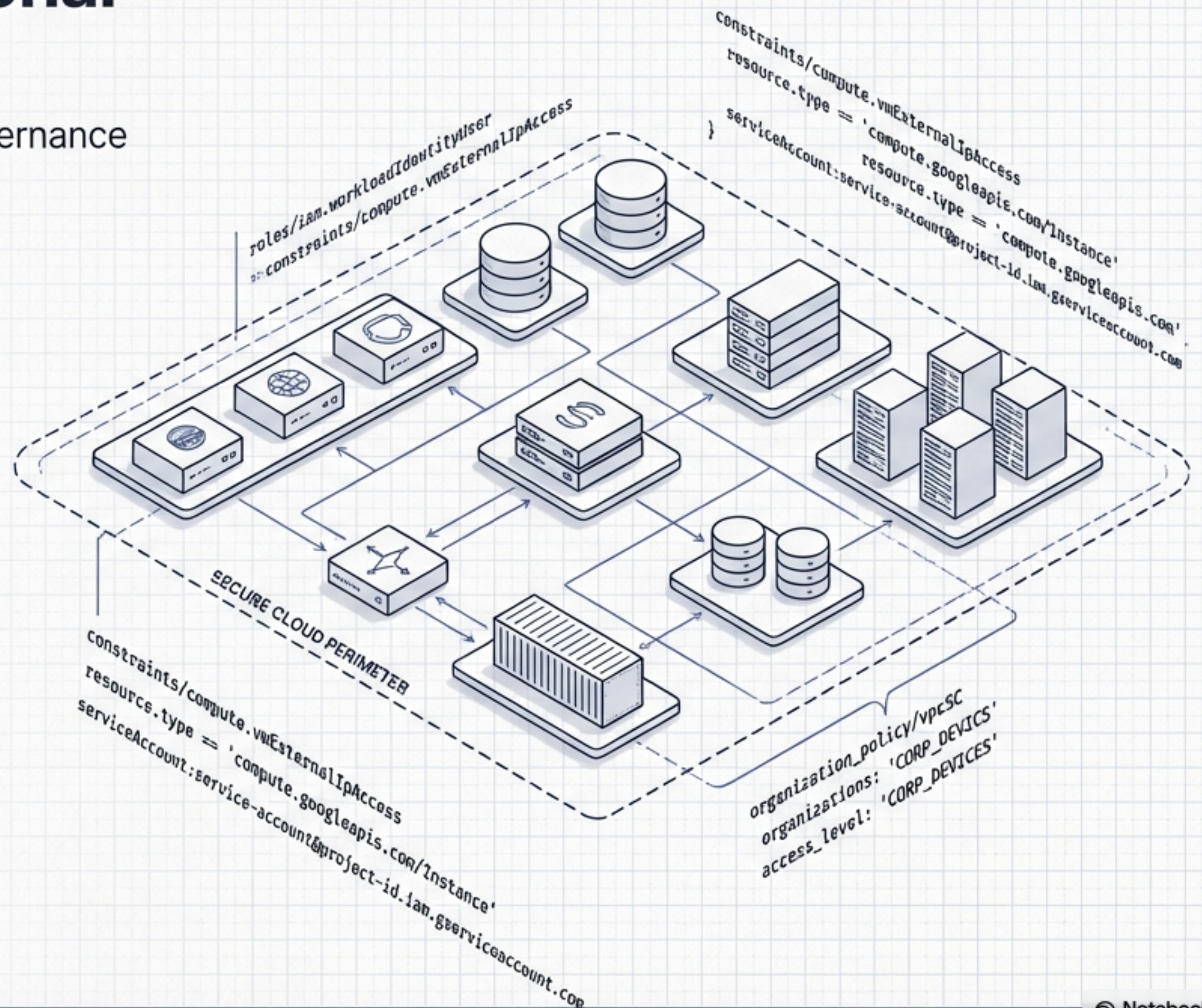
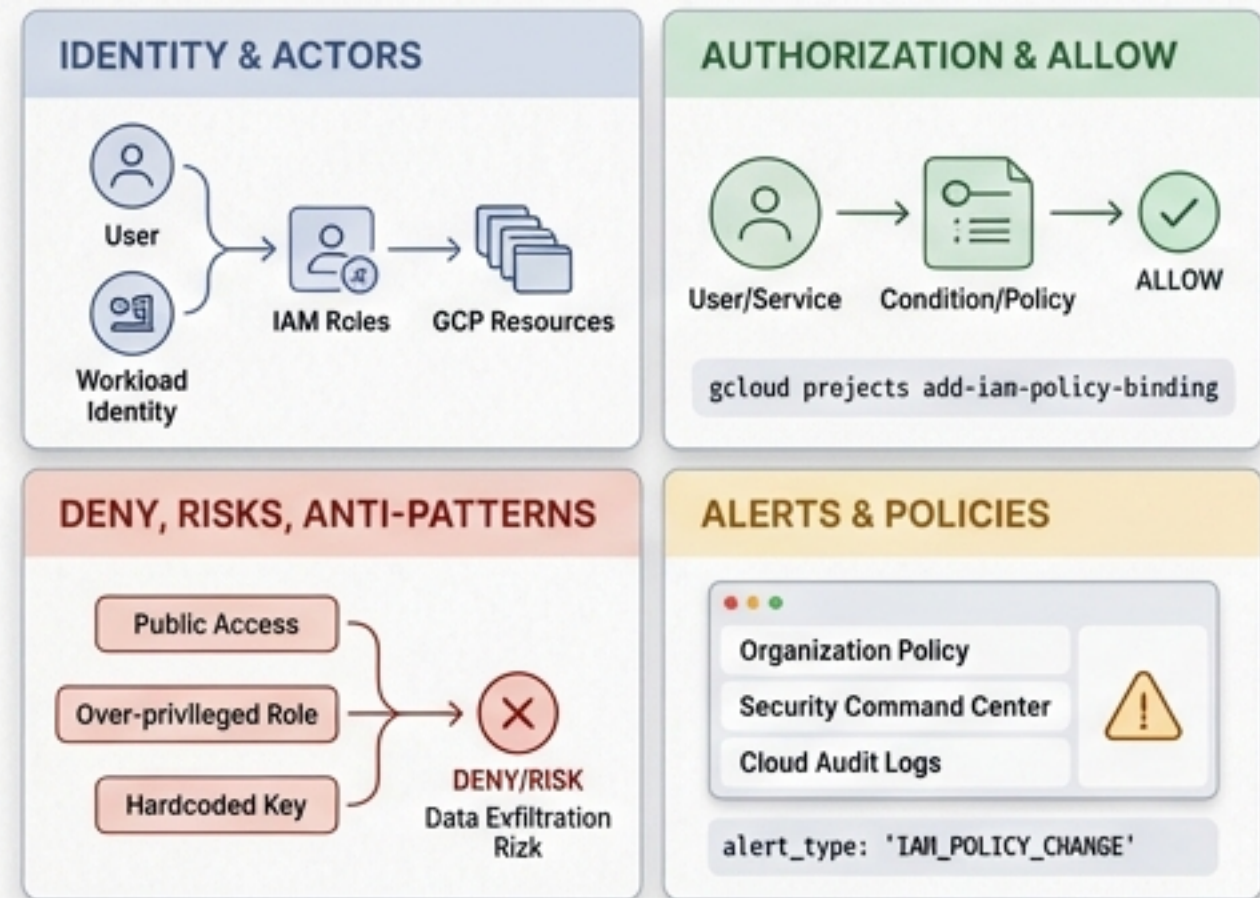


