Hutchison Telecommunications
(Australia) Limited
ABN 15 003 677 227
Level 1, 177 Pacific Highway
North Sydney, NSW 2060
Tel: (02) 9015 5088
Fax: (02) 9015 5034
www.hutchison.com.au

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ASX Market Announcements

Australian Securities Exchange

Date: 27 February 2023

Subject: Appendix 4E and Annual Financial Report for the year ended 31 December 2022 and Date of 2023 Annual General Meeting

Please find attached the Appendix 4E and Annual Financial Report for the year ended 31 December 2022, together with the audit report referred to in the Appendix 4E of Hutchison Telecommunications (Australia) Limited (ASX: HTA) (the **Company**).

The Annual General Meeting (the **AGM**) of the Company will be held at 10.00 am (Sydney time) on Friday, 5 May 2023 and the Notice of Meeting for the AGM will be provided to shareholders in due course.

In accordance with ASX Listing Rule 3.13.1, the Company advises that the closing date for the receipt of director nominations is Wednesday, 5 April 2023.

Yours sincerely,

SDKeskar

Swapna Keskar
Joint Company Secretary

AUTHORISED FOR RELEASE: By order of the Confirmation Committee of the Board

For further information, please contact the Company Secretary by email at htalinvestors@companymatters.com.au or by telephone on (02) 9015 5088.

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Hutchison Telecommunications (Australia) Limited

ASX Appendix 4E
Preliminary Final Report

for the year ended 31 December 2022

ASX Appendix 4E Preliminary Final Report for the year ended 31 December 2022

(Previous corresponding period: Year ended 31 December 2021)

The ASX Appendix 4E (Preliminary Final Report) is lodged with the Australian Securities Exchange ("ASX") under Listing Rule 4.3A.

The information contained in this Appendix 4E should be read in conjunction with the accompanying Annual Financial Report for the year ended 31 December 2022 for Hutchison Telecommunications (Australia) Limited ("HTAL" or the "Company" (ASX: HTA), and together with its controlled entity, the "Group").

The Annual Financial Report has been prepared in accordance with the continuous disclosure requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001 (Cth)* and the ASX Listing Rules. A consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, a consolidated statement of changes in equity and a consolidated statement of cash flows for the year ended 31 December 2022, and a consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2022 of the Group, together with notes to the consolidated financial statements, which include significant accounting policies and other explanatory information are set out in the Financial Statements, issued as part of the Annual Financial Report.

Results for announcement to the market	**2022 $'000**	2021 $'000	**Movement $'000**	**Movement %**
Revenue	**194**	121	73	60%
Operating expenses	**(1,676)**	(1,901)	225	12%
Impairment loss on equity accounted investment	**(444,617)**	-	(444,617)	N/A
Share of net profit / (loss) of equity accounted investments, net of tax	**47,721**	(19,897)	67,618	340%
Loss from ordinary activities after tax attributable to members	**(398,378)**	(21,677)	(376,701)	1,738%
Net loss for the year attributable to members	**(398,378)**	(21,677)	(376,701)	1,738%

Hutchison Telecommunications (Australia) Limited ("HTAL" or the "Company" (ASX: HTA), and together with its controlled entity, the "Group") reports a statutory net loss of $398.4 million for the year ended 31 December 2022, compared with a net loss of $21.7 million for the comparative year ended 31 December 2021. The increase in net loss for the current year is attributable to a $444.6 million non-cash impairment loss recognised for the Group's 25.05%[1] interests in TPG Telecom Limited ("TPG") which is partially offset by a $67.6 million increase in share of net profit of equity accounted investments, net of tax.

Revenue represents interest income. For the year ended 31 December 2022, interest income increased to $0.2 million from $0.1 million for the comparative year ended 31 December 2021, driven by the increase in interest rates during the second half of 2022.

Other operating expenses for the year ended 31 December 2022 decreased to $1.7 million from $1.9 million for the comparative year ended 31 December 2021. This is due to decrease in general expenses.

For the current year, the Group has determined the recoverable amount of its investments in TPG by reference to an indicative share price, including a significant influence premium given the parcel of shareholding and significant influence held by HTAL. As a result, the Group has recognised a non-cash impairment loss of $444.6 million for the amount by which the carrying amount exceeds the recoverable amount. Further details are included in Note 4 to the Financial Statements.

HTAL accounts for its interests in TPG and Vodafone Hutchison (Australia) Holdings Limited ("VHAH")[2] using the equity method of accounting. Under this method, HTAL's share of net profit (loss) of these equity accounted investments is reported in HTAL's consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income. For the year ended 31 December 2022, share of net profit (loss) of these equity accounted investments, after consolidation adjustments, increased to a profit of $47.7 million from a loss of $19.9 million for the comparative year ended 31 December 2021. This represented an increase of $67.6 million, primarily driven by an increase in TPG's net profit resulting from one-off gain arising from the sale of its passive tower and rooftop assets. The net profit was partially offset by the higher net finance costs of VHAH. Further details are included in Note 10 to the Financial Statements.

[1] HTAL's 25.05% ownership interest in TPG comprises 11.14% interest directly held by Hutchison 3G Australia Holdings Pty Limited ("H3GAH"), a wholly owned subsidiary of HTAL, and an attributed 13.91% interest indirectly held by H3GAH through VHAH, a company domiciled in the United Kingdom in which H3GAH has a 50% shareholding. VHAH has a direct 27.82% interest in TPG.

[2] A company domiciled in the United Kingdom in which HTAL through H3GAH has a 50% shareholding and which H3GAH jointly controls with a subsidiary of Vodafone Group Plc. VHAH holds a direct 27.82% interest in TPG.

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HTAL's net loss for the year attributable to members for the year ended 31 December 2022 is $398.4 million. This represented a $376.7 million increase on the $21.7 million net loss for the comparative year ended 31 December 2021 reflecting the aforementioned changes from the comparative year.

HTAL's basic earnings (loss) per share is $(2.94) for the year ended 31 December 2022 (2021: $(0.16)).

In addition, HTAL's wholly owned subsidiary Hutchison 3G Australia Holdings Pty Limited ("H3GAH"), which holds the Group's 11.14% interest in TPG, received dividends of $36.2 million from TPG. Dividends received by H3GAH of $36.2 million were advanced to HTAL by way of an interest free loan. The proceeds were used to fund a $33.0 million partial repayment of a borrowing facility granted by a subsidiary of the ultimate parent entity, CK Hutchison Holdings Limited ("CKHH").

Dividends / distributions	**Amount per security**	Franked amount per security
Final dividend	**Nil**	Nil
Interim dividend	**Nil**	Nil
Record date for determining entitlements to the dividend	**N/A**	N/A

There are no dividends / distributions declared or paid and there are no dividend / distribution re-investment plans existing during or subsequent to the year ended 31 December 2022 to the date of this report.

Accumulated losses

Accumulated losses amounted to $3,934.6 million as at 31 December 2022 (31 December 2021: $3,536.2 million).

Net tangible assets

Net tangible assets amounted to $339.4 million or $0.03 per security as at 31 December 2022 (31 December 2021: $739.6 million or $0.05 per security).

Controlled entities acquired or disposed of

There was no acquisition or disposal of controlled entities during the year ended 31 December 2022.

Associates and joint venture entities

As at 31 December 2022, the Group held interests[3] in the following associate and joint venture:

Name of associate / joint venture	**Principal activity**	**Country of operation**	**2022 %**	2021 %
TPG Telecom Limited	Telecommunications services	Australia	**11.14%**	11.14%
Vodafone Hutchison (Australia) Holdings Limited	Financing and investing activities	United Kingdom	**50.00%**	50.00%

Commitments

At 31 December 2022 and 31 December 2021, there is no commitment existing in respect of the joint venture VHAH contracted but not provided for in the financial statements.

[3] HTAL's 25.05% ownership interest in TPG comprises 11.14% interest directly held by H3GAH and an attributed 13.91% interest indirectly held by H3GAH through VHAH, a company domiciled in the United Kingdom in which H3GAH has a 50% shareholding. VHAH has a direct 27.82% interest in TPG.

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Contingencies

At 31 December 2022 and 31 December 2021, HTAL's share of guarantees incurred jointly with other investors of TPG are as follows:

	2022		2021	
Guarantees	**VHAH $'000**	**TPG $'000**	VHAH $'000	TPG $'000
Secured guarantees	**–**	**–**	–	–
Unsecured guarantees	**–**	**6,263**	–	4,509
Total guarantees	**–**	**6,263**	–	4,509

Events occurring after the reporting date

(a) Update on TPG's regional MOCN agreement with Telstra

On 21 February 2022, TPG announced a regional Multi-Operator Core Network ("MOCN") agreement with Telstra Corporation Limited ("Telstra") (ASX: TLS) which will enable TPG to provide its subscribers with 4G and 5G coverage for data, calls and messaging from over 3,700 Telstra sites in regional and rural Australia.

On 21 December 2022, the Australian Competition and Consumer Commission decided not to grant authorisation for the proposed arrangement.

Consequently, TPG has submitted an application to the Australian Competition Tribunal for a review of the decision, with a tribunal decision expected in the first half of 2023.

As a result, the potential financial impacts highlighted in TPG's half-year report 2022 (impairment of fixed assets and right-of-use assets) have not been recognised in the year ended 31 December 2022 by TPG.

(b) There has been no other matter or circumstance that has arisen after the reporting date that has significantly affected or may significantly affect:

(i) the operations of the Group in future financial years, or
(ii) the results of those operations in future financial years, or
(iii) the state of affairs of the Group in future financial years.

Foreign Accounting standards

For foreign entities only, details of the accounting standards used in compiling the report e.g., International Accounting Standards:

N/A

Audit

This ASX Appendix 4E Preliminary Final Report for the year ended 31 December 2022 is based on the Financial Statements. The Financial Statements have been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board ("AASB") and the *Corporations Act 2001 (Cth)*, and have been audited by PricewaterhouseCoopers ("PwC"). The Independent Auditor's Report provided by PwC, which is unqualified, is included in the Annual Financial Report and will be made available with the Company's 2022 Annual Report.

Attached

Annual Financial Report for the year ended 31 December 2022.

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Hutchison Telecommunications (Australia) Limited

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

for the year ended 31 December 2022

Hutchison Telecommunications (Australia) Limited

ABN 15 003 677 227

Annual Financial Report

31 December 2022

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Hutchison Telecommunications (Australia) Limited
Annual Financial Report for year ended 31 December 2022

Review of Operations

	2022 $'000	2021 $'000	Movement $'000	Movement %
Revenue	**194**	121	73	60%
Operating expenses	**(1,676)**	(1,901)	225	12%
Impairment loss on equity accounted investment	**(444,617)**	-	(444,617)	N/A
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Hutchison Telecommunications (Australia) Limited ("HTAL" or the "Company" (ASX: HTA), and together with its controlled entity, the "Group") reports a statutory net loss of $398.4 million for the year ended 31 December 2022, compared with a net loss of $21.7 million for the comparative year ended 31 December 2021. The increase in net loss for the current year is attributable to a $444.6 million non-cash impairment loss recognised for the Group's 25.05%[4] interests in TPG Telecom Limited ("TPG") which is partially offset by a $67.6 million increase in share of net profit of equity accounted investments, net of tax.

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For the current year, the Group has determined the recoverable amount of its investments in TPG by reference to an indicative share price, including a significant influence premium given the parcel of shareholding and significant influence held by HTAL. As a result, the Group has recognised a non-cash impairment loss of $444.6 million for the amount by which the carrying amount exceeds the recoverable amount. Further details are included in Note 4 to the Financial Statements.

HTAL accounts for its interests in TPG and Vodafone Hutchison (Australia) Holdings Limited ("VHAH")[5] using the equity method of accounting. Under this method, HTAL's share of net profit (loss) of these equity accounted investments is reported in HTAL's consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income. For the year ended 31 December 2022, share of net profit (loss) of these equity accounted investments, after consolidation adjustments, increased to a profit of $47.7 million from a loss of $19.9 million for the comparative year ended 31 December 2021. This represented an increase of $67.6 million, primarily driven by an increase in TPG's net profit resulting from one-off gain arising from the sale of its passive tower and rooftop assets. The net profit was partially offset by the higher net finance costs of VHAH. Further details are included in Note 10 to the Financial Statements.

HTAL's net loss for the year attributable to members for the year ended 31 December 2022 is $398.4 million. This represented a $376.7 million increase on the $21.7 million net loss for the comparative year ended 31 December 2021 reflecting the aforementioned changes from the comparative year.

In addition, during the current year, HTAL's wholly owned subsidiary Hutchison 3G Australia Holdings Pty Limited ("H3GAH"), which holds the Group's 11.14% interest in TPG, received dividends of $36.2 million from TPG. These dividends are accounted for as a reduction in the carrying amount of the investment in HTAL's consolidated financial statements. Dividends received by H3GAH of $36.2 million were advanced to HTAL by way of an interest free loan. The proceeds were used to fund a $33.0 million partial repayment of a borrowing facility granted by a subsidiary of the ultimate parent entity, CK Hutchison Holdings Limited ("CKHH"). Additionally, during the current year, VHAH, a joint venture of which HTAL has a 50% interest and it holds a 27.82% interest in TPG, received and retained dividends of $90.5 million from TPG.

[4] HTAL's 25.05% ownership interest in TPG comprises 11.14% interest directly held by H3GAH, a wholly owned subsidiary of HTAL, and an attributed 13.91% interest indirectly held by H3GAH through VHAH, a company domiciled in the United Kingdom in which H3GAH has a 50% shareholding. VHAH has a direct 27.82% interest in TPG.

[5] A company domiciled in the United Kingdom in which HTAL through H3GAH has a 50% shareholding and which H3GAH jointly controls with a subsidiary of Vodafone Group Plc. VHAH holds a direct 27.82% interest in TPG.

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TPG

TPG announced a total revenue of $5,415 million, EBITDA of $2,135 million, and a net profit attributable to shareholders of $513 million for the year ended 31 December 2022, compared to $5,292 million, $1,727 million and a profit of $113 million respectively for the year ended 31 December 2021.

Please refer to TPG's ASX Appendix 4E Preliminary Final Report for the year ended 31 December 2022 and TPG's Annual Report 2022, which have been lodged with the ASX on 27 February 2023, for the results of its operations and other information, including discussions on its business strategies and outlook.

