

Welcome to the

RenOnBill Final Conference

Session 1: Introduction to on-bill schemes and to the RenOnbill project

5th April 2022, DoubleTree, Brussels and online

#RenOnBillFinalEvent







WELCOME BY THE MODERATOR

Emilio Miguel Mitre

GBCe (AUNA H2020)





- AGENDA

Session 1: Introduction to the EU regulatory context, on-bill and other innovative financing schemes

- 09:00 Welcome by the moderator- Emilio Miguel Mitre, GBCe (AUNA H2020)
- 09:10 Introduction to RenOnBill and on-bill schemes David Pérez, Creara
- 09:20 The EU regulatory context, with a special focus on the proposal for the revision of the EPBD - Thibault Roy, Policy Officer, European Commission
- 09:35 Importance of Integrated Home Renovation Services to support Homeowners and innovative financing schemes - Christophe Milin, Project Officer, European Commission
- 09:50 Keys to implement consumer-friendly OBS in the EU Guillaume Joly (BEUC)
- 10:05 Panel discussion
 Christophe Milin, Project Officer, European Commission
 Guillaume Joly (BEUC)
 Isidoro Tapia, European Investment Bank
 Paolo Michele Sonvilla, adelphi
- 10:30 Coffee break



--- AGENDA

Session 2: The RenOnBill experience: Quo vadis?

- 10:45 Methodology and tool behind the RenOnBill pilots Vincenzo Bianco, UNIGE
- 11:15 On-bill schemes in the EU put into practice Presentations from the three RenOnBill partner utilities Feníe (ES), Bluenergy (IT), Kauno (LT)
- 11:45 Strategic and regulatory recommendations on the way forward Lukáš
 Dravecký, BPIE
- 12:00 Panel discussion
 José Maria Marcos, Feníe (Spain)
 Rimas Perevičius, Kauno energija (Lithuania)
 Carlo Chittaro, Bluenergy (Italy)
 Joost Declerck, Belfius Bank (BE)
 Vincenzo Bianco (UNIGE)
- 12:25 Conclusions David Pérez, Creara
- 12:30 Lunch and networking
- 13:30 END

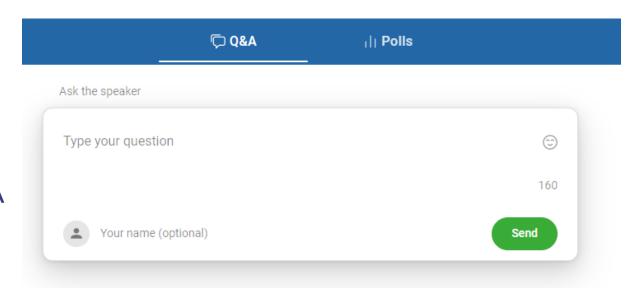


HOW TO ASK QUESTIONS?

A few technicalities

For the attendees on spot:

- Go to slido.com
- Insert this code: 335966
- Type your questions under Q&A



For the remote attendees:

Type your question in the chat box next to the live stream video



The Spanish permanent multilateral Smart Finance FORUM for Smart Buildings

LC-SC3-B4E-12-2020

National roundtables to implement the Smart Finance for Smart Buildings initiative

Coordination: Emilio Miguel Mitre Green Building Council España













































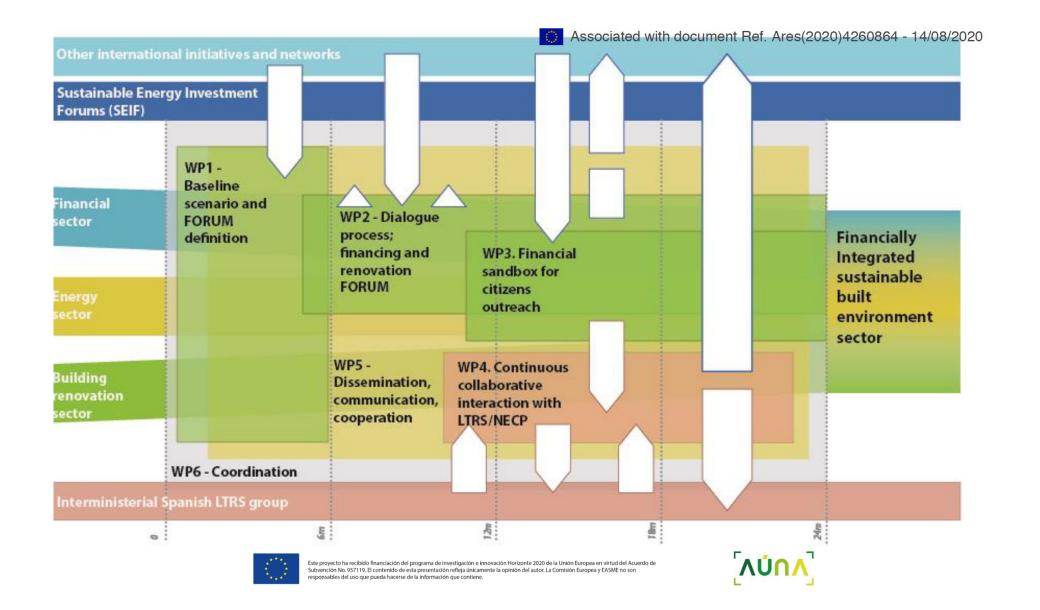












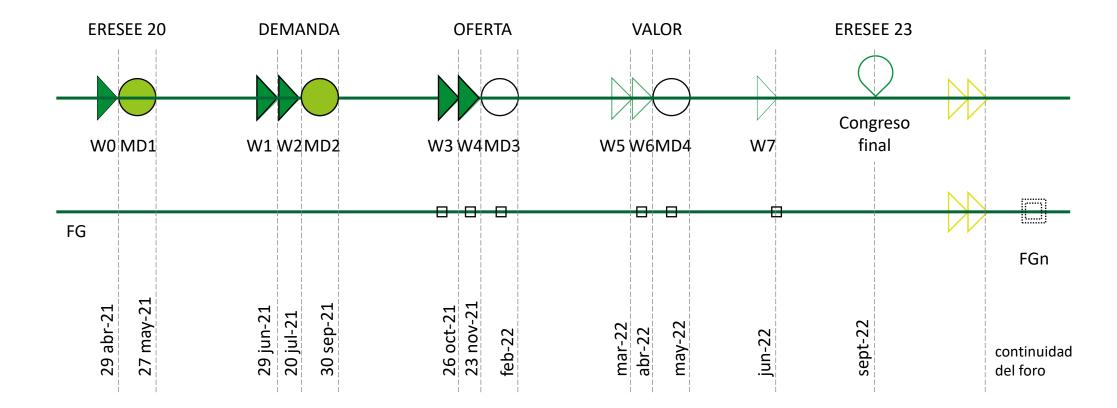
From traditional financing to innovative financial instruments

Traditional		Innovative	Difficulty	Potential
	1	Utility on-bill repayment (repayment linked to the energy bill)		
	Private financing schemes 3	 EPC master forfaiting (acquisition from the ESCO of accounts receivables from EPC contracts) 	•	
Consumer		Crowdfunding (technological platforms allowing collective investmentor lending)		X
loans		• Energy Service Agreements (Energy Performance based contracts with financier as a service provider who does the investment, retains ownership and is reponsible for operation; repament by energy supply		_
B Mortgages		 Metered energy efficiency transaction structures (MEETS) (Financier becomes the energy tenant by leasing the energy use of the building to the owner) On tax repayment (Private financing attached to property with repayment through the muncipality, PACE) 		
C Leases		Green bank model (Varios lending forms always with the purpose to catalyze sustainable investments)		_
		 Public risk-sharing mechanisms (first loss, partial or total credit guarantee through a portfolio with public funds) 		
	Public financing	Total tax deduction (Transferable tax deduction on personal income or corporate tax)		
	schemes	 Energy savings-based public financing (Public financing advanded by the public and repaid at a 2,5% over a 15to25 year period) 		





Eventos del foro



W: webinario

MD: mesa de debate

FG: Focus Group

- Exposición de mejores prácticas (preparación de MDs)
- Diálogos con expertos de las materias de debate
- Reuniones de diálogo enfocado a la acción con vecinos motivados











ERESEE 2020:

y in **o**

marco de financiación en el contexto















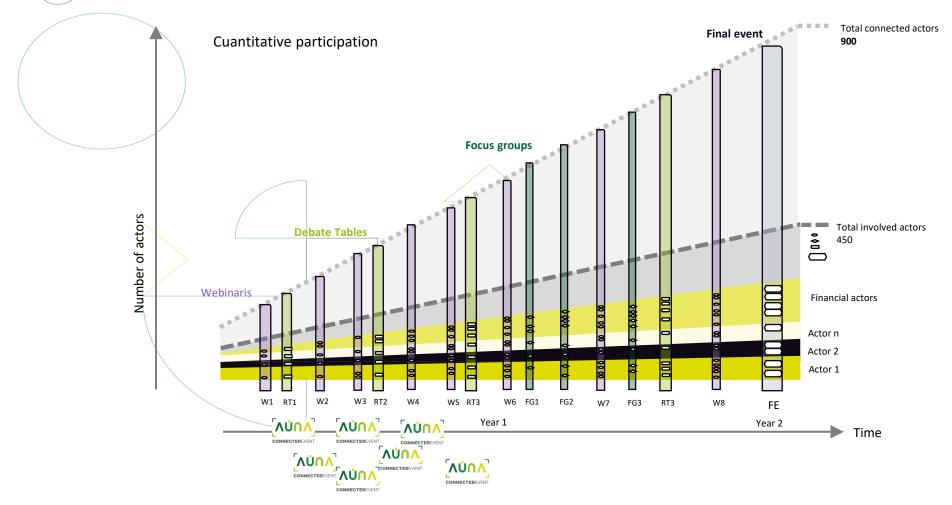








Evolution of the FORUM

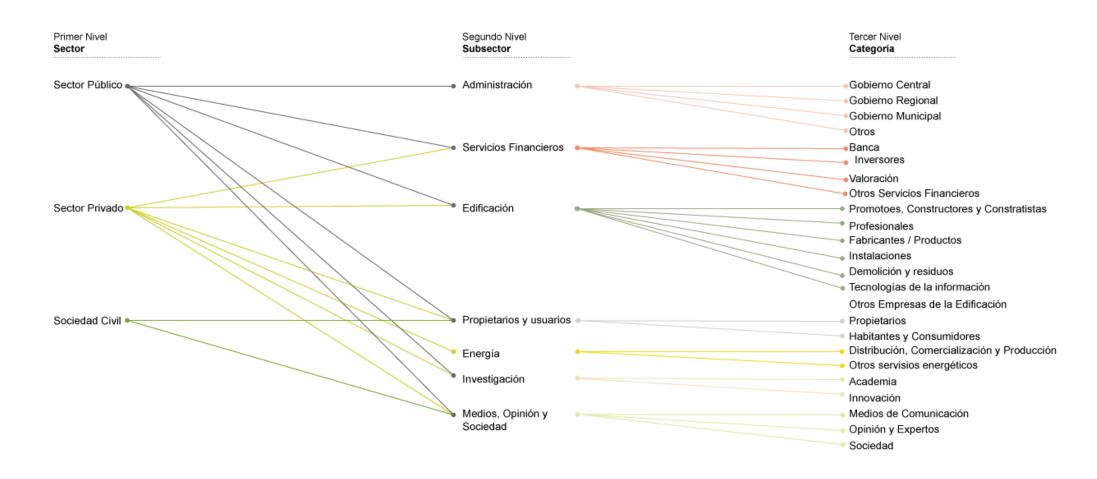


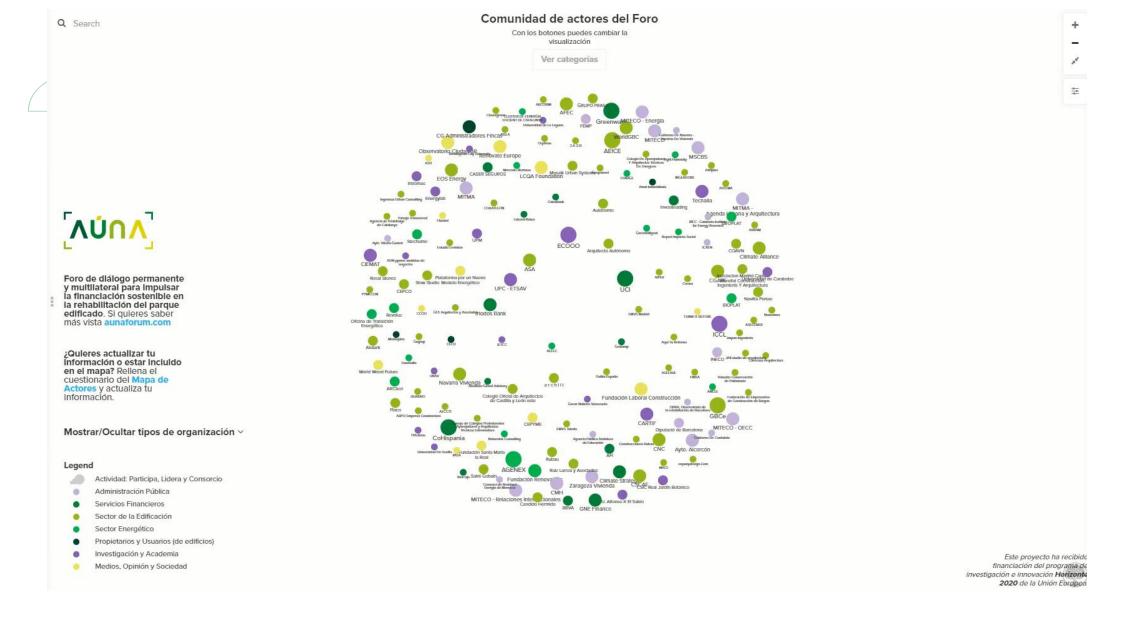




Community of actors

3 sectors, 7 subsectors, 23 categories and 102 subcategories to ascertain representation and scalabolity.







web: https://www.aunaforum.com/mapa-de-actores/

Este proyecto ha recibido financiación del programa de investigación e innovación Horizonte 2020 de la Unión Europea en virtud del Acuerdo de Subvención No. 957119. El contenido de esta presentación refleja únicamente la opinión del autor. La Comisión Europea y EASME no son responsables del uso que pueda hacerse de la información que contiene.