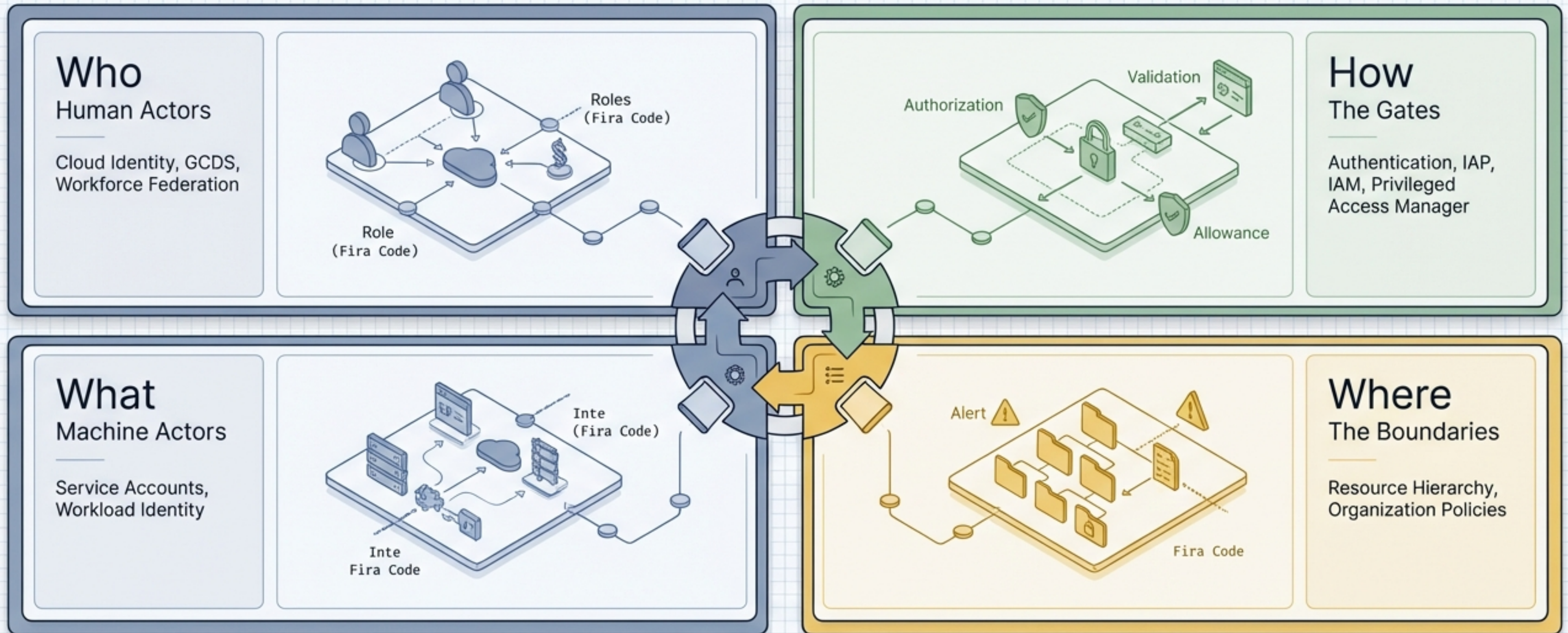
Google Cloud Professional Security Engineer