HTAL remains committed to its investment in TPG and will continue to support TPG in the future. As mentioned above, HTAL applies the equity method of accounting to account for its interests in TPG. Under this method, HTAL's attributable share of the revenue recognised by TPG is not incorporated into HTAL's revenue. HTAL's share of net profit of TPG, after HTAL consolidation adjustments, is included and reported in HTAL's consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

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Board of Directors

FOK Kin Ning, Canning (Chairman) BA, DFM, FCA (ANZ)

Fok Kin Ning, Canning, aged 71, has been a Director since February 1999. Mr Fok has been an executive director and group co-managing director of CK Hutchison Holdings Limited ("CKHH") since 2015. He has been a director of Cheung Kong (Holdings) Limited ("Cheung Kong (Holdings)") and Hutchison Whampoa Limited ("HWL") since 1985 and 1984 respectively, both of which were previously listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited ("SEHK") and became wholly owned subsidiaries of CKHH in 2015. He has been chairman and a non-executive director of Hutchison Telecommunications Hong Kong Holdings Limited ("HTHKH") since 2009 and Hutchison Port Holdings Management Pte. Limited ("HPHM") as the trustee-manager of Hutchison Port Holdings Trust ("HPH Trust") since 2011, an executive director since 1985 and chairman since 2005 of Power Assets Holdings Limited, chairman and an executive director of HK Electric Investments Manager Limited ("HKEIML") as the trustee-manager of HK Electric Investments ("HKEI") and HK Electric Investments Limited ("HKEIL") since 2013. He has also been an executive director and deputy chairman of CK Infrastructure Holdings Limited ("CKI") since 1997. Mr Fok has also been a director and chairman of TPG Telecom Limited ("TPG") (formerly Vodafone Hutchison Australia Limited) since 2001 and March 2021 respectively, a director of Cenovus Energy Inc. ("Cenovus Energy") since January 2021 and deputy president commissioner of PT Indosat Tbk ("PT Indosat") since January 2022. The aforementioned companies are either the ultimate holding company of HTAL, or subsidiaries or associated companies of CKHH of which Mr Fok has oversight as director of CKHH. He was a co-chairman from 2000 to 2020 and was a director from 2000 to March 2021 of Husky Energy Inc. ("Husky Energy") (delisted on 5 January 2021 following its combination with Cenovus Energy). He holds a Bachelor of Arts degree and a Diploma in Financial Management, and is a Fellow of Chartered Accountants Australia and New Zealand.

Barry ROBERTS-THOMSON (Deputy Chairman)

Barry Roberts-Thomson, aged 73, has been a Director since February 1989 and was Managing Director of HTAL from its inception in 1989 until September 2001. In his capacity as Deputy Chairman, Mr Roberts-Thomson represents HTAL in government relations and strategic projects. Mr Roberts-Thomson has also served as a director of TPG from 2001 until his resignation in July 2020 and he also serves as a director on HTAL's subsidiary, Hutchison 3G Australia Holdings Pty Limited.

Melissa ANASTASIOU (Director)

Melissa Anastasiou, aged 51, has been a Director since March 2020. Ms Anastasiou is currently General Counsel for Spark New Zealand Limited ("Spark") where she is responsible for oversight of the legal and compliance functions, providing Spark with strategic legal and commercial guidance, ensuring the business acts lawfully and with the utmost integrity. Ms Anastasiou joined Spark in 2009 and undertook a range of legal roles across the organisation before being appointed as Group General Counsel in 2012 and to the Spark Leadership Squad on 1 July 2018. Ms Anastasiou is the Executive Sponsor for Spark's Wholesale business, a director on a number of Spark subsidiary boards (including Spark New Zealand Trading Limited and Spark Finance Limited (NZX Listed Issuer)) and has also played a pivotal role in leading Spark's diversity and inclusion programme. Prior to joining Spark, Ms Anastasiou spent a number of years as a Senior Legal Counsel for UK mobile provider Telefonica O2. She also has extensive experience working for leading corporate law firms in Auckland and the UK. Ms Anastasiou has a Bachelor of Laws from Victoria University of Wellington.

Susan Mo Fong CHOW, also known as WOO Mo Fong, Susan (Director) (alias CHOW WOO Mo Fong, Susan) BSc

Susan Mo Fong Chow, aged 69, has been a Director since December 2019. Mrs Chow has been a non-executive director of CKHH since 2017. She was an executive director and group deputy managing director from June 2015 to July 2016 and senior advisor from August 2016 to December 2016 of CKHH. From 1993 to 2016, she was a director of HWL. Prior to joining HWL, Mrs Chow was a partner of Woo Kwan Lee & Lo, a major law firm in Hong Kong. Mrs Chow is an alternate director to a director of CKI since 2006, HKEIML as the trustee-manager of HKEI and HKEIL since 2014. She is an independent non-executive director of Hong Kong Exchanges and Clearing Limited since 2020. She previously served as a member of the Listing Committee of the SEHK, the Joint Liaison Committee on Taxation of the Law Society of Hong Kong, the Committee on Real Estate Investment Trusts of the Securities and Futures Commission, the Trade and Industry Advisory Board, the Court of The Hong Kong University of Science and Technology and the Appeal Boards Panel (Education). Mrs Chow is a qualified solicitor and holds a Bachelor's degree in Business Administration.

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Justin Herbert GARDENER (Director) BEc, FCA, AGIA

Justin Herbert Gardener, aged 86, has been a Director since July 1999. Mr Gardener has been a director of a number of private and publicly listed companies including Austar United Communications Limited (appointed 1999 and retired 2008). From 1961, and until his retirement in 1998, Mr Gardener held a variety of positions with Arthur Andersen, becoming a partner in 1972 and for the last ten years in a management and supervisory role for Asia Pacific. Mr Gardener is a Fellow of the Institute of Chartered Accountants and an Associate of the Governance Institute and holds a Bachelor of Economics Degree.

LAI Kai Ming, Dominic (Director) BSc, MBA

Lai Kai Ming, Dominic, aged 69, has been a Director since May 2004 and Alternate Director to Mr Sixt since May 2006 and to Mr Fok since December 2016. Mr Lai has been an executive director and deputy managing director of CKHH since 2015. He was finance director and chief operating officer of the A.S. Watson group, the retail arm of the CKHH group, from 1994 to 1997 and group managing director of the Harbour Plaza Hotel Management group, the former hotel business of HWL, from 1998 to 2000. Since 2000, he has been a director of HWL. Mr Lai has been a non-executive director since 2009 and an alternate director to directors since 2017 of HTHKH. He has been an alternate director to a director of TOM Group Limited ("TOM") since 2016. He has been a commissioner of PT Duta Intidaya Tbk since 2018. The aforementioned companies are either the ultimate holding company of HTAL, or subsidiaries or associated companies of CKHH of which Mr Lai has oversight as director of CKHH. He was a director of Vodafone Hutchison Australia Pty Limited ("VHA") (now known as TPG Telecom Limited) from 2016 to 2020. Mr Lai has over 35 years of management experience in different industries. He holds a Bachelor of Science (Hons) degree and a Master's degree in Business Administration.

John Michael SCANLON (Director)

John Michael Scanlon, aged 81, has been a Director since July 2005. Mr Scanlon is a special venture partner to Clarity Partners LLP, a private equity firm. From 1965 through to 1988, his career was with AT&T, primarily Bell Labs, rising to group vice president of AT&T. Mr Scanlon then went on to become president and general manager of Motorola's Cellular Networks and Space Sector, founding chief executive officer of Asia Global Crossing, chief executive officer of Global Crossing and chairman and chief executive officer of PrimeCo Cellular.

Frank John SIXT (Director) MA, LLL

Frank John Sixt, aged 71, has been a Director since January 1998 and Alternate Director to Mr Lai since February 2008. Mr Sixt has been an executive director, group finance director and deputy managing director of CKHH since 2015. Since 1991, he has been a director of Cheung Kong (Holdings) and HWL. He has been chairman and a non-executive director of TOM since 1999 and an executive director of CKI since 1996. He has been an alternate director to a director of HKEIML as the trustee-manager of HKEI and HKEIL since 2015, a director of TPG since 2001 and a director of Cenovus Energy since January 2021. He has also been a commissioner of PT Indosat since January 2022. The aforementioned companies are either the ultimate holding company of HTAL, or subsidiaries or associated companies of CKHH of which Mr Sixt has oversight as director of CKHH. He has almost four decades of legal, global finance and risk management experience, and possesses deep expertise in overseeing financial reporting system, risk management and internal control systems as well as sustainability issues and related risks. Mr Sixt was a director of Husky Energy (delisted on 5 January 2021 upon its combination with Cenovus Energy) from 2000 to March 2021. He holds a Master's degree in Arts and a Bachelor's degree in Civil Law, and is a member of the Bar and of the Law Society of the Provinces of Québec and Ontario, Canada.

WOO Chiu Man, Cliff (Director) BSc

Woo Chiu Man, Cliff, aged 69, has been a Director since August 2016. Mr Woo has been an executive director and chief executive officer of HTHKH since 2017 and was re-designated as co-deputy chairman and a non-executive director of HTHKH in 2018. He has also been a commissioner of PT Indosat since January 2022. He held various senior technology management positions in the telecommunications industry before joining the group of HWL in 1998. He was deputy managing director of Hutchison Telecommunications (Hong Kong) Limited from 2000 to 2004. He was also an executive director of Hutchison Telecommunications International Limited in 2005. He was seconded to VHA as chief technology officer from 2012 to 2013 and was part of the core management team. He was an alternate director to a director of VHA from 2016 to 2020. He possesses extensive operations experience in the telecommunications industry and has been involved in cellular technology for over 32 years. Mr Woo holds a Bachelor's degree in Electronics and a Diploma in Management for Executive Development. He is a Chartered Engineer and also a Member of The Institution of Engineering and Technology (UK) and The Hong Kong Institution of Engineers.

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Directors' Report

The Directors present their report of Hutchison Telecommunications (Australia) Limited ("HTAL" or the "Company", and together with its controlled entity, the "Group") at the end of, or during, the year ended 31 December 2022.

Principal activities

The Group's principal activity is the ownership of a combined 25.05%[6] equity interest in TPG Telecom Limited ("TPG"). TPG operates a number of leading mobile and internet brands including Vodafone, TPG, iiNet, AAPT, Internode, Lebara and felix, providing consumers with a comprehensive portfolio of fixed and mobile products in the Australian telecommunications market.

Review of operations

Comments on the operations of the Group, results of those operations, the Company's business strategies and its prospects for future years are set out on pages 7 to 8. Details of the financial position of the Company are contained in page 23 of this report.

Significant changes in the state of affairs and matters subsequent to the end of the financial year

(a) Update on TPG's regional MOCN agreement with Telstra

On 21 February 2022, TPG announced a regional Multi-Operator Core Network ("MOCN") agreement with Telstra Corporation Limited ("Telstra") (ASX: TLS) which will enable TPG to provide its subscribers with 4G and 5G coverage for data, calls and messaging from over 3,700 Telstra sites in regional and rural Australia.

On 21 December 2022, the Australian Competition and Consumer Commission decided not to grant authorisation for the proposed arrangement.

Consequently, TPG has submitted an application to the Australian Competition Tribunal for a review of the decision, with a tribunal decision expected in the first half of 2023.

As a result, the potential financial impacts highlighted in TPG's half-year report 2022 (impairment of fixed assets and right-of-use assets) have not been recognised in the year ended 31 December 2022 by TPG.

(b) There has been no other matter or circumstance that has arisen after the reporting date that has significantly affected or may significantly affect:

(i) the operations of the Group in future financial years, or
(ii) the results of those operations in future financial years, or
(iii) the state of affairs of the Group in future financial years.

Likely developments and expected results of operations

Other than as set out in the Review of operations above, further information on business strategies and the future prospects of the Group has not been included in this report because the Directors believe that it would be likely to result in unreasonable prejudice to the Group.

Environmental regulation

The Group's operations and business activities, through its investment in TPG, are subject to environmental regulations under both Commonwealth and State legislation and the requirements of the *Telecommunications Act 1997*. TPG's compliance framework is designed to ensure TPG meets its obligations under current legislation.

TPG is subject to the *National Greenhouse and Energy Reporting Act 2007* ("NGER Act") and is required to report information about greenhouse gas emissions, energy production, energy consumption and other information specified by the NGER Act. TPG has fulfilled its reporting requirements for its operations annually since 2010 under the NGER Act.

Dividends

There are no dividends / distributions declared or paid and there are no dividend / distribution reinvestment plans existing during or subsequent to the year ended 31 December 2022 to the date of this report.

[6] HTAL's 25.05% ownership interest in TPG comprises 11.14% interest directly held by Hutchison 3G Australia Holdings Pty Limited ("H3GAH"), a wholly owned subsidiary of HTAL, and an attributed 13.91% interest indirectly held by H3GAH through Vodafone Hutchison (Australia) Holdings Limited ("VHAH"), a company domiciled in the United Kingdom in which H3GAH has a 50% shareholding. VHAH has a direct 27.82% interest in TPG.

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Directors

The following persons were Directors of HTAL during the whole of the year ended 31 December 2022 and up to the date of this report, unless otherwise stated:

FOK Kin Ning, Canning

Barry ROBERTS-THOMSON

Melissa ANASTASIOU

Susan Mo Fong CHOW, also known as WOO Mo Fong, Susan (alias CHOW WOO Mo Fong, Susan)

Justin Herbert GARDENER

LAI Kai Ming, Dominic, also alternate to FOK Kin Ning, Canning and Frank John SIXT

John Michael SCANLON

Frank John SIXT, also alternate to LAI Kai Ming, Dominic

WOO Chiu Man, Cliff

Further information on the Directors is set out on pages 9 and 10.

Director	Other Responsibilities	Particulars of Directors' Interests in ordinary shares of HTAL
Fok Kin Ning, Canning	Non-executive Chairman, Chairman of Governance, Nomination & Compensation Committee	5,100,000*
Barry Roberts-Thomson	Deputy Chairman	83,918,337**
Melissa Anastasiou	–	–
Susan Mo Fong Chow	–	–
Justin Herbert Gardener	Chairman of Audit & Risk Committee, Member of Governance, Nomination & Compensation Committee	1,957,358
Lai Kai Ming, Dominic	Member of Governance, Nomination & Compensation Committee, Member of Audit & Risk Committee	–
John Michael Scanlon	Member of Audit & Risk Committee	–
Frank John Sixt	–	1,000,000
Woo Chiu Man, Cliff	–	–

* Direct holding of 100,000 shares

** Direct holding of 4,540 shares

Notes:

Mr Fok Kin Ning, Canning holds a relevant interest in (i) 6,011,438 ordinary shares of CK Hutchison Holdings Limited ("CKHH"), a related body corporate of HTAL; and (ii) 1,202,380 ordinary shares of Hutchison Telecommunications Hong Kong Holdings Limited ("HTHKH"), a related body corporate of HTAL.