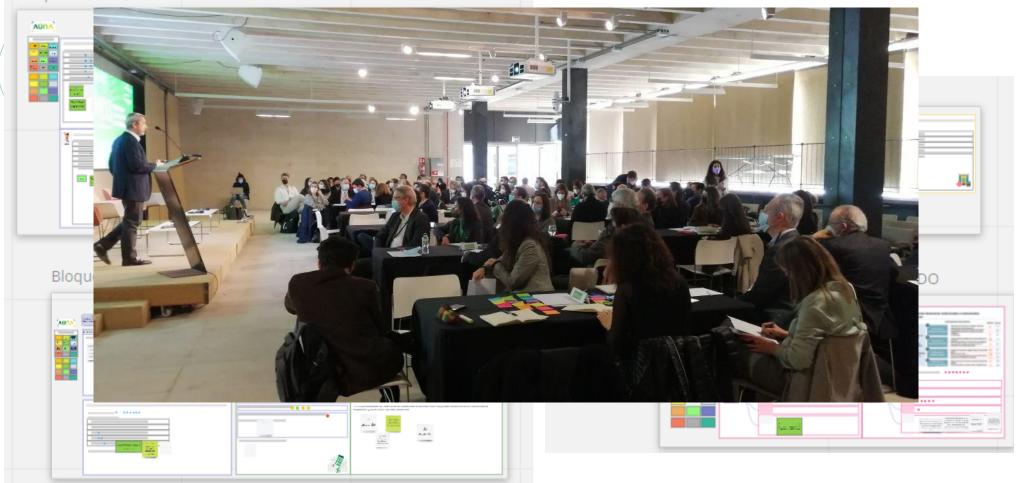






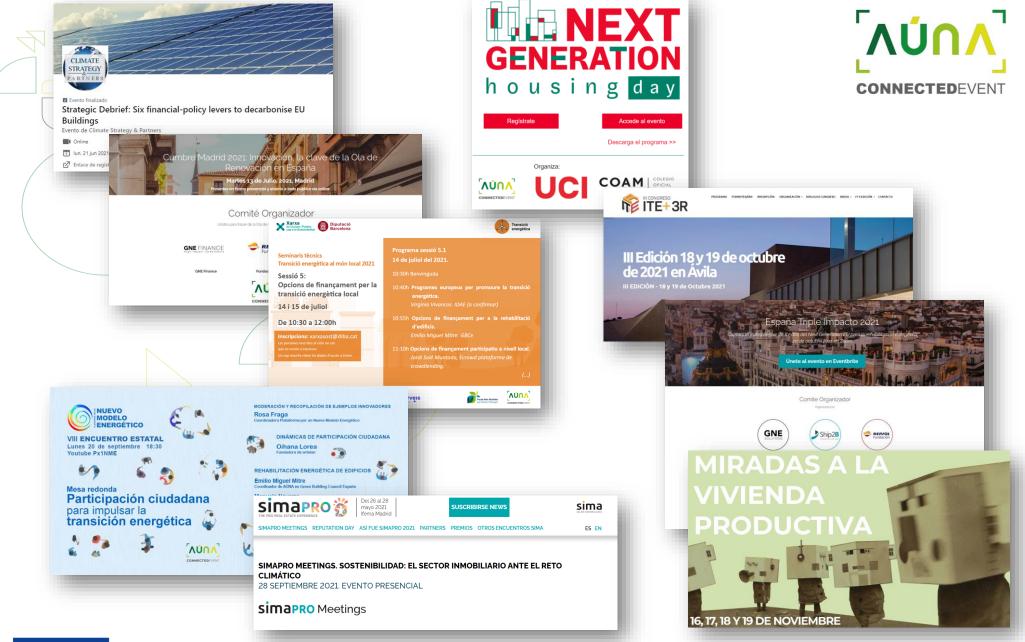
Debate Tables – MD2 - 3





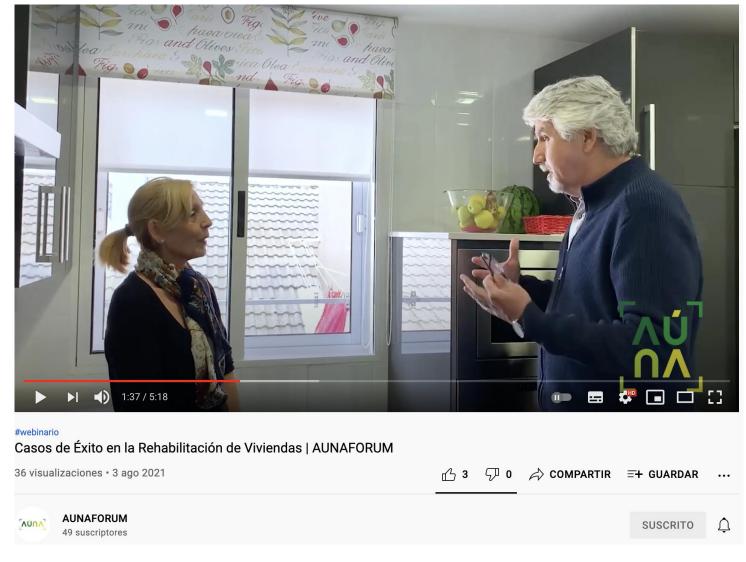












Rehabilitación 133 viviendas en Valladolid. 30 años después





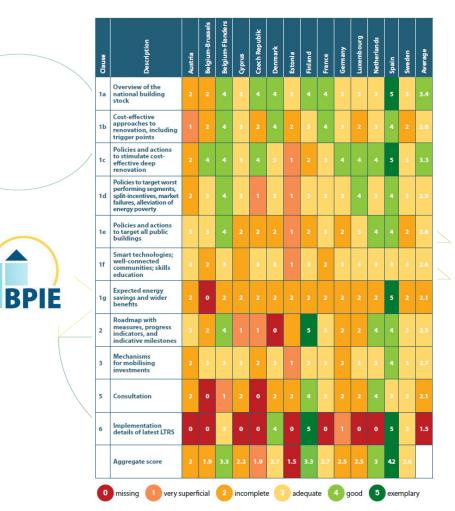








EVOLUTION



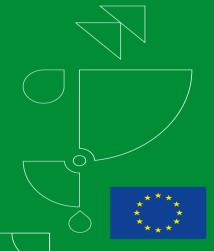








emilio.miguelmitre@gbce.es





- INTRODUCTION TO RENONBILL AND ON-BILL SCHEMES

David Pérez

Creara





Opening speech

RenOnBill Final Conference

5th April 2022 | 9.00 - 14.00 CET

David Pérez | dpn@creara.es www.renonbill.eu





Market and policy context for the RenOnBill project

Market context

- Only 11% of the EU existing building stock undergoes some level of renovation each year (but very rarely it addresses energy performance)
- The weighted annual energy renovation rate is ca. 1%.
- Deep renovations (that reduce energy consumption by at least 60%) are carried out only in 0.2% of the building stock per year

Objectives

- The Commission has launched in 2020 the "Renovation Wave", a strategy to improve these figures
- The objective is to at least double the annual energy renovation rate of residential and non-residential buildings by 2030 and to foster deep energy renovations.
- This will result in **35 million building** units renovated by 2030.



Market and policy context for the RenOnBill

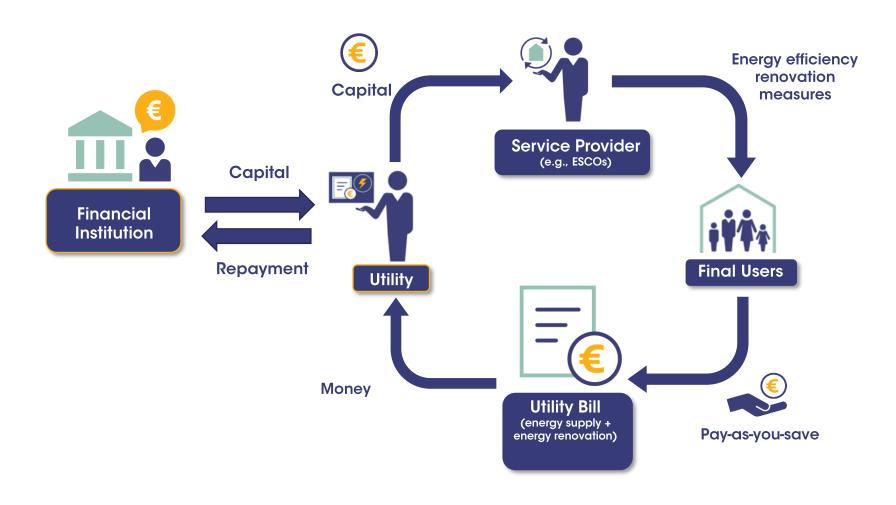
Areas of intervention

- Strengthening information, legal certainty and incentives for owners and tenants
- Ensuring adequate and well-targeted funding
- Increasing the capacity to prepare and implement projects
- Promoting comprehensive and integrated renovation interventions
- Making the construction ecosystem fit to deliver sustainable renovation
- Using renovation as a lever to address energy poverty and access to healthy housing
- Promoting the decarbonisation of H&C

- Building renovation services + energy efficiency services will generate an attractive business proposition
 - Private financing will be promoted
- National governments can:
 - reduce risk perception and scale up market incentives
 - explore innovative financing solutions: on-tax, on-bill schemes, property-linked finance and taxation tools
- **Utilities and ESCOs** can provide:
 - support in terms of ideas and financing
 - promote the aggregation of small projects



Snapshot of ON-BILL SCHEMES



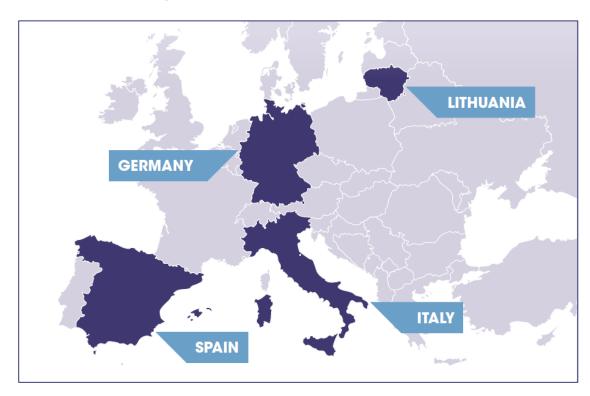
Main advantages

- No upfront payment for the final user
- Possibility for utilities and banks to deal with very fragmented customer base
- Flexibility to deal with defaults



THE RENONBILL PROJECT

RenOnBill promotes the development and implementation of **on-bill schemes** in Europe, to scale-up investments towards **deep energy renovations** of residential buildings.



Focus countries | Italy, Lithuania, Spain, Germany

Client | European Commission - CINEA

Funding | Horizon 2020 (1,66 Million Euros)

Project duration | 2019 - 2022



The RenOnBill partners

Pilot utilities

Energy-specialised business consultants

Energy-specialised Researchers / Think tanks











The RenOnBill results

The work

- >200 person-months devoted
- 46 interviews with stakeholders
- 10 internal meetings / workshops
- Creation of platforms in 4 focus countries
- Communication work:
 - Project website (>7,000 visitors)
 - 1,350 **downloads** from website
 - 4 scientific articles published
 - 350 followers on **Twitter**
 - Presentations held in 14 events
 - 5 **newsletter** to 1,400 contacts (25% rate)

Results

- Improved knowledge:
 - Analysis of building renovation market and replicability potential for OBS
 - Relevant details/issues about real-life implementation of an OBS business plan (guidelines)
 - Ways to improve regulation so that OBS become a reality in Europe (national roadmaps)
- Specialised and open-source tool analysing Technical & Economic features of Energy Renovations using OB financing



Winner of the EUSEW Citizen's award



- EU Sustainable Energy Week
- Citizen's award2021



THANK YOU!