Section 1 Mastery: Configuring Access & Governance



A Visual Guide to Access, Identity, and Governance

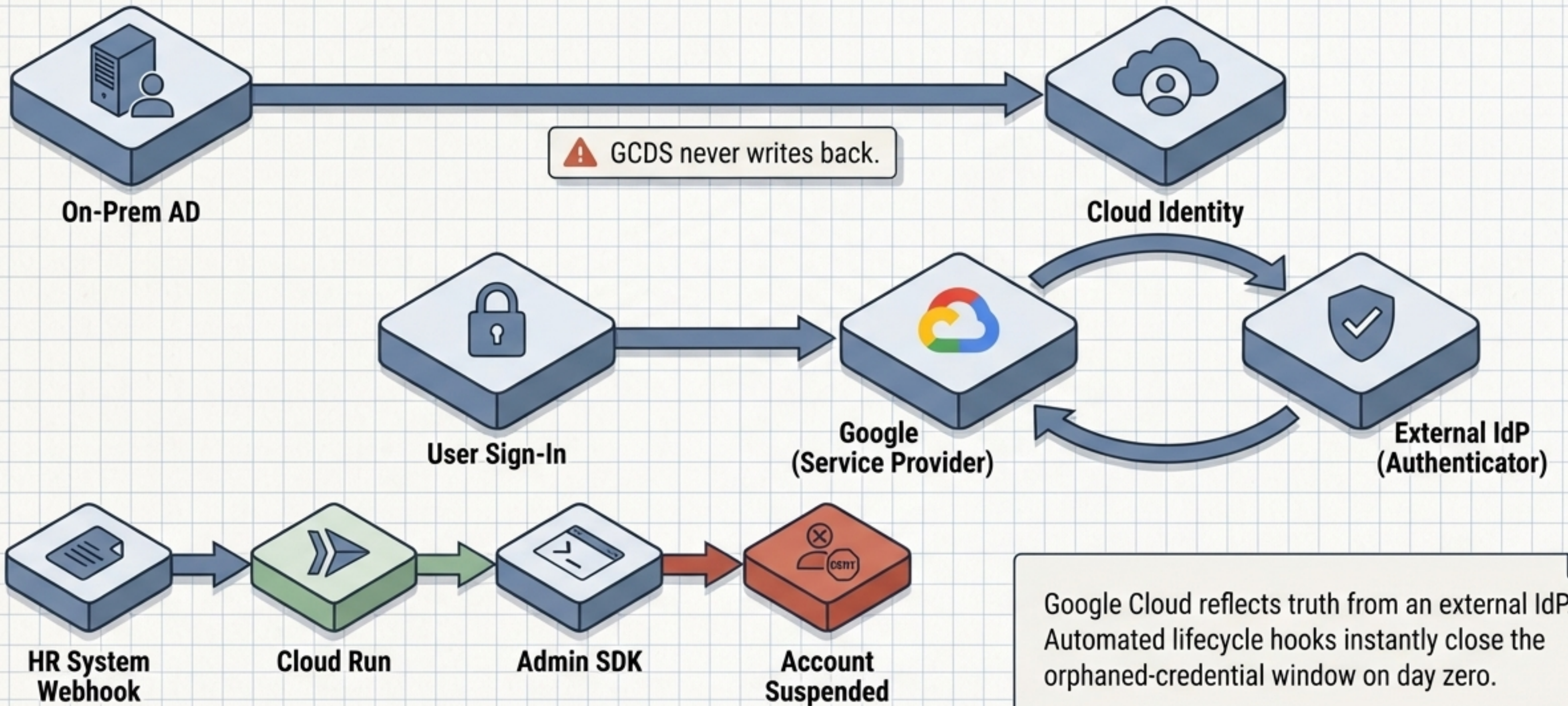
Access is an equation of **identity, context, permissions, and boundaries.**







True cloud security requires interlocking all four quadrants. Manipulating just one component leaves the architecture vulnerable.

Synchronizing external human identity into Google Cloud.

This Daylight Blueprint style uses Inter, body text. Inter Light, for emphasis, and technical terms in Fira Code.



Super Admin accounts require absolute, uncompromising security constraints.

Security Command Panel	
	Hardware Keys Only (FIDO2/Titan) The only 2SV method that defeats real-time phishing.
	No Day-to-Day Use Strictly reserved for organizational recovery and top-level governance.
	Minimum Two Break-Glass Accounts Maintained offline to ensure redundancy during lockouts.
	Zero Application Credentials No associated OAuth tokens or application-specific passwords permitted.

Eliminating standing credentials through identity federation.



Workforce Identity Federation



Target:

Human contractors and temporary employees.



Mechanism:

External IdP (OIDC/SAML) directly mapped to GCP.



Advantage:

Grants access to Google Cloud resources without synchronizing directories or creating user accounts in Cloud Identity.



Workload Identity Federation



Target:

External machines (GitHub Actions, AWS Lambda).



Mechanism:

External platform OIDC/SAML mapped to GCP.



Advantage:

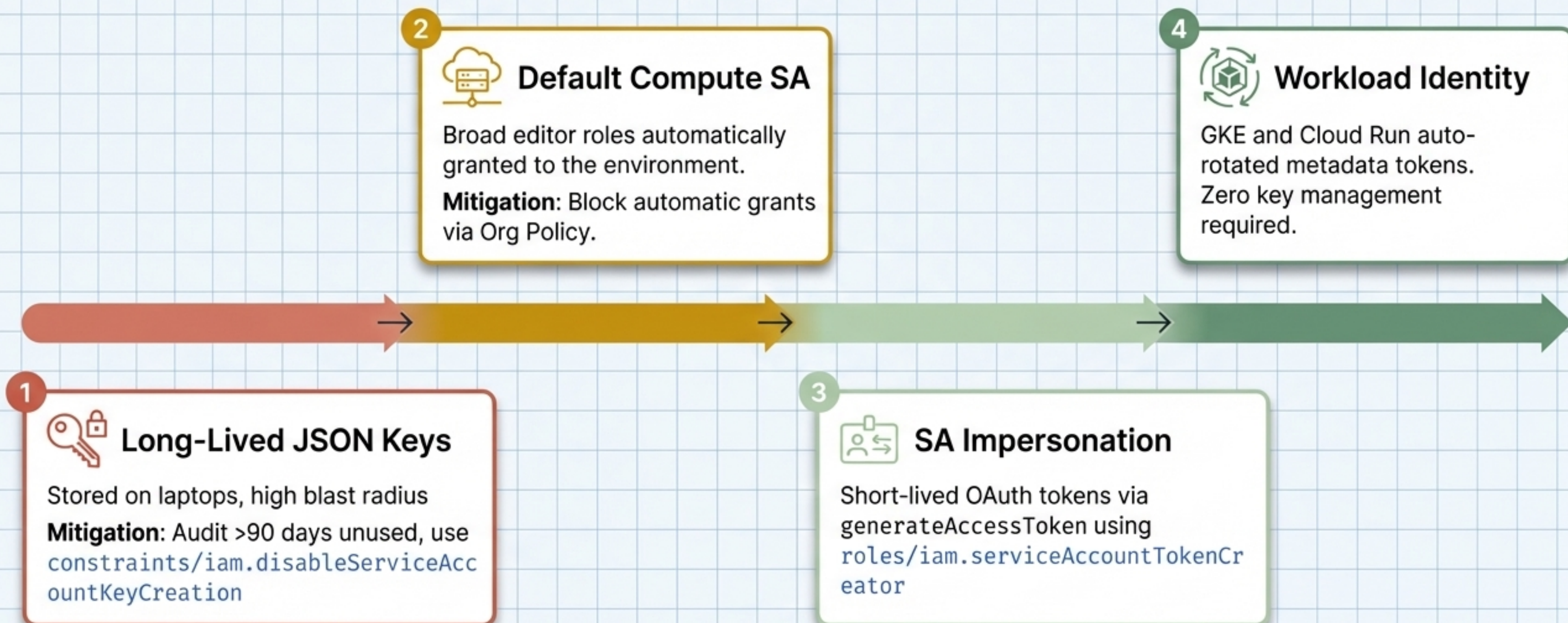
Replaces the need to export, store, and manually rotate persistent JSON service account keys.

