

25 September 2025

Market Announcements Office
ASX Limited

ANNOUNCEMENT – ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT 30 JUNE 2025

FOR RELEASE TO ALL FUNDS LISTED BELOW

BlackRock Investment Management (Australia) Limited (**BIMAL**) is the Responsible Entity for the below listed iShares® exchange traded funds (**Funds**) which are quoted on the ASX.

BIMAL announces the Annual Financial Report for the Funds, for the period ending **30 June 2025**.

ASX Code	Fund
IBAL	iShares Balanced ESG ETF
IGRO	iShares High Growth ESG ETF

Important Notice

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The liability of shareholders is limited.

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** END **

Annual Financial Report

iShares Multi Assets Funds

- iShares Balanced ESG ETF
ARSN 660 927 266
- iShares High Growth ESG ETF
ARSN 660 927 677

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iShares Multi Assets Funds

Annual Financial Report - 30 June 2025

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Directors' Report

The directors of BlackRock Investment Management (Australia) Limited (ABN 13 006 165 975) (the "Responsible Entity"), the Responsible Entity of iShares Multi Assets Funds (the "Funds"), present their annual report together with the financial statements of the Funds, for the year ended 30 June 2025 and the auditor's report thereon. The iShares Multi Assets Funds comprise of iShares Balanced ESG ETF and iShares High Growth ESG ETF.

Fund Objectives

iShares Balanced ESG ETF

The Fund adopts an investment strategy that tracks the weighted average return of the various indices of the underlying funds in which the Funds invest, in proportion to their applicable long term Strategic Asset Allocation (SAA), before taking into account fees, expenses and taxes. The underlying funds have been selected with consideration to their sustainability credentials.

iShares High Growth ESG ETF

The Fund adopts an investment strategy that tracks the weighted average return of the various indices of the underlying funds in which the Funds invest, in proportion to their applicable long term Strategic Asset Allocation (SAA), before taking into account fees, expenses and taxes. The underlying funds have been selected with consideration to their sustainability credentials.

Principal Activities

The Funds invest in accordance with the provisions of the Funds' Constitutions.

The Funds are currently listed on the Australian Securities Exchange (ASX). The admission date for iShares Balanced ESG ETF and iShares High Growth ESG ETF was 17 August 2022.

The Funds did not have any employees during the year ended 30 June 2025 (30 June 2024: Nil).

There were no significant changes in the nature of the Funds' activities during the year ended 30 June 2025 (30 June 2024: Nil).

Directors

The following persons held office as directors of the Responsible Entity during the year or since the end of the year and up to the date of this report:

Director	Date appointed
M S McCorry	Appointed 2 December 2009
J Collins	Appointed 29 July 2015
A Landman	Appointed 3 February 2020
I Davila	Appointed 5 March 2020

Review and Results of Operations

During the year, the Funds continued to invest funds in accordance with target asset allocations as set out in the governing documents of the Funds and in accordance with the provisions of the Funds' Constitutions.

Results

The performance of the Funds, as represented by the results of their operations, were as follows:

	iShares Balanced ESG ETF		iShares High Growth ESG ETF	
	Year ended		Year ended	
	30 June 2025 \$'000	30 June 2024 \$'000	30 June 2025 \$'000	30 June 2024 \$'000
Profit/(loss) for the year	1,372	381	1,589	1,200
Distributions paid and payable	345	65	334	131

Directors' Report (continued)

Review and Results of Operations (continued)

Returns

The table below demonstrates the performance of the Funds as represented by the total return.

	1 year % p.a.	Returns* 3 year % p.a.	5 year % p.a.
iShares Balanced ESG ETF	10.54	..	..
iShares High Growth ESG ETF	13.53	..	..

* Returns (after fees) are calculated on the assumption that all distributions are reinvested in the Funds, and include the effect of compounding.