Mrs Susan Mo Fong Chow holds a relevant interest in (i) 129,960 ordinary shares of CKHH; and (ii) 250,000 ordinary shares of HTHKH.

Mr Lai Kai Ming, Dominic holds a relevant interest in 34,200 ordinary shares of CKHH.

Mr Frank John Sixt holds a relevant interest in (i) 166,800 ordinary shares of CKHH; and (ii) 255,000 ordinary shares of HTHKH.

Mr Woo Chiu Man, Cliff holds a relevant interest in (i) 3,420 ordinary shares of CKHH; and (ii) 2,001,333 ordinary shares of HTHKH.

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Meetings of Directors

The number of meetings of HTAL's Board of Directors and each of the Board committees held during the year ended 31 December 2022 and the number of meetings attended by each Director were:

Director	Board Meetings held during the year	Board Meetings attended as Director	Audit & Risk Committee Meetings held during the year	Audit & Risk Committee Meetings attended as Member of the Committee	Governance, Nomination & Compensation Committee Meetings held during the year	Governance, Nomination & Compensation Committee Meetings attended as Member of the Committee
Fok Kin Ning, Canning	4	4	N/A	N/A	Nil	Nil
Barry Roberts-Thomson	4	4	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Melissa Anastasiou	4	3	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Susan Mo Fong Chow	4	4	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Justin Herbert Gardener	4	4	4	4	Nil	Nil
Lai Kai Ming, Dominic	4	4	4	4	Nil	Nil
John Michael Scanlon	4	3	4	4	N/A	N/A
Frank John Sixt	4	4	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Woo Chiu Man, Cliff	4	4	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

No meeting of the Governance, Nomination & Compensation Committee was held during the year as any matters that arose for possible consideration by the Committee were dealt with by the full Board.

Retirement, election and continuation in office of Directors

Mr Barry Roberts-Thomson, is a Director retiring by rotation in accordance with the Constitution who, being eligible, offers himself for re-election.

Mrs Susan Mo Fong Chow, is a Director retiring by rotation in accordance with the Constitution who, being eligible, offers herself for re-election.

Mr Lai Kai Ming, Dominic, is a Director retiring by rotation in accordance with the Constitution who, being eligible, offers himself for re-election.

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Company secretaries

Edith Shih

BSE, MA, MA, EdM, Solicitor, FCG(CS, CGP), HKFCG(CS, CGP)(PE)

Edith Shih has been one of the Company Secretaries of the Company since 1999. She has over 40 years of experience in the legal, regulatory, corporate finance, compliance and corporate governance fields. Ms Shih is an executive director and company secretary of CKHH. She has been with the Cheung Kong (Holdings) Limited group since 1989 and with Hutchison Whampoa Limited ("HWL") from 1991 to 2015. Both Cheung Kong (Holdings) Limited and HWL were previously listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited and became wholly owned subsidiaries of CKHH in 2015. She has acted in various capacities within the HWL group, including head group general counsel and company secretary of HWL and director and company secretary of HWL subsidiaries and associated companies. Ms Shih is a non-executive director of HTHKH, HUTCHMED (China) Limited and Hutchison Port Holdings Management Pte. Limited as the trustee-manager of Hutchison Port Holdings Trust, as well as a commissioner of PT Duta Intidaya Tbk. The aforementioned companies are either the ultimate holding company of HTAL, or subsidiaries or associated companies of CKHH of which Ms Shih has oversight as director of CKHH. Ms Shih is the past International President and current member of the Council of The Chartered Governance Institute ("CGI") as well as a past President and current Honorary Adviser of The Hong Kong Chartered Governance Institute ("HKCGI") and current chairperson of its Nomination Committee. She is also a member of the Hong Kong-Europe Business Council. She is a solicitor qualified in England and Wales, Hong Kong and Victoria, Australia and a Fellow of both CGI and HKCGI, holding Chartered Secretary and Chartered Governance Professional dual designations. She holds a Bachelor of Science degree, Master of Arts degrees and a Master of Education degree.

Swapna Keskar

MCom., LLB, FGIA, FCIS, FCS, GAICD

Swapna Keskar has been one of the Company Secretaries of the Company since 3 December 2020. She has extensive experience in providing company secretarial, governance consulting and corporate administration services to clients, including a large number of ASX companies, across a range of different industries, including financial services, retail, resources and energy. Ms Keskar is a Graduate of the Australian Institute of Company Directors and a Fellow member of the Governance Institute of Australia, The Chartered Governance Institute and the Institute of Company Secretaries of India.

Non-audit services

HTAL may engage the auditor, PricewaterhouseCoopers, on assignments additional to their statutory audit duties where the auditor's expertise and experience with the Company are important.

The Board of Directors, in accordance with the advice received from the Audit & Risk Committee, is satisfied that the provision of the non-audit services is compatible with the general standard of independence for auditors imposed by the *Corporations Act 2001 (Cth).* The Directors are satisfied that the provision of non-audit services by the auditor did not compromise the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001 (Cth)* for the following reasons:

- all non-audit services have been reviewed by the Audit & Risk Committee to ensure they do not impact the integrity and objectivity of the auditor; and
- none of the services undermine the general principles relating to auditor independence as set out in APES 110 Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including Independence Standards), including reviewing or auditing the auditor's own work, acting in a management or a decision-making capacity for the Company, acting as advocate for the Company or jointly sharing economic risk and rewards.

Details of the amounts paid to PricewaterhouseCoopers for audit and non-audit services provided during the year are set out in Note 8, Remuneration of auditors, on page 35 of the financial report.

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Auditor's independence declaration

A copy of the auditor's independence declaration as required under section 307C of the *Corporations Act 2001 (Cth)* is set out on page 20.

Corporate Governance

HTAL is committed to conduct the business with the highest standards of business ethics and adhering to the legal and regulatory obligations. The Board of Directors has put in place formal guidelines representing the Board's policy on best practice corporate governance. These guidelines outline the composition and responsibilities of the Board and Board committees, and the Company's policies relating to, inter alia, continuous disclosure, shareholder communications, share dealing policy and corporate code of conduct. Refer to http://www.hutchison.com.au/about-hutchison/corporate-governance/ for further details.

Directors' and officers' liability insurance

During the financial year, CKHH paid a premium to insure the current and former Directors and officers of the Group against loss or liability arising out of a claim for a wrongful act, including any costs, charges and expenses that may be incurred in defending any actions, suits, proceedings or claims. This does not include such liabilities that arise from conduct involving a wilful breach of duty by the officer or the improper use by the officers of their position to gain advantage for themselves or someone else or to cause detriment to the Company.

Indemnity of auditors

HTAL has agreed to reimburse their auditors, PricewaterhouseCoopers, for any liability (including reasonable legal costs) incurred by PricewaterhouseCoopers in connection with any claim by a third party arising from the Company's breach of the audit agreement between HTAL and PricewaterhouseCoopers. The reimbursement obligation is subject to restrictions contained in the *Corporations Act 2001 (Cth)*. No payment has been made to indemnify the auditors during or since the end of the financial year.

Proceedings on behalf of HTAL

No person has applied to the Court under section 237 of the *Corporations Act 2001 (Cth)* for leave to bring proceedings on behalf of HTAL, or to intervene in any proceedings to which HTAL is a party, for the purpose of taking responsibility on behalf of HTAL for all or part of those proceedings.

No proceedings have been brought or intervened in on behalf of HTAL with leave of the Court under section 237 of the *Corporations Act 2001 (Cth)*.

Rounding of amounts

The Group is of a kind referred to in *ASIC Corporations (Rounding in Financial / Directors' Reports) Legislative Instrument 2016/191* ("ASIC Instrument") issued by the Australian Securities and Investments Commission relating to the 'rounding off' of amounts in the directors' report and financial report. Amounts in the directors' report and financial report have been rounded off in accordance with the ASIC Instrument to the nearest thousand dollars, or in certain cases to the nearest dollar or cent.

Auditor

PricewaterhouseCoopers continues in office in accordance with section 327B of the *Corporations Act 2001 (Cth).*

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Remuneration Report

As at 31 December 2022, the Company had two employees who are not 'key management personnel'. As at the date of this report, the Company does not have any employees who are 'key management personnel'. This report does not include any information relating to the employees or employment practices of TPG as it is not a subsidiary of the Company.

Mr Frank John Sixt is the person directly responsible to the Board in respect of carrying out the Chief Executive Officer function and Chief Financial Officer function pursuant to section 295A of the *Corporations Act 2001 (Cth)*, however Mr Sixt is not formally appointed to either role. He was not remunerated in the year ended 31 December 2022 for this responsibility.

The compensation philosophy and policies referred to remain in place notwithstanding their currently limited application.

Compensation philosophy and practice

The Governance, Nomination & Compensation Committee is responsible for making recommendations to the Board on compensation policies and packages for all staff, including Board members. The Company's compensation policy is designed to ensure that remuneration strategies are competitive, innovative, support the business objectives and reflect company performance. The Company's performance is measured according to the achievement of key financial and non-financial measures as approved by the Board, and key management personnel's remuneration packages (other than Directors) would be directly linked to these measures. The Group has been committed to ensuring it has compensation arrangements which would reflect individual performance, overall contribution to the Company's performance and developments in the external market. Written service agreements setting out remuneration and other terms of employment would be required for key management personnel.

Principles used to determine the nature and amount of remuneration

The Company's compensation policy is designed to ensure that remuneration strategies are competitive, innovative and support the business objectives while reflecting individual performance, overall contribution to the business and developments in the external market. Remuneration packages would generally involve a balance between fixed and performance-based components, the latter being assessed against objectives which include both company and job specific financial and non-financial measures. These measures at the financial level directly relate to the key management's contribution to meeting or exceeding the Company's statement of comprehensive income and statement of financial position targets. At the non-financial level, the measures would reflect the contribution to achieving a range of key performance indicators as well as building a high-performance company culture. The performance conditions are chosen to reflect an appropriate balance between achieving financial targets and building a business and organisation to be sustainable for the long term.

Directors' fees

The remuneration of the non-executive and independent Directors, Mr Justin Herbert Gardener and Mr John Michael Scanlon, comprised a fixed amount only and was not performance based. The non-executive and non-independent Directors, Mr Fok Kin Ning, Canning, Mr Barry Roberts-Thomson, Ms Melissa Anastasiou, Mrs Susan Mo Fong Chow, Mr Lai Kai Ming, Dominic and Mr Woo Chiu Man, Cliff did not receive any remuneration for their services as Directors. Mr Frank John Sixt also did not receive any remuneration for his service as an executive Director of the Company.

Retirement allowances for Directors

No retirement allowances are payable to non-executive and executive Directors.

Key management personnel

The Directors of HTAL are the key management personnel ("KMP") of HTAL having the authority and responsibility for planning, directing and managing activities for the year from 1 January 2022 to 31 December 2022.

The appointment of Mr Fok Kin Ning, Canning, Mr Lai Kai Ming, Dominic, Mr Frank John Sixt, and Mr Woo Chiu Man, Cliff is part of and in conjunction with their executive duties within the CKHH group. Mrs Susan Mo Fong Chow's appointment is also in conjunction with her directorship within the CKHH Group. They are not separately remunerated by the Company for their services to HTAL. The remuneration details of these directors are available from the disclosure in their respective CKHH group annual reports.

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Details of remuneration

Details of the remuneration of each Director of HTAL including their personally-related entities, are set out in the following tables.

Directors of HTAL

2022	Short-term benefits			Post-employment benefits	Share-based payments	
Name	**Cash salary and fees $**	**Cash bonus $**	**Non-monetary benefits $**	**Super-annuation $**	**Options $**	**Total $**
Fok Kin Ning, Canning	–	–	–	–	–	–
Barry Roberts-Thomson	–	–	–	–	–	–
Melissa Anastasiou	–	–	–	–	–	–
Susan Mo Fong Chow	–	–	–	–	–	–
Justin Herbert Gardener	50,000	–	–	5,125	–	55,125
Lai Kai Ming, Dominic	–	–	–	–	–	–
John Michael Scanlon	50,000	–	–	5,125	–	55,125
Frank John Sixt	–	–	–	–	–	–
Woo Chiu Man, Cliff	–	–	–	–	–	–
Total	100,000	–	–	10,250	–	110,250

Mr Fok Kin Ning, Canning, Mrs Susan Mo Fong Chow, Mr Lai Kai Ming, Dominic, Mr Frank John Sixt and Mr Woo Chiu Man, Cliff, as officers of CKHH group, are remunerated for their duties within the CKHH Group which include their directorships of HTAL.

2021	Short-term benefits			Post-employment benefits	Share-based payments	
Name	Cash salary and fees $	Cash bonus $	Non-monetary benefits $	Super-annuation $	Options $	Total $
Fok Kin Ning, Canning	–	–	–	–	–	–
Barry Roberts-Thomson	–	–	–	–	–	–
Melissa Anastasiou	–	–	–	–	–	–
Susan Mo Fong Chow	–	–	–	–	–	–
Justin Herbert Gardener	50,000	–	–	4,875	–	54,875
Lai Kai Ming, Dominic	–	–	–	–	–	–
John Michael Scanlon	50,000	–	–	4,875	–	54,875
Frank John Sixt	–	–	–	–	–	–
Woo Chiu Man, Cliff	–	–	–	–	–	–
Total	100,000	–	–	9,750	–	109,750

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Statutory performance indicators

The below table shows measures of the Company's financial performance over the last five years as required by the *Corporations Act 2001 (Cth)*.

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Profit / (loss) for the year attributable to owners of HTAL ($'000)	(398,378)	(21,677)	825,441	(154,870)	4,475
Basic earnings / (loss) per share (cents)	(2.94)	(0.16)	6.08	(1.14)	(0.03)
Dividend payments ($'000)	–	–	–	–	–
Dividend payout ratio (%)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Increase / (decrease) in share price (%)	(50)	(17)	21	9	69
Total KMP incentives as percentage of profit / (loss) for the year (%)	(0.03)	(0.51)	0.01	(0.1)	2.3

No dividends were paid over the last five years. The dividend payout ratio, where applicable, will be calculated based on dividends paid and profit / (loss) for the year.

Share-based compensation

No ordinary shares were issued on the exercise of options during the year to any of the Directors or former key management personnel.

No Directors were issued options during the year or hold options over the ordinary shares of the Company. No options were vested and exercisable at the end of the year.

Shareholdings

The number of shares in the Company held during the financial year by each Director, including their personally-related entities, are set out below.

