(6,878)	(29,626)
Pensions: In government funds, pension costs are recognized when employer contributions are made in the statement of activities, pension costs are recognized on the accrual basis. This year, the difference between accrual-basis pension costs and		
actual employer contributions was:	 (5,511)	 3,556
Total change in net position - governmental activities	\$ 60,578	\$ 46,154

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2020 AND 2019

#### 1. REPORTING ENTITY AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### A. ORGANIZATION

Local Agency Formation Commissions (LAFCOs or Commission) are independent regulatory commissions created by the California Legislature to determine the boundaries of cities and most special districts. LAFCOs are tasked by the Legislature to administer a section of State planning law known as the Cortese-Knox-Hertzberg Local Government Reorganization Act of 2000. LAFCOs have regulatory and planning powers. Regulatory duties include approving or disapproving proposals involving (a) city incorporations, disincorporations, or subsidiary districts (b) special district formations, consolidations, mergers, and dissolutions, (c) city and special district annexations and detachments, and (d) city and special district outside service extensions. LAFCOs planning activities include: establishing, updating, and amending spheres of influence for all local governmental agencies

Solano LAFCO is comprised of five members including: two county supervisors, two city mayors and one member representing the public at large. Commission members serve four-year terms.

#### **B. BASIS OF PRESENTATION**

#### Government-wide Financial Statements

The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the Commission. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities.

The government-wide statement of net position presents information on all of the Commission's assets, deferred outflows, liabilities and deferred inflows with the difference between the two presented as net position. Net position is reported as one of three categories: net investment in capital assets, restricted or unrestricted. Restricted net position is further classified as either net position restricted by enabling legislation or net position that are otherwise restricted. The Commission currently has no capital assets and no restricted net position.

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function or program of the Commission's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program, or department and are, therefore, clearly identifiable to a particular function. The Commission does not allocate indirect expenses to functions in the statement of activities. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by a program, as well as grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues, which are not classified as program revenues, are presented as general revenues, with certain exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the Commission.

The Commission reports all direct expenses by function in the Statement of Activities. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a function.

#### Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements report detailed information about the Commission. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. The Commission has only one operating fund.

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

**JUNE 30, 2020 AND 2019** 

#### C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

#### Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Assessments and service charges are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Expenses are recorded when liabilities are incurred.

#### Governmental Fund Financial Statement

Governmental fund financial statements (i.e., balance sheet and statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances) are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded under the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. "Available" means the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the Commission, "available" means collectible within the current period or within 60 days after year-end.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the Commission receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include assessments and interest income. Under the accrual basis, revenue from assessments is recognized in the fiscal year for which the assessments are levied. Under the modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accounting. However, expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

#### D. FUND ACCOUNTING

The accounts of the Commission are organized on the basis of funds or account groups, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. The Commission resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purpose for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled. The Commission has one governmental fund.

#### Governmental Fund:

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Commission. It is used to account for all transactions except those required or permitted by law to be accounted for in another fund.

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### JUNE 30, 2020 AND 2019

#### E. BUDGETS

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for all governmental funds. By state law, the Commission must adopt a final budget no later than June 15th. A public hearing must be conducted to receive comments prior to adoption. The Commissioners' satisfied these requirements.

#### F. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

For purposes of the statement of net position, the Commission considers all short-term highly liquid investments, including restricted assets, amounts held with fiscal agent and amounts held in the County's investment pool, to be cash and cash equivalents. Amounts held in the County's investment pool are available to the Commission.

#### G. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

As described in Note 2, the Commission's cash and investments are held with the Solano County Treasury, as part of the cash and investment pool with other County Funds. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 31, investments are stated at fair value. However, the value of the pool shares in the County Treasurer's investment pool that may be withdrawn is determined on an amortized cost basis, which is different from the fair value of the Commission's position in the pool. The County Treasurer's investment pool is subject to regulatory oversight by the Treasury Oversight Committee, as required by Section 27134 of the California Government Code. Statutes authorize the County to invest in the following:

