

1. Chemical Product and Company Identification

Product Name	Sanitex Antibacterial Foam Soap
Other Means of Identification	None
Product Code	
Product Use	Washing of the hands with foam soap
Supplier	Solo Pak Pty Ltd
ABN	29 076 652 269
Mail Address	PO Box 67, Brisbane Markets QLD, 4106
Email	sales@solopak.com.au
Telephone:	1300 307 755
Emergency Telephone:	Poisons Information Centre (National) 131126

2. Hazards Identification

Classification of the substance or mixture

This product is classified as: Not classified as hazardous according to the criteria of SWA.

Not a Dangerous Good according to Australian Dangerous Goods (ADG) Code, IATA or IMDG/IMSBC criteria.

Risk Phrases:	Not Hazardous - No criteria found.
Safety Phrases:	S23, S25, S36. Do not breathe spray mists. Avoid contact with eyes. Wear suitable protective clothing.
SUSMP Classification:	None allocated.
ADG Classification:	None allocated. Not a Dangerous Good according to Australian Dangerous Goods (ADG) Code, IATA or IMDG/IMSBC criteria.
UN Number:	None allocated

SIGNAL WORD NONE. Not hazardous.

Prevention

P102:	Keep out of reach of children.
P262:	Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.

P281: | Use personal protective equipment as required.
Read the SDS before using this product.

Response

P353: | Rinse skin or shower with water.
P301+P330+P331: | IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.
P370+P378: | In case of fire, use carbon dioxide, dry chemical, foam, water fog.

Storage

P404: | Store in a closed container.

Disposal

P501: | Dispose of small quantities and empty containers by wrapping with paper and putting in garbage. For larger quantities, if recycling or reclaiming is not possible, use a commercial waste disposal service.

3. Composition/Information on Ingredients

(Listed when present at 1% or greater, carcinogens at 0.1% or greater)

Chemical Name	CAS Registry Number	% Weight	Hazard Information
Cocamidopropyl betaine	61789-40-0	<5	H315 Causes skin irritation. H319 Causes serious eye irritation
Didecyl dimethyl ammonium chloride	7173-51-5	<1	H301: Toxic if swallowed H314: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage H318: Serious eye damage Category 1 H400: Acute aquatic toxicity Category 1 H412: Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects
Other ingredients determined not to be hazardous	Mixture	To 100	None

The SWA TWA exposure value is the average airborne concentration of a particular substance when calculated over a normal 8 hour working day for a 5 day working week. The STEL (Short Term Exposure Limit) is an exposure value that may be equalled (but should not be exceeded) for no longer than 15 minutes and should not be repeated more than 4 times per day. There should be at least 60 minutes between successive exposures at the STEL. The term "peak" is used when the TWA limit, because of the rapid action of the substance, should never be exceeded, even briefly.

4. First Aid Measures

General | For advice, contact a Poisons Information Centre (Australia 13 11 26) or a doctor. If swallowed, do NOT induce vomiting. Immediately give a glass of water.

Inhalation | First aid is not generally required. If in doubt, contact a Poisons Information Centre or a doctor.

Skin | Irritation is unlikely. However, if irritation does occur, flush with lukewarm, gently flowing water for 5 minutes or until chemical is removed.

Eyes | Immediately flush the contaminated eye(s) with lukewarm, gently flowing water for 5 minutes or until the product is removed, while holding the eyelid(s) open. Obtain medical advice immediately if

Ingestion	irritation occurs. Take special care if exposed person is wearing contact lenses. If product is swallowed or gets in mouth, do NOT induce vomiting; wash mouth with water and give some water to drink. If symptoms develop, or if in doubt contact a Poisons Information Centre or a doctor.
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Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed
Treat symptomatically.