David Pérez | dpn@creara.es www.renonbill.eu





— THE EU REGULATORY CONTEXT

WITH A SPECIAL FOCUS ON THE PROPOSAL FOR THE REVISION OF THE EPBD

Thibault Roy

Policy Officer, European Commission







Delivering on the European Green Deal and Fit for 55

The EU regulatory context focus on the proposal for the revision of the EPBD

RenOnBill Final conference



Thibault Roy

European Commission, ENER/B - Just Transition, Consumers, Energy Efficiency and Innovation
Unit ENER B.3 – Buildings and products

Outline

- Objectives
- Barriers to renovation
- > EPBD proposal
- Complementarities with other proposals
- > Financing including on-bill potential





Objectives

Twofold objective:

- → Contribute to reducing buildings' GHG emissions and final energy consumption by 2030
- → Provide a long-term vision for buildings and ensure an adequate contribution to achieving climate neutrality in 2050

Climate Target Plan: by 2030 the EU should reduce buildings':

- > GHG emissions by 60%
- > final energy consumption by 14%



Barriers to renovation

- Economic and financial barriers
- Information and behavioural barriers
- Administrative barriers
- Technical barriers
- Organisational barriers





EPBD proposal (1/3)

- Minimum Energy Performance Standards (MEPS)
 - Union-wide MEPS to phase out worst-performing buildings
 - Public and other non-residential buildings: at least EPC class F by 2027 & EPC class E by 2030
 - Residential buildings: at least EPC class F by 2030 & EPC class E by 2033
 - + 'national MEPS'





EPBD proposal (2/3)

- Zero emission buildings (ZEBs)
 - Benchmarks per climatic zones, to be applied by 2030 (2027 for public buildings)
 - On-site renewables, efficient district heating and energy communities
 - Zero-emission buildings become the level to be attained by a deep renovation as of 2030





EPBD proposal (3/3)

Energy Performance Certificates (EPCs)

- By 2025, harmonised scale of energy performance classes (from A to G, with A = ZEB and G = 15% worst buildings)
- Common template with energy and GHG indicators
- Database and access to data





Complementarities with other proposals

Complementarities with EED

- Need for targets
- Exemplary role of public sector

Complementarities with new ETS

- Decarbonisation of heating and cooling
- Addressing the different barriers to renovation





Financing – including on-bill potential

Regulatory provisions on financing

- Innovative financing
- Focus on deep renovations

On-bill potential

- Time to scale-up
- Legal basis for this







IMPORTANCE OF INTEGRATED HOME RENOVATION SERVICES TO SUPPORT HOMEOWNERS

Christophe Milin

Project Adviser LIFE Energy + LIFE Climate, CINEA







Importance of Integrated Home Renovation Services to support Homeowners

Towards the implementation of on-bill and other innovative financing schemes for upscaling energy renovation in the EU

5th April 2022, RenOnBill Final conference

Christophe MILIN, Project Adviser LIFE Energy + LIFE Climate, CINEA

Collective ambitions

Climate neutrality by 2050

For buildings:

- Doubling renovation rates
- Mainstreaming low energy renovation





The human factor behind home renovation



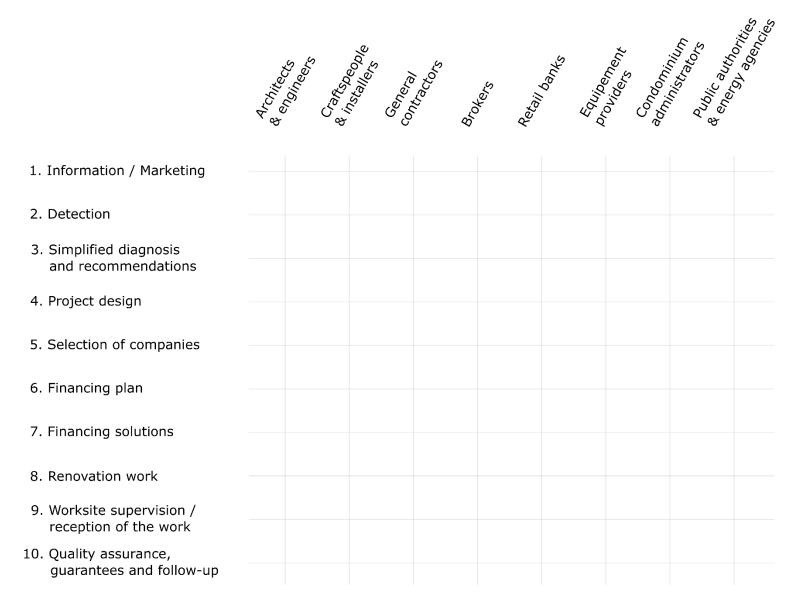
Source: YouTube.con

- Most residential buildings belong to non-professional individuals
- Lack of demand for home renovation: not only incentivize or constrain, but also facilitate
- Households will not "build capacity": you won't renovate so many homes in a lifetime
- no lack of market participants
 ... but absence of coordination
 - ... and diverging interests

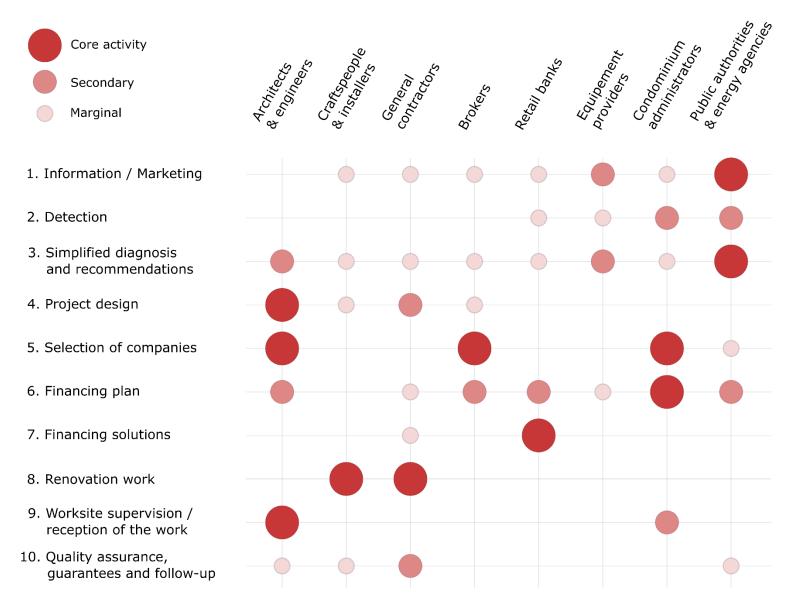


- 1. Information / Marketing
- 2. Detection
- 3. Simplified diagnosis and recommendations
- 4. Project design
- 5. Selection of companies
- 6. Financing plan
- 7. Financing solutions
- 8. Renovation work
- 9. Worksite supervision / reception of the work
- 10. Quality assurance, guarantees and follow-up

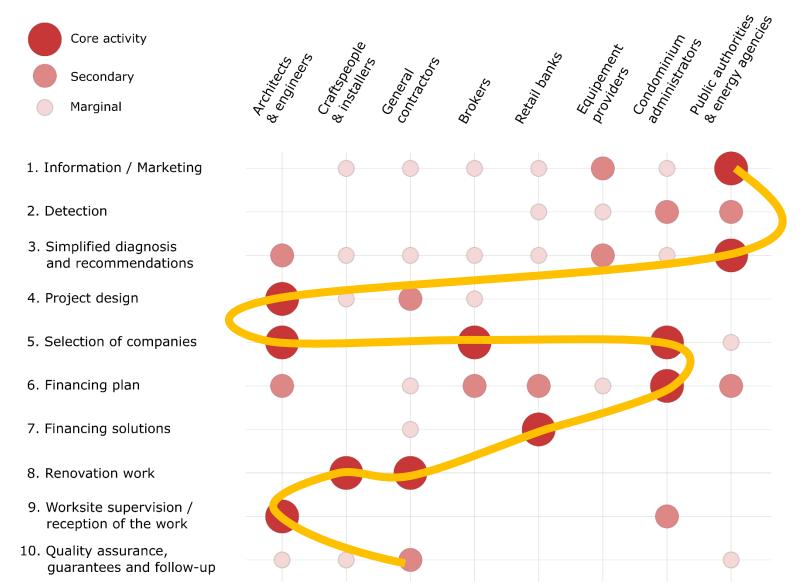








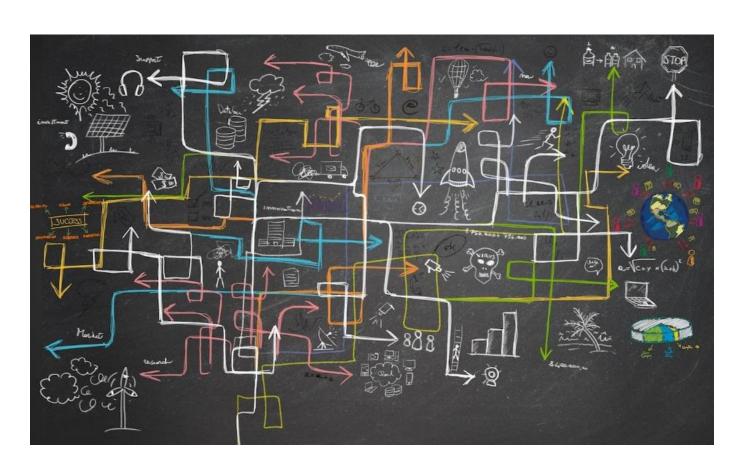






"Integrated home renovation services"

- Start from homeowners' point of view: what is the customer journey of home renovation?
- Coordinate / combine / integrate the services provided by private and public players
- Take on tasks for which homeowners are not equipped
- Indispensable to upscale low-energy renovations





Analytical framework along the "customer journey"

- 3 main models:
 - 'Advice' model: focused on the upstream part of the journey
 - ➤ 'Support' model: extended Architect's mandate, covering the whole journey
 - 'Implementation' model: combining design and renovation work
- Mainly heuristic, based on the observation of pilot initiatives across Europe
- Easy to distinguish in generic terms...
 ...much less clear when getting into the details

More details in Milin & Bullier 2021.

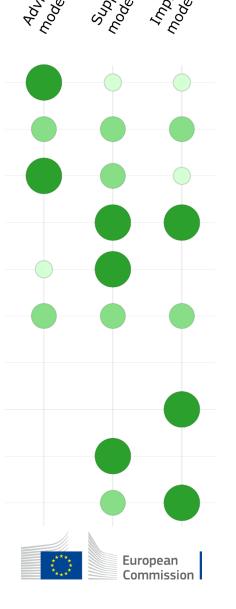
Towards large-scale roll out of "integrated home renovation services" in Europe. Proceedings of the ECEEE Summer Study 2021







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'Advice' model

focused on the upstream part of the journey

- Information and marketing
 - > Largest audience, messages not specifically tailored
 - Raise homeowners' awareness...
 - > ... but also disseminate new social norms
- Detection of prospective homeowners (house buyers!)
- Simplified diagnosis, recommendations and financing plan (focused on investment, not on investor)
- 'Light support' in selecting contractors or retail banks (e.g. directory of companies, labels, certifications,...)
- Hardly a business case: is the 'advice' model rather a public service?





2. Detection

3. Simplified diagnosis and recommendations

4. Project design

5. Selection of companies

6. Financing plan

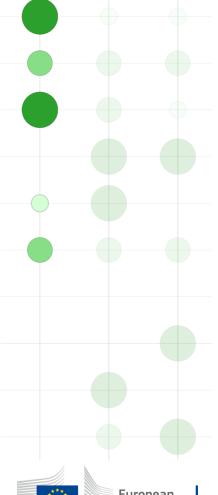
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'Support' model

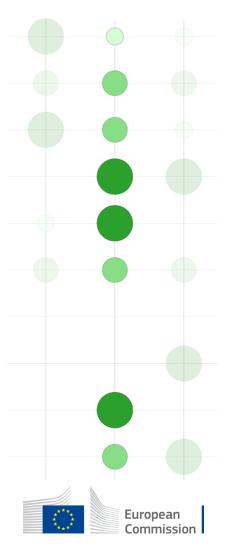
Extended Architect's mandate, covering the whole journey

- Beyond the 'comfort zone' of most public actors:
 - > Engaged in market activities, incurring professional liability
 - > Fully involved in project design (e.g. drafting specifications)
 - Support in selecting companies and negotiating prices (incl. training and prequalification)
 - ➤ Worksite supervision and reception of work
 - ➤ Quality assurance and follow-up after renovation
- Tipping point between 'advice' and 'support' models?
 - ➤ Pay for the services provided?
 - Signature of a service contract?
 - ➤ Physical visit to carry out the audit?
 - > Open to interpretation by a judge, in case of litigation





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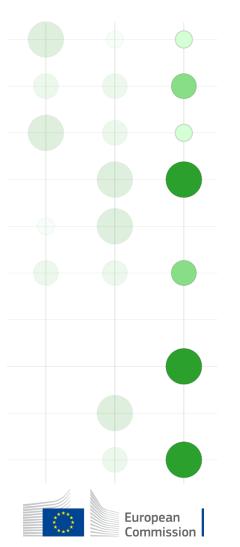
'Implementation' model combining design and renovation work

- Turnkey contractor: designs and implements
 - ➤ Likely leads a consortium or uses subcontractor(s)
 - Selects professionals and imposes choice on homeowners
 - ➤ Profit on work may lead to cheaper advice?
- Typically where the ESCO model belongs, but not only
 - > Quality assurance can cover the whole value chain
 - ➤ Intrinsic performance or savings guarantee?
- Existence of a vested interest (tipping point)
 - > Interest in the nature and amount of work recommended
 - ➤ Support provided upstream perceived as less impartial?