** Returns are nil as the Funds have not completed the target period since inception.

Reconciliation of Net Asset Value for Unit Pricing Purposes to Financial Reporting Purposes

The key differences between net assets for unit pricing purposes and net assets attributed to unitholders as reported in the financial statements prepared under Australian Accounting Standards have been outlined below:

	iShares Balanced ESG ETF		iShares High Growth ESG ETF	
	As at		As at	
	30 June 2025 \$'000	30 June 2024 \$'000	30 June 2025 \$'000	30 June 2024 \$'000
Net assets for Unit Pricing Purposes	20,650	5,696	17,342	8,830
Timing differences				
Other	-*	-*	-*	-*
Net assets attributable to unitholders as at 30 June	20,650	5,696	17,342	8,830

* The amount is nil when it is rounded to the nearest thousand dollar.

Significant Changes in State of Affairs

In the opinion of the directors, there were no significant changes in the state of affairs of the Funds that occurred during the financial year under review.

Matters Subsequent to the End of the Financial Year

iShares Balanced ESG ETF

The Fund announced on 1 July 2025 a final distribution of 66.74 cents per unit, which equates to \$454,167. The final distribution ex-date was 1 July 2025 and payment was on 11 July 2025.

iShares High Growth ESG ETF

The Fund announced on 1 July 2025 a final distribution of 69.13 cents per unit, which equates to \$346,167. The final distribution ex-date was 1 July 2025 and payment was on 11 July 2025.

Except as disclosed in the financial statements, no matter or circumstance has arisen since 30 June 2025 that has significantly affected, or may significantly affect:

- the operations of the Funds in future financial years, or
- the results of those operations in future financial years, or
- the state of affairs of the Funds in future financial years.

Directors' Report (continued)

Likely Developments and Expected Results of Operations

The Funds will continue to be managed in accordance with the investment objectives and guidelines as set out in the governing documents of the Funds and in accordance with the provisions of the Funds' Constitutions.

The results of the Funds' operations will be affected by a number of factors, including the performance of investment markets in which the Funds invest. Investment performance is not guaranteed and future returns may differ from past returns. As investment conditions change over time, past returns should not be used to predict future returns.

Further information on likely developments in the operations of the Funds and the expected results of those operations have not been included in this report because the Responsible Entity believes it would be likely to result in unreasonable prejudice to the Funds.

Indemnification and Insurance of Officers and Auditor

No insurance premiums are paid for out of the assets of the Funds in regards to insurance cover provided to either the officers of the Responsible Entity or the auditor of the Funds. So long as the officers of the Responsible Entity act in accordance with the Funds' Constitutions and the Law, officers remain indemnified out of the assets of the Funds against losses incurred while acting on behalf of the Funds. The auditor of the Funds is in no way indemnified out of the assets of the Funds.

Fees Paid and Interests Held in the Funds by the Responsible Entity or its Associates

Fees paid to the Responsible Entity and its associates out of Funds' property during the year are disclosed in Note 9 of the financial statements.

No fees were paid out of Funds' property to the directors of the Responsible Entity during the year (2024: Nil). Pursuant to ASIC Corporations (Registered Schemes - Differential Fees) Instrument 2017/40, the Responsible Entity may individually negotiate fees with certain sophisticated or professional investors.

The number of interests in the Funds held by the Responsible Entity or its associates as at the end of the financial year are also disclosed in Note 9 of the financial statements.

Interests in the Funds

The movement in units on issue in the Funds during the year is disclosed in Note 5 of the financial statements.

Value of Assets

The value of the Funds' assets and liabilities is disclosed on the Statements of Financial Position and derived using the basis set out in Note 2 of the financial statements.

Environmental Regulation

The operations of the Funds are not subject to any particular or significant environmental regulations under either Commonwealth, State or Territory law.

Rounding of Amounts

The Funds are registered schemes of a kind referred to in ASIC Corporations (Rounding in Financial/Directors' Reports) Instrument 2016/191, issued by the Australian Securities and Investments Commission relating to the "rounding off" of amounts in the directors' report and the financial statements. Amounts in the directors' report and the financial statements have been rounded to the nearest thousand in accordance with ASIC Corporations (Rounding in Financial/Directors' Reports) Instrument 2016/191, unless otherwise indicated.