Key Takeaway:

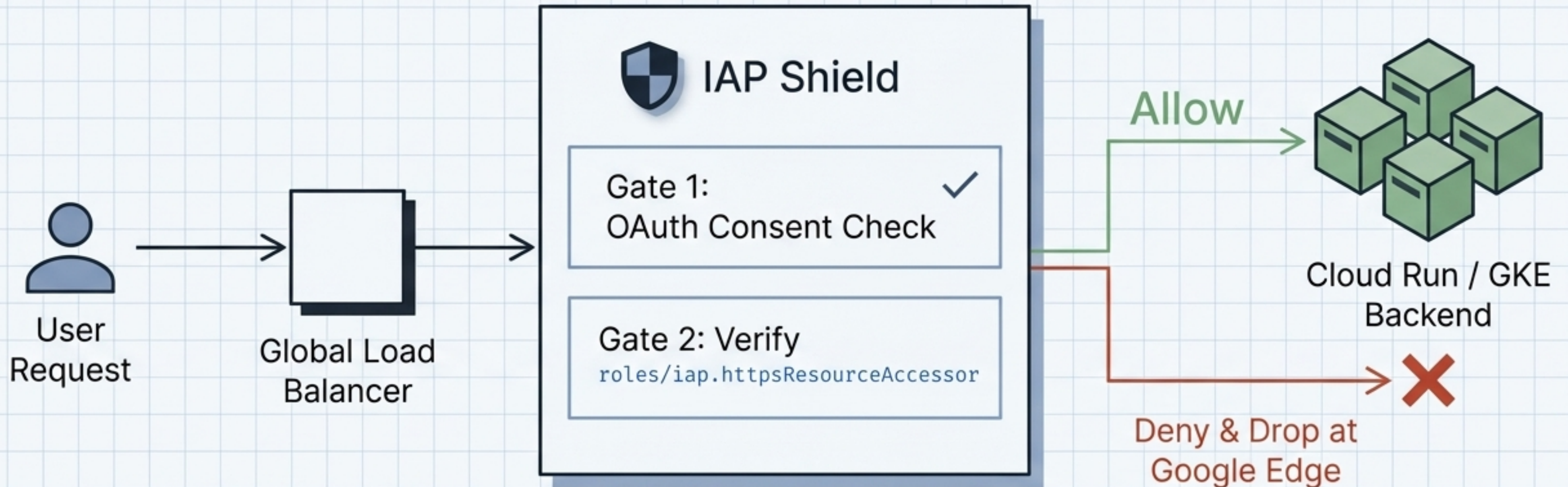
Both frameworks rely on **short-lived, external trust** to eliminate standing accounts and persistent keys within Google Cloud.

Migrating machine access from persistent keys to transient tokens.