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Some project examples









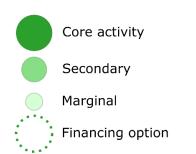




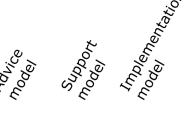


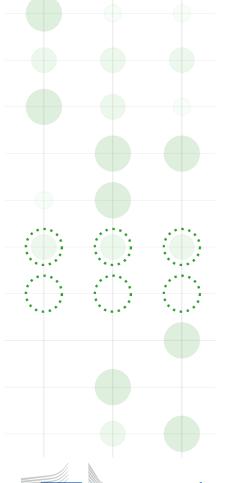
What about financing?

- "Option" rather than 4th model
- More likely on top of support or implementation models
- Standalone offer requires appropriate legal framework
- Other financing services to consider:
 - > Support in accessing public grants
 - > Pre-financing of public grants
 - > Pre-qualification for a retail bank financing offer
- Additional financial engineering is being explored (e.g. subsidized loans, Guarantee Fund, Home-based financing, ...)



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Home-based financing?

- Debt attached to the property:
 - via a Property Registry (see EuroPACE (ES))
 - via local taxes
 (see FitHome (NL) and PACE in USA)
 - via the energy bill (see RenOnBill (ES, IT, LT))
- Debt may be transferred to a new owner upon sale

- Overcome the aversion for long-term commitment
- Open up new possibilities for debt recovery
 - including the possible intervention of public authorities
 - minimising risk of non-payment



Ren-On-Bill

Residential building energy renovations with on-bill financing (ES, IT, LT, DE) - Completed



- Innovative Financing Solution
- Combine Analysis and Pilot implementation
- Participation of energy utilities
- Well supported by market actors
- Large potential for upscale and replication





















Conclusions

- IHRS are essential to move towards climate goals
- Findings from frontrunners must be further harvested, analysed and debated
 - ➤ <u>LIFE-2021-CET-HOMERECOM</u>
- Public funds should support the multiplication of initiatives
 - ➤ <u>LIFE-2021-CET-HOMERENO</u>
- Build the capacity of local actors to develop and operate such schemes, on a large scale
 - > MANAGENERGY



Source: Chris Brooks on Flickr.com



To go further...

- Milin C., Bullier A. (2021). Towards large-scale roll out of "integrated home renovation services" in Europe. Proceedings of the ECEEE Summer Study 2021.
- AnPost (IE): https://www.anpost.com/Green-Hub/Home-Energy-Upgrade-Service
- Arec occitanie (FR): https://www.arec-occitanie.fr
- Artéé (FR): https://www.artee.fr/
- C-real (BE): https://www.c-real.be
- Easycopro (BE): https://www.easycopro.be
- Energy efficient mortgage initiative: https://energyefficientmortgages.eu
- Europace: https://www.europace2020.eu/
- Facirénov (FR): https://www.facirenov.fr
- Fithome (NL): https://www.fithomeproject.eu
- Hauskunft (AT): https://www.hauskunft-wien.at
- Hauts-de-France pass renovation (FR): https://www.pass-renovation.hautsdefrance.fr
- Holadomus (ES): https://www.holadomus.com

- Houseenvest (ES): https://renuevatucasa.eu
- Île-de-France énergies (FR): https://www.iledefranceenergies.fr
- Innovate: http://www.financingbuildingrenovation.eu/
- Oktave (FR): https://www.oktave.fr
- Opengela (ES): https://opengela.eus/
- Orfee (FR): https://orfee-project.com
- Padova fit (IT): https://www.padovafit.eu
- Proretro (DE): https://proretro.eu
- Reimarkt (NL): https://reimarkt.nl
- Renohub (HU): https://renohub-h2020.eu
- Renonbill (ES, IT, LT): https://www.renonbill.eu
- Save the homes (ES, NL): https://savethehomes.org
- Sheerenov (BG): https://sheerenov.eu/
- Sunshine (LV): https://sharex.lv
- Superhomes (IE): https://superhomes.ie/
- Turnkey retrofit (ES, FR, IE): https://www.turnkey-retrofit.eu

Thank you



- KEYS TO IMPLEMENT CONSUMER-FRIENDLY OBS IN THE EU

Guillaume Joly BEUC







The Consumer Voice in Europe

On-bill schemes and energy efficiency

Keys to implement consumer-friendly OBS in the EU

BEUC presentation to the RenOnbill final conference April the 5th - 2022



BEUC - the European Consumer Organisation

- BEUC work on Energy consumers rights need out-ofsilos workstream: envelope and heating retrofit, financing.
- Context: renovation wave Fit for 55 package.
- Observation food for thoughts
- Need for innovation on financial instruments
- Need for innovative protection of consumers
- Need to address the Private Rented Sector and the split incentives: if we can make it there, we can make it anywhere



<u>Split incentives in the Private Rented Sector</u> (PRS)

- PRS mainly covers two kinds of profiles: tenants and landlords.
- Both profiles are consumers and need impartial support, to assess situations at the technical and financial levels.



- Main pitfall: need for bringing the capital up-front
- Tenants would benefit from better comfort and savings
- Landlords would see the value of their property increase
- However, none would have guarantees for rapid return on
 - their investment, nor see the rent evolve accordingly.





Main positive aspects and drawbacks of on-bills schemes for consumer



- In the <u>US and Canada</u>, substantial roll-out these 30 last years
- Positive: OBS linked to the energy meter (or even water meter)
- Positive: works focused on energy efficiency weatherization
- Positive: repayments are folded into the monthly energy bills
- /
- <u>Drawback</u>: repayments should not exceed the savings (golden rule ideal case) or be compensated by increased comfort
- <u>Drawback</u>: high interest rates
- <u>Drawback</u>: disconnection as a collateral



How would on-bill schemes be useful to overcome split incentives?

- No up-front costs paid by neither tenants nor landlords but a third party (energy utilities, private investors).
- Fair split of costs based on Impartial Third Party assessment(s)
- Energy efficiency works' quality ensured by accredited installers
- Lower prices due to economy of scale
- Forbid disconnection while considering housing benefits as a

collateral



Barrier 1 - Lack of Trust

The make or break measure that can create TRUST between stakeholders



- Enabling change: one-stop-shops hosting impartial third party (technical and financial assessments)
- Solution 1 = One-stop-shops



<u>Barrier 2 – Unfit regulatory frameworks for</u> <u>Private Rented Sector (PRS) retrofit</u>

Housing

- Property and tenancy laws don't factor in the energy efficiency of buildings and homes.
- Most tenancy laws state that only the landlords can invest, there is no possibility for third-party yet in most EU countries

Energy

- Billing, financing and regulation and local partnerships not ready yet for on-bill schemes
- Solution 2: Lean on EED and EPBD revisions to add the evolution of Regulatory Frameworks, on top of cap-on-rents





Barrier 3 - Too High Interest rates

- Observed interest rates as high as consumers loans deterrent
- Green Bond Issuance: gap between green projects and issuance and eagerness of investors to find projects
- Lean on aggregation







Barrier 4 – Lack of Local Authorities engagement



- Local authorities and governments need to step-in:
- Implement loan loss reserves and guarantee-funds
- Issue Green Bonds to fund the scheme (or facilitate, secure)
- Support and subsidise the Impartial Third Party workforce
- Push national policymakers to regulatory barriers and organise Technical Assistance
- Solution 4: engage with Local Authorities' networks to facilitate the implementation of de-risking tools (loan loss reserve, guarantee funds) and enabling capacities



Barrier 5 - Disconnection as a collateral

- Main and key obstacle to get support from consumers organisations
- Need to enable an ecosystem to let OBS thrive while banning disconnection.
- Solution 5: lean on existing housing benefits as a collateral and ban disconnection





ON BILL SCHEMES

How to make them work in the EU?

Lean on One-stopshops to define the scope of improvements (impartial third parties + regulatory barriers) Raise money at low interest rate via aggregation opportunity (i.e. Green Bond Issuance)

Partner with local authorities to implement de-risking tools (i.e. loan-loss reserve, guarantee funds)

Consider housing
benefits as a collateral
and factor in subsidies
that can be disbursed a
posteriori (bridge the upfront costs gap)

Ban disconnection



BEUC The European Consumer Organisation Link - position papers

1. Sustainable Housing

https://www.beuc.eu/publications/beuc-x-2021-019_how_to_make_green_and_healthy_housing_affordable_for_all_consumer s.pdf

2. Decarbonisation of heating and cooling

https://www.beuc.eu/publications/beuc-x-2021-017_heat_decarbonisation.pdf

PANEL DISCUSSION



Christophe
Milin
European





Guillaume Joly

BEUC





Isidoro Tapia

European Investment Bank





Paolo Michele Sonvilla adelphi





Coffee break

RenOnBill Final Conference

Towards the implementation of on-bill and other innovative financing schemes for upscaling energy renovation in the EU

5th April 2022, DoubleTree, Brussels and online

#RenOnBillFinalEvent







Welcome to the

RenOnBill Final Conference

Session 2: The RenOnBill experience: Quo vadis?

5th April 2022, DoubleTree, Brussels and online

#RenOnBillFinalEvent







--- AGENDA

Session 2: The RenOnBill experience: Quo vadis?

- 10:45 Methodology and tool behind the RenOnBill pilots Vincenzo Bianco, UNIGE
- 11:15 On-bill schemes in the EU put into practice Presentations from the three RenOnBill partner utilities Feníe (ES), Bluenergy (IT), Kauno (LT)
- 11:45 Strategic and regulatory recommendations on the way forward Lukáš
 Dravecký, BPIE
- 12:00 Panel discussion
 José Maria Marcos, Feníe (Spain)
 Rimas Perevičius, Kauno energija (Lithuania)
 Carlo Chittaro, Bluenergy (Italy)
 Joost Declerck, Belfius Bank (BE)
 Vincenzo Bianco (UNIGE)
- 12:25 Conclusions David Pérez, Creara
- 12:30 Lunch and networking
- 13:30 END



METHODOLOGY AND TOOL BEHIND THE RENONBILL PILOTS

Vincenzo Bianco

UNIGE





Methodology and Tool Behind the RenOnBill Pilots

Vincenzo Bianco – Università degli Studi di Genova – vincenzo.bianco@unige.it





Index

- Introduction to the RenOnBill Tool
- The RenOnBill Approach
- Results from the Tool
- Conclusions



Objectives of the RenOnBill Tool

The RenOnBill Tool aims to:

- Simplify the estimation of energy savings for "non-technical users"
- Provide an adequate degree of flexibility for "technical users"
- Develop a complete financial analysis by including a probabilistic approach
- Bundle investments for an overall evaluation

Development of quite a flexible tool adequate for *technical* and *non-technical* users in the development of complex analyses of energy renovation interventions for the residential sector



Conceptual Framework of RenOnBill Tool

Evaluation Procedure

Energy Savings Analysis

- Estimation of energy savings
- Determination of energy efficiency measures
- Cost analysis

Financial Analysis of the Interventions

- Valorisation of the energy savings
- Calculation of the investment indexes
 (e.g. NPV, IRR,...)
- Evaluation of the uncertainties

Interpretation of the Results

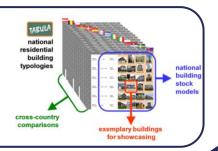
- Selection of the best interventions
- Collection of the most profitable investments
- Sensitivity analysis

Articulated procedure which involves multidisciplinary knowledge



— Current Market Offer

Tool developed in the framework of the IEE. Introduces the concept of building archetypes. Steady- state energy simulation.





World-famous simulation engine developed by US-DOE. Detailed dynamic energy simulation of a specific building.

Leading BIM tool which offers plug-in based on Energy+ for energy analysis or exporting capabilities to DesignBuilder



A variety of tools is already available on the market



Leading design tool for energy efficiency interventions in buildings based on Energy+



Well-known transient simulation engine for energy systems. Possibility to develop some financial analysis



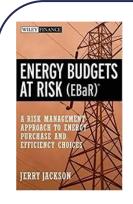
Common Market Trend

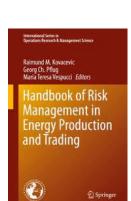
- Availability of highly specialized and accurate tools which require a "hard" engineering background to be used
- Specific focus on the detailed engineering design of energy efficiency measures
- Financial Analysis is often not included as an integrated part of the tool
- The analysis is based on deterministic assumptions, in some limited cases it is possible to consider the volatility of the input data

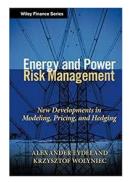


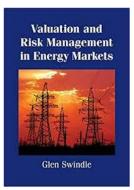
Identified Gaps

- Energy analysis is highly volatile since it is affected by uncertain input (e.g., climatic conditions, limited knowledge of the current conditions of buildings, etc.).
- Financial analysis of energy efficiency investments is even higher volatile!!! Evolution of energy prices is hardly predictable. A deterministic analysis is insufficient since it does not allow to determine the risk level.