Additional Disclosure

The Funds have applied the relief available in ASIC Corporations (Disclosing Entities) Instrument 2015/839 issued by the Australian Securities and Investments Commission in the preparation of this report. This class order allows registered schemes with a common responsible entity to include their multiple financial statements in adjacent columns in a single financial report.

The Funds have applied for the relief available in ASIC Corporations (Directors' Report Relief) Instrument 2016/188 issued by the Australian Securities and Investments Commission in the preparation of this report. Accordingly, the additional information otherwise required to be included in the directors' report has been disclosed in Notes 4 and 5 of the financial statements.

Directors' Report (continued)

Auditor's Independence Declaration

A copy of the auditor's independence declaration as required under Section 307C of the *Corporations Act 2001* is set out on page 5.

The financial statements were authorised for issue by the directors on 23 September 2025.

This report is made in accordance with a resolution of the directors.



Director
J Collins

Sydney
23 September 2025

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23 September 2025

The Board of Directors
BlackRock Investment Management (Australia) Limited
Level 37 Chifley Tower, 2 Chifley Square
Sydney, NSW 2000

Dear Directors

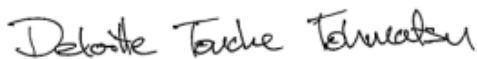
Auditor's Independence Declaration to iShares Balanced ESG ETF and iShares High Growth ESG ETF (collectively "iShares Multi Assets Funds")

In accordance with section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001, I am pleased to provide the following declaration of independence to the directors of BlackRock Investment Management (Australia) Limited as Responsible Entity of iShares Balanced ESG ETF and iShares High Growth ESG ETF.

As lead audit partner for the audit of the financial reports of iShares Multi Assets Funds for the year ended 30 June 2025, I declare that to the best of my knowledge and belief, there have been no contraventions of:

- The auditor independence requirements of the Corporations Act 2001 in relation to the audit; and
- Any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

Yours faithfully



Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu



Jonathon Corbett
Partner
Chartered Accountants

Statements of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income

	Notes	iShares Balanced ESG ETF		iShares High Growth ESG ETF	
		Year ended		Year ended	
		30 June 2025 \$'000	30 June 2024 \$'000	30 June 2025 \$'000	30 June 2024 \$'000
Investment income					
Distributions from related schemes	9	278	78	204	146
Net gains/(losses) on financial instruments held at fair value through profit or loss (including any FX gains/(losses))		1,110	306	1,402	1,064
Fee rebates from related schemes	9	17	4	12	5
Total net investment income/(loss)		1,405	388	1,618	1,215
Expenses					
Management fees	9	28	6	27	13
Transaction costs		2	-	1	1
Custody movement fees		3	1	1	1
Total operating expenses		33	7	29	15
Profit/(loss) for the year		1,372	381	1,589	1,200
Other comprehensive income		-	-	-	-
Total comprehensive income/(loss) for the year		1,372	381	1,589	1,200

The above Statements of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Statements of Financial Position

	Notes	iShares Balanced ESG ETF		iShares High Growth ESG ETF	
		As at		As at	
		30 June 2025 \$'000	30 June 2024 \$'000	30 June 2025 \$'000	30 June 2024 \$'000
Assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	11(b)	7	569	6	630
Financial assets held at fair value through profit or loss	6	20,200	5,588	17,011	8,675
Receivables	7	451	107	331	153
Total assets		<u>20,658</u>	<u>6,264</u>	<u>17,348</u>	<u>9,458</u>
Liabilities					
Payables	8	8	568	6	628
Total liabilities		<u>8</u>	<u>568</u>	<u>6</u>	<u>628</u>
Net assets attributable to unitholders - equity	5	<u>20,650</u>	<u>5,696</u>	<u>17,342</u>	<u>8,830</u>

