Producer: Pre-work	Test wi-fi connection
	 Set up a Zoom meeting room so participants can enter automatically Send a Zoom invitation with the link to all participants
	Consult with the facilitator to determine the procedure they want to use to manage chat interactions
	Set up the facilitator's computer to enable shared screen and mic/camera access
	 Do a quick run-through with the facilitator to check that everything is working properly
	Review how to set up and manage Breakout Rooms with the facilitator
	Gather emails from pre-registration for sending Certificates following the course completion

Facilitator: Pre-Work	 Consult with the producer about the procedure you will use to manage chat interactions and how you want to communicate with the producer if there are any issues you need to know.
	You will need to use a timer during the course, so prepare to have one available (phone, watch, etc.)
	Collect the prop to display with Slide 16 (communication cards on a ring provided in Facilitator resources)
	Review the participant list (if you have been provided with it)
	Verify the location of the restrooms, water, coffee, etc.
	 Run through the slides and notes to familiarize yourself with terms and review any details The detailed script/notes are included PRESENTER MODE of the slide deck, so I will only reference the first few words of the script in the presentation in your notes.

Session 1			
Slides	Approximate Timing	Topic	
1-4	6 minutes	Introduction ASD	
5-6	6 minutes	Breakout Room	
7-11	8 minutes	2 Truths and a Lie	
12-23	20 minutes	Understanding Patients	
24-33	20 minutes	Social Story, Recap, and Conclusion	
Total:	60 minutes		

Slide(#) Duration	Slide	Facilitator Notes Included in slide deck PRESENTER MODE	Producer Notes
1	Title Slide - Course Empathetic Dentistry Autism	 SHARE YOUR SCREEN All participants should have their names displayed. If not, they can do so during the call. Welcome, Guidelines (camera on/mic off) Open chat for comments during the course Verify that all can see and hear Explain how to use the "raise hand" icon at the bottom of the screen Have them get paper/pencil 	Verify that everyone can see and hear. Be sure everyone has their chat open for the entire course. Be sure latecomers are allowed into the room.

2	Course Objectives By the end of this training module, you will be able to: Define Autism Spectrum Disorder (ASD) Recognize nonverbal cues in patients with ASD Discuss how having knowledge about ASD benefits your dental staff and patient care. Apply effective communication strategies when working with patients with ASD	 Course schedule reminder:10-minute break, 1-hour module Logistics – restroom, coffee, etc. 	Continuously monitor chat throughout the course and alert the facilitator to questions you cannot answer.
3	Section 1: Understanding Autism Disorder Section 1: Understanding Autism Spectrum Disorder	 Superpower Ice Breaker Recap what they shared 	
4	What is Autism Spectrum Disorder? (ASD) - Autism Spectrum Disorder, or ASD, is a neurodevelopmental condition that affects communication, behavior, and social interactions. It is characterized by a wide range of symptoms and characterized by a wide range of symptoms and characterized individual's experience unique. - According to recent studies, ASD affects approximately 1 in 36 children in the USA.	ASK: Why are we here today? What is your experience with individuals with ASD? • Explain breakout rooms – 4 or less per room	
5 [5m]	Discussion — Breakout Room Directions 1. With your group, discuss prior experience any member has with individuals with ASD, or anything related to ASD. 2. Designate someone from your group to summarize your discussion when you return from Breakout Room.	 5 minutes – divide into groups of 4 and place in Breakout Rooms End rooms and discuss with the whole group what they found 	Monitor that Breakout Rooms are functioning correctly.

6	Why do you think it is essential Why do you think it is important for dental professionals to understand ASD?	 Participants share their experiences from the discussion You RECAP summaries ASK: Why do you think it is essential Add their response in the CHAT Brief discussion Introduce the next activity GAME
7	Two Truths and a Lie Directions Read each sentence carefully. Truths Type the number of the sentence that is a LIE in the chat.	 Explain rules Remind to read carefully and enter the number of the LIE in the CHAT
8	Two Truths and a Lie 1 1. "People with ASD have difficulty understanding and responding to social cues." 2. "ASD is a rare condition that only affects children." 3. "Individuals with ASD may have intense interests in specific subjects, also known as 'special interests."	 Click each time to enable the entrance and exit of sentences. The LIE will highlight on the final click and then click again to advance Answer is #2
9	Two Truths and a Lie 2 1. "ASD is a mental illness that can be cured with medication." 2. "Communication challenges are a common trait of ASD." 3. "Eye contact is not always comfortable for individuals with ASD."	Answer is #1