- 1. Obligations of the County or any local agency and instrumentality in or of the State of California;
- 2. Obligations of the U.S. Treasury, agencies and instrumentalities;
- 3. Bankers' acceptances eligible for purchase by Federal Reserve System;
- 4. Commercial paper;
- 5. Repurchase agreements or reverse repurchase agreements;
- 6. Medium-term notes with a five-year maximum maturity of corporations operating within the United States and rated in the top three rating categories;
- 7. Guaranteed investment contracts

#### H. COMPENSATED ABSENCES

It is the Commission's policy to permit permanent employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick leave benefits. Accrued vacation is paid at the time of the employee's separation based on established Commission limitations. When an employee terminates employment for reasons of regular or disability retirement or death, accrued sick leave is contributed to a Retirement Health Savings Account to assist in payment of retiree medical expenses in accordance with Commission policy Termination of an employee's continuous services, except by reason of temporary layoff for lack of work or funds, shall cancel all sick leave accrued to the time of such termination, regardless of whether or not such person subsequently re-enters employment. Compensated absences leave is accrued when incurred in the government-wide financial statements. A liability is reported in the governmental fund only if unused vacation and sick leave after limitations are expected to be liquidated (paid out due to an employee separating from service with the Commission) with expendable available financial resources.

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### JUNE 30, 2020 AND 2019

#### I. REVENUES

Operating revenues, which include service charges, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Revenues classified as non-operating revenues, such as assessments and investment earnings, result from non-exchange transactions or ancillary activities.

#### J. INCOME TAXES

The Commission is not subject to income tax under Section 115(1) of the Internal Revenue Code and Section 23701d of the California and Taxation Code. Accordingly, no provision for federal or state income taxes has been made in the accompanying financial statements.

#### K. USE OF ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

#### L. FUND BALANCE

In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 54, "Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions", the Commission is required to report fund balances in the following categories: Nonspendable, Restricted, Committed, Assigned and/or Unassigned.

Nonspendable Fund Balance reflects assets not in spendable form, either because they will never convert to cash (e.g. prepaid expense) or must remain intact pursuant to legal or contractual requirements.

Restricted Fund Balance reflects amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by constitution, external resource providers, or through enabling legislation.

Committed Fund Balance reflects amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority: the Board of Commissioners. Commitments may be established, modified, or rescinded only through resolutions approved by the Board of Commissioners.

Assigned Fund Balance reflects amounts intended to be used by the government for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In accordance with adopted policy, only the Board of Commissioners is authorized to assign amounts for specific purposes.

*Unassigned Fund Balance* represents the residual classification for the government's general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. The Commission maintains a contingency reserve fund of not less than 20 percent of annual budgeted expenditures in any given year intended for extraordinary, unbudgeted, and high priority expenditures.

When expenditures are incurred for purposes of which restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned fund balances are available, the Commission considers restricted funds to have been spent first, followed by committed, assigned and unassigned, respectively.

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### JUNE 30, 2020 AND 2019

#### M. DEFERRED INFLOWS AND OUTFLOWS

In addition to assets, the statement of net position includes a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s), and as such will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditures) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and as such, will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

#### 2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and investments as of June 30, 2020 and 2019 consisted of Cash in County Treasury of \$463,798 and \$446,445, respectively.

The Commission maintains specific cash deposits and investments with the County of Solano and involuntarily participates in the external investment pool of the County. Its share of the investment pool is separately accounted for and interest earned, net of related expenses, is apportioned quarterly and based upon the relationship of its daily cash balance to the total of the pooled account. The weighted average maturity of the pool as of June 30, 2020 is 323 days and was 517 days as of June 30, 2019. The pool does not have a credit rating.