The above Statements of Financial Position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Statements of Changes in Equity

	Notes	iShares Balanced ESG ETF		iShares High Growth ESG ETF	
		Year ended		Year ended	
		30 June 2025 \$'000	30 June 2024 \$'000	30 June 2025 \$'000	30 June 2024 \$'000
Total equity at the beginning of the financial year		5,696	2,084	8,830	3,804
Comprehensive income for the year					
Profit/(loss) for the year		1,372	381	1,589	1,200
Other comprehensive income for the year		-	-	-	-
Total comprehensive income/(loss) for the year		1,372	381	1,589	1,200
Transactions with unitholders					
Creations	5	13,916	4,329	7,237	4,538
Redemptions	5	-	(1,034)	-	(585)
Units issued upon reinvestment of distributions	5	11	1	20	4
Distributions paid and payable	4	(345)	(65)	(334)	(131)
Total transactions with unitholders		13,582	3,231	6,923	3,826
Total equity at the end of the financial year		20,650	5,696	17,342	8,830

The above Statements of Changes in Equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Statements of Cash Flows

	Notes	iShares Balanced ESG ETF		iShares High Growth ESG ETF	
		Year ended		Year ended	
		30 June 2025 \$'000	30 June 2024 \$'000	30 June 2025 \$'000	30 June 2024 \$'000
<i>Cash flows from operating activities</i>					
Proceeds from sale of financial instruments held at fair value through profit or loss		2,494	1,496	1,549	1,272
Purchases of financial instruments held at fair value through profit or loss		(16,903)	(4,235)	(9,284)	(4,607)
Transaction costs		(2)	-	(1)	(1)
Distributions received from related schemes		278	78	204	146
Fee rebates from related schemes received		14	4	10	5
Management fees paid		(23)	(5)	(24)	(11)
Operating expenses paid		(2)	(1)	(1)	(1)
<i>Net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities</i>	11(a)	<u>(14,144)</u>	<u>(2,663)</u>	<u>(7,547)</u>	<u>(3,197)</u>
<i>Cash flows from financing activities</i>					
Proceeds from creations by unitholders		13,916	4,329	7,237	4,538
Payments for redemptions by unitholders		-	(1,034)	-	(585)
Distributions paid		(334)	(64)	(314)	(127)
<i>Net cash inflow/(outflow) from financing activities</i>		<u>13,582</u>	<u>3,231</u>	<u>6,923</u>	<u>3,826</u>
<i>Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents</i>		(562)	568	(624)	629
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year		<u>569</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>630</u>	<u>1</u>
<i>Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year</i>	11(b)	<u><u>7</u></u>	<u><u>569</u></u>	<u><u>6</u></u>	<u><u>630</u></u>
Non cash financing activities	11(c)	<u>11</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>20</u>	<u>4</u>

The above Statements of Cash Flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

1 General Information

These financial statements cover iShares Balanced ESG ETF and iShares High Growth ESG ETF (the “Funds”) as individual entities. The Funds were constituted on 11 July 2022. The Funds will terminate on the eightieth anniversary of the day the Funds commenced, unless terminated in accordance with the provisions of the Funds’ Constitutions.

The Responsible Entity of the Funds is BlackRock Investment Management (Australia) Limited (the “Responsible Entity”). The Responsible Entity’s registered office is Level 37 Chifley Tower, 2 Chifley Square, Sydney NSW 2000.

The financial statements were authorised for issue by the directors on 23 September 2025. The directors of the Responsible Entity have the power to amend and reissue the financial statements.

The financial statements are presented in the Australian currency.

2 Summary of Material Accounting Policies

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all years presented, unless otherwise stated in the following text.

(a) Statement of Compliance and Basis of Preparation

These general purpose financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and other authoritative pronouncements issued by the Accounting Standards Board and the *Corporations Act 2001* in Australia. The Funds are for-profit unit trusts for the purpose of preparing the financial statements.