- The issues are well known in the literature, but there is not ready-to-use tool to cover the gaps
- The area is at the intersection between engineering and finance.
 Multidisciplinary competences required



Index

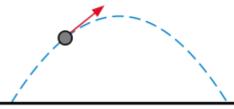
Introduction to the RenOnBill Tool

- The RenOnBill Approach
- Results from the Tool
- Conclusions



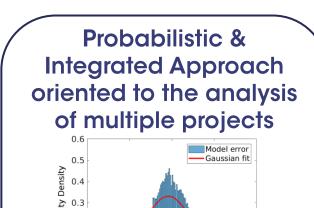
RenOnBill Tool Objectives

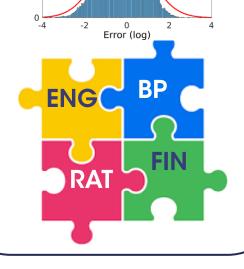
Deterministic &
Fragmented
Approach oriented to
specific design











- RenOnBill Tool offers an integrated platform for the evaluation of multiple projects with a probabilistic integrated approach.
- It is a unique platform available and ready to use.



RenOnBill Tool Structure 1/2

The tool is organised in a modular structure considering four conceptual areas, namely:

- Engineering Module for the estimation of energy savings and associated costs
- Financial Module for the development of financial calculations and corresponding indexes
- Risk Analysis for the determination of the uncertainty in the financial and energy estimations
- Commercial Rating to assess the commercial attractiveness of the proposed investments

These four items are combined to determine a final project rating to be used for ranking purposes of a single project or bundles of investments, as illustrated in the next chart, and for the generation of a preliminary business plan.



RenOnBill Tool Structure 2/2

Engineering Module

- Estimation of Uvalues
- Assumptions on weather variables
- Calculation of energy savings
- CAPEX estimation
- OPEX estimation

Financial Module

- Assumptions on energy price
- Calculation of investment indexes (e.g. NPV, IRR, PBP, DSCR)
- Valuation of non energy benefits

Commercial Rating

- Assessment of the solidity of the counterpart
- Historical default pattern in paying energy bills
- Churn rate and loyalty level

- Climatic databases
- U-values databases (e.g. TABULA, ENTRANZE)

Risk Analysis

Determination of the Energy Budget at Risk (EBaR) by means of uncertainty analysis based on Monte Carlo simulation of the Project Rating



Engineering Module 1/2

Engineering Calculations Module



Buildings Archetypes

- Simplification of the buildings stock in a set of typologies
- Definition of reference thermal features
- Exploitation of Tabula
 Project analyses



Definition of interventions

- Definition of a set (10) of standard interventions
- Estimation of the CAPEX
- Possibility to customise



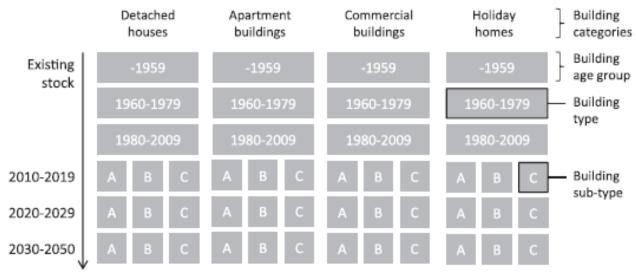


- Heating Degree Days
- Solar Irradiation
- Heating Season
- Heating Hours per day

Engineering Module 2/2

Archetype Structure

Example of archetypes definition



Source: Building and Environment 75 (2014) 153-160

Archetypes allow to simplify the representation of the buildings stock, which is fundamental for the standardisation of the evaluation process and for the bundling of a large set of investments



Financial Module

Financial

Calculation

Module

Data input for discount rate (i.e. hurdle rate), evolution of energy cost & other parameters, (e.g., CPI)

Calculation of financial viability indexes, namely NPV, IRR, PBP, PI...others?

Calculation of an overall single project or project bundle rating

4 Valuation of non energy benefits





Commercial Rating

Commercial Rating

- Identification of a scale of scores
- Attribution of a score to the achieved level of energy savings, profitability indexes, debt index, level of churn rates, etc.
- The sum (straight, weighted, etc.) represents the rate attributed to the project
- Score structure can be changed according to the country, building typologies, etc.
- Flexibility in modifying the rating structure according to the user's needs



RenOnBill Conceptual Evaluation Process

Basic calculations

- Building heat losses
- Fuel and electric energy needs
- Domestic hot water related calculations
- Bill calculations
- Comparison between current and planned configuration

here: https://doi.org/10.1016/j.e **Advanced** nergy.2021.121491 analysis Engineering Analysis | Financial Analysis | Non Energy Benefits Commercial Rating **Business Plan &** Monte Carlo Non energy Overall Monte Carlo On-bill **Financial** benefit **Project Rating Energy analysis** Component analysis evaluation estimation

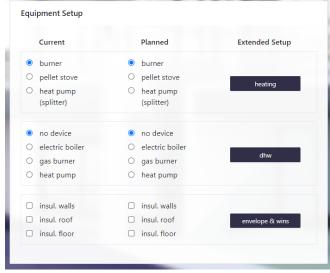


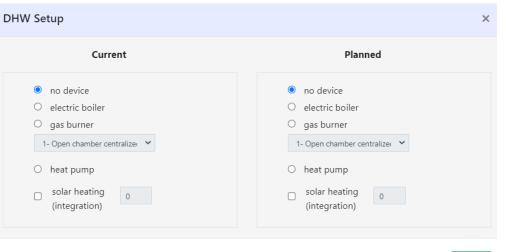
Computational

details available

- RenOnBill Tool Interface







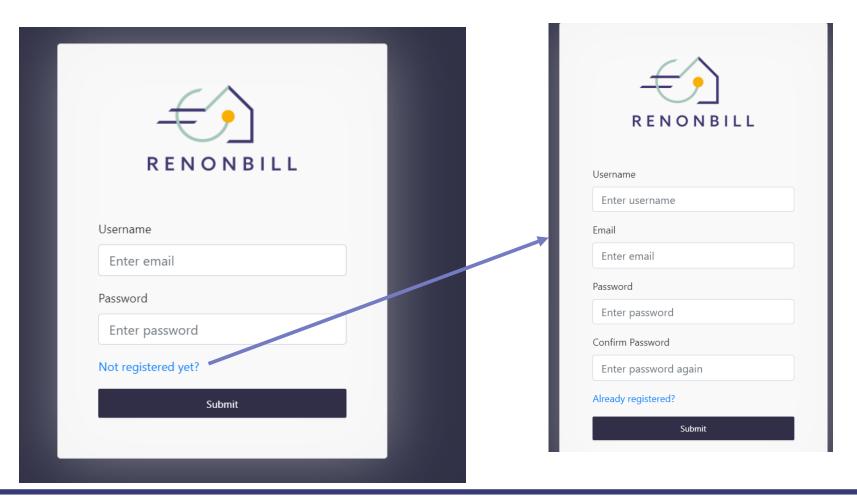


Done

Accessing and using the tool

Access to the Tool: https://renonbill.ikimio.com/login

Register with a username and password to be used for accessing to your area where you can save your projects.





Index

- Introduction to the RenOnBill Tool
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Main Results obtained with the tool

Eventually, the Tool provides the user with:

- Overall (bundle) and single investment energy savings and corresponding probabilistic distributions
- Overall and single investment financial indexes (i.e., NPV, IRR, PI, PBP) with probabilistic distributions and confidence bounds
- Estimation of VAR and CVAR
- Estimation of the overall commercial rating based on engineering, financial and market parameters
- Quantification of non-energy benefits
- Calculation of on-bill components
- Preliminary Business Plan of the initiative

Detailed amount of information for the development of sophisticated investment strategies and design of on-bill programs



Index

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- Conclusions



Conclusions

- The ERV-tool is conceived to cover a broad range of users' needs, ranging from technical to non-technical issues
- It features a sophisticated financial analysis which includes a probabilistic approach
- It helps bridging of the existing gap in integrated engineering-financial tools for the estimation of energy efficiency projects in residential buildings
- It is a fundamental aid in the evaluation of projects bundles



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This project has received funding from the European Union's Horizon 2020 research and innovation programme under grant agreement No 847056.



Partners



















www.renonbill.eu









ON-BILL SCHEMES IN THE EU PUT INTO PRACTICE

José Maria Marcos

Feníe Spain





On Bill Schemes in the EU put into practice: Feníe Energía's Experience

RenOnBill Final Conference

fenie energia

Jose Mª de Marcos – Javier Bescós – Agustina Yara – FENÍE ENERGÍA

5/04/2022- Brussels





This project has received funding from the European Union's Horizon 2020 research and innovation programme under grant agreement No 847056.



Our interests in On-Bill Schemes

The particularities of Fenie Energía

Fenie Energia is a utility founded by FENIE



- In our business model, the installers act as
 Shareholders
 Salespeople
- Due to these particularities, it is for the best interests of Fenie Energia and the installers to get involved in activities related to physical installation of new infrastructure.



Program design

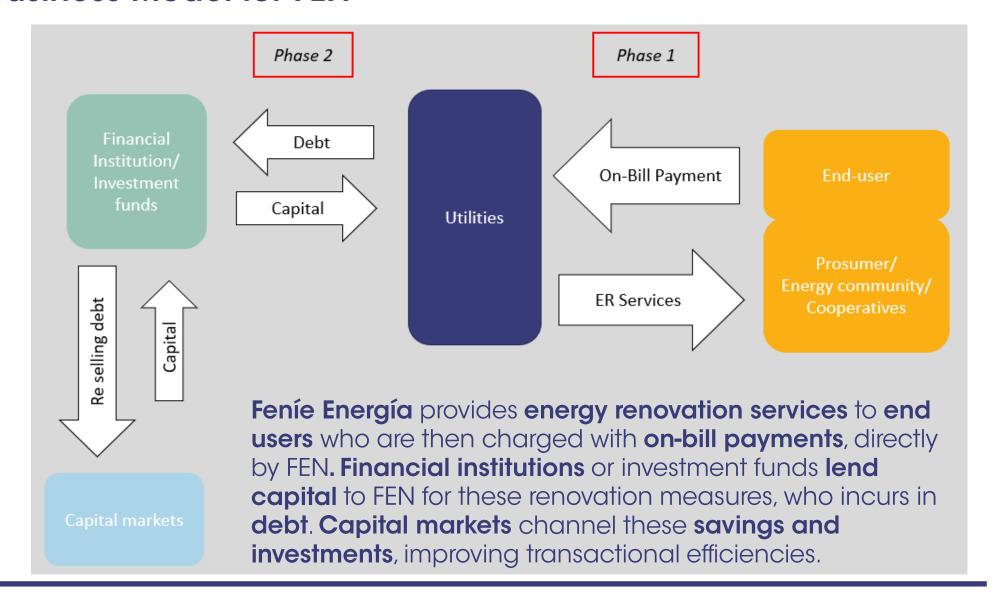
GOAL SETTING AND VALUE PROPOSITION: FEN's motivation, and benefits for clients and stakeholders.

- Motivation:
 - Gaining new clients and taking advantage of a new source of revenue streams
 - Increasing client loyalty and retention
 - Improving market positioning as a cutting-edge utility and differentiating itself from competitors
 - Improving image of sustainability while raising social awareness
 - Satisfying energy efficiency obligations according to European and Spanish laws

PARTNERS	ADVANTAGES
TECHNOLOGY	New agreements
PROVIDERS	Stability in already established partnerships, and new partnerships
	New contacts with clients
	Brand image and marketing improvements
FINANCIAL	New agreements
INSTITUTIONS	 Widening the scope of initiatives and portfolio of activities
	 Stability in already established partnerships, and new partnerships
	New clients
	 Brand image and marketing improvements
ESCOS (IF	New agreements which may not take place without the execution
APPLICABLE)	on-bill offers
•	New partnerships and stability in them
	New contacts with old clients and new clients
TECHNICIANS	 New subcontracting of projects that may not be developed without on-bill offers
	 New partnerships and widening of professional network
	New contacts with clients
	 New areas of development and improving knowledge in already explored ones



Business Model for FEN





Customer basis segmentation

TARGET MARKET

- Segmentation criteria
 - Type of building
 - Others: geographical, building performance, user income
- Market segments
 - Owners of single family homes
 - Owners of dwellings in buildings
 - Homeowners communities
 - Tourist apartments
- Focus on two market niches
 - Young neighbourhoods with not so young buildings
 - Old neighbourhoods in the city centre gaining interest

MEASURES TO OFFER

- Windows renovation
- Envelope renovation
- Boilers
- Aerothermics (heat pumps)
- Domotic systems and automatization
- Smart and connected control heating: AC and heating controlled by room
- Lighting sensors and LEDs
- PV for self-consumption
- Geothermal systems for heating

Identification of partners

 Technology providers For lighting: Philips, Ledvance, Secom For capacitor banks: Circutor, Cisar Electric meters and consumption monitoring: Circutor, Cliensol, Landis HVAC: Mitsubishi Electric, Salvador Escoda, Gabarrón PV for self-consumption: Suministros Orduña 	ESCOs (for big projects)	
Financial institutions	Installation technicians (for the rest of projects) 2300 technicians with FEN	



Financial and Risk Analysis

Old neighbourhood with young people in Madrid's city centre

- Age range: between 25 and 44 years
- "Embajadores" in the district "Centro" →
 Neighbourhood with the highest rate of
 people in this age range with respect to
 the total number of inhabitants (43,98%)

Buildings' construction date: 1900's –

1920's



Medium-high/high class neighbourhood in the outskirts of Valencia

- Rocafort Santa Bárbara
- Population on their 40's + high income
- Proximity to Valencia (North)
- Buildings' construction date: 70's 00's





1900 1930 1960 1990 20

Financial and Risk Analysis - ERV

Old neighbourhood with young people in Madrid's city centre - Embajadores

Location	Case scenario	Bill anual savings (€)	Intervention costs (k€)	Energy annual savings (kWh)	Loss risk	IRR
Madrid	1.1	2,200	25.6//3.66	55,600	21%	8%
Madrid	1.2	2,200	25.6//3.66	55,600	20,8%	9%
Madrid	1.2.1	2,200	25.6//3.66	55,600	1,4%	11%
Madrid	2.1	2,700	51//7.3	59,000	100%	-
Madrid	2.2	2,700	51//7.3	59,000	100%	-
Madrid	2.2.1	2,700	34//4.8	55,000	10%	9%

- Case- scenario 1: Substitution of existent heating burner and gas burner for DHW, with heat pumps
 - 1.1: No tax incentives, no loan
 - 1.2: No tax incentives, loan (loan rate = 7%, loan amount = 80%, refund years = 10)
 - 1.2.1: Same as 1.2 but loan rate = 4%
- Case -scenario 2: Substitution of existent heating burner and gas burner for DHW, with heat pumps, + integration of PV
 panels
 - 2.1: No tax incentives, no loan
 - 2.2: No tax incentives, loan (loan rate = 7%, loan amount = 80%, refund years = 10)
 - 2.2.1: Same as 2.2 but keeping the gas burner + time horizon of 25yr.