Investments, including derivative instruments that are not hedging derivatives, are measured at fair value on a recurring basis. Recurring fair value measurements are those that Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statements require or permit in the statement of net position at the end of each reporting period. Fair value measurements are categorized based on the valuation inputs used to measure an asset's fair value: Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. Investments' fair value measurements at June 30, 2020 are as follows:

Description	I	Level 1 Level 2 Level 3		Level 2		evel 3	Total	
US Agency, Treasury & Municipal Notes (USATM):								
US Agency Notes:	\$	202,400	\$	-	\$	-	\$	202,400
US Treasury Notes:		95,691		-		-		95,691
Municipal Notes:		21,668		-		-		21,668
Supranationals		22,838		-		-		22,838
Corporate Bonds		1,190		-		-		1,190
Corporate Stocks		55,522		-		-		55,522
Certificates of Deposit		-		6,187		-		6,187
LAIF		10,702		6,900		-		17,602
CALTrust Short Term		9,863		1,059		-		10,922
CALTrust Medium Term		7,921		851		-		8,772
Money Market Accounts		-		18,721		-		18,721
Cash Held in Bank		2,284				-		2,284
Total	\$	430,080	\$	33,718	\$	-	\$	463,798

# NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### JUNE 30, 2020 AND 2019

# 2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

Investments' fair value measurements at June 30, 2019 are as follows:

Description	I	Level 1	L	Level 2		Level 2 Level 3		Total	
US Agency, Treasury & Municipal Notes (USATM):	):								
US Agency Notes:	\$	130,615	\$	-	\$	-	\$	130,615	
US Treasury Notes:		94,844		-		-		94,844	
Municipal Notes:		39,919		-		-		39,919	
Supranationals		9,414		-		-		9,414	
Corporate Bonds		1,342		-		-		1,342	
Corporate Stocks		97,457		-		-		97,457	
Commercial Paper		-		4,277		-		4,277	
Certificates of Deposit		-		633		-		633	
LAIF		7,402		4,772		-		12,174	
CALTrust Short Term		4,243		456		-		4,699	
CALTrust Medium Term		2,554		274		-		2,828	
Money Market Accounts		-		42,973		-		42,973	
Cash Held in Bank		5,269				_		5,269	
Total	\$	393,060	\$	53,385	\$	_	\$	446,445	

#### 3. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The commission has long-term liabilities for compensated absences and net pension liabilities. The summaries for June 30, 2020 and 2019 are as follows:

	Balance June 30, 2019		Additions		Del	etions	_	Balance June 30, 2020		ce Due ne Year
Net pension liability Compensated Absences	\$	34,445 61,811	\$	109 6,878	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	34,554 68,689	\$	<u>-</u>
Totals	\$	96,256	\$	6,987	\$	-	\$	103,243	\$	
		alance 30, 2018	Ad	ditions	Dele	etions	_	alance 30, 2019		ce Due ne Year
Net pension liability Compensated Absences			\$	(2,657) 29,626	Dele	etions -	_			

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### **JUNE 30, 2020 AND 2019**

#### 4. OPERATING LEASES

The Commission is under a current lease for building space at 675 Texas St., Suite 6700, Solano, California. The lease was originally for a five year term, to expire on December 31, 2019. The County and Commission desired to extend the agreement for one year, with two (2) one-year options to extend. The rent began at \$1,280 per month set to increase 2% on the first of January every year. As of June 30, 2020, future minimum lease payments are as follows:

Fiscal Year		
Ended June 30,	Minimum Paym	nent
2021	16,7	792
Total	\$ 16,7	792

Total rent expense for the years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019 was \$16,792 and \$17,600, respectively.

#### 5. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLAN

#### **Plan Description**

All qualified permanent and probationary employees are eligible to participate in Local Agency Formation Commission of Solano County's cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS). Benefit provisions under the Plan is established by State statute and Local Agency Formation Commission of Solano County resolution. CalPERS issues publicly available reports that include a full description of the pension plan regarding benefit provisions, assumptions and membership information that can be found on the CalPERS website.

CalPERS provides service retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members, who must be public employees and beneficiaries. Benefits are based on years of credited service, equal to one year of full time employment. Members with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 50 with statutorily reduced benefits. All members are eligible for non-duty disability benefits after 10 years of service. The death benefit is one of the following: the Basic Death Benefit, the 1957 Survivor Benefit, or the Optional Settlement 2W Death Benefit. The cost of living adjustments for the plan are applied as specified by the Public Employees' Retirement Law.