10	Two Truths and a Lie 3	Answer is #3	
	1."People with ASD may not prefer changes in routines and environments." 2."Sensory sensitivities, like sensitivity to lights or textures, are common in individuals with ASD." 3."ASD is caused by bad parenting or upbringing."		
11	Two Truths and a Lie 4 1. "ASD is a lifelong condition that affects people across all age groups. 2. "Individuals with ASD may have difficulty understanding metaphors and figurative language." 3. "Every person with ASD has the same set of characteristics and challenges."	Answer if #3	
12 [10m]	TIME FOR A BREAK See you in so minutes	Remind locations of restrooms, etc.	Monitor time, and give a 2-minute warning to the facilitator.
13	Title Page-Section 2: Understanding Our Patients	 Welcome Back Tell the anecdote about text autocorrect Click ONCE to display slide 14 with NO text entered. 	

	Section 2: Understanding Our Patients Effective Communication Strategies		
14	Chat screen Can't wait for the pity! Send CALL ME!!! Oh no! Are you OK? What are you taking about? What are you taking about? WheesessAATT? Dude what it up?	 Click again when you say, "You use an emoji to convey excitement, so you type a message saying, 'Can't wait for the party!' The message will come up "Can't wait for the pity," and the other texts should populate afterward. Continue with the script in presenter view 	
15	Effective Communication Good communication is vital for providing great dental care. End to people with ASD, talking and understanding on be more difficult. We need to know how they communicate to help them effectively.	SAY: We have all been in situations where we feel we are not understood. Reference points on the slide. Briefly discuss situations that participants describe from their past. Highlight two main types of communication: Receptive and Expressive	Be sure the facilitator has communication cards in hand for the next slide.
16	Expressive Language	REINFORCE: Expressive is how patients communicate with YOU ASK: How can you support them?	

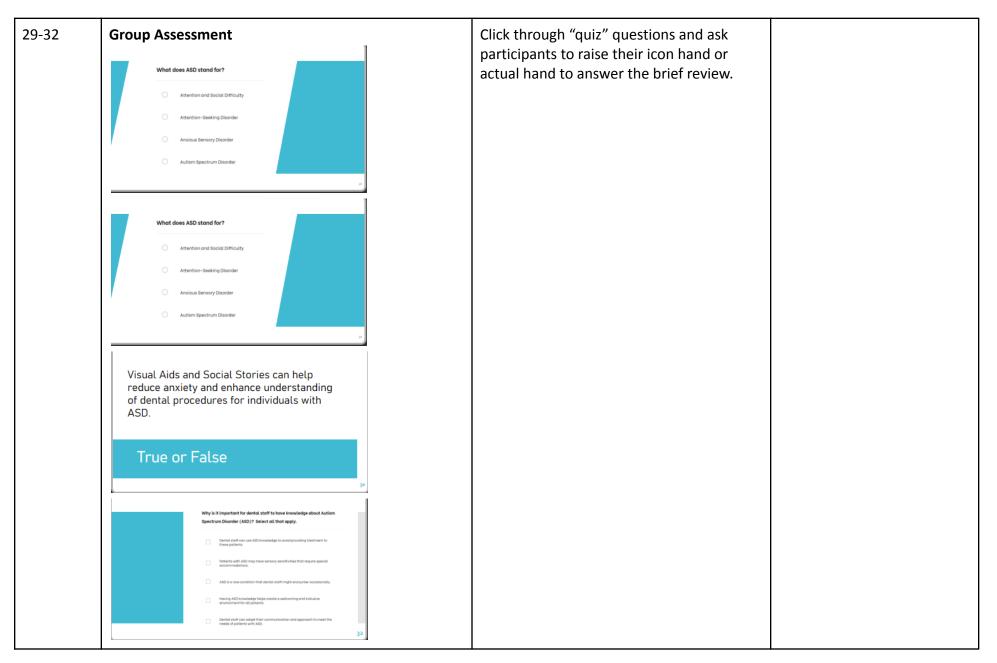
	Challenges with ASD may find it hard to say what they want or how they feel. Expressive Language	 Response: being patient and finding optional ways to understand them Display visual aid (communication book) and flip through it with the learners.
17	Challenges with Receptive Language Challenges with Receptive Language Clear and simple words Pictures or other tools	COMPARE expressive VS receptive Receptive – how the patient understands YOU Expand: See script on slide DECK
18 [30s]	Cod communication is visit for providing proof directal care. Online you have been rearing, communicating with patients with ASD comes with some unique challenges.	PLAY the video (about 1 minute long) • Highlight "sugar bugs." • Remind learners to remember that older patients may still relate to things as a "younger" patient would. ASK: Can you think of ways to "rephrase" common words or phrases you use during a dental visit?