Financial and Risk Analysis - ERV

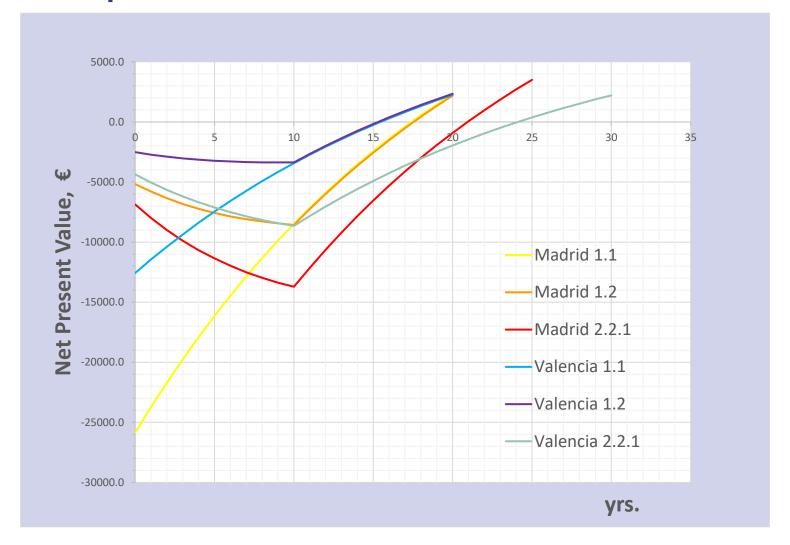
Medium-high/high class neighbourhood in the outskirts of Valencia - Rocafort (Santa

Location	Case scenario	Bill annual savings (€)	Intervention costs (€)	Energy annual savings (kWh)	Loss risk	IRR
Valencia	1.1	1,200	12,500	30,000	5.2%	9%
Valencia	1.2	1,200	12,500	30,000	5%	11%
Valencia	2.1	1,400	22,000	31,500	99.7%	4.5%
Valencia	2.2	1,400	22,000	31,500	99.8%	2.7%
Valencia	2.2.1	1,400	22,000	31,500	12%	8.5%

- Case-scenario 1: Substitution of existent heating burner and gas burner for DHW, with heat pumps
 - 1.1: No tax incentives, no loan
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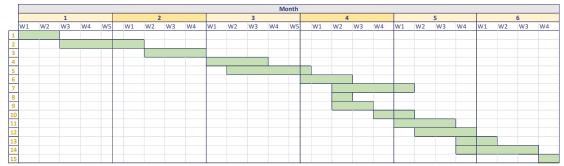


NPV cases comparison





Implementation plan & Piloting the renovation program



Dieke		Consequence			
	Risks	Low	Medium	High	
	High				
Likelihood	Medium		2 3 16 18	1 4 8 9 13 14 15 17	
	Low		5 12	6 7 11	

1.	Beginning	of month	1: Start of the	pilot test.

2. End of month 2: First 5 contracts signed by participants.

3. End of month 5: First 5 installations completed.

4. Month 12: First 10,000€ saved in energy bill components.

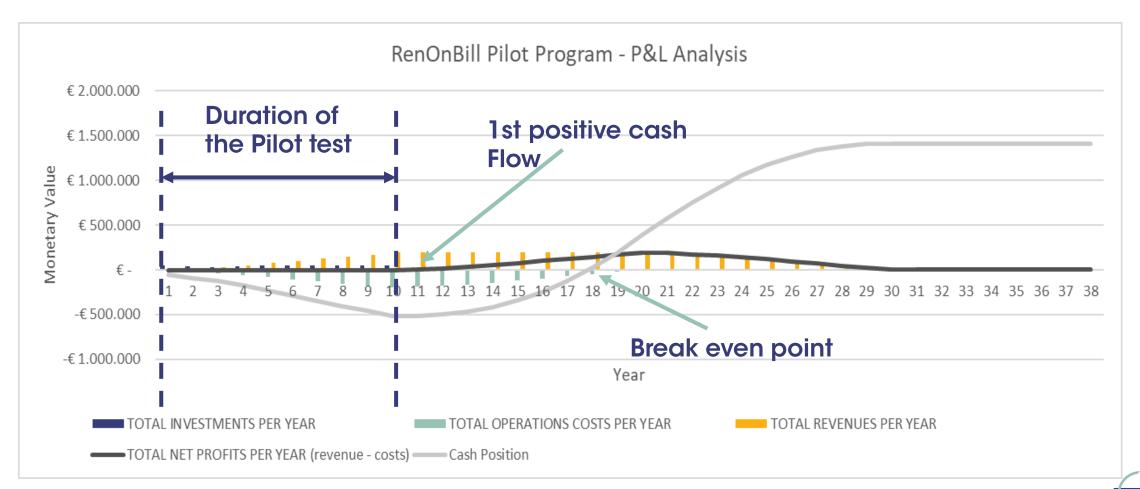
5. Month 14: 500,000 KWh saved.

Month 25: 50 dwellings renovated, 3,500,000KWh saved, 65,000€ saved in

energy components.

energy components.					
KPI NAME	KPI CALCULATION	UNITS			
Rate of on-bill offers	Number of participants enrolled $\overline{ ext{Total number of participants identified}} * 100$	[%]			
accepted	τοιαι παπιρεί ογ μαντιειρανίες ιαθικές του				
Total (global) monthly energy savings resulting	Total consumption before ERM $\left\lceil \frac{kWh}{month} \right\rceil$ — Total consumption after ERM $\left\lceil \frac{kWh}{month} \right\rceil$	$\left[\frac{kWh}{month}\right]$			
from upgrades	[month]	[memm]			
Home (individual) monthly energy savings resulting from upgrades	Inidividual consumption before ERM $\left[rac{kWh}{month} ight]$ — Individual consumption after ERM $\left[rac{kWh}{month} ight]$	$\left[\frac{kWh}{month}\right]$			
Total (global) monthly carbon reductions resulting from upgrades	Total CO2 emissions before ERM $\left[rac{kg\ CO2}{month} ight]$ — Total CO2 emissions after ERM $\left[rac{kg\ CO2}{month} ight]$	$\left[\frac{kg\ CO2}{month}\right]$			

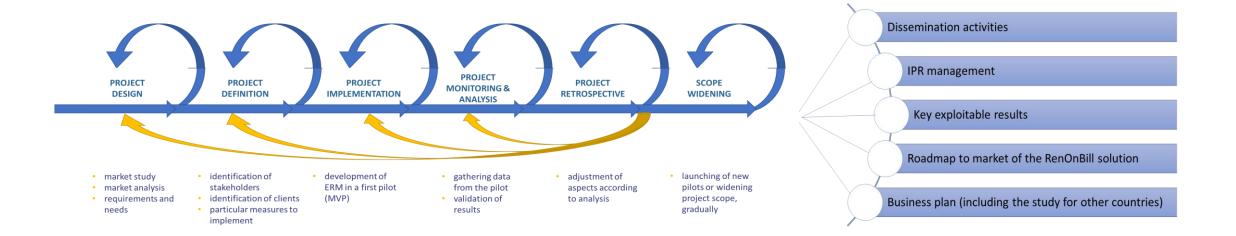
P&L Analysis





4. Piloting the renovation program

EXPLOITATION STRATEGY: definition of actions and roles







institutions



Equipment providers



Installation technicians



ROB Consortium



THANK YOU FOR LISTENING

Q&A

www.renonbill.eu











ON-BILL SCHEMES IN THE EU PUT INTO PRACTICE



Carlo Chittaro

Bluenergy



The Bluenergy vision





Bluenergy company profile

Enertua S.r.I.

Arca gas Srl

Bluenergy Group is a multiutility which deals with the sale of natural gas and electricity in Northern Italy and the sale of additional services to the commodity. It is mainly present in Friuli Venezia Giulia, Lombardy and Piedmont and serves the residential, business and condominium markets. Currently the Group has a Customer Base of approximately more than 250,000 gas and electricity users, is present in the Northern Italy area with 55 branches, 5 operating offices (Udine, Trieste, Milan, Pordenone and Codroipo) and has a staff of approximately 265 people.





The Compagnia Generale Immobiliare S.r.l. Group was awarded the title of "Champion 2020" for its performance over the 2012–2018 financial period, which was characterised by steady growth and above-average profitability.



Bluenergy history

BLUENERGY Energia per crescere sostenibile

Market liberalization, the networks are sold.

Gianfranco Curti

starts the

methanization

process of the FVG

Area.

Bluenergy Group is born, a reseller company, 63%owned by the municipalities **BLUENERGY** HOME SERVICE

is born, the first product company which sets out on a path towards the development of a multiservice group.

BLUENERGY ASSISTANCE

is born, the second "product company" of the Group, expanding the offer to all thermohydraulic products and services.

Entry into the share capital of Ciel Impianti, company specializing in electrical products and services.

GITERMO S.R.L.

Bluenergy dispatches energy independently

RENONBILL

<u>1970 2003 2004 2006 2010 2013</u>

Bluenergy Official entry into the **Bluenergy Cerved Rating** Acquisition Rettagliata Tech Srl is Bluenergy acquires Bluenergy Bluenergy **Bluenergy Group** becomes acquires 70% Agency Spa, of Blu Service, born, the heating and 100% of acquires CST, acquires acquires the community of 100% private. excellence of the of Rettagliata Gas e assigns the important plumbing plumbing company for **Rettagliata Gas** Liguria Gas Srl **Arcagas** energy branch and Luce Spa. and 70% of Gitermo Sahd the energy branch of Nelsa, **London Stock** Luce Spa. public rating A3.1. and heating condominium clusters Now merged in Bluenergy Exchange Group, company in the and public of Panta. from MOL Group. Group S.p.A Elite project province of administration in the Pordenone. North West of Italy. Now merged in

RETTAGLIATA

Bluenergy Group

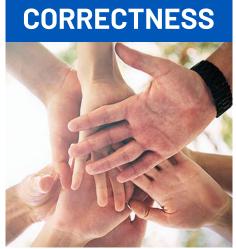
Bluenergy Assistance Srl.

The Bluenergy vision





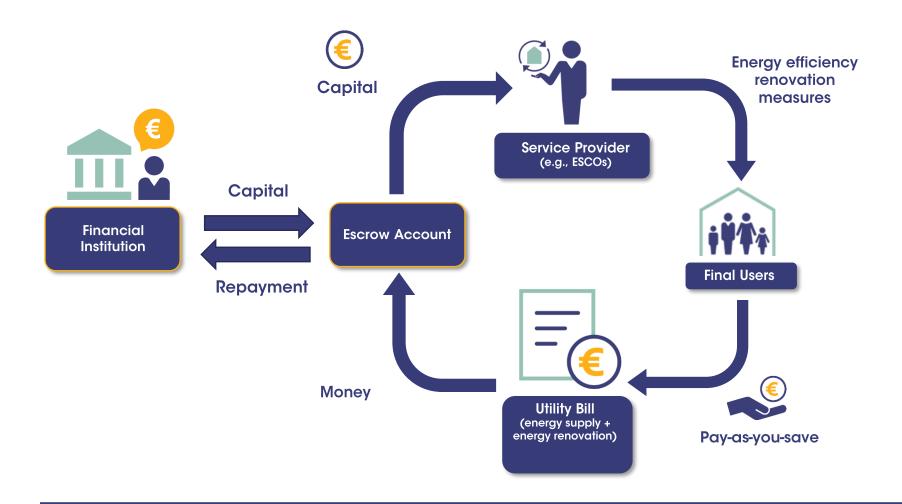




are the enabling factors for the growth of people (and the quality of their lives), companies and the territory.