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2020 AND 2019

#### 5. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLAN (continued)

The Plans' provisions and benefits in effect as of June 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively, are summarized as follows:

	June 30, 2020		June 3	0, 2019
	Prior to	Prior to On or after		On or after
Hire date	January 1, 2013	January 1, 2013	January 1, 2013	January 1, 2013
Benefit formula	2.7% @ 55	2% @ 62	2.7% @ 55	2% @ 62
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years of service	5 years of service	5 years of service	5 years of service
Benefit payments	Monthly for life	Monthly for life	Monthly for life	Monthly for life
Retirement age	50 - 55	52 - 67	50 - 55	52 - 67
Monthly benefits, as a % of eligible compensation	2.0% to 2.7%	1.0% to 2.5%	2.0% to 2.7%	1.0% to 2.5%
Required employee contribution rates	7.000%	6.250%	7.000%	6.250%
Required employer contribution rates	13.945%	13.945%	13.084%	13.084%

#### Contributions

Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. Funding contributions for the Plan are determined annually on an actuarial basis as of June 30 by CalPERS. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The Commission is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees.

For the years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, the contributions recognized as part of pension expense for the Plan were as follows:

N/1:----

		Miscellaneous			
	June	30, 2020	June	30, 2019	
Contributions - employer	\$	22,967	\$	28,278	

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

As of June 30, 2020 and 2019, the Local Agency Formation Commission of Solano County reported net pension liabilities for its proportionate share of the net pension liability of:

	<b>Proport</b>	ionate Share of	f Net Pen	sion Liability
	June	June 30, 2020		e 30, 2019
Miscellaneous		34,554	\$	34,445

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### JUNE 30, 2020 AND 2019

#### 5. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLAN (continued)

Local Agency Formation Commission of Solano County's net pension liability for the Plan is measured as the proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability of the Plan is measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total pension liability for the Plan used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019 rolled forward to June 30, 2018 using standard update procedures. Local Agency Formation Commission of Solano County's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Commission's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. The Commission's proportionate share of the net pension liability for the Plan as of June 30, 2020 and 2019 was as follows:

Proportion - June 30, 2019	0.000914%
Proportion - June 30, 2020	0.000863%
Change - Increase/(Decrease)	-0.000051%

Local Agency Formation Commission of Solano County's net pension liability for the Plan is measured as the proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability of the Plan is measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total pension liability for the Plan used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018 rolled forward to June 30, 2017 using standard update procedures. Local Agency Formation Commission of Solano County's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Commission's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. The Commission's proportionate share of the net pension liability for the Plan as of June 30, 2019 and 2018 was as follows:

Proportion - June 30, 2018	0.000941%
Proportion - June 30, 2019	0.000914%
Change - Increase/(Decrease)	-0.000027%

For the years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, the Commission recognized pension expense of \$5,511 and \$3,556, respectively. The Commission's reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	June 30, 2020				June 30, 2019			
	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources		Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Changes of Assumptions	\$	1,648	\$	584	\$	3,927	\$	962
Differences between Expected and Actual								
Experience		2,400		186		1,322		450
Differences between Projected and Actual								
Investment Earnings		-		604		170		-
Differences between Employer's Contributions and								
Proportionate Share of Contributions		17,774		-		12,815		-
Change in Employer's Proportion		4,618		1,173		8,503		1,341
Pension Contributions Made Subsequent to								
Measurement Date		22,967		-		28,278		
	\$	49,407	\$	2,547	\$	55,015	\$	2,753

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### **JUNE 30, 2020 AND 2019**

#### 5. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLAN (continued)

The amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

	June	June 30, 2020		e 30, 2019
	D	eferred	D	eferred
Year Ended	Outflo	ws/(Inflows)	Outflo	ws/(Inflows)
June 30	of F	of Resources		Resources
2020			\$	11,989
2021	\$	14,118		10,019
2022		6,553		2,286
2023		3,099		(310)
2024		122		-
2025		-		-
Thereafter		-		
	\$	23,892	\$	23,984

*Actuarial Assumptions* – The total pension liabilities in the June 30, 2019 and 2018 actuarial valuations were determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

June 30, 2020		June 30, 2019		
Valuation Date	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2018		
Measurement Date	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2017		
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal Cost Method	Entry Age Normal Cost Method		
Actuarial Assumptions				
Discount Rate	7.15%	7.15%		
Inflation	2.50%	2.50%		
Payroll Growth	2.75%	2.75%		
Projected Salary Increase	Varies by Entry Age and Service	Varies by Entry Age and Service		
Investment Rate of Return (1)	7.15%	7.15%		
Mortality	Derived using CalPERS' Membership Data for All Funds			

<sup>(1)</sup> Compounded annually, net of administrative and investment expenses

The underlying mortality assumptions and all other actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on the CalPERS Experience Study for the period from 1997 to 2007. Further details of the Experience Study can be found on the CalPERS website.