Directors of HTAL

	Ordinary shares			
Name	Balance at the start of the year	Received during the year on the exercise of options	Changes during the year	Balance at the end of the year
Fok Kin Ning, Canning	5,100,000*	–	–	5,100,000*
Barry Roberts-Thomson	83,918,337**	–	–	83,918,337**
Melissa Anastasiou	–	–	–	–
Susan Mo Fong Chow	–	–	–	–
Justin Herbert Gardener	1,957,358	–	–	1,957,358
Lai Kai Ming, Dominic	–	–	–	–
John Michael Scanlon	–	–	–	–
Frank John Sixt	1,000,000	–	–	1,000,000
Woo Chiu Man, Cliff	–	–	–	–

* Direct holding of 100,000 shares

** Direct holding of 4,540 shares

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Shares under option

The Company has no share option scheme. No options were granted during the year ended 31 December 2022. As at the date of this report, there were no unissued ordinary shares of HTAL under option.

Shares issued on the exercise of options

No ordinary shares of HTAL were issued during the year ended 31 December 2022 or up to the date of this report on the exercise of options.

Loans to Directors and key management personnel

There were no loans made to the Directors of the Company, including their personally-related entities, during the years ended 31 December 2022 and 31 December 2021.

Other transactions with Directors and key management personnel

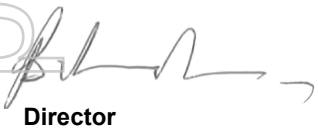
There were no other transactions with Directors for the years ended 31 December 2022 or 31 December 2021.

The above Remuneration Report has been audited by PricewaterhouseCoopers.

This Directors' report is made in accordance with a resolution of the Directors, in accordance with section 298(2) of the *Corporations Act 2001 (Cth)*.



Director
27 February 2023



Director
27 February 2023

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Auditor's Independence Declaration

As lead auditor for the audit of Hutchison Telecommunications (Australia) Limited for the year ended 31 December 2022, I declare that to the best of my knowledge and belief, there have been:

(a) no contraventions of the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* in relation to the audit; and

(b) no contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

This declaration is in respect of Hutchison Telecommunications (Australia) Limited and the entities it controlled during the period.

Jason Hayes
Partner
PricewaterhouseCoopers

Sydney
27 February 2023

PricewaterhouseCoopers, ABN 52 780 433 757
One International Towers Sydney, Watermans Quay, Barangaroo, GPO BOX 2650, SYDNEY NSW 2001
T: +61 2 8266 0000, F: +61 2 8266 9999, www.pwc.com.au

Level 11, 1PSQ, 169 Macquarie Street, Parramatta NSW 2150, PO Box 1155 Parramatta NSW 2124
T: +61 2 9659 2476, F: +61 2 8266 9999, www.pwc.com.au

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Financial Report for the year ended 31 December 2022

- Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income for the year ended 31 December 2022
- Consolidated Statement of Financial Position as at 31 December 2022
- Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended 31 December 2022
- Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended 31 December 2022
- Notes to the Financial Statements

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Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income
For the year ended 31 December 2022

	Notes	2022 $'000	2021 $'000
Revenue	2	**194**	121
Operating expenses	3	**(1,676)**	(1,901)
Impairment loss on equity accounted investments	4	**(444,617)**	–
Share of net profit / (loss) of equity accounted investments, net of tax	10	**47,721**	(19,897)
Loss before income tax		**(398,378)**	(21,677)
Income tax expense	5	**–**	–
Loss for the year		**(398,378)**	(21,677)
Other comprehensive income			
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss		**–**	–
Items that may be reclassified to profit or loss			
Net gain on cash flow hedges taken to equity (share of equity accounted investments)	10	**636**	150
Tax relating to items that may be reclassified to profit or loss		**–**	–
Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax		**636**	150
Total comprehensive loss for the year attributable to members of the Company		**(397,742)**	(21,527)
Loss per share for loss attributable to members of the Company		**Cents**	Cents
Basic loss per share	6	**(2.94)**	(0.16)
Diluted loss per share	6	**(2.94)**	(0.16)

The above consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

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Consolidated Statement of Financial Position
As at 31 December 2022

	Notes	2022 $'000	2021 $'000
ASSETS			
Current Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	9	**5,808**	3,737
Other receivables		**117**	–
Prepayments		**45**	52
Total Current Assets		**5,970**	3,789
Non-current Assets			
Investment accounted for using the equity method	10	**339,680**	774,578
Total Non-current Assets		**339,680**	774,578
Total Assets		**345,650**	778,367
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities			
Payables	12	**853**	474
Other financial liabilities	13	**5,359**	38,316
Total Current Liabilities		**6,212**	38,790
Total Liabilities		**6,212**	38,790
Net Assets		**339,438**	739,577
EQUITY			
Contributed equity	14	**4,204,488**	4,204,488
Reserves	15	**69,505**	71,266
Accumulated losses	15	**(3,934,555)**	(3,536,177)
Total Equity		**339,438**	739,577

The above consolidated statement of financial position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

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Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity
For the year ended 31 December 2022

	Attributable to members of the Company					
		Reserves				
	Contributed equity $'000	Capital redemption reserve[7] $'000	Cash flow hedging reserve[7] $'000	Share-based payments reserve[7] $'000	Accumulated losses[8] $'000	Total equity $'000
Balance at 1 January 2021	4,204,488	54,887	(333)	15,880	(3,514,500)	760,422
Loss for the year	–	–	–	–	(21,677)	(21,677)
Other comprehensive income:						
Net gain on cashflow hedges (share of equity accounted investments)	–	–	150	–	–	150
Tax relating to components of other comprehensive income	–	–	–	–	–	–
Total comprehensive income for the year	–	–	150	–	(21,677)	(21,527)
Share-based payment reserve (share of equity accounted investments), net of tax	–	–	–	682	–	682
Balance at 31 December 2021	4,204,488	54,887	(183)	16,562	(3,536,177)	739,577
Balance at 1 January 2022	**4,204,488**	**54,887**	**(183)**	**16,562**	**(3,536,177)**	**739,577**
Loss for the year	**–**	**–**	**–**	**–**	**(398,378)**	**(398,378)**
Other comprehensive income:						
Net gain on cashflow hedges (share of equity accounted investments)	**–**	**–**	**636**	**–**	**–**	**636**
Tax relating to components of other comprehensive income	**–**	**–**	**–**	**–**	**–**	**–**
Total comprehensive income for the year	**–**	**–**	**636**	**–**	**(398,378)**	**(397,742)**
Share-based payment reserve (share of equity accounted investments), net of tax	**–**	**–**	**–**	**1,163**	**–**	**1,163**
Acquisition of shares (share of equity accounted investments), net of tax	**–**	**–**	**–**	**(3,560)**	**–**	**(3,560)**
Balance at 31 December 2022	**4,204,488**	**54,887**	**453**	**14,165**	**(3,934,555)**	**339,438**

The above consolidated statement of changes in equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

[7] See note 15 (a) and (c)

[8] See note 15 (b)

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Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows
For the year ended 31 December 2022

	Notes	2022 $'000	2021 $'000
Cash Flows from Operating Activities			
Payments to suppliers and employees (inclusive of GST)		**(1,407)**	(2,443)
Interest received		**194**	121
Dividends from investment accounted for using the equity method		**36,241**	32,099
Net cash inflows from operating activities	16	**35,028**	29,777
Cash Flows from Investing Activities			
Net cash inflows from investing activities		**–**	–
Cash Flows from Financing Activities			
Repayment of borrowings – entity within the CKHH Group	13	**(32,957)**	(49,697)
Net cash outflows from financing activities		**(32,957)**	(49,697)
Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		**2,071**	(19,920)
Cash and cash equivalents at 1 January		**3,737**	23,657
Cash and cash equivalents at 31 December	9	**5,808**	3,737

The above consolidated statement of cash flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

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Notes to the Financial Statements

Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies

(a) Reporting entity

Hutchison Telecommunications (Australia) Limited ("HTAL" or the "Company") is a company limited by shares incorporated in Australia whose shares are publicly traded on the Australian Securities Exchange ("ASX"). A description of the nature of the operations and principal activities of the Company and its controlled entities (together the "Group") is included in the Directors' report on pages 11 to 19.

These consolidated financial statements were authorised for issue by the Board on the 27 February 2023. The Company has the power to amend and reissue the financial statements.

(b) Basis of preparation

These general-purpose financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board ("AASB") and the *Corporations Act 2001 (Cth)*. For the purposes of preparing the financial statements, the Company is a for-profit entity.

Disclosures in relation to the parent entity financial statements required under paragraph 295(3)(a) of the *Corporations Act 2001 (Cth)* are included in Note 24.

These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention. Unless otherwise stated, the accounting policies adopted have been consistently applied to all the years presented. Comparative figures have been adjusted to conform to the presentation of these financial statements and notes for the current financial year, where required, to enhance comparability.

(c) Working capital management

As at 31 December 2022, the Group has a deficiency of net current assets of $0.2 million (2021: a deficiency of $35.0 million). Included in the Group's current liabilities is an amount of $5.4 million (2021: $38.3 million) which relates to an interest free financing facility provided from a subsidiary of the ultimate parent entity, CK Hutchison Holdings Limited ("CKHH"), which is repayable on demand. The Group has unused financing facilities of $1,594.6 million at 31 December 2022 (2021: $1,561.7 million). CKHH has confirmed its current intention is to provide sufficient financial support to enable the Group to meet its financial obligations as and when they fall due for a minimum period of twelve months from the date of signing these financial statements. Consequently, the Directors have prepared the financial statements on a going concern basis.

(d) Principles of consolidation

(i) Subsidiaries

A subsidiary is an entity over which the Group has control. The Group controls an entity when the Group is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity.

(ii) Joint arrangements

A joint arrangement is an arrangement of which two or more parties have joint control and over which none of the participating parties has unilateral control.

Investments in joint arrangements are classified either as joint operations or joint ventures, depending on the contractual rights and obligations each investor has under the relevant contract. Joint operations arise where the investors have rights to the assets and obligations for the liabilities of an arrangement. A joint operator accounts for its share of the assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses. Joint ventures arise where the investors have rights to the net assets of the arrangement. Joint ventures are accounted for under the equity method, after initially being recognised at cost in the consolidated statement of financial position. (Refer to Note 10 for further details).

(iii) Associates

Associates are all entities over which the Group has significant influence but not control or joint control. This is generally the case where the Group holds between 20% and 50% of the voting rights directly or indirectly. Where the Group holds less than 20% of the voting rights of an investee, representation on the board of directors or equivalent governing body of the investee and participation in the investee's policy making processes, including participation in decisions about dividends or other distributions, are also considered when determining whether the Group has significant influence. Investments in associates are accounted for under the equity method after initially being recognised at cost in the consolidated statement of financial position. (Refer to Note 10 for further details).

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Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

(d) Principles of consolidation (continued)

(iv) Equity method

Under the equity method of accounting, the investments are initially recognised at cost and adjusted thereafter to recognise the Group's share of the post-acquisition profits or losses of the investee in profit or loss, and the Group's share of movements in other comprehensive income of the investee in other comprehensive income. Dividends received or receivable from joint ventures and associates are recognised as a reduction in the carrying amount of the investment.

When the Group's share of losses in an equity-accounted investment equals or exceeds its interest in the entity, including any other unsecured long-term receivables, the Group does not recognise further losses, unless it has incurred obligations or made payments on behalf of the other entity.

On acquisition of the equity accounted investment, any excess of the cost of the investment over the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities of the investee is recognised as goodwill, which is included within the carrying amount of the investment. Any excess of the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities over the cost of the investment, after reassessment, is recognised immediately in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income in the period in which the investment is acquired.

If an investment in an associate becomes an investment in a joint venture or an investment in a joint venture becomes an investment in an associate, the Group continues to apply the equity method of accounting and does not remeasure the retained interest.

Unrealised gains on transactions between the Group and its associates and joint ventures are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interest in these entities. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred. Accounting policies and estimates of equity accounted investees have been adjusted where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

When there is a decrease in the ownership percentage of an investment, this will give rise to a deemed disposal of the investment. A gain or loss on the deemed disposal should be recognised in profit or loss upon completion of the dilution / deemed disposal.

The dilution gain or loss is calculated by comparing the difference between the carrying amount of interest deemed to be disposed (i.e. change in ownership %) to the fair value of the interest deemed to be received, plus amounts reclassified from other comprehensive income.

(e) Foreign currency translation

Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's subsidiaries are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates ('the functional currency'). The consolidated financial statements are presented in Australian dollars, which is HTAL's functional and presentation currency.

(f) Revenue recognition

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable. Amounts disclosed as revenue are net of returns, trade allowances and duties and taxes paid. Revenue is recognised as described below:

Interest income

Interest income is recognised using the effective interest method.

(g) Income tax

The current tax payable or recoverable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit as reported in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income because some items of income or expense are taxable or deductible in different years or may never be taxable or deductible. The Group's liability for current tax is calculated using Australian tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the statement of financial position date.

Deferred income tax is provided in full, using the liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the consolidated financial statements.

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which deductible temporary differences can be utilised. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for deductible temporary differences and unused tax losses only if it is probable that future taxable amounts will be available to utilise those temporary differences and losses.

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Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

(g) Income tax (continued)

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for taxable temporary differences arising on investments in subsidiaries and associates, and interests in joint ventures, except where the associated entity is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each statement of financial position date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the liability is settled, or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the statement of financial position date.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and when the deferred tax balances relate to the same taxation authority. Current tax assets and tax liabilities are offset where the entity has a legally enforceable right to offset and intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Tax is charged or credited to the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, except when it relates to items charged or credited directly to equity, in which case the tax is also recognised directly in equity.

HTAL and its wholly owned Australian subsidiary have not implemented the tax consolidation legislation.

(h) Impairment of assets

Equity accounted investments are tested for impairment annually or when there is an indication that it may be impaired. The requirements to test for impairment are applied to the net investment in the equity accounted investee. Fair value adjustments and goodwill recognised on acquisitions of equity-accounted investees are not recognised separately. The guidance in *AASB 128 Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures* is used to determine whether it is necessary to perform an impairment test for investments in equity-accounted investees. If there is an indication of impairment, then the impairment test applied follows the principles in *AASB 136 Impairment of Assets*.

Other assets are tested for impairment whenever there is any indication that the carrying value of these assets may not be recoverable. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated to determine the extent of the impairment loss, if any. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to dispose and value in use. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash inflows which are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets (cash-generating units).