The financial statements are prepared on the basis of historical costs, except for financial assets and financial liabilities held at fair value through profit or loss, that are measured at fair value.

The Statements of Financial Position are presented on a liquidity basis. Assets and liabilities are presented in decreasing order of liquidity and are not distinguished between current and non-current. All balances are expected to be recovered or settled within twelve months, except for investments in financial assets at fair value through profit or loss and net assets attributable to unitholders. The amount expected to be recovered or settled within twelve months after the end of each reporting period cannot be reliably determined.

(i) Compliance with International Financial Reporting Standards

The financial statements of the Funds also comply with International Financial Reporting Standards (“IFRS”) as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board.

(ii) New and amended standards adopted by the Funds

There are no new standards, interpretations or amendments to existing standards that are effective for the first time for the financial year beginning 1 July 2024 that would be expected to have a material impact on the Funds.

(iii) Investment in Subsidiaries

The Funds have determined that they meet the definition of an investment entity in accordance with AASB 10 *Consolidated Financial Statements*. The Funds do not control any of the entities where they have an investment and therefore do not prepare consolidated financial statements. Instead the investments are accounted for at fair value through profit or loss as disclosed in Note 2(b).

The Funds receive income in the form of distributions or interest from their investments in unconsolidated subsidiaries, and there are no significant restrictions on the transfer of funds from these entities to the Funds. The Funds have no contractual commitments or current intentions to provide any other financial or other support to their unconsolidated subsidiaries.

(b) Financial Instruments

(i) Classification

The Funds’ investments are classified as at fair value through profit or loss. They comprise:

- Derivative financial instruments such as futures, forward foreign exchange contracts, options and swaps. The Funds do not designate any derivatives as hedges in a hedging relationship.
- Investments in listed equities, listed unit trusts, unlisted unit trusts, interest bearing securities and money market securities.

Financial assets and financial liabilities held at fair value through profit or loss are those that are managed and their performance evaluated on a fair value basis in accordance with the Funds’ documented investment strategy. The Funds’ policy is for the Responsible Entity to evaluate the information about these financial instruments on a fair value basis together with other related financial information.

2 Summary of Material Accounting Policies (continued)

(b) Financial Instruments (continued)

(i) Classification (continued)

Short sales are classified as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss. Short sales are where borrowed securities are sold in anticipation of a decline in the market value of those securities and are made or may be used for various arbitrage transactions.

(ii) Recognition/derecognition

The Funds recognise financial assets and financial liabilities on the date they become party to the contractual agreement (trade date) and recognise changes in fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities from this date.

Investments are derecognised when the right to receive cash flows from the investments has expired or the Funds have transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership.

(iii) Measurement

Financial assets and liabilities held at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets and liabilities held at fair value through profit or loss are measured initially at fair value excluding any transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of the financial asset or financial liability. Transaction costs on financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are expensed immediately. Subsequent to initial recognition, all instruments held at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value with changes in their fair value recognised in the Statements of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income.

- Fair value in an active market

The fair value of financial assets and liabilities traded in active markets is based on their quoted market prices at the end of the reporting date without any deduction for estimated future selling costs. The quoted market price used for financial assets and financial liabilities held by the Funds is the last traded market price.

- Fair value in an inactive or unquoted market

The fair value of financial assets and liabilities that are not traded in an active market is determined using valuation techniques. These include the use of recent arm's length market transactions, reference to the current fair value of a substantially similar instrument, discounted cash flow techniques, option pricing models or any other valuation technique that provides a reliable estimate of prices obtained in actual market transactions.

Accordingly, there may be a difference between the fair value at initial recognition and amounts determined using a valuation technique. If such a difference exists, the Funds recognise the difference in the Statements of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income to reflect a change in factors, including time, that market participants would consider in setting a price.

Investments in other unlisted unit trusts are recorded at the net asset value per unit as reported by the Responsible Entity of such funds.