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2020 AND 2019

#### 5. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS (CONTINUED)

#### Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.15% (7.15% for 2019) for the Plan. To determine whether the municipal bond rate should be used in the calculation of a discount rate for each plan, CalPERS stress tested plans that would most likely result in a discount rate that would be different from the actuarially assumed discount rate. Based on the testing, none of the tested plans run out of assets. Therefore, the current 7.15 (7.15% for 2019) percent discount rate is appropriate and the use of the municipal bond rate calculation is not deemed necessary. The long term expected discount rate of 7.15 (7.15% for 2019) percent is applied to all plans in the Public Employees Retirement Fund (PERF). The stress test results are presented in a detailed report called "GASB Crossover Testing Report" that can be obtained from the CalPERS website under the GASB 68 section.

According to Paragraph 30 of Statement 68, the long-term discount rate should be determined without reduction for pension plan administrative expense. The 7.15 (715% for 2019) percent investment return assumption used in this accounting valuation is net of administrative expenses. Administrative expenses are assumed to be 15 basis points. An investment return excluding administrative expenses would have been 7.15 (7.15% for 2019) percent. Using this lower discount rate has resulted in a slightly higher Total Pension Liability and Net Pension Liability. CalPERS checked the materiality threshold for the difference in calculation and did not find it to be a material difference.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Using historical returns of all the funds' asset classes, expected compound returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11-60 years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equivalent to the single equivalent rate calculated above and rounded down to the nearest one quarter of one percent.

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### JUNE 30, 2020 AND 2019

# 5. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS (CONTINUED)

The tables below reflect the long-term expected real rate of return by asset class as of June 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively. The rate of return was calculated using the capital market assumptions applied to determine the discount rate and asset allocation. These rates of return are net of administrative expenses.

	June 30, 2020					
	Assumed					
	Asset	Real Return	Real Return			
Asset Class	Allocation	Years 1-10 (1)	Years 11+ (2)			
Global Equity	50.00%	4.80%	5.98%			
Fixed Income	28.00%	1.00%	2.62%			
Inflation Assets	0.00%	0.77%	1.81%			
Private Equity	8.00%	6.30%	7.23%			
Real Estate	13.00%	3.75%	4.93%			
Liquidity	1.00%	0.00%	-0.92%			
Total	100.00%					

 $<sup>^{(1)}</sup>$  An expected inflation of 2.00% used for this period.

<sup>(2)</sup> An expected inflation of 2.92% used for this period.

		June 30, 2019	
	Assumed		
	Asset	Real Return	Real Return
Asset Class	Allocation	Years 1-10 (1)	Years 11+ (2)
Global Equity	50.00%	4.80%	5.98%
Fixed Income	28.00%	1.00%	2.62%
Inflation Assets	0.00%	0.77%	1.81%
Private Equity	8.00%	6.30%	7.23%
Real Estate	13.00%	3.75%	4.93%
Liquidity	1.00%	0.00%	-0.92%
Total	100.00%		

<sup>(1)</sup> An expected inflation of 2.00% used for this period.

<sup>(2)</sup> An expected inflation of 2.92% used for this period.

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

**JUNE 30, 2020 AND 2019** 

# 5. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS (CONTINUED)

Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the Commission's proportionate share of the net pension liability for each Plan, calculated using the discount rate for each Plan, as well as what the Commission's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current rate:

	June 30, 2020						
	Discount Rate - 1% 6.15%		Current Discount Rate 7.15%		Discount Rate +1% 8.15%		
Plan's Net Pension Liability	\$	82,449	\$	34,554	\$	(4,980)	
		June 30, 2019					
		ount Rate - 1% 6.15%	Disc	Current ount Rate 7.15%		ount Rate +1% 8.15%	
Plan's Net Pension Liability	\$	72,831	\$	34,445	\$	2,758	

#### Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about each pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalPERS financial reports.