An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. Impairment losses are recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income unless an asset has previously been revalued, in which case the impairment loss is recognised as a reversal to the extent of that previous revaluation with any excess recognised through profit or loss. Non-financial assets other than goodwill that have suffered an impairment are reviewed for possible reversal of impairment at the end of each reporting period or when there is an indication that the impairment loss may no longer exist. An impairment loss is reversed only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation or amortisation, if no impairment loss had been recognised.

(i) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and demand deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

(j) Other receivables

Other receivables are initially recognised at fair value and subsequently at amortised cost, collectability is then reviewed on an ongoing basis.

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Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

(k) Derivative financial instruments and hedging activities

Derivative financial instruments are utilised by the Group in the management of its foreign currency and interest rate exposures. The Group's policy is not to utilise derivative financial instruments for trading or speculative purposes.

Derivatives are initially recognised at fair value on the date a derivative contract is entered and are subsequently remeasured to fair value at each reporting date. The accounting for subsequent changes in fair value depends on whether the derivative is designated as a hedging instrument.

The full fair value of a hedging derivative is classified as a non-current asset or liability when the remaining maturity of the hedged items is more than 12 months; it is classified as a current asset or liability when the remaining maturity of the hedged item is less than 12 months.

As at 31 December 2022, the Group has not engaged in any hedging activities and only equity accounts for the share of the fair value changes of the cash flow hedge from the TPG Telecom Limited ("TPG") equity accounted investment.

(l) Goodwill

Goodwill as part of equity accounted investments is initially measured as the excess of the sum of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interests in the acquiree, and the fair value of the acquirer's previously held equity interest in the acquiree (if any) over the fair value of the net identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed. If, after reassessment, the Group's interest in the fair value of the acquiree's identifiable net assets exceeds the sum of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interests in the acquiree's and the fair value of the acquirer's previously held equity interest in the acquiree (if any), the excess is recognised immediately in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income as a bargain purchase gain.

Goodwill on acquisitions of associates / joint ventures is not recognised separately and is included in the net investments in the equity accounted investee which is tested for impairment annually or when there is an indication that it may be impaired.

(m) Payables

These amounts represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the Group prior to the end of the financial period and which are unpaid. The amounts are unsecured and are usually paid or payable within 30 days of recognition.

(n) Borrowings

Borrowings are initially recognised at fair value. Borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost. Transaction costs associated with the borrowings are capitalised and amortised over the term of the debt.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the Group has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting period.

(o) Contributed equity

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Refer to Note 14 for further information.

Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

(p) Earnings / (loss) per share

(i) Basic earnings / (loss) per share

Basic earnings / (loss) per share is calculated by dividing:

- the profit or loss attributable to members of the Company; and
- by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the financial year.

(ii) Diluted earnings / (loss) per share

Diluted earnings / (loss) per share adjusts the figures used in the determination of basic earnings / (loss) per share to consider:

- the after income tax effect of interest and other financing costs associated with dilutive potential ordinary shares; and
- the weighted average number of additional ordinary shares that would have been outstanding assuming the conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares.

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Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

(q) Goods and Services Tax (GST)

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of associated GST, unless the GST incurred is not recoverable from the taxation authority. In this case it is recognised as part of the cost of the acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense.

Receivables and payables are stated inclusive of the amount of GST receivable or payable. The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority is included within other receivables or payables in the consolidated statement of financial position.

Cash flows are presented on a gross basis. The GST components of cash flows arising from investing or financing activities which are recoverable from, or payable to the taxation authority, are presented as operating cash flows.

(r) Segment reporting

An operating segment is a component of an entity that engages in business activities from which it may earn revenues and incur expenses, whose operating results are regularly reviewed by the entity's chief operating decision maker to make decisions about resources to be allocated to the segment and assess its performance and for which discrete financial information is available.

Operating segments have been identified based on the information provided to the chief operating decision maker. Operating segments that meet the quantitative criteria as prescribed by *AASB 8 Operating Segments* are reported separately. Refer to Note 21 for details of the Group's operating segment, being investment in telecommunication services.

(s) Critical accounting estimates and judgements

The preparation of financial statements often requires the exercise of judgements to select specific accounting methods and policies from several acceptable alternatives. Furthermore, significant estimates and judgements concerning the future may be required in applying those methods and policies in the accounts. In preparing the annual financial report, the Group has made accounting related estimates based on assumptions about current and, for some estimates, future economic and market conditions.

Our accounting estimates and assumptions may change over time in response to how market conditions develop. In addition, actual results could differ significantly from those estimates and assumptions. Uncertainty about these judgements, assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that require a material adjustment to the carrying amount of assets or liabilities affected and the amount and timing of results of operations, cash flows and disclosures in future periods.

(i) Impairment assessment on investments in equity accounted investments

In accordance with the Group's accounting policy, the investments in equity accounted investments are tested for impairment annually or whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. The impairment test for the Group's equity accounted investments in TPG is carried out at 31 December 2022. Carrying value of the investment is compared with its recoverable amount for the impairment testing. The recoverable amount of the investment is determined based on its fair value less cost of disposal ('FVLCOD'), which is higher than its value in use ('VIU'). FVLCOD is derived using the closing share price and a block premium is considered on the basis of HTAL's significant influence on TPG. In determining the VIU, the Group estimate the present value of the estimated future cash flows expected to arise from dividends to be received from the investment and from its ultimate disposal. There are a number of estimates and assumptions involved in the estimation including the amount and timing of the expected cash flows from dividend, long-term dividend growth rate and discount rate.

The result of the impairment testing undertaken on 31 December 2022 indicated that the recoverable amount is less than the carrying amount. As a result an impairment of the investment is deemed necessary for the year (refer to Note 4 for further details).

(ii) Recovery of deferred tax assets

Deferred tax assets are recognised for unused tax losses and deductible temporary differences if management considers that it is probable that sufficient future taxable profits will be available to utilise those temporary differences. Judgement is required to determine the amount of deferred tax assets that can be recognised, based upon the likely timing and level of taxable profits generated in the foreseeable future together with future tax profit. Deferred tax assets have not been recognised as there is no convincing evidence that sufficient future taxable profits will be available against which unused tax losses or unused tax credits can be utilised. The Group has carried forward tax losses for unused deferred tax assets that have not been recognised (refer to Note 5 for further details).

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Note 1 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

(s) Critical accounting estimates and judgements (continued)

(iii) TPG equity accounting

When assessing whether HTAL has significant influence over TPG, management has considered HTAL's combined 25.05% interest in TPG.

Depreciation of operating assets constitutes a substantial operating cost for TPG. The cost of fixed assets is charged as a depreciation expense over the estimated useful lives of the respective assets using the straight-line method and this is reflected in the "Share of net profit / (loss) of equity accounted investments" in HTAL's consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income. In 2019, the Group decided to revise the useful life of some of TPG's existing network assets from up to 20 years to between 3 and 18 years, which is consistent with the estimates adopted by TPG.

In implementing the revised useful lives, management applied the change in the depreciation of the TPG existing network assets based on an assessment of individual asset lives prospectively from 1 January 2019 as required under Australian Accounting Standards. This resulted in a decrease in the share of net profit of equity accounted investment of $20.6 million (2021: an increase in the share of net loss of equity accounted investment of $25.8 million). The change has been included in the summarised financial information of TPG as disclosed in Note 10.

TPG management have made changes to the prior period comparative amounts in the annual report 2022 due to a voluntary amendment to the accounting policy for government grants (please refer to Note 2(l) in TPG's annual financial report 2022 for more information). The impact of TPG's changes will result in a decrease in HTAL's share of net loss of equity accounted investments, net of tax for the year ended 31 December 2021 by $0.8 million and an increase in HTAL's share of net assets of equity accounted investments as at 31 December 2021 and 31 December 2022 by $0.5 million. The Directors of HTAL have assessed that the impact on the results is deemed to be immaterial, and therefore no changes have been made to HTAL's prior period comparatives in HTAL's annual financial report 2022.

(t) Rounding of amounts

The Group is of a kind referred to in *ASIC Corporations (Rounding in Financial / Directors' Reports) Legislative Instrument 2016/191* ("ASIC Instrument") issued by the Australian Securities and Investments Commission relating to the 'rounding off' of amounts in the Directors' report and financial statements. Amounts in the Financial Statements have been rounded off in accordance with that ASIC Instrument to the nearest thousand dollars, or in certain cases unless otherwise indicated, the nearest dollar or cent.

(u) Parent entity financial information

The financial information for the parent entity disclosed in Note 24 has been prepared on the same basis as the consolidated financial statements, except investments in subsidiaries and investments in associates, which are accounted for at cost in the financial statements of HTAL.

(v) New accounting standards and Interpretations

Accounting standards issued and mandatorily effective in the current year

The Group has adopted all of the new and revised effective / applicable standards, amendments and interpretations issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board that are relevant to the Group's operations and mandatory for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2022. The Group did not have to change its accounting policies or make retrospective adjustments as a result of adopting these standards.

Adoption of these standards has not had a material impact for the year ended 31 December 2022.

New standards and interpretations not yet adopted

Certain new accounting standards and interpretations have been published that are not mandatory for 31 December 2022 reporting period and have not been early adopted by the Group. The adoption of these standards in future periods is not expected to have a material impact on the Group's financial statements.

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Note 2 Revenue

	2022 $'000	2021 $'000
Other revenue		
Interest	**194**	121

Note 3 Operating expenses

	2022 $'000	2021 $'000
Consultancy fee	**529**	558
Accounting and tax support services fees to a related party (Note 19)	**441**	479
Auditors' remuneration (Note 8)	**283**	240
Directors' emoluments (Note 7)	**110**	110
Employee benefits	**224**	248
Others	**89**	266
	1,676	1,901

Note 4 Impairment of investment accounted for using the equity method

HTAL accounts for its interests[9] in TPG and Vodafone Hutchison (Australia) Holdings Limited ("VHAH") using the equity method of accounting. In accordance with the Group's accounting policy, the investments in these equity accounted investments are tested for impairment annually or whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable.

There was a further decline in the share price of TPG in the second half of 2022 from $5.97 at 30 June 2022 to $4.89 at 31 December 2022. The price decline is an indicator and plays a key role in establishing the fair value less costs of disposal "FVLCOD" of HTAL's equity-accounted investment in TPG. The investment in TPG accounted for using the equity method was written down to its recoverable amount of $339.7 million, which was determined by reference to the FVLCOD of TPG shares as it was higher than its value in use. The main valuation inputs used in arriving at the FVLCOD were the closing price of TPG shares at 31 December 2022 (level 1 input of the fair value hierarchy). A block premium (level 3 input of the fair value hierarchy) on the basis of HTAL's significant influence on TPG is included with reference to specific, comparable and current transactions within the investee's industry. As a result an impairment of the investment of $444.6 million for the amount by which the carrying amount exceeds the recoverable amount was recognised for the current year.

[9] HTAL's 25.05% ownership interest in TPG comprises 11.14% interest directly held by Hutchison 3G Australia Holdings Pty Limited ("H3GAH"), a wholly owned subsidiary of HTAL, and an attributed 13.91% interest indirectly held by H3GAH through VHAH, a company domiciled in the United Kingdom in which H3GAH has a 50% shareholding. VHAH has a direct 27.82% interest in TPG.

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Note 5 Income tax

	2022 $'000	2021 $'000
(a) Income tax expense		
Deferred tax	**–**	–
(b) Numerical reconciliation of income tax expense to prima facie tax payable		
Loss from operations before income tax expense	**(398,378)**	(21,677)
Tax at the Australian tax rate of 30% (2021: 30%)	**(119,513)**	(6,503)
Tax effect of amounts which are not deductible or taxable / (non-assessable or deductible) in calculating taxable income:		
Impairment loss on equity accounted investments	**133,384**	–
Share of net (profit) / loss of equity accounted investments	**(14,316)**	5,969
	(445)	(534)
Deferred tax on temporary difference not recognised	**27**	46
Adjustments for current tax of prior periods	**(7)**	–
Additional tax losses not recognised in the current period	**425**	488
Income tax expense	**–**	–

All unused tax losses were incurred by Australian entities.

This benefit for tax losses will only be obtained if the specific entity carrying forward the tax losses derives future assessable income of a nature and of an amount sufficient to enable the benefit from the deductions for the losses to be realised, and the company complies with the conditions for deductibility imposed by tax legislation.

(c) Unrecognised tax losses

	2022 $'000	2021 $'000
Opening balance	**162,437**	160,811
Adjustments for current tax of prior periods	**(23)**	–
Additional tax losses generated	**1,416**	1,626
Unused tax losses for which no deferred tax assets have been recognised	**163,830**	162,437
Potential tax benefit @ 30% (2021: 30%)	**49,149**	48,731

(d) Recognised deferred tax assets

There are no recognised deferred tax assets or liabilities at 31 December 2022 and 31 December 2021.

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Note 6 Loss per share

	Consolidated	
	2022 Cents	2021 Cents
(a) Basic loss per share		
Loss attributable to members of the Company	**(2.94)**	(0.16)
(b) Diluted loss per share		
Loss attributable to members of the Company	**(2.94)**	(0.16)
	$'000	$'000
(c) Earnings used in calculating loss per share		
Basic loss per share		
Loss attributable to members of the Company used in calculating basic loss per share	**(398,378)**	(21,677)
Diluted loss per share		
Loss attributable to members of the Company used in calculating diluted loss per share	**(398,378)**	(21,677)

	Consolidated	
(d) Weighted average number of shares used as the denominator	**2022 Number**	2021 Number
Weighted average number of ordinary shares used as the denominator in calculating basic loss per share	**13,572,508,577**	13,572,508,577
Weighted average number of ordinary shares and potential ordinary shares used as the denominator in calculating diluted loss per share	**13,572,508,577**	13,572,508,577

There were no options and no other potential ordinary shares outstanding at 31 December 2022 (2021: nil) and accordingly there was no impact on the diluted loss per share calculation for the years ended 31 December 2022 and 31 December 2021.

Note 7 Director and key management personnel compensation

(a) Director and key management personnel compensation

	2022 $	2021 $
Short term benefits (included in Operating expenses – see Note 3)	**110,250**	109,750

(b) Loans to key management personnel and other transactions with key management personnel

There were no loans made to Directors of the Company, including their personally-related entities, during the years ended 31 December 2022 and 31 December 2021. There were no transactions with the Directors of the Company for the years ended 31 December 2022 and 31 December 2021.

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Note 8 Remuneration of auditors

	2022 $	2021 $
PricewaterhouseCoopers Australia		
Assurance services		
Audit services		
Audit and review of financial reports and other audit work under the *Corporations Act 2001 (Cth)*	**283,200**	228,000
Total remuneration for assurance services	**283,200**	228,000
Non-Assurance services		
Tax services	**–**	12,000
Total auditors' remuneration	**283,200**	240,000

It is the Group's policy to employ the auditors on assignments additional to their statutory audit duties where the auditor's expertise and experience with the Group are important. These assignments are principally tax compliance and advice. It is the Group's policy to seek competitive tenders for all major consulting projects.