5. Fire Fighting Measures

Extinguishing Media	Not combustible. Use extinguishing media suited to burning materials.
Fire Fighting	If a significant quantity of this product is involved in a fire, call the fire brigade.
Fire and Explosion Hazards	The major hazard in fires is usually inhalation of heated and toxic or oxygen deficient (or both), fire gases. There is no risk of an explosion from this product under normal circumstances if it is involved in a fire. Only small quantities of decomposition products are expected from this product at temperatures normally achieved in a fire. This will only occur after heating to dryness. Fire decomposition products from this product are not expected to be hazardous or harmful.
Flash point:	Does not burn.
Upper Flammability Limit:	Does not burn.
Lower Flammability Limit:	Does not burn.
Autoignition temperature:	Not applicable - does not burn.
Flammability Class:	Does not burn.

6. Accidental Release Measures

Accidental release: This product is sold in small packages, and the accidental release from one of these is not usually a cause for concern

Minor spills	For minor spills, refer to product label for specific instructions. It is good practice to wear rubber or PVC gloves when handling this product.
Major spills	In the event of a major spill, prevent spillage from entering drains or water courses and call emergency services. Do not allow to contact with ingredients mentioned in Section 10 below.

7. Precautions for handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Precautions for Safe Handling	Keep exposure to this product to a minimum, and minimise the quantities kept in work areas. Check Section 8 of this SDS for details of personal protective measures, and make sure that
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Storage

those measures are followed. The measures detailed below under "Storage" should be followed during handling in order to minimise risks to persons using the product in the workplace. Also, avoid contact or contamination of product with incompatible materials listed in Section 10.

Make sure that containers of this product are kept tightly closed. Make sure that the product does not come into contact with substances listed under "Incompatibilities" in Section 10. Some liquid preparations settle or separate on standing and may require stirring before use. Check packaging - there may be further storage instructions on the label.

8. Exposure controls /personal protection

The following Australian Standards will provide general advice regarding safety clothing and equipment:

Respiratory equipment: **AS/NZS 1715**, Protective Gloves: **AS 2161**, Occupational Protective Clothing: AS/NZS 4501 set 2008, Industrial Eye Protection: **AS1336** and **AS/NZS 1337**, Occupational Protective Footwear: **AS/NZS2210**.

SWA Exposure Limits	TWA (mg/m³)	STEL (mg/m³)
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Exposure limits have not been established by SWA for any of the significant ingredients in this product.

No special equipment is usually needed when occasionally handling small quantities. The following instructions are for bulk handling or where regular exposure in an occupational setting occurs without proper containment systems.

Ventilation:

This product should only be used in a well ventilated area. If natural ventilation is inadequate, use of a fan is suggested.

Eye Protection:

Protective glasses or goggles must be worn when this product is being used. Failure to protect your eyes may lead to severe harm to them or to general health. Emergency eye wash facilities must also be available in an area close to where this product is being used.

Skin Protection:

Prevent skin contact by wearing impervious gloves, clothes and, preferably, apron. Make sure that all skin areas are covered. See below for suitable material types.

Protective Material
Types:

We suggest that protective clothing be made from the following materials: rubber, PVC.

Respirator:

Usually, no respirator is necessary when using this product. However, if you have any doubts consult the Australian Standard mentioned above. Otherwise, not normally necessary.

Eyebaths or eyewash stations and safety deluge showers should, if practical, be provided near to where this product is being handled commercially.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Physical Description &
colour:

Green mobile liquid

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Prepared By	Jon Sprinkhuizen
Date of Issue	23rd of May 2022
Changes Made	Update SDS to GHS format
References	Australian Dangerous Goods Code Preparation of Safety Data Sheets for Hazardous Chemicals Code of Practice 2011. Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines & Poisons (SUSMP) Guidance
Contact Person/Point	Australia 24 HOUR EMERGENCY CONTACT Poisons Information Centre 13 11 26
Legal Disclaimer	The above information is believed to be correct with respect to the formula used to manufacture the product in the country of origin. As data, standards, and regulations change, and conditions of use and handling are beyond our control, NO WARRANTY, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, IS MADE AS TO THE COMPLETENESS OR CONTINUING ACCURACY OF THIS INFORMATION.

End of SDS