#### Payable to the Pension Plan

The Commission had no outstanding amount of contributions to the pension plan required for the year ended June 30, 2020.

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2020 AND 2019

#### 6. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

In March 2020, the World Health Organization declared the novel coronavirus ("COVID-19") a global pandemic and recommended containment and mitigation measures worldwide. This contagious disease outbreak, which has continued to spread, and any related adverse public health developments, has adversely affected public education, workforces, economies, and financial markets globally, potentially leading to an economic downturn. It has also disrupted the normal operations of many businesses and organizations. It is not possible for management to predict the duration or magnitude of the adverse results of the outbreak and its disruptive effects on Solano LAFCO's operations and financial results at this time.

Management has reviewed its financial statements and evaluated subsequent events for the period of time from its year ended June 30, 2020, through November 24, 2020, the date the financial statements were issued. Management is not aware of any subsequent events, other than those described above, that would require recognition or disclosure in the accompanying financial statements.

Item 6B Attachment A

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET (NON-GAAP) AND ACTUAL

# **GENERAL FUND**

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Original and Final Budget	Actual	Budget Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
REVENUES:	Ф. (20.72 <i>)</i>	Ф (20.72 <i>5</i>	Φ (1)
Intergovernmental contributions	\$ 629,726	\$ 629,725	\$ (1)
Charges for services	10,000	57,492	47,492
Interest income	3,000	12,959	9,959
Total Revenues	642,726	700,176	57,450
EXPENSES:			
Planning services	697,726	627,209	70,517
Excess/ (deficiency) of revenues			
over/ (under) expenditures	(55,000)	72,967	127,967
Beginning fund balance	327,043	327,043	-
Ending fund balance	\$ 272,043	\$ 400,010	\$ 127,967

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET (NON-GAAP) AND ACTUAL

# **GENERAL FUND**

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Original and Final Budget	Actual	Budget Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
REVENUES:	4=0.000	4-0-00	
Intergovernmental contributions	\$ 470,293	\$ 470,293	\$ 0
Charges for services	40,000	52,340	12,340
Interest income	3,000	12,000	9,000
Total Revenues	513,293	534,633	21,340
EXPENSES:			
Planning services	590,372	462,409	127,963
Excess/ (deficiency) of revenues			
over/ (under) expenditures	(77,079)	72,224	149,303
Beginning fund balance	254,819	254,819	-
Ending fund balance	\$ 177,740	\$ 327,043	\$ 149,303

# SCHEDULE OF COMMISSIONS PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 2020 AND 2019

	June	30, 2014 <sup>(1)</sup>	June	30, 2015 <sup>(1)</sup>	June	e 30, 2016 <sup>(1)</sup>	June	e 30, 2017 <sup>(1)</sup>	June	<b>30, 2018</b> <sup>(1)</sup>	June	2 30, 2019 <sup>(1)</sup>
Proportion of the net pension liability		0.00091%		0.00102%		0.00097%		0.00094%		0.00091%		0.00086%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	22,529	\$	27,991	\$	33,743	\$	37,102	\$	34,445	\$	34,554
Covered-employee payroll (2)	\$	144,690	\$	82,358	\$	91,786	\$	219,919	\$	241,470	\$	243,645
Proportionate Share of the net pension liability as												
percentage of covered-employee payroll		15.57%		33.99%		36.76%		16.87%		14.26%		14.18%
Plan's fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total												
pension liability		81.15%		79.89%		75.87%		75.39%		77.69%		77.73%
Proportionate share of aggregate employer												
contributions (3)	\$	16,554	\$	9,757	\$	16,483	\$	19,497	\$	28,278	\$	22,967

<sup>(1)</sup> Historical information is required only for measurement period for which GASB 68 is applicable.

<sup>(2)</sup> Covered employee payroll represented above is based on pensionable earning provided by the employer.

<sup>(3)</sup> The plans proportionate share of aggregate contributions may not match the actual contributions made by the employer during the measurement period. The plan's proportionate share of aggregate contributions is based on the plan's proportion of fiduciary net position shown on line 5 of the table above as well as any additional side fund (or unfunded liability) contributions made by the employer during the measurement period.

#### **SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS**

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 2020 AND 2019

			Fiscal Year (1)									
	2014-15		2015-16		2016-17		2017-18		2018-19		2019-20	
Actuarially Determined Contribution (2)	\$	16,554	\$	9,757	\$	16,483	\$	19,497	\$	28,278	\$	22,967
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contributions		(16,554)		(9,757)		(16,483)		(19,497)		(28,278)		(22,967)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Covered-employee payroll (3) Contributions as a percentage of	\$	144,690	\$	82,358	\$	91,786	\$	219,919	\$	241,470	\$	243,645
covered-employee payroll (3)		11.441%		11.847%		17.958%		8.866%		11.711%		9.426%

- (1) Historical information is required only for measurement periods for which GASB 68 is applicable.
- (2) Employers are assumed to make contributions equal to the actuarially determined contributions (which is the actuarially determined contributions). However, some employers may choose to make additional contributions towards their site fund or their unfunded liability. Employer contributions for such plans exceed the actuarially determined contributions. CalPERS has determined that employer obligations referred to as "side funds" do not conform to the circumstances described in paragraph 120 of GASB, therefore are not considered separately financed specific liabilities.
- (3) Covered-employee payroll represented above is based on pensionable earnings provided by the employer.

#### NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 2020 AND 2019

#### PURPOSE OF SCHEDULES

# A - Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance-Budget (Non-GAAP) and Actual - General Fund

The Commission employs budget control by object codes and by individual appropriation accounts. Budgets are prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The budgets are revised during the year by the Board of Trustees to provide for revised priorities. Expenditures cannot legally exceed appropriations by major object code. The originally adopted and final revised budgets for the General Fund are presented as Required Supplementary Information. The basis of budgeting is the same as GAAP.

#### B - Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

#### Changes in Assumptions

There were no changes in assumptions.

#### Changes in Benefit Terms

There were no changes to benefit terms that applied to all members of the Public Agency Pool.

#### C - Schedule of Pension Contributions

If an employer's contributions to the plan are actuarially determined or based on statutory or contractual requirements, the employer's actuarially determined contribution to the pension plan (or, if applicable, its statutorily or contractually required contribution), the employer's actual contributions, the difference between the actual and actuarially determined contributions (or statutorily or contractually required), and a ratio of the actual contributions divided by covered-employee payroll. In the future, as data becomes available, ten years of information will be presented.

Fiscal year 2015 was the first year of implementation, therefore only six years are shown.

	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2019				
Valuation Date	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2018				
Measurement Date	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2017				
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal Cost Method	Entry Age Normal Cost Method				
Actuarial Assumptions						
Discount Rate	7.15%	7.15%				
Inflation	2.50%	2.50%				
Payroll Growth	2.75%	2.75%				
Projected Salary Increase	Varies by Entry Age and Service	Varies by Entry Age and Service				
Investment Rate of Return (1)	7.15%	7.15%				
Mortality	Derived using CalPERS' Membership Data for All Funds					

<sup>(1)</sup> Compounded annually, net of administrative and investment expenses

# OTHER REPORTS



# James Marta & Company LLP Certified Public Accountants

Accounting, Auditing, Consulting, and Tax

# REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Commissioners of Solano Local Agency Formation Commission Organization 675 Texas Street, Suite 6700 Fairfield, California 94533

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the governmental activities and major fund of Local Agency Formation Commission of Solano County, as of and for the years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Local Agency Formation Commission of Solano County's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 24, 2020.

#### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Local Agency Formation Commission of Solano County's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Local Agency Formation Commission of Solano County's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Local Agency Formation Commission of Solano County's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Local Agency Formation Commission of Solano County's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

James Marta & Company LLP Certified Public Accountants

James Marta + Company LLP

Sacramento, California

November 24, 2020