Ren on Bill scheme in Bluenergy



The model is currently based on 110% incentives, which cover almost everything and allow for a minimum contribution to be required on-bill to the end user. In the coming years a reduction, rationalization and merging of the different forms of incentives for energy efficiency in buildings is expected. This will result in an increase of the on-bill component but will not compromise the validity of the business model, which can be adjusted accordingly while maintaining the general structure.

RENONBILL

Target Market

Criteria on which the market segmentation strategy depends:

- financial rating/income of the potential client.
- Building performance (level of efficiency).
- Stability of consumption behaviour of the client: impacting on the ability to repay undertaken debt
- Size and typology of building (Multi-apartment buildings with central heating)
- Level of occupancy by the owner of the dwellings (vast majority ideal)

The business model focuses on a specific **market segment** represented by multi-apartment buildings with central heating, built between 1961 and 1975 with poor energy performances. Communication and marketing strategy will therefore focus on condominium clusters and on those responsible for taking or influencing decisions for the condominium (i.e., condominium administrators). Condominium administrators are also key figures to raise awareness among the owners of the apartments.







Measures and partners

the Bluenergy Group can offer, directly of through strategic partners:

- Energy audits.
- Remote plant management.
- Heat metering and control systems.
- Design and realization for central heting solutions.
- Insulation of the external building envelope.
- Installation of energy-efficient windows and doors.

Strategic partners

They cover the financial side (banks, funds) and service areas not offered by Bluenergy and they are:

- Financial institutions and banks.
- Consultants.
- In-house ESCOs.
- Companies in the construction sector, as companies that do thermal coat.
- Technology providers.





DIAMO ENERGIA AL SUPERBONUS 110% PER UN CONDOMINIO PIÙ SOSTENIBILE.







www.bluenergygroup.it



Background: current incentives for energy renovation

The different types of incentives offered by the Italian Government to stimulate energy efficiency in buildings make it essential to carry out an accurate analysis on a case-by-case basis in order to identify the best option for the desired intervention. The main forms of incentives active in Italy in 2021-2022 are presented in the sections below.

Superbonus 110%

The Superbonus provides incentives for energy and seismic upgrading of residential buildings - envisaging a deduction rate of 110% for expenses incurred by 30 June 2022 (or by 31 December 2023 and 30 June 2023 for specific cases), to be divided into 5 years, within the maximum limit of predefined deduction values that vary according to the size of the building and the type of intervention.

Tax deductions - Energy efficiency (Ecobonus)

For energy requalification measures carried out in the common parts of condominium buildings, the deduction rate is 70%, for measures affecting at least 25% of the building envelope, and 75% for measures aimed at improving winter and summer energy performance and achieving the 'average quality' of the envelope.

Bonus facciate (2020-2021)

The tax credit consists of a 90% tax deduction for interventions aimed at recovering or restoring the external façade of existing buildings. There are certain limits on the type and location off the building.

Conto Termico 2.0 2021

The "Conto Termico 2.0", introduced by MISE Decree 16/02/2016, provides incentives for measures to increase energy efficiency and the production of thermal energy from renewable sources for small-scale plants. The beneficiaries are mainly public administrations, but also companies and private individuals. The GSE (Gestore Servizi Energetici - Energy Services Manager) provides incentives for the Conto Termico through annual instalments for a duration of between 2 and 5 years.

Key factors determining the market opportunity

Factors determining the market opportunity in medium to large scale interventions:

- Strong push by incentives e.g. 110%
- Interest in house renovating post-social distancing
- Owners seek the increase in house values thorugh renovation
- Tenants enjoy the tenants would benefit from the support of lower energy bill contrasting rising energy prices
- Financial institutions support the interventions by acquiring the emerging tax credits that can be recovered in just five years not dependent on the solvency of owners
- Market boost for company realizing the interventions.
- Energy supply companies can increase their customer base.

The above factors push towards *one-stop shop* offers of the role of the utility as the sole interlocutor taking charge of the complexities of technical-financial management and coordination of professionals and sub-contractors involved.











→ 110% and Ren On Bill - a contradiction?

Bluenergy has analysed the panorama of incentives in Italy, with reference to the Superbonus that gives access to a tax credit of 110% for energy efficiency works in buildings. Starting from its customer base Bluenergy has assumed to launch a programme to offer energy efficiency services to a target segment of condominiums built between the 1960s and 70s, with at least 20 apartments and central heating, located in major cities of Northern Italy. The Superbonus allows a zero costs solution for the final customer but covers only a specific category of works. The on-bill component is therefore useful to cover all those activities for the recovery of the building not included in the Superbonus.



The Superbonus makes it possible, for eligible energy renovation projects, to receive a tax credit equivalent to 110% of the eligible undertaken energy renovation costs.

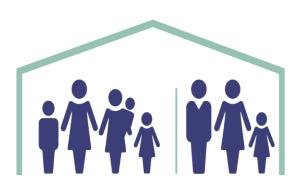
This means that, in principle, there would be no need to finance the efficiency work by the homeowners and therefore the on-bill component would be superfluous.



Reasons for Ren On Bill in a 110% scheme

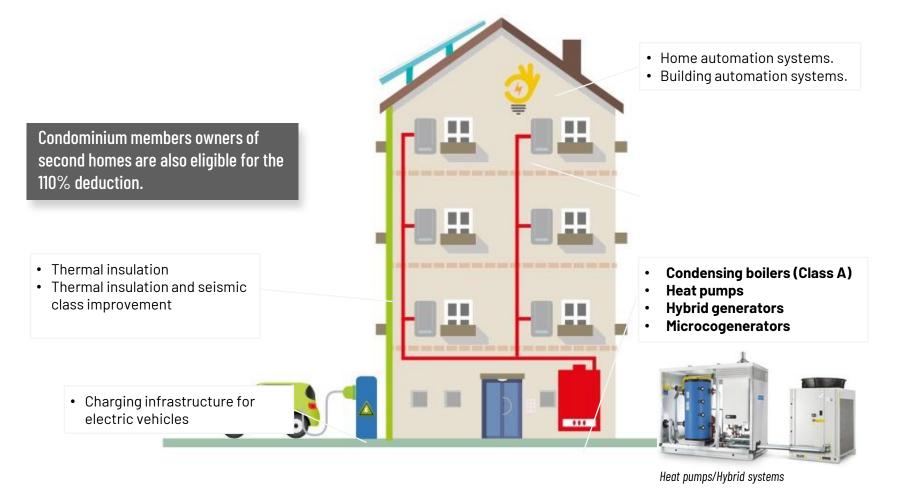
However, Bluenergy's view is that there is still room for tailoring an on-bill programme because:

- In the short term, a 'niche' of the market is made of clients who would undertake renovation works anyway and simply take the advantage of the current tax incentive. In fact, the 110% tax credit does not mean all works are free, because some renovation works are either not eligible, or they exceed the maximum allowance. In this scenario, there is still a portion of the works that needs to be financed.
- In the mid-term, it is very likely that the 110% energy renovation scheme and other tax benefit schemes (such as the 90% façade improvement scheme and the 50% renovation works scheme) will be unified into a unique scheme around 70-75%; in view of that, studying on-bill programmes is a strategic decision.





Standard Bluenergy offer



Therefore, Bluenergy has envisaged its 'standard' offering including insulation intervention on the common parts of the building (application of thermal insulation coatings on the construction exterior wall), and **heat generation system** renovation. This can achieve the energy performance required, while controlling the timeline of the operation and maximising the return investment the on other compared to intervention strategies.



Value proposion of the Bluenergy offer

Increase the comfort and value of your home, start consuming less today and save money.

Multi-apartment buildings with central heating which are predominantly owner-occupied can choose to renovate their building paying the renovation through the energy bill. This will enable users to increase the comfort and value of their home, spend their money smartly, join the environmental sustainability movement, and to start saving money by consuming less electricity and gas.

You can now pay your household energy renovation measures in comfortable instalments, using your energy bill as a repayment vehicle.

Thanks to on-bill schemes, you will not need to pay the full capital investment of your energy renovation projects in advance. Rather, you can pay the cost of the renovations in convenient monthly partial payments.

Bluenergy will support you throughout the project so you do not have to worry about anything

It is easy: Bluenergy's service providers will take care of the energy renovation works, processing all the necessary paperwork and providing you with a turnkey service – you just have to sit back and enjoy the benefits! In the long run, your energy savings will pay off the renovation works.

Take pleasure in consuming less energy and knowing that the energy that you are using is green!

By choosing Bluenergy, you know that you will be powering your house harnessing the benefits of green electricity and carbon neutral gas.





Current implementation of the program



PROJECTS UNDER STUDY

22 - 25.8 mil €



DELIBERA TED PROJECTS

30 - 25.0 mil €



PROJECTS IN PROGRESS

40 - 47.6 mil €



COMPLETED PROJECTS

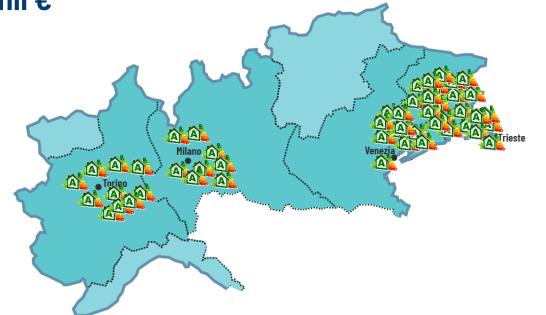
8 - 6.2 mil €



TOTAL CONFIRMED INITIATIVES



EMERGING TAX CREDIT



the current estimation of market uptake is to activate 100 energy efficiency projects in as many condominiums with characteristics the specified the in previous slides.



Bluenergy implementation of Ren On Bill

The scale of the programme in the medium term is to intervene on 100 condominiums:

In the model, Bluenergy supplies the initial cash flow by paying all other parties, then collects all paperwork and receives the credit generated as payback. The tax credit is sold to the bank allowing funds to be invested in new projects.

The mechanism of the tax credit generation, allowing to start generating tax credit from 30% project completion, and in three instalments (30%; 60%, 100%), makes it possible to sustain more projects with a partial self-financing effect. Key factors in determining the size of the programme are:

- Timely completion of the projects.
- Clarification of the current grey areas in the legislation in particular, there are interpretative doubts on the timing and deadlines to be met in order to obtain the incentives).
- Extension of the tax incentive in the coming years.



Pirandello: the pilot project

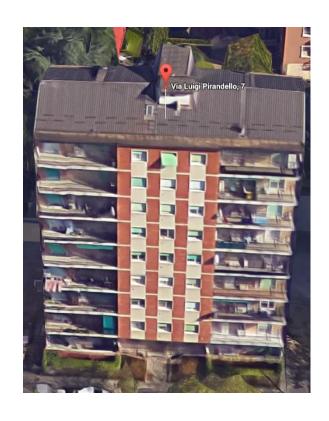
the Pirandello pilot project in brief:

- The Pirandello project started at the end of 2018, based on a former incentivising scheme. Originally, on-bill programmes were not taken into consideration.
- During 2019-2020 the interventions were carried out.
- The 110% scheme comes into play from 2020. It led to a complete and accurate revision of the contracts and partially of the interventions to have them included in the new Superbonus scheme.
- In 2021, the works (those for which it was possible) have been completed and the 110% tax credit was requested.
- Several interventions, not eligible for 110%, have been made in the common parts of the residential complex and will be part of the on-bill component.





Pirandello: the pilot project







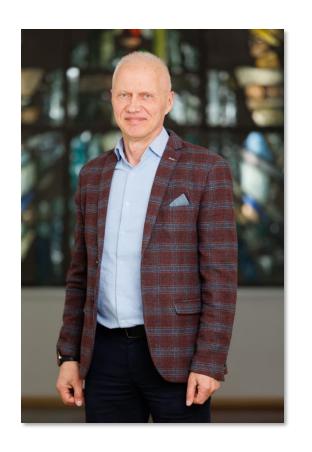
via Pirandello 7, Milano; before, during and after



ON-BILL SCHEMES IN THE EU PUT INTO PRACTICE

Rimas Perevičius

Kauno Lithuania







RenOnBill: Residential building energy renovations with on-bill financing

05/04/2022 - Brussels





ABOUT US

AB Kauno Energija is one of the largest energy companies producing and supplying heat in Lithuania

- The Company supplies energy to the residents and organizations of Kaunas, Kaunas district and Jurbarkas cities.
- As of 2022, AB Kauno Energija supplies heat to over 122,000 households and 3,500 businesses and administrative organizations.
- We hold the preferred heat supplier status with more than 90% of new residential and commercial real estate developers in the Kaunas Municipality.







- ABOUT US

AB Kauno Energija is one of the largest energy companies producing and supplying heat in Lithuania

Starting in 2012, AB Kauno Energija began investing in the installation of biofuel boilers and other modern technologies to replace conventional heat production methods.







- ABOUT US

AB Kauno Energija is one of the largest energy companies producing and supplying heat in Lithuania

Currently, around 90% of heat is produced from renewable energy sources – mainly biofuels. As a result, Kauno Energija has been able to significantly reduce CO₂ emissions and the cost of heat to consumers.