(c) Offsetting Financial Instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are reported on a gross basis in the Statements of Financial Position. Where there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously on default or in the ordinary course of business, the financial assets and liabilities will be offset and reported on a net basis in notes to the financial statements.

(d) Net Assets Attributable to Unitholders

Units are redeemable at the unitholders' option, however, creations and redemptions may be suspended by the Responsible Entity if it is in the best interests of the unitholders.

The units can be put back to the Funds at any time for cash based on the redemption price, which is equal to a proportionate share of the Funds' net asset value attributable to the unitholders.

The units are carried at the redemption amount that is payable at balance sheet date if the holder exercises the right to put the unit back to the Funds. This amount represents the expected cash flows on redemption of these units.

2 Summary of Material Accounting Policies (continued)

(d) Net Assets Attributable to Unitholders (continued)

Units are classified as equity when they satisfy the following criteria under AASB 132 *Financial instruments: Presentation*:

- the puttable financial instrument entitles the holder to a pro-rata share of net assets in the event of the Funds' liquidation;
- the puttable financial instrument is in the class of instruments that is subordinate to all other classes of instruments and class features are identical;
- the puttable financial instrument does not include any contractual obligations to deliver cash or another financial asset, or to exchange financial instruments with another entity under potentially unfavourable conditions to the Funds, and it is not a contract settled in the Funds' own equity instruments; and
- the total expected cash flows attributable to the puttable financial instrument over the life are based substantially on the profit or loss.

In addition to the instrument having all the above features, paragraph 16B of AASB 132 requires that the issuer have no other financial instrument or contract that has:

- Total cash flows based substantially on the profit or loss, the change in the recognized net assets or the change in fair value of the recognised and unrecognised net assets of the entity.
- The effect of substantially restricting or fixing the residual return to the puttable instrument holders.

The Funds' units have been classified as equity as they satisfied all the above criteria.

(e) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents may include cash on hand, deposits held at call with financial institutions, other short-term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts and cash will be netted off on the Statements of Financial Position if both are present.

Payments and receipts relating to the purchase and sale of investment securities are classified as cash flows from operating activities as movements in the fair value of these securities represent the Funds' main income generating activity.

(f) Margin Accounts

Margin accounts comprise of cash held for derivative transactions and short sales. The cash is only available to meet margin calls.

(g) Investment Income and Expenses

Interest income and expenses are recognised in the Statements of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income for all interest bearing securities using the effective interest method. Interest on assets held at fair value through profit or loss is included in the net gains/(losses) on financial instruments. Other changes in fair value for such instruments are recorded in accordance with the policies described in Note 2(b).

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial asset or financial liability and of allocating the interest income or interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments or receipts throughout the expected life of the financial instrument, or a shorter period where appropriate, to the net carrying amount of the financial asset or liability. When calculating the effective interest rate, the Funds estimate cash flows, considering all contractual terms of the financial instrument (for example, prepayment options), but do not consider future credit losses.

The calculation includes all fees and points paid or received between the parties to the contract that are an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and all other premiums or discounts.

Dividend income is recognised on the ex-dividend date. The Funds may incur withholding tax imposed by certain countries on investment income. Such income is recorded net of withholding tax in the Statements of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income. If a portion of the foreign withholding taxes is reclaimable, it is recorded as an asset.

Trust distributions are recognised on an entitlements basis.

Dividends declared on securities sold short are recorded as a dividend expense on the ex-dividend date.

(h) Expenses

All expenses, including management fees and performance fees, are recognised in the Statements of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income on an accruals basis.

2 Summary of Material Accounting Policies (continued)

(i) Income Tax

Under current legislation, the Funds are not subject to income tax provided the taxable income of the Funds are attributed either by way of cash or reinvestment (i.e. unitholders are presently entitled to the income of the Funds).

The benefit of imputation credits and foreign tax paid are passed on to unitholders.

(j) Distributions to Unitholders

In accordance with the Funds' Constitutions, the Funds attribute their taxable income, and any other amounts determined by the Responsible Entity, to unitholders by cash or reinvestment. Distributions are recognised in the Statements of Changes in Equity as distributions paid and payable.