Note 9 Current assets – Cash and cash equivalents

	2022 $'000	2021 $'000
Cash at bank	**5,808**	3,737

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Note 10 Non-current assets – Investment accounted for using the equity method

	2022 $'000	2021 $'000
Equity accounted investments	**339,680**	774,578

The Group held a combined 25.05% interest in TPG at 31 December 2022 (2021: 25.05%). This comprises a 11.14% interest directly held by H3GAH, a wholly owned subsidiary of HTAL, and an attributed 13.91% interest indirectly held by H3GAH through VHAH, a joint venture company domiciled in the United Kingdom in which H3GAH has a 50% shareholding. VHAH has a direct 27.82% interest in TPG. Further information in respect of TPG and VHAH, which are associated and joint venture companies of the Group at 31 December 2022, are set out below:

			Ownership interest	
Name of entities	**Principal activity**	**Country of operation**	**2022 %**	2021 %
Associate:				
TPG Telecom Limited	Telecommunications Services	Australia	**11.14%**	11.14%
Joint venture:				
Vodafone Hutchison (Australia) Holdings Limited	Financing and investing activities	United Kingdom	**50.00%**	50.00%

Set out below are the movements in the carrying value of these investments:

	2022 $'000	2021 $'000
At 1 January	**774,578**	825,742
Share of profit / (loss) of equity accounted investments, net of tax	**47,721**	(19,897)
Share of TPG's net gain on cash flow hedges taken to equity, net of tax	**636**	150
Share of TPG's share-based payment reserve, net of tax	**1,163**	682
Share of TPG's acquisition of shares, net of tax	**(3,560)**	–
Share of dividend received from equity accounted investment[10]	**(36,241)**	(32,099)
Impairment of equity accounted investment	**(444,617)**	–
At 31 December	**339,680**	774,578

Further details of the carrying amount of these equity accounted investments are included in the section below under "Summarised statement of financial position".

The market value of the Group's combined 25.05% interests in TPG based on the quoted closing share price of TPG at 31 December 2022 was $2,277.6 million (2021: $2,743.4 million). This amount is before the Group's 50% share of VHAH's net debt of $4,553.9 million (2021: $4,524.0 million).

[10] HTAL's dividend income received from TPG for the 11.14% interest directly held by H3GAH is recognised as a reduction in the carrying amount of the investment.

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Note 10 Non-current assets – Investment accounted for using the equity method (continued)

Summarised Financial Information

Summarised Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income

Summarised financial information with respect to the profit or loss and other comprehensive income of the Group's equity accounted investments and reconciliation of the summarised financial information to the Group's share of profit / (loss) of equity accounted investments, net of tax, are set out below. The amounts included in the summarised financial information have been adjusted to reflect adjustments made by HTAL in applying the equity method of accounting. The adjustments principally relate to a fixed asset depreciation overlay carried out in 2019 to align the Group's useful life of some of TPG's existing network assets from up to 20 years to between 3 and 18 years, to be consistent with the estimates adopted by TPG. Please refer to Note 1(s)(iii) Critical accounting estimates and judgements in the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2022 for further background.

	2022		2021	
	VHAH $'000	**TPG $'000**	VHAH $'000	TPG[11] $'000
Gross amount of the following items of the equity accounted investments:				
Revenues	**–**	**5,415,000**	–	5,293,000
Other income	**–**	**438,000**	–	45,000
Expenses	**(233)**	**(3,718,000)**	(719)	(3,607,000)
Share of profits from investment in TPG, net of tax	**119,828**	**–**	2,023	–
Depreciation and amortisation	**–**	**(1,471,271)**	–	(1,525,725)
Net finance costs	**(120,118)**	**(187,000)**	(42,718)	(149,000)
Profit / (loss) before income tax	**(523)**	**476,729**	(41,414)	56,275
Income tax expense	**–**	**(46,000)**	–	(49,000)
Profit / (loss) for the year	**(523)**	**430,729**	(41,414)	7,275
Other comprehensive income	**707**	**2,000**	166	597
Total comprehensive profit / (loss)	**184**	**432,729**	(41,248)	7,872
Reconciliation to the Group's share of profit / (loss) of the equity accounted investments:				
Group interest:	**50%**	**11.14%**	50%	11.14%
Group's share of the following items:				
Profit / (loss) for the year	**(262)**	**47,983**	(20,707)	810
Group's share of profit / (loss) of equity accounted investments	**(262)**	**47,983**	(20,707)	810

HTAL's share of profit / loss of these equity accounted investments of $47.7 million profit for the year ended 31 December 2022 (2021: $19.9 million loss) represents the combined total of:

(i) the Group's 50% share of net loss of VHAH of $0.3 million (2021: $20.7 million net loss), and

(ii) the Group's 11.14% direct share of net profit of TPG of $48.0 million (2021: $0.8 million).

[11] The comparatives are derived from TPG's annual financial report 2021.

Note 10 Non-current assets – Investment accounted for using the equity method (continued)

Summarised Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income (continued)

TPG management have made changes to the prior period comparative amounts in TPG's annual report 2022 due to a voluntary amendment to the accounting policy for government grants (please refer to Note 2(l) in TPG's annual financial report 2022 for more information). The impact of TPG's changes will result in a decrease in HTAL's share of net loss of equity accounted investments, net of tax for the year ended 31 December 2021 by $0.8 million. The Directors of HTAL have assessed that the impact on the results is deemed to be immaterial, and therefore no changes have been made to HTAL's prior period comparatives in HTAL's annual financial report 2022.

Summarised statement of financial position

Summarised financial information with respect to the statement of financial position of the Group's equity accounted investments and reconciliation of the summarised financial information to the Group's carrying amount of these investments, are set out below. The amounts included in the summarised financial information have been adjusted to reflect adjustments made by HTAL in applying the equity method of accounting.

	2022		2021	
	VHAH $'000	**TPG $'000**	VHAH $'000	TPG[12] $'000
Gross amount of the following items of the equity accounted investments:				
Current assets	**604,243**	**1,033,000**	361,456	833,000
Non-current assets	**3,399,681**	**18,653,727**	3,372,270	18,757,684
Current liabilities	**(5,158,107)**	**(1,732,000)**	(7,331)	(1,667,000)
Non-current liabilities	**–**	**(5,734,000)**	(4,878,173)	(5,801,000)
Net (liabilities) / assets	**(1,154,183)**	**12,220,727**	(1,151,778)	12,122,684
Reconciliation to the carrying amount of the Group's investment accounted for using the equity method				
Group interest	**50%**	**11.14%**	50%	11.14%
Group's share of net (liabilities) / assets	**(577,092)**	**1,361,389**	(575,889)	1,350,467
Group's provision for impairment	**(246,891)**	**(197,726)**	–	–
Carrying amount	**(823,983)**	**1,163,663**	(575,889)	1,350,467

The carrying amount of these equity accounted investments of $339.7 million at 31 December 2022 (2021: $774.6 million) represents the combined total of:

(i) the Group's 50% share of net liabilities of VHAH of $577.1 million (2021: $575.9 million), and
(ii) the Group's 11.14% direct share of net assets of TPG of $1,361.4 million (2021: $1,350.5 million), and
(iii) provision for impairment totalling $444.6 million (31 December 2021: $nil) (see Note 4).

TPG management have made changes to the prior period comparative amounts in TPG's annual report 2022 due to a voluntary amendment to the accounting policy for government grants (please refer to Note 2(l) in TPG's annual financial report 2022 for more information). The impact of TPG's changes will result in an increase in HTAL's share of net assets of equity accounted investments at 31 December 2021 and 31 December 2022 by $0.5 million. The Directors of HTAL have assessed that the impact on the Group's net assets is deemed to be immaterial, and therefore no changes have been made to HTAL's prior period comparatives in HTAL's annual financial report 2022.

[12] The comparatives are derived from TPG's annual financial report 2021.

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Note 10 Non-current assets – Investment accounted for using the equity method (continued)

Summarised statement of financial position (continued)

The summarised statement of financial position includes the following items:

	2022		2021	
	VHAH $'000	**TPG $'000**	VHAH $'000	TPG $'000
Cash and cash equivalents	**355,688**	**114,000**	361,456	202,000
Current financial liabilities	**(5,158,107)**	**(93,000)**	(7,331)	(61,000)
Non-current financial liabilities	**–**	**(5,562,000)**	(4,878,173)	(5,649,000)

On 20 November 2020, VHAH entered into a US$3.5 billion Syndicated Facility Agreement ("SFA") with a syndicate of lenders. The facility bears interest at 3 month US Libor + 1.00% and it will mature in 2023. An upfront fee of US$10.5 million was charged by the syndicate of lenders. The SFA is guaranteed by the VHAH ultimate parent entities, CKHH and Vodafone Group Plc ("VGP"). CKHH and VGP have also entered into a Counter Indemnity Agreement with VHAH but no guarantee fee is charged to VHAH.

In order to protect against exchange rate movements, VHAH entered into cross currency interest rate swaps to coincide with the maturity of the loan. The swaps in place cover 100% of the outstanding loan balance and have a fixed exchange rate and effectively swap US dollar debt for Australian dollar debt. The swaps were entered into with related parties associated with the VHAH joint venture partners. VHAH's effective rate of interest is based on the Australian 3-month BBR plus a margin. The cross-currency swaps are settled in full on the same date as the interest payment is made to the facility agent. VHAH utilised the funds from the SFA to repay the outstanding principal of the existing US$3.5 billion Syndicated Facility Agreement owed by Vodafone Hutchison Finance Pty Limited, its 100% owned subsidiary, which matured on 20 November 2020.

HTAL's investment in VHAH is predicated on the ongoing financial support from both of VHAH's ultimate shareholders. The SFA is fully guaranteed by VHAH's ultimate parent entities.

Note 11 Controlled entities

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the assets, liabilities and results of the following controlled entities in accordance with the accounting policy described in Note 1(d) and Note 24(c):

			Equity Holding[13]	
Name of controlled entity	**Country of Incorporation**	**Class of Shares**	**2022 %**	2021 %
Hutchison 3G Australia Holdings Pty Limited[14]	Australia	Ordinary	**100**	100

Note 12 Current liabilities – Payables

	2022 $'000	2021 $'000
Trade payables	**374**	355
Payables to related parties (Note 19)	**479**	119
	853	474

Further information relating to payables to related parties is set out in Note 19.

Liquidity risk

A summarised analysis of the Group's sensitivity of payables to liquidity risk is set out in Note 22.

[13] The proportion of ownership interest is equal to the proportion of voting power held.

[14] This entity has been granted relief from the necessity to prepare financial reports in accordance with instrument 2016/785 issued by the Australian Securities and Investments Commission.

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Note 13 Current liabilities – Other financial liabilities

	2022 $'000	2021 $'000
Loan from an entity within the CKHH Group (Note 19)	**5,359**	38,316

(a) Loan from an entity within the CKHH Group

Further information relating to the loan from an entity within the CKHH Group is set out in Note 19. The $1.6 billion facilities from an entity within the CKHH Group is an interest free financing facility and is repayable on demand. Total unused financing facilities at 31 December 2022 is $1,594.6 million (31 December 2021: $1,561.7 million).

(b) Financing arrangements

Unrestricted access was available at the statement of financial position date to the following lines of credit.

	2022 $'000	2021 $'000
(c) Other financial liabilities		
Total facilities from an entity within the CKHH Group	**1,600,000**	1,600,000
Used at the statement of financial position date	**(5,359)**	(38,316)
Unused at the statement of financial position date	**1,594,641**	1,561,684

Note 14 Contributed equity

	2022 Shares	2021 Shares	2022 $'000	2021 $'000
Share capital				
Ordinary shares (fully paid)	**13,572,508,577**	13,572,508,577	**4,204,488**	4,204,488

(a) Share capital

Ordinary shares entitle the holder to participate in dividends and proceeds on winding up of the Company in proportion to the number of and amounts paid on the shares held.

On a show of hands every holder of ordinary shares present at a meeting in person or by proxy, is entitled to one vote, and upon a poll each share is entitled to one vote.

(b) Movement in ordinary shares

There has been no movement in the number of shares issued during the years ended 31 December 2022 and 31 December 2021.

(c) Options

There are no options outstanding as at the statement of financial position date.

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Note 14 Contributed equity (continued)

(d) Capital risk management

The Group's primary objectives when managing capital are to safeguard its ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders.

The Group defines capital as total equity attributable to shareholders of the Group, comprising issued share capital and reserves, as shown in the consolidated statement of financial position. The Group actively and regularly reviews and manages its capital structure to ensure capital and shareholder returns, taking into consideration the future capital requirements of the Group and capital efficiency, projected operating cash flows and projected capital expenditures.

The Group monitors capital on the basis of the gearing ratio. This ratio is calculated as net debt divided by total capital. Net debt is calculated as total borrowings less cash and cash equivalents. Total capital is calculated as 'Total equity' as shown in the statement of financial position less net debt.

The gearing ratios at 31 December 2022 and 31 December 2021 were as follows:

	2022 %	2021 %
Gearing ratio	**N/A[15]**	5

Note 15 Reserves and accumulated losses

	2022 $'000	2021 $'000
(a) Reserves		
Capital redemption reserve	**54,887**	54,887
Cash flow hedging reserve	**453**	(183)
Share-based payments reserve	**14,165**	16,562
	69,505	71,266

Movements:

Capital redemption reserve

There has been no movement in the capital redemption reserve during the year (2021: nil).

	2022 $'000	2021 $'000
Cash flow hedging reserve		
Balance at 1 January	**(183)**	(333)
Hedging movement	**636**	150
Balance at 31 December	**453**	(183)

	2022 $'000	2021 $'000
Share-based payments reserve		
Balance at 1 January	**16,562**	15,880
Share-based payments	**1,163**	682
Acquisition of shares	**(3,560)**	–
Balance at 31 December	**14,165**	16,562

[15] N/A for 2022 as the Group is at net cash position at 31 December 2022 (see Note 16).

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Note 15 Reserves and accumulated losses (continued)

	2022 $'000	2021 $'000
(b) Accumulated losses		
Accumulated losses at 1 January	**(3,536,177)**	(3,514,500)
Loss attributable to members of the Company	**(398,378)**	(21,677)
Accumulated losses at 31 December	**(3,934,555)**	(3,536,177)

(c) Nature and purpose of reserves

Capital redemption reserve

The capital redemption reserve relates to the surplus arising on initial consolidation of a 19.9% stake in Hutchison 3G Australia Holdings Pty Limited ("H3GAH").