19	Clear and Concise Language Clear and Concise Language Clear and Concise Language Clear and Concise Language Which explanation is clear and concise? Clear and concise? Which explanation is clear. Then we'll use floss to clean between them. We'll polish your teeth with a special cup and your teeth. We'll use a string to clean between our teeth. We'll use a tonthush and floss to clean your teeth. We'll use a tonthush and floss to clean your teeth.	SAY: Using simple words (from slide deck) The bottom left answer is correct
20	Title Page-Nonverbal Communication Nonverbal Communication	ASK: Examples of nonverbal communication • Lead learners to BODY LANGUAGE • A few participants demonstrate examples • Learners describe the meaning in CHAT
21	Common Nonverbal Cues Common Nonverbal Clutching Clutching the armrest tightly Avoiding Avoiding eye contact Rocking Rocking back and forth in the chair Tapping Tapping fingers on the armrest	THINK ABOUT: Is there a time
22	Respond to Nonverbal Cues	DISCUSS each point – details in the slide deck

	Respond to Nonverbal Cues Observe and Assess Create a Calm Environment Use Gentle Communication Offer Options Respect Boundaries		
23 [5m]	Discuss Discuss with a partner - Imagine a patient with A5D coming into the treatment room. - You notice they seem agitated and nervous. - What would you do? - Min 23	 Place 2-3 learners in Breakout Room Learners return after 5 minutes and share briefly 	Monitor the Breakout Room and give a 2-minute warning to the facilitator.
24 [30s]	Video-Visual Aids/Social Stories Visual Aids Social Stories	PLAY 1-minute video DISCUSS simplifying a procedure to create a social story (refer to slide notes)	
25 [2.5m]	Video-John's Visit to the Dentist	PLAY John's Visit video (3 minutes) RECAP simple sequence, clear and concise language	

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26 [2m]	Social Story Directions: Secondo 1: Feet Viol A child with ACD is violing better. They are anount and uncertain. The social story trouble different better. They are anount and uncertain. The social story trouble different better. They are anount and uncertain. The social story trouble different better. They are anount and uncertain. The social story trouble different better. They are anount and uncertain. The social story are also different better. They are anount and uncertain. The social story are also different better. They are anount and uncertain. The social story and uncertain the social story are also different better the social story and uncertain. The social story and uncertain. The social story and uncertain. The social story and uncertain the social story and uncertain. The social story are also story and uncertain. The social story are social story and uncertain. The social story and uncertain. The social story are social story and uncertain story are social story and uncertain story are social story and uncerta	ASK: What is the purpose of a Social Story (review slide notes) REVIEW directions from the slide EXPLAIN how to access the template via the link Access by clicking on the star on the next slide OR by clicking the link posted in the CHAT 15 minutes to complete on their own ADVANCE to the next slide to continue with additional instructions	 Closely monitor CHAT in case any participants have questions during this activity. Cut and paste the URL into the CHAT if the star link doesn't work for everyone.
27 [13m]	Template – Access link to Google Slide	EXPLAIN	Give the facilitator a 2-minute warning.

	Click the Star for Social Story Template Title of your Social Story Template	 Make a brief outline of the sequence of events for your chosen scenario on your paper. Try to limit to 6-7 scenes You can insert an image from the web if you like and are able. Depending on your tech capabilities and your device, you may get as creative as you want, but this is not mandatory Participants return after 15 minutes and ask a few people to volunteer to show their Social Story
28	Title Page-What Have You Learned What Have You Learned?	SAY: Now that we've explored



33	Making a Difference	SAY: Congratulations everyone, [on presenter notes]
	Making a Difference ONE PATIENT AT A TIME	