RISK SPECTRUM

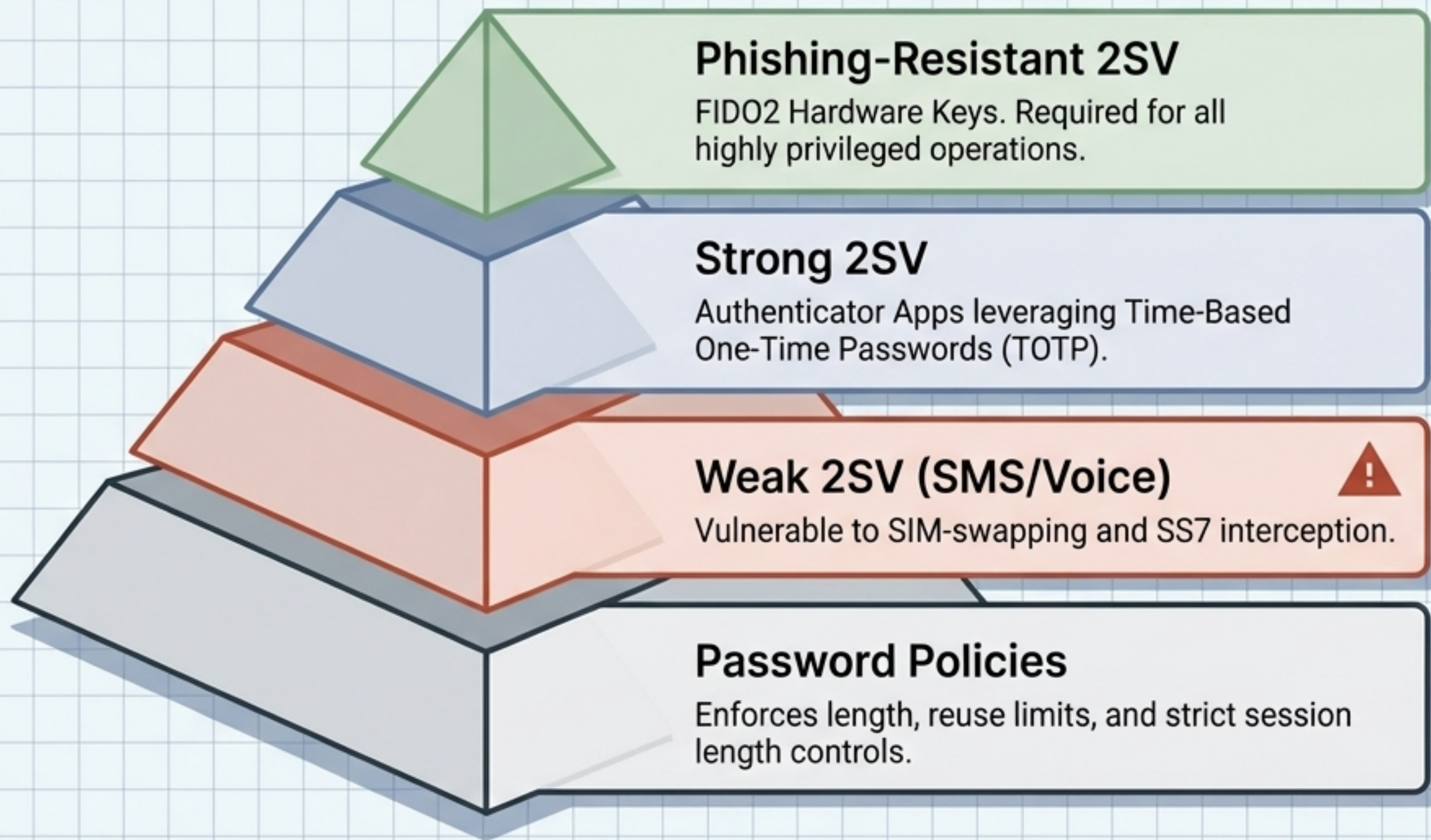


Identity-Aware Proxy enforces zero-trust verification at the network edge.



IAP drops the VPN requirement entirely. Access can be revoked in seconds by updating Google Group memberships, terminating the connection before it reaches the backend.

Authentication strength must scale with account privilege.