Cash flow hedging reserve

The hedging reserve is used to record gains and losses on a hedging instrument in TPG equity accounted investment cash flow hedge that are recognised directly in equity, as described in Note 1(k).

Amounts are recognised in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income when the associated hedged transaction affects profit or loss.

Share-based payments reserve

The share-based payments reserve is used to:

(i) recognise the grant date fair value of options issued to employees but not exercised;

(ii) recognise the fair value of the 850 MHz spectrum licence assigned from Telecom New Zealand ("TCNZ"). The fair value was determined by reference to the fair value of the option granted to TCNZ in exchange for the spectrum licence; and

(iii) recognise HTAL's share of TPG equity accounted investment's the grant date fair value of options issued to its employees but not exercised.

Note 16 Reconciliation of loss after income tax to net cash inflows from operating activities

	2022 $'000	2021 $'000
Loss after income tax	**(398,378)**	(21,677)
Share of (profit) / loss of equity accounted investments (Note 10)	**(47,721)**	19,897
Impairment loss on equity accounted investments (Note 4)	**444,617**	–
Dividends from associate	**36,241**	32,099
Change in operating assets and liabilities		
Increase in other assets	**(110)**	(25)
Increase / (decrease) in payables	**379**	(517)
Net cash inflows from operating activities	**35,028**	29,777
Net cash / (debt) reconciliation		
Cash and cash equivalents	**5,808**	3,737
Borrowings	**(5,359)**	(38,316)
Net cash / (debt)	**449**	(34,579)

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Note 16 Reconciliation of loss after income tax to net cash inflows from operating activities (continued)

	Cash $'000	Borrowings due within 1 year $'000	Total $'000
Net debt as at 1 January 2022	3,737	(38,316)	(34,579)
Cash flows	2,071	32,957	35,028
Net cash as at 31 December 2022	**5,808**	**(5,359)**	**449**

Note 17 Contingencies

There were no contingencies for HTAL or its controlled entities at 31 December 2022 and 31 December 2021. The Directors are not aware of any other material contingent liabilities existing at the reporting date.

At 31 December 2022 and 31 December 2021, HTAL's share of guarantees incurred jointly with other investors of TPG are as follows:

	2022		2021	
Guarantees	**VHAH $'000**	**TPG $'000**	VHAH $'000	TPG $'000
Secured guarantees	**–**	**–**	–	–
Unsecured guarantees	**–**	**6,263**	–	4,509
Total guarantees	**–**	**6,263**	–	4,509

Note 18 Commitments

There were no commitments contracted by HTAL or its controlled entities not recognised as liabilities or payables at 31 December 2022 and 31 December 2021.

At 31 December 2022 and 31 December 2021, there is no commitment existing in respect of the joint venture VHAH contracted but not provided for in the financial statements.

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Note 19 Related party transactions

(a) Parent entities

The holding company and parent entity is Hutchison Telecommunications (Amsterdam) B.V. which, at 31 December 2022, owns approximately 88% of the issued ordinary shares of the Company. The ultimate parent entity is CK Hutchison Holdings Limited (incorporated in Cayman Islands).

(b) Directors

The names of persons who were Directors of the Company at any time during the financial year are as follows: FOK Kin Ning, Canning; Barry ROBERTS-THOMSON; Melissa ANASTASIOU; Susan Mo Fong CHOW; Justin Herbert GARDENER; LAI Kai Ming, Dominic; John Michael SCANLON; Frank John SIXT and WOO Chiu Man, Cliff.

(c) Key management personnel compensation

Disclosures relating to key management personnel compensation are set out in Note 7.

(d) Transactions with related parties

During the year, the following transactions occurred with related parties:

	2022 $	2021 $
Loans from related parties		
Repayments to an entity within the CKHH Group	**(32,956,620)**	(49,696,962)
Operating expenses		
Paid to TPG equity accounted investment	**(440,516)**	(478,509)

(e) Outstanding balances

The following balances are outstanding at 31 December 2022 and 31 December 2021 in relation to transactions with related parties:

	2022 $	2021 $
Payables		
TPG equity accounted investment (Note 12)	**(479,254)**	(119,627)
Current liabilities – Other financial liabilities		
Entity within the CKHH Group (Note 13)	**(5,359,401)**	(38,315,620)

No provisions for doubtful debts have been raised in relation to any outstanding balances, and no expense has been recognised in respect of bad or doubtful debts due from related parties.

On 20 November 2020, VHAH entered into the SFA with a syndicate of lenders. The SFA is guaranteed by VHAH's ultimate parent entities, CKHH and VGP. CKHH and VGP have also entered into a Counter Indemnity Agreement with VHAH but no guarantee fee is charged to VHAH.

(f) Terms and conditions

All transactions were made on normal commercial terms and conditions and at market rates, except interest on some loans between the parties that are interest free. All these loans have been disclosed.

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Note 20 Deed of cross guarantee

The Company and H3GAH are parties to a deed of cross guarantee, under which each company guarantees the debt of the others. There have been no changes to the deed of cross guarantee as at 31 December 2022 in comparison to 31 December 2021.

(a) Closed Group consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income and a summary of movements in the Closed Group consolidated retained earnings

HTAL and H3GAH represented a 'Closed Group' for the purposes of the Class Order. As there are no other parties to the deed of cross guarantee that are controlled by HTAL, H3GAH also represents the 'Extended Closed Group'. H3GAH is a holding company with no material operations and owns 25.05% of TPG (11.14% directly and 13.91% indirectly through its 50% investment in the VHAH joint venture).

Set out below is the Closed Group consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income and a summary of movements in the Closed Group consolidated accumulated losses for the years ended 31 December 2022 and 31 December 2021.

	2022 $'000	2021 $'000
Statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income		
Revenue	**36,435**	32,220
Impairment of TPG investment held within the Closed Group	**(294,826)**	(187,868)
Other operating expenses	**(1,676)**	(1,901)
Loss before income tax	**(260,067)**	(157,549)
Income tax expense	**–**	–
Loss for the year	**(260,067)**	(157,549)
Movements in consolidated accumulated losses		
Accumulated losses at 1 January	**(3,003,574)**	(2,846,025)
Loss for the year [(i)]	**(260,067)**	(157,549)
Accumulated losses at 31 December	**(3,263,641)**	(3,003,574)

(i) During the financial year, the Closed Group recognised an impairment of $294.8 million (2021: impairment of $187.9 million) on H3GAH's investment in TPG as a result of a decrease in its recoverable value due to decrease in TPG share price. The recoverable value has been determined as the investment's fair value less costs of disposal.

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Note 20 Deed of cross guarantee (continued)

(b) Statement of financial position

Set out below is a statement of financial position as at 31 December 2022 and 31 December 2021 of the Closed Group consisting of H3GAH and HTAL.

	2022 $'000	2021 $'000
ASSETS		
Current Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	**5,808**	3,737
Prepayments	**117**	52
Other receivables	**45**	–
Total Current Assets	**5,970**	3,789
Non-current Assets		
Other financial assets	**1,011,856**	1,306,682
Total Non-current Assets	**1,011,856**	1,306,682
Total Assets	**1,017,826**	1,310,471
LIABILITIES		
Current Liabilities		
Payables	**853**	474
Other financial liabilities	**5,359**	38,316
Total Current Liabilities	**6,212**	38,790
Total Liabilities	**6,212**	38,790
Net Assets	**1,011,614**	1,271,681
EQUITY		
Contributed equity	**4,204,488**	4,204,488
Reserves	**70,767**	70,767
Accumulated losses	**(3,263,641)**	(3,003,574)
Total Equity	**1,011,614**	1,271,681

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Note 21 Segment reporting

The Group has identified its operating segment based on the internal reports that are reviewed and used by the Group in assessing performance and in determining the allocation of resources.

In 2022, the Group continued to invest in an operator within the telecommunications industry.

The chief operating decision maker of the Group continues to receive information to manage its operations and investment based on one operating segment, an investor in an operator of telecommunication services. As such, the Group believes it is appropriate that there is one operating segment.

Key financial information used by the chief operating decision maker of the Group when evaluating the investment in telecommunication services operating segment includes:

HTAL's share of the following items of the equity accounted investments*	**2022 $'000**	2021 $'000
Total Revenue	**1,356,458**	1,325,897
Net Profit / (Loss)*	**47,721**	(19,897)

Further information reviewed by the chief operating decision maker with regards to the performance of the Group's equity accounted investments is disclosed in Note 10.

* after equity accounted investment accounting adjustments

Note 22 Financial risk management

The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (interest rate risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The Group's overall risk management program focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the financial performance of the Group. It is the Group's policy not to enter into derivative transactions for speculative purposes. It is also the Group's policy not to invest liquidity in financial products, including hedge funds or similar vehicles, with significant underlying leverage or derivative exposures.

Risk management is carried out by the management of HTAL under policies approved by the Board of Directors. Management identifies, evaluates and hedges financial risks in close co-operation with the Group's operating units. The Board overseas the overall risk management including specific areas, such as interest rate risk, credit risk, use of derivative financial instruments and non-derivative financial instruments, and investment of excess liquidity.

(a) Market risk

For the presentation of market risks (including interest rate risk, exchange rate risk and market price risk), *AASB 7 Financial Instruments: Disclosures* requires disclosure of a sensitivity analysis for each type of market risk that show the effects of a hypothetical change in the relevant market risk variable to which the Group is exposed at the reporting date on profit or loss and total equity.

The effect that is disclosed in the following sections assumes that (a) a hypothetical change of the relevant risk variable had occurred at the reporting date and had been applied to the relevant risk variable in existence on that date; and (b) the sensitivity analysis for each type of market risk does not reflect inter-dependencies between risk variables.

The preparation and presentation of the sensitivity analysis on market risk is solely for compliance with *AASB 7* disclosure requirements in respect of financial instruments. The sensitivity analysis measures changes in the fair value and / or cash flows of the Group's financial instruments from hypothetical instantaneous changes in one risk variable (e.g. interest rate), the amount so generated from the sensitivity analysis are what-if forward-looking estimates. The sensitivity analyses are for illustration purposes only and it should be noted that in practice market rates rarely change in isolation. Actual results in the future may differ materially from the sensitivity analyses due to developments in the global markets which may cause fluctuations in market rates (e.g. interest rate) to vary and therefore it is important to note that the hypothetical amounts so generated do not represent a projection of likely future events and profits or losses.

(i) Interest rate risk

The Group's main interest rate risk arises from cash balances and other financial assets. At 31 December 2022, there are no material loans receivable from equity accounted investments and entities within the CKHH Group. As such, a 1% change on the Australian market rate on the loans and receivables will result in an immaterial change in interest revenue based on 31 December 2022 balances (2021: immaterial change).

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Note 22 Financial risk management (continued)

(a) Market risk (continued)

(ii) Foreign currency exchange risk

Management has assessed there is minimal foreign currency exchange risk as the Group does not carry any material balances in foreign currency.

(iii) Summarised sensitivity analysis

The following table summarises the sensitivity of the Group's financial assets to interest rate risk.

		Interest rate risk			
		-1%		+1%	
31/12/2022	Carrying amount $'000	Post-tax loss $'000	Other equity $'000	Post-tax loss $'000	Other equity $'000
Financial assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	**5,808**	**(58)**	**–**	**58**	**–**
Total increase / (decrease)	**5,808**	**(58)**	**–**	**58**	**–**

		Interest rate risk			
		-1%		+1%	
31/12/2021	Carrying amount $'000	Post-tax loss $'000	Other equity $'000	Post-tax loss $'000	Other equity $'000
Financial assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	3,737	(37)	–	37	–
Total increase / (decrease)	3,737	(37)	–	37	–

(b) Credit risk

Credit risk is managed on an entity basis. Credit risk arises from cash and cash equivalents, deposits with banks and financial institutions, as well as credit exposures to related parties. For banks and financial institutions, only independently rated parties with a minimum rating of 'A' are accepted.

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Note 22 Financial risk management (continued)

(c) Liquidity risk

Prudent liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient cash and marketable securities, the availability of funding through an adequate amount of committed credit facilities and the support from related parties.

The Group manages liquidity risk by continuously monitoring forecast and actual cash flows and matching the maturity profiles of financial assets and liabilities. The Group maintains flexibility in funding by keeping committed credit lines available with a variety of counterparties. Surplus funds are generally only invested in instruments that are tradeable in highly liquid markets.

The table below analyses the Group's financial assets and liabilities' relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the reporting date to the contractual maturity date. The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows. Balances due within 12 months equal their carrying balances, as the impact of discounting is not significant. Other financial liabilities include an amount of $5.4 million (2021: $38.3 million) relating to an interest free loan from a subsidiary in the CKHH group. CKHH has confirmed its current intention to provide sufficient financial support to enable the Parent entity to meet is financial obligations as and when they fall due. This undertaking is provided for a minimum of 12 months from signing these financial statements.

31/12/2022	**Weighted average interest rate**	**Less than 1 year $'000**	**Between 1 and 2 years $'000**	**Between 2 and 5 years $'000**	**Over 5 years $'000**	**Total $'000**
Cash and cash equivalents	**0.15%**	**5,808**	–	–	–	**5,808**
Payables	–	**(853)**	–	–	–	**(853)**
Other financial liabilities	–	**(5,359)**	–	–	–	**(5,359)**
Total		**(404)**	–	–	–	**(404)**

31/12/2021	Weighted average interest rate	Less than 1 year $'000	Between 1 and 2 years $'000	Between 2 and 5 years $'000	Over 5 years $'000	Total $'000
Cash and cash equivalents	0.03%	3,737	–	–	–	3,737
Payables	–	(474)	–	–	–	(474)
Other financial liabilities	–	(38,316)	–	–	–	(38,316)
Total		(35,053)	–	–	–	(35,053)

Note 23 Events occurring after the reporting date

(a) Update on TPG's regional MOCN agreement with Telstra

On 21 February 2022, TPG announced a regional Multi-Operator Core Network ("MOCN") agreement with Telstra Corporation Limited ("Telstra") (ASX: TLS) which will enable TPG to provide its subscribers with 4G and 5G coverage for data, calls and messaging from over 3,700 Telstra sites in regional and rural Australia.

On 21 December 2022, the Australian Competition and Consumer Commission decided not to grant authorisation for the proposed arrangement.

Consequently, TPG has submitted an application to the Australian Competition Tribunal for a review of the decision, with a tribunal decision expected in the first half of 2023.