BACKGROUND

On-bill schemes in EU put into practice

- a large pilot project base more than 2000 multiapartment buildings in the region, built before 1992 and with a low energy class index (C and below).
- district heating equipment in old buildings is in many cases hopelessly obsolete and inefficient.
- relevant practical utilities experience.
- sufficient own funds.







STEP TOWARDS THE USER = NEW EXPERIENCE + POSSIBILITY

On-bill schemes in EU put into practice

- Kauno energija acting as a district heat supplier is considering a pilot project.
- On-bill schemes attractive and unknown.
- Government financial support is a key factor for successful implementation.







OBJECTIVES

On-bill schemes in EU put into practice

- opportunity for the utility to generate additional revenues.
- gaining access to new clients seeking energy from renewables.
- improve utilities social awareness image.
- additional benefits to present consumers.
- securing consumers loyalty









CHALLENGES (1)

On-bill schemes in EU put into practice

Legal issues:

- a prerequisite for renovation is a decision by the majority of the apartment block it is not entirely clear whether this is a legally binding decision for each co-owner.
- the State Regulator's position on the adaptation of utilities billing to OBS schemes is not clear enough.

Organizational:

- education of end-users is still not effective enough to get them interested in energy saving solutions.
- decision-making in apartment blocks is complicated an absolute majority is needed.

Technical:

 lack of HVAC designers/consultants and technicians with expertise in renovations.





CHALLENGES (2)

On-bill schemes in EU put into practice

Financial:

- the savings from "small scale" renovation measures are not significant compared to the investment, which makes it difficult in most cases to attract residents.
- public support (30-40-50%) combined with the possibility of an on-bill schemes would be seen as a significant lever for decision making.
- with the reduction in the price of district heating, interest in renovation has dropped to the level of "total skepticism", and for now we can only speculate whether the current spike in the prices of energy resources will change this situation.
- high and still rising inflation rates will force utilities to seek an internal rate of return of at least 10-12% already in the nearest future.





Thank you!

www.renonbill.eu







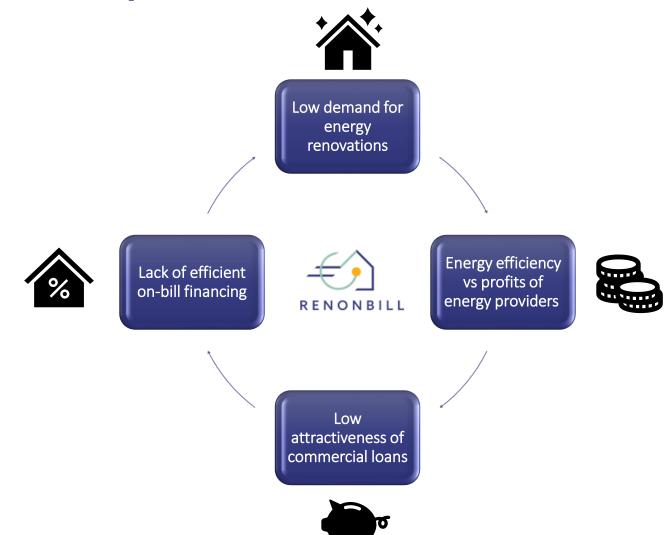


REGULATORY RECOMMENDATIONS ON THE WAY FORWARD

Lukáš Dravecký BPIE







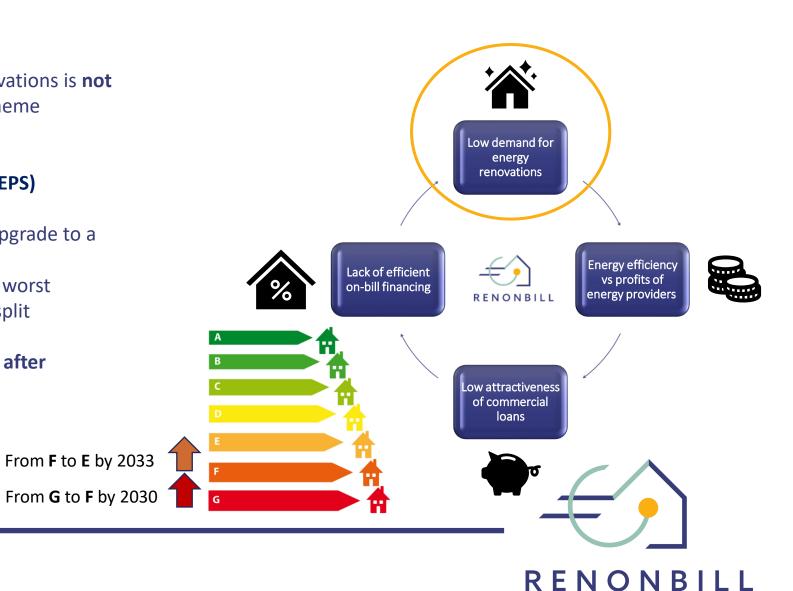


Low demand for energy renovations

➤ The demand for residential energy renovations is not always high enough to attract on-bill scheme investments

✓ Minimum Energy Performance Standards (MEPS)

- Proposed in the EPBD 2021 recast
- Rules that require existing buildings to upgrade to a higher energy class by certain date
- Owners will be required to renovate the worst performing buildings regardless of the "split incentive"
- MEPS will significantly increase demand after renovations

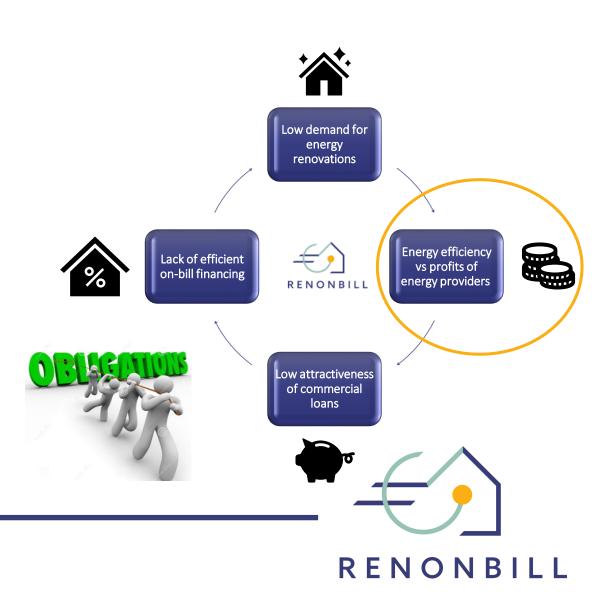


Energy efficiency vs profits of energy providers

Energy providers and distributors (naturally) hesitate to increase energy efficiency to **avoid lower profits** from sales

✓ Energy Efficiency Obligation Schemes (EEOS)

- Energy Efficiency Directive
- MS may require energy companies to achieve energy savings among vulnerable customers
- The savings achieved by energy companies would add up to national energy savings
- Energy companies are then allowed to raise their energy prices
- EEOS would motivate energy companies to renovate (RenOn Bills?) while allowing them to keep their profits

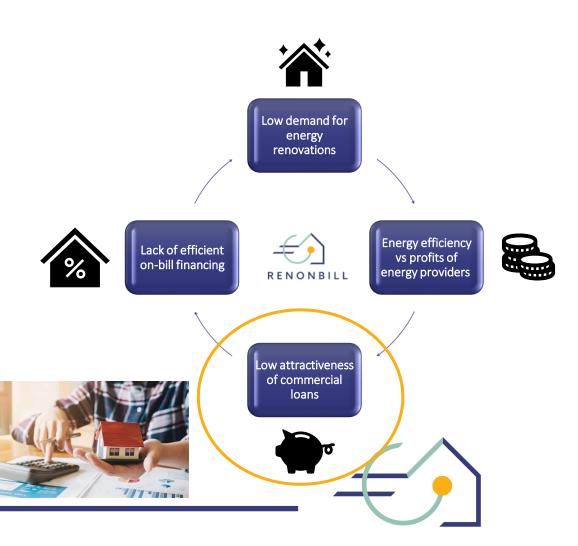


Low attractiveness of commercial loans

Banks and financial institutions consider renovation projects as not profitable enough or too risky to invest or provide favorable loans

✓ Mortgage Portfolio Standards (MPS)

- Proposed in the 2021 EPBD recast
- MPS will require financial institutions to achieve on average a certain energy class/performance of their mortgage "fleet" (all mortgage assets)
- A parallel to carbon caps on the "car fleets" of large automotive producers
- MPS would require banks to either prioritise energy efficient buildings or invest in upgrading worse performing buildings to improve their portfolios

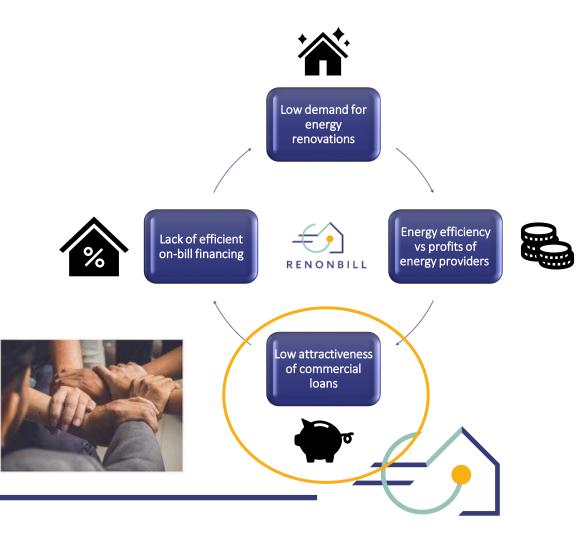


Low attractiveness of commercial loans

Banks and financial institutions consider renovation projects as not profitable enough or too risky to invest or provide favorable loans

✓ Public Guarantee Funds

- MS could establish them to make it easier for homeowners with high risk of loan default to successfully apply for renovation loans
- Such a fund could be financed from increasing ETS revenues, local environmental taxes, or green municipal bonds
- In Brussels Capital Region, the fund size equaled around 2% of the total amount of loans approved
- This would significantly de-risk lending to low-income families which usually inhabit the worst performing houses (potentially targeted by MEPS)



Lack of efficient on-bill financing

Funds and subsidies used to finance energy renovations are not always used cost-efficiently

✓ Energy Savings Metrics

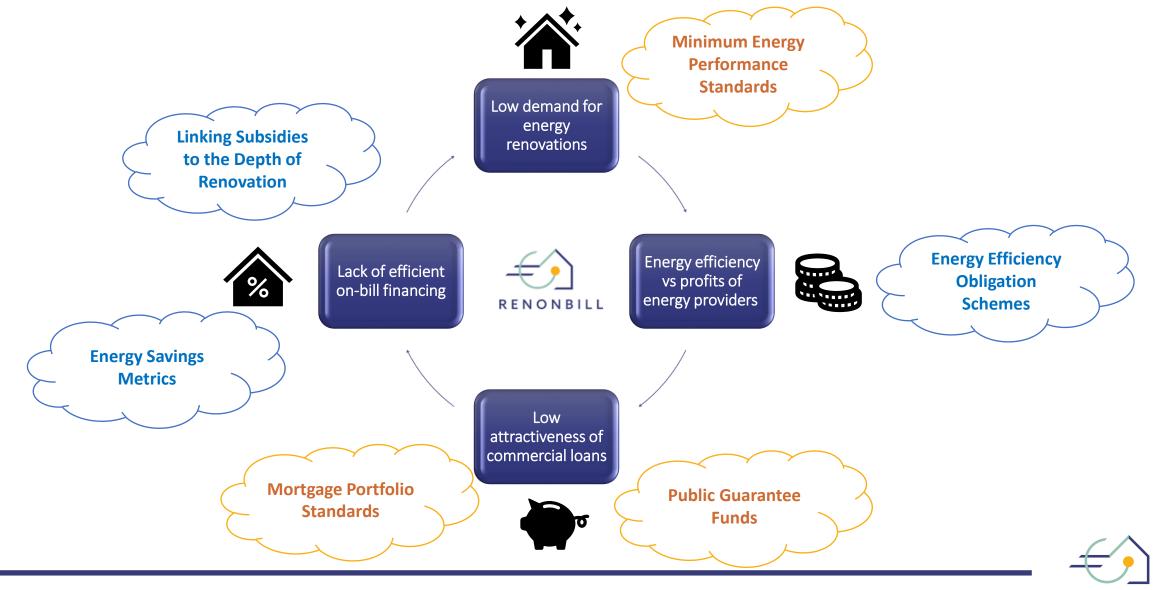
- Metrics analysing energy savings achieved per 1€ from EU funds or private capital
- After collecting enough data, metrics could help with the final evaluation and better comparability between different energy efficiency projects

✓ Linking subsidies to the depth of renovation

- A successful Credex project from Estonia
- The higher energy savings the homeowner pledged, the larger subsidies / the lower interest rates were delivered to finance the project
- "Progressive" financing therefore delivered higher energy savings than standard financing not considering pledged energy savings



Proposed solutions



RENONBILL

PANEL DISCUSSION



José Maria Marcos

Feníe





Rimas Perevičius Kauno





Carlo Chittaro Bluenergy





Vincenzo Bianco

UNIGE





Joost Declerck

Belfius Bank





- CONCLUSION

David Pérez

Creara





Thank you for your attention!

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