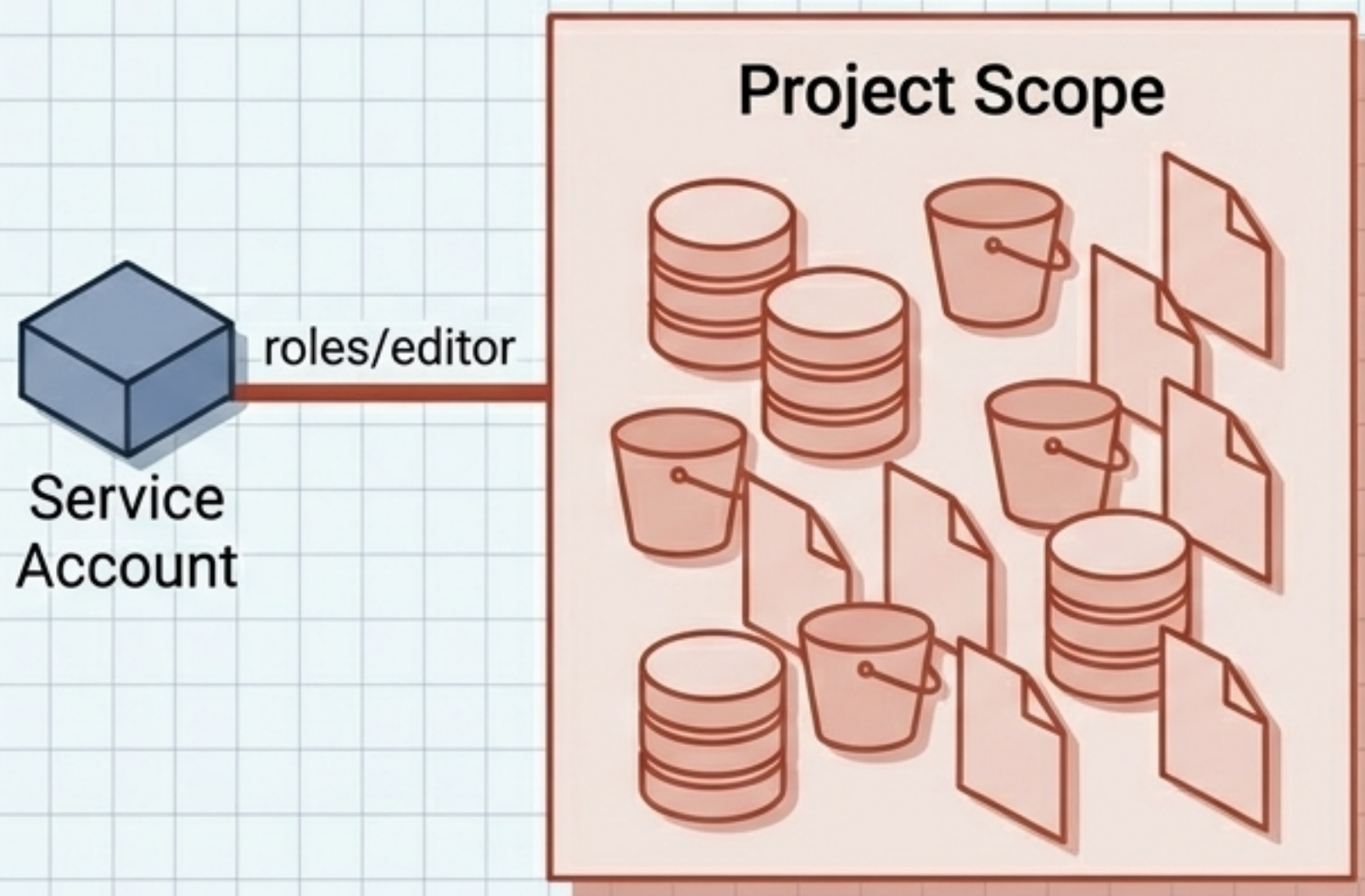


SAML Context

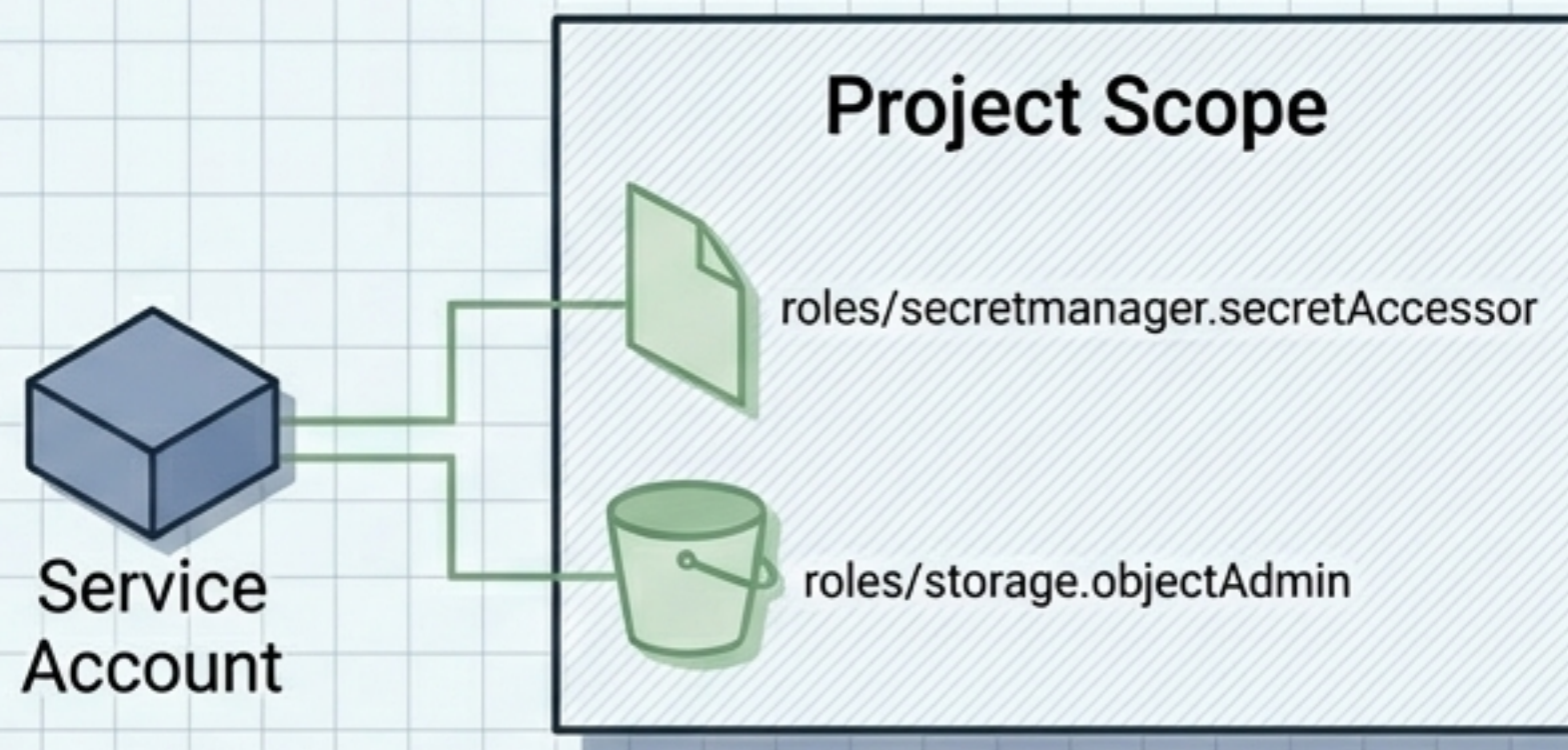
When Google acts as the Identity Provider for third-party applications, it securely asserts these authentication attributes to the Service Provider via a signed SAML assertion.

Least privilege demands resource-level, not project-level, bindings.

✘ Anti-Pattern

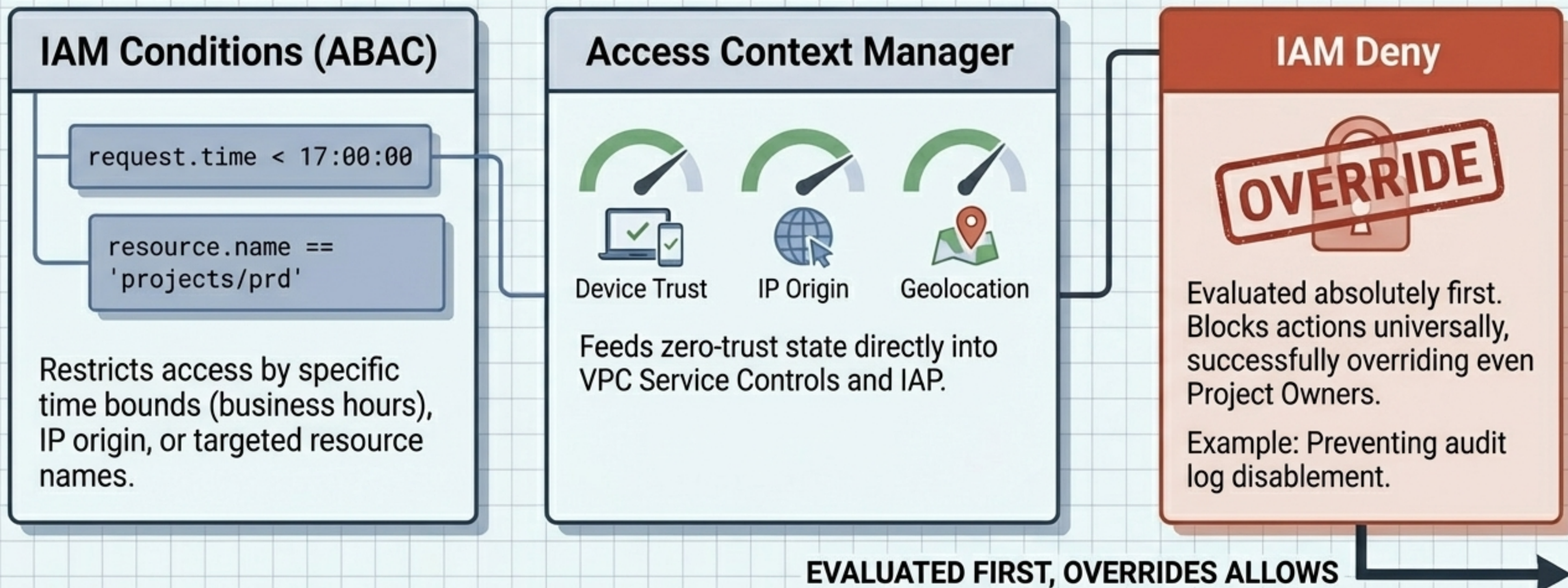


✔ Target Architecture



Uniform Bucket-Level Access must be enabled to prevent legacy per-object ACLs from overriding this strict IAM policy.

Context and explicit denials override standard allow policies.



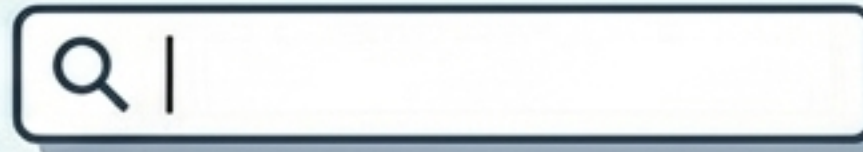
Policy intelligence and Just-In-Time access eliminate standing privileges.

Recommender



90-day usage analysis
Identifies and revokes roles that were granted but left unused.

Analyzer



Queries "Who has access to Resource X?" instantly across the entire organization.

Troubleshooter



Traces policies to explain exactly why a specific permission was allowed or denied.

Privileged Access Manager (PAM)

Request

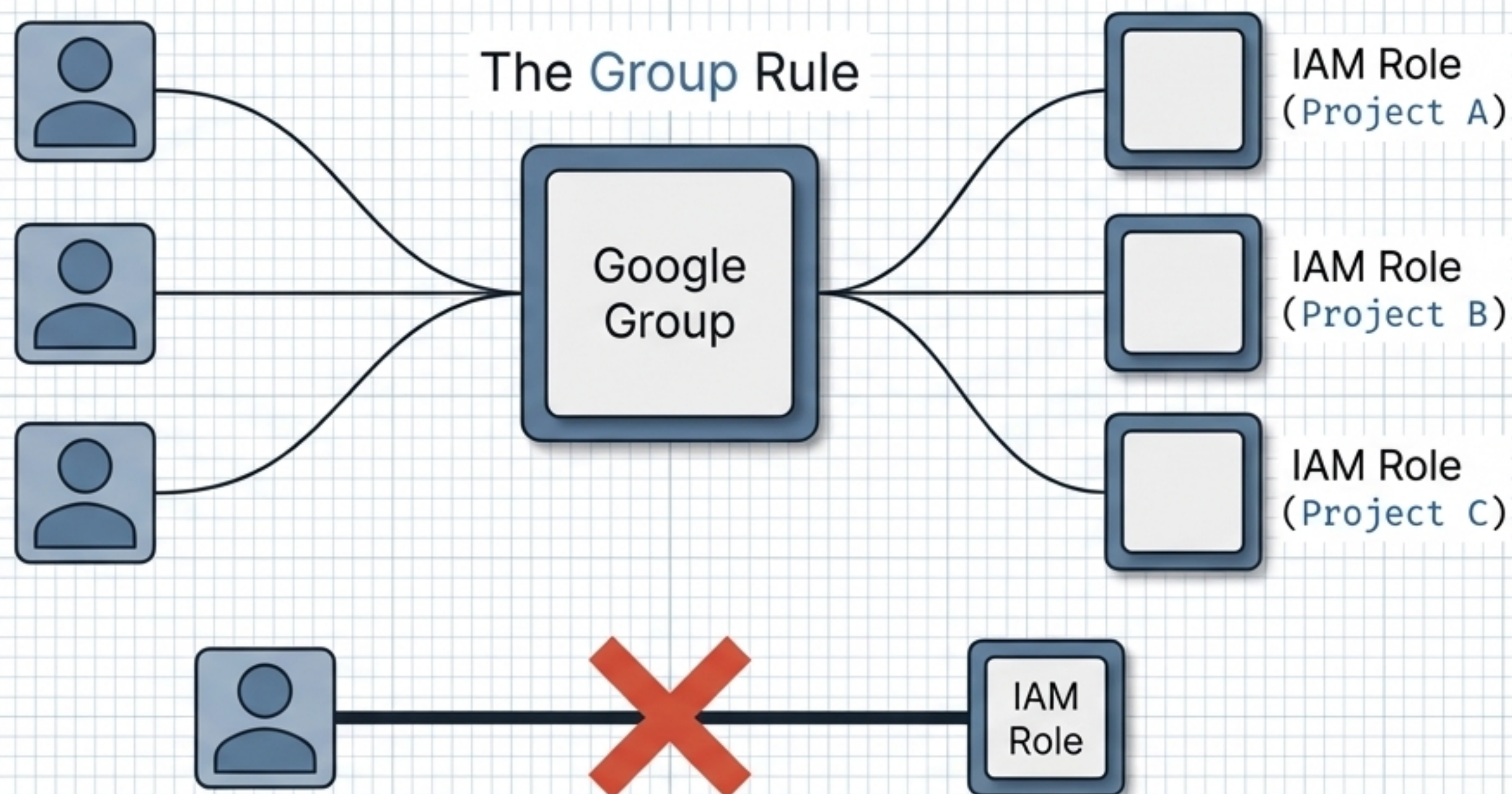
Justification

Approval

Temporary
Role Granted

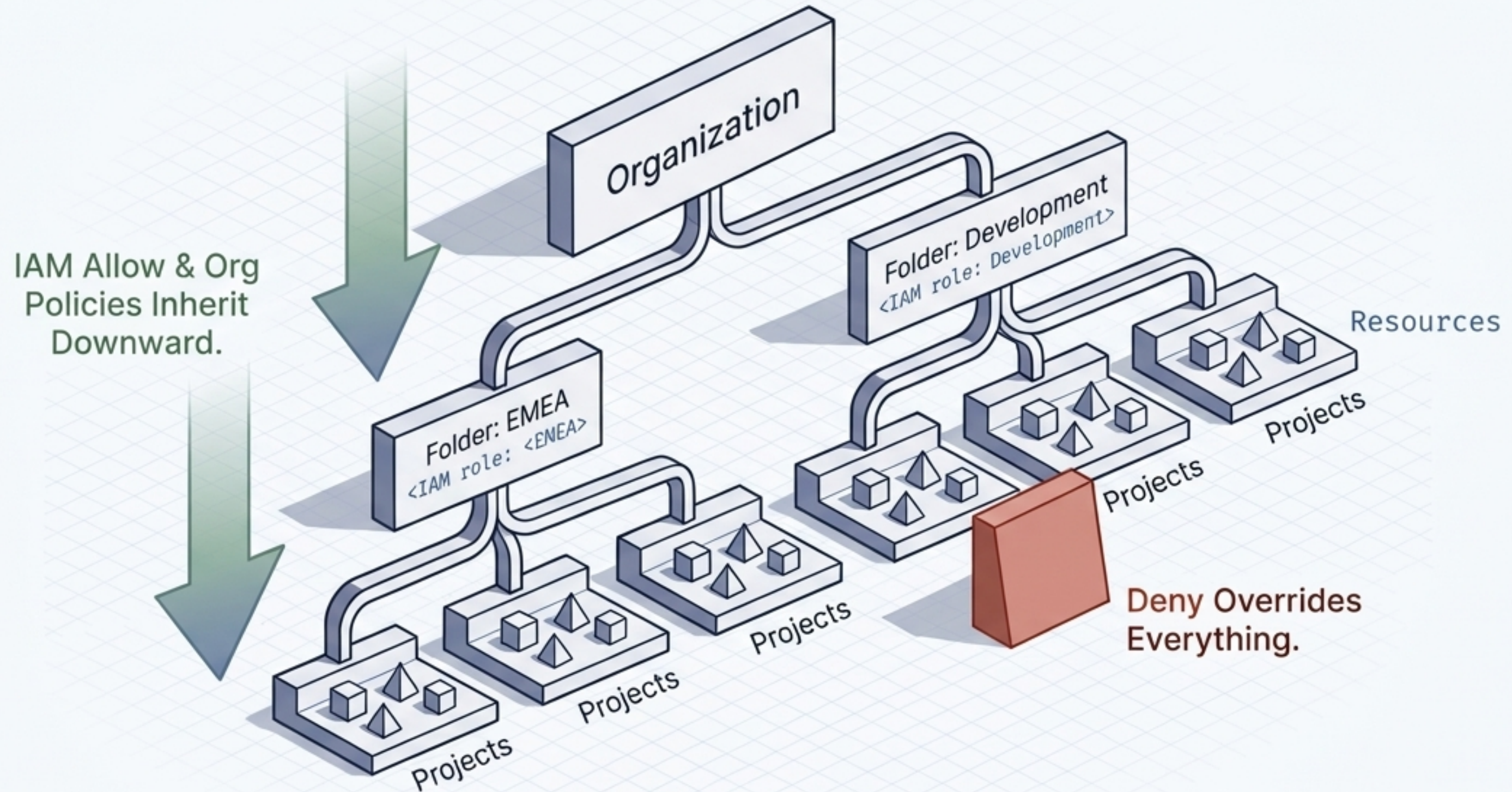
Auto-Expiry
+ Audit Log

Scaling permission management through Google Groups.



Never attach [IAM policies](#) to individual users. Adding a user to a group yields instant, atomic access provisioning. Removing them yields instant, global revocation across all Google Cloud resources.

Security constraints cascade downward through the resource hierarchy.



A developer cannot bypass an organization or folder constraint by modifying a local project's settings. Governance flows from the top.

Organization policies secure the environment before resources are created.

Command Console

Built-in Defenses



`constraints/compute.vmExternalIpAccess`
(Blocks external IPs)



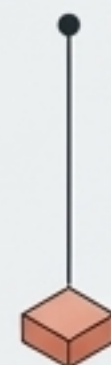
`constraints/gcp.resourceLocations`
(Restricts to specific regions, e.g., EU-only)



`constraints/iam.disableServiceAccountKeyCreation`
(Blocks all new SA keys)

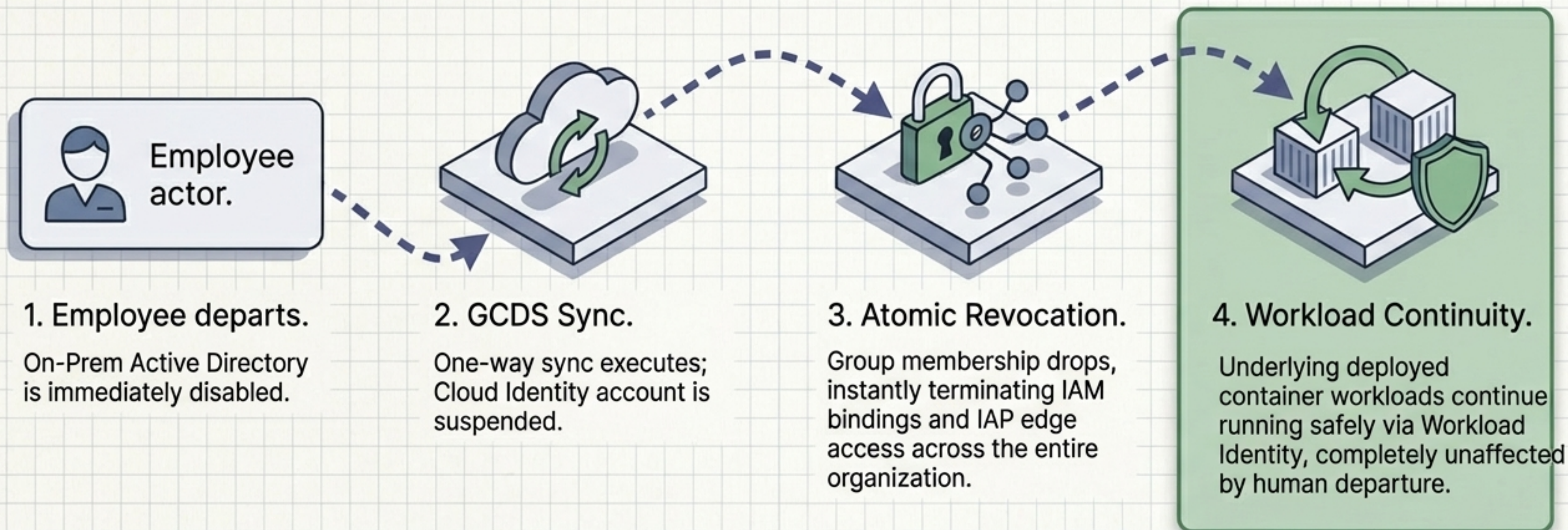
Custom Constraints

```
condition: resource.settings.ipv4Enabled == false  
action: DENY
```



CEL rule explicitly blocking the creation of a Cloud SQL instance if it lacks a private IP.

A properly configured environment automates security through the entire lifecycle.



When identity, authorization, and hierarchy are properly mapped, zero manual cloud intervention is required when human status changes.