As a result, the potential financial impacts highlighted in TPG's half-year report 2022 (impairment of fixed assets and right-of-use assets) have not been recognised in the year ended 31 December 2022 by TPG.

(b) There has been no other matter or circumstance that has arisen after the reporting date that has significantly affected or may significantly affect:

(i) the operations of the Group in future financial years, or

(ii) the results of those operations in future financial years, or

(iii) the state of affairs of the Group in future financial years.

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Note 24 Parent entity disclosures

(a) Summary financial information

	2022 $'000	2021 $'000
Financial position		
ASSETS		
Current Assets	**5,970**	3,789
Non-current Assets	**339,680**	1,080,200
Total Assets	**345,650**	1,083,989
LIABILITIES		
Current Liabilities[16]	**74,553**	70,888
Total Liabilities	**74,553**	70,888
Net Assets	**271,097**	1,013,101
EQUITY		
Contributed equity	**4,204,488**	4,204,488
Reserves	**15,880**	15,880
Accumulated losses	**(3,949,271)**	(3,207,267)
Total Equity	**271,097**	1,013,101
Financial performance		
Loss for the year(i)	**(742,004)**	(1,779)
Total comprehensive loss for the year	**(742,004)**	(1,779)

(i) Loss for the year includes an impairment expense of $740.5 million impairment expense (2021: no impairment) of HTAL's investment in H3GAH.

(b) Commitments and Contingencies

There were no commitments contracted for by HTAL but not recognised as liabilities or payable at 31 December 2022 and 31 December 2021.

The Directors of the Parent Entity are not aware of any other material contingent liabilities existing at the reporting date.

As at 31 December 2022, the Parent Entity has a deficiency of net current assets of $68.6 million (2021: deficiency of net current assets of $67.1 million). Included in the Parent Entity's current liabilities is an amount of $5.4 million (2021: $38.3 million) which relates to an interest free financing facility provided from a subsidiary of the ultimate parent entity, CKHH, which is repayable on demand. The Parent Entity has unused financing facilities of $1,594.6 million at 31 December 2022 (2021: $1,561.7 million). CKHH has confirmed its current intention to provide sufficient financial support to enable the Parent Entity to meet its financial obligations as and when they fall due. This undertaking is provided for a minimum period of twelve months from the date of signing these financial statements. Consequently, the Directors have prepared the financial statements on a going concern basis.

(c) HTAL's investment in H3GAH

Investment in H3GAH	2022 $'000	2021 $'000
Investment at cost	**3,664,655**	3,664,655
Accumulated impairments	**(3,324,975)**	(2,584,455)
Carrying amount	**339,680**	1,080,200

[16] As at 31 December 2022, current liabilities include $5.4 million (2021: $38.3 million) which relates to an interest free financing facility provided from a subsidiary of CKHH, and an interest free advance repayable by HTAL to H3GAH of $68.3 million (2021: $32.1 million).

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Directors' Declaration

In the Directors' opinion:

(a) the financial statements and notes set out on pages 22 to 50 are in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001 (Cth)*, including:

  (i) complying with Accounting Standards, the *Corporations Regulations 2001* and other mandatory professional reporting requirements; and

  (ii) giving a true and fair view of the Consolidated Entity's financial position as at 31 December 2022 and of its performance for the financial year ended on that date; and

(b) there are reasonable grounds to believe that Hutchison Telecommunications (Australia) Limited will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable; and

(c) at the date of this declaration, there are reasonable grounds to believe that the members of the Extended Closed Group identified in Note 20 will be able to meet any obligations or liabilities to which they are, or may become, subject by virtue of the deed of cross guarantee described in Note 20.

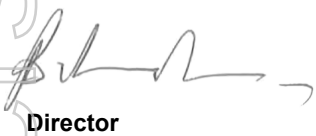
Note 1(a) confirms that the financial statements also comply with International Financial Reporting Standards as issued by International Accounting Standards Board.

The Directors have been given the declarations by Mr Frank John Sixt, being the person responsible to the Board for performing the Chief Executive Officer function and Chief Financial Officer function of Hutchison Telecommunications (Australia) Limited required by section 295A of the *Corporations Act 2001 (Cth)*.

This declaration is made in accordance with a resolution of the Directors.



Director
27 February 2023



Director
27 February 2023

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Independent auditor's report

To the members of Hutchison Telecommunications (Australia) Limited

Report on the audit of the financial report

Our opinion

In our opinion:

The accompanying financial report of Hutchison Telecommunications (Australia) Limited (the Company) and its controlled entities (together the Group) is in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:

(a) giving a true and fair view of the Group's financial position as at 31 December 2022 and of its financial performance for the year then ended

(b) complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Regulations 2001*.

What we have audited

The Group financial report comprises:

- the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2022
- the consolidated statement of changes in equity for the year then ended
- the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended
- the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income for the year then ended
- the notes to the financial statements, which include significant accounting policies and other explanatory information
- the directors' declaration.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial report* section of our report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Independence

We are independent of the Group in accordance with the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* and the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional & Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including Independence Standards)* (the Code) that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

PricewaterhouseCoopers, ABN 52 780 433 757
One International Towers Sydney, Watermans Quay, Barangaroo, GPO BOX 2650, SYDNEY NSW 2001
T: +61 2 8266 0000, F: +61 2 8266 9999

Level 11, 1PSQ, 169 Macquarie Street, Parramatta NSW 2150, PO Box 1155 Parramatta NSW 2124
T: +61 2 9659 2476, F: +61 2 8266 9999

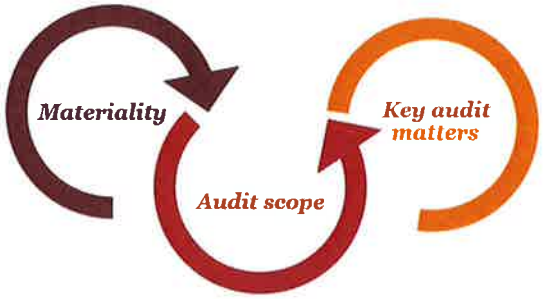
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Our audit approach

An audit is designed to provide reasonable assurance about whether the financial report is free from material misstatement. Misstatements may arise due to fraud or error. They are considered material if individually or in aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial report.

We tailored the scope of our audit to ensure that we performed enough work to be able to give an opinion on the financial report as a whole, taking into account the geographic and management structure of the Group, its accounting processes and controls and the industry in which it operates.



Materiality	Audit scope
• For the purpose of our audit we used overall Group materiality of $7.0 million, which represents approximately 2% of the Group's loss before tax. • We applied this threshold, together with qualitative considerations, to determine the scope of our audit and the nature, timing and extent of our audit procedures and to evaluate the effect of misstatements on the financial report as a whole. • We chose Group loss before tax because, in our view, it is the benchmark against which the performance of the Group is most commonly measured. • We utilised a 2% threshold based on our professional judgement, noting it is within the range of commonly acceptable thresholds.	• Our audit focused on where the Group made subjective judgements; for example, significant accounting estimates involving assumptions and inherently uncertain future events. • The Group team conducted the audit of the financial information contained within the consolidated financial statements and the component auditors of TPG performed procedures for the equity-accounted investment. • We, as the Group engagement team, determined and undertook an appropriate level of involvement in the work performed by the component audit team, in order for us to be satisfied that sufficient audit evidence had been obtained to support our opinion on the Group financial report as a whole.

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Key audit matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the financial report for the current period. The key audit matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial report as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. Further, any commentary on the outcomes of a particular audit procedure is made in that context. We communicated the key audit matters to the Audit and Risk Committee.

Key audit matter	*How our audit addressed the key audit matter*
Equity accounting for Hutchison Telecommunication Australia Limited (HTAL) 's investment in TPG Telecom Limited (TPG) *(refer to note 10)* HTAL applies equity accounting for its combined 25.05% ownership investment in TPG. These investments are held by HTAL via a: • 13.91% indirect interest through Vodafone Hutchison Australia Holdings Limited (VHAH), which HTAL jointly controls through a wholly owned subsidiary, and • 11.14% direct interest in TPG via a wholly owned subsidiary. As at 31 December 2022, HTAL's equity-accounted investment is carried at $339.7 million. We determined equity accounting for HTAL's investment in TPG to be a key audit matter because of the magnitude of the investment.	To assess the equity accounting for the Group's 25.05% investment in TPG, we performed the following procedures amongst the others: • Considered the appropriateness of the equity-accounted method. • Reconciled opening equity-accounted investment balance to the final position reflected in the financial report. To do this we: - recalculated the share of net profit/(loss) and changes in reserves of TPG by the Group and recalculating HTAL's 25.05% share - recalculated the impairment charge recorded at year end; and - compared dividends received from TPG to supporting documentation and bank statements. • Agreed the financial statements of TPG as at 31 December 2022 to the equity accounting schedule. • For borrowings and derivatives held by VHAH: - tested the fair value of the derivatives associated with the borrowings with the assistance of our PwC valuation experts, and - obtained third party confirmation of borrowings. • Tested equity accounting adjustments in HTAL to historical records and supporting schedules for accuracy. We also evaluated the reasonableness of the disclosures made by the Group in the financial report in view of the requirements of Australian Accounting Standards.

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Key audit matter	How our audit addressed the key audit matter
Impairment assessment for Hutchison Telecommunication Australia Limited (HTAL)'s equity accounted investment in TPG *(refer to note 4)* HTAL's equity accounted investment in TPG is the most significant asset in the Group financial report. HTAL is required to perform an impairment assessment annually or when there are indicators that the equity accounted investment could be impaired. The Group determined that there was an indicator of impairment for the equity accounted investment in TPG given there was a significant decline in the share price of TPG at year end. The Group therefore performed an impairment assessment for the equity accounted investment in TPG by estimating and comparing its recoverable amount to its carrying value. This impairment assessment concluded that an impairment charge of $444.6 million was required at year end. Significant judgement was used by the Group in determining the recoverable amount of the equity accounted investment in TPG. This involved calculating fair value less costs of disposals (FVLCOD) and value in use (VIU), requiring significant assumptions and estimates including determining a market-based price, a block premium, long-term dividend growth rate and discount rate. We considered the impairment assessment of HTAL's equity accounted investment in TPG a key audit matter due to the following reasons: • HTAL's equity accounted investment in TPG is the most significant asset in the consolidated statement of financial position • the significant judgement required by the Group to determine the recoverable amount of the equity accounted investment in TPG • the significance of the impairment charge related to the equity accounted investment in TPG.	To evaluate the Group's impairment assessment of the equity accounted investment in TPG we performed the following procedures amongst others: • Developed an understanding of the process by which the Group conducted the impairment assessment. • Evaluated the Group's methodologies and documented basis for significant assumptions utilised in the determination of FVLCOD and VIU against the requirements of Australian Accounting Standards • Considered if the impairment model used to estimate the recoverable amount of the equity accounted investment in TPG was consistent with the requirements of Australian Accounting Standards • With the assistance of our PwC valuation expert, we assessed: - the inclusion and magnitude of applying a block premium for significant influence in TPG; - the long-term dividend growth rate applied; - the discount rate applied; and - the likely costs of disposal. • Compared the share price of TPG, as used in the impairment assessment, to the ASX quoted price throughout the year and at year end (the valuation date). • Considered if the impairment model appropriately included the likely costs of disposal associated with selling the equity accounted investment in TPG • Developed an understanding of the nature of the net debt held within VHAH, and recalculated the Group's proportionate share. • Tested the mathematical accuracy of the impairment model's calculations. We also evaluated the reasonableness of the Group's disclosures made in Note 4 in respect of the impairment assessment, including those disclosures related to significant accounting judgements and estimates used to determine the recoverable amount in accordance with the Australian Accounting Standards.



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Other information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report for the year ended 31 December 2022, but does not include the financial report and our auditor's report thereon. Prior to the date of this auditor's report, the other information we obtained included the Review of Operations, Board of Directors, Directors' Report and Corporate Directory. We expect the remaining other information to be made available to us after the date of this auditor's report.

Our opinion on the financial report does not cover the other information and accordingly we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial report, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial report or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed on the other information that we obtained prior to the date of this auditor's report, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

When we read the other information not yet received, if we conclude that there is a material misstatement therein, we are required to communicate the matter to the directors and use our professional judgement to determine the appropriate action to take.

Responsibilities of the directors for the financial report

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Act 2001* and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, the directors are responsible for assessing the ability of the Group to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial report

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial report.

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A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial report is located at the Auditing and Assurance Standards Board website at: https://www.auasb.gov.au/admin/file/content102/c3/ar1_2020.pdf. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Report on the remuneration report

Our opinion on the remuneration report

We have audited the remuneration report included in pages 16 to 19 of the directors' report for the year ended 31 December 2022.

In our opinion, the remuneration report of Hutchison Telecommunications (Australia) Limited for the year ended 31 December 2022 complies with section 300A of the *Corporations Act 2001*.

Responsibilities

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation and presentation of the remuneration report in accordance with section 300A of *the Corporations Act 2001*. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the remuneration report, based on our audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards.

PricewaterhouseCoopers

Jason Hayes
Partner

Sydney
27 February 2023

Corporate Directory

Directors

FOK Kin Ning, Canning
Barry ROBERTS-THOMSON
Melissa ANASTASIOU
Susan Mo Fong CHOW, also known as WOO Mo Fong, Susan (alias CHOW WOO Mo Fong, Susan)
Justin Herbert GARDENER
LAI Kai Ming, Dominic (also alternate to FOK Kin Ning, Canning and Frank John SIXT)
John Michael SCANLON
Frank John SIXT (also alternate to LAI Kai Ming, Dominic)
WOO Chiu Man, Cliff

Company Secretaries

Edith SHIH
Swapna KESKAR

Investor Relations

Tel: +61 2 9015 5088
Email: htalinvestors@companymatters.com.au
www.hutchison.com.au

Registered Office

Level 1, 177 Pacific Highway
North Sydney NSW 2060
Tel: +61 2 9015 5088
www.hutchison.com.au

Share Registry

Link Market Services
Level 12, 680 George Street
Sydney NSW 2000
Tel: 1800 629 116 or +61 1800 629 116 (International)
www.linkmarketservices.com.au

Auditor

PricewaterhouseCoopers
One International Towers Sydney, Watermans Quay
Barangaroo NSW 2000

Securities Exchange Listing

HTAL shares are listed on the Australian Securities Exchange (ASX)
ASX Code: HTA

Notice of Annual General Meeting

The Annual General Meeting of HTAL will be held at:
177 Pacific Highway
North Sydney NSW 2060
Date: 5 May 2023, 10.00 am

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