(k) Increase/Decrease in Net Assets Attributable to Unitholders

Movements in net assets attributable to unitholders are recognised in the Statements of Changes in Equity for the current year ended 30 June 2025.

(l) Foreign Currency Translation

(i) Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the Funds' financial statements are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which it operates (the "functional currency"). This is the Australian Dollar, which reflects the currency of the economy in which the Funds compete for funds and is regulated. The Australian Dollar is also the Funds' presentation currency.

(ii) Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the date of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translations at year end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the Statements of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income.

The Funds do not isolate that portion of gains or losses on securities and derivative financial instruments which is due to changes in foreign exchange rates from that which is due to changes in the market price of securities. Such fluctuations are included with the net gains or losses on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss.

Non-monetary items that are measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value was determined. Translation differences on assets and liabilities carried at fair value are reported as part of the fair value gain or loss.

(m) Receivables

Receivables may include amounts for dividends, interest, trust distributions, amounts due from brokers and creations receivable. Dividends and trust distributions are accrued when the right to receive payment is established. Interest is accrued at the end of the reporting date from the time of the last payment using the effective interest rate method. Amounts due from brokers represent receivables for securities that have been contracted for but not yet delivered by the end of the reporting date. Creations receivable are recorded when the creations are made for units in the Funds with the consideration yet to be received as at the end of the reporting date.

These amounts are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost. At each reporting date, the Funds shall measure the loss allowance on receivables at an amount equal to the lifetime expected credit losses if the credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition. If, at the reporting date, the credit risk has not increased significantly since initial recognition, the Funds shall measure the loss allowance at an amount equal to 12-month expected credit losses. Significant financial difficulties of the counterparty, probability that the counterparty will enter bankruptcy or financial reorganisation, and default in payments are all considered indicators that a loss allowance may be required. If the credit risk increases to the point that it is considered to be credit impaired, interest income will be calculated based on the gross carrying amount adjusted for the loss allowance. A significant increase in credit risk is defined by management as any contractual payment which is more than 30 days past due. Any contractual payment which is more than 90 days past due is considered credit impaired.

The amount of the impairment loss is recognised in the Statements of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income within other expenses. When a trade receivable for which an impairment allowance had been recognised becomes uncollectible in a subsequent period, it is written off against the allowance account. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are credited against other expenses in the Statements of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income.

2 Summary of Material Accounting Policies (continued)

(n) Payables

Payables include liabilities and accrued expenses owing by the Funds and redemptions payable which are unpaid as at the end of the reporting period.

Trades are recorded on trade date, and normally settled within three business days. Purchases of financial instruments that are unsettled at reporting date are included in payables. Redemptions payable are recognised when the unitholder returns their holdings back into the Funds foregoing all rights associated with the units, with the payment yet to be released.

The distribution amount payable to unitholders as at reporting date is recognised separately on the Statements of Financial Position when unitholders are presently entitled to the distributable income under the Funds' Constitutions.

(o) Creations and Redemptions

Creations received for units in the Funds are recorded net of any entry fees payable prior to the issue of units in the Funds. Redemptions from the Funds are recorded gross of any exit fees payable after the cancellation of units redeemed.

Unit redemption prices are determined by reference to the net assets for unit pricing purposes of the Funds, divided by the number of units on issue at or immediately prior to close of business each day. Creations and redemptions of units are processed simultaneously.

(p) Goods and Services Tax (GST)

The GST incurred on the costs of various services provided to the Funds by third parties such as custodial services and investment management fees have been passed onto the Funds. The Funds qualify for Reduced Input Tax Credits (RITC) hence, investment management fees, custodial fees and other expenses have been recognised in the Statements of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income net of the amount of GST recoverable from the Australian Taxation Office (ATO). Accounts payable and accrued expenses are inclusive of GST. The net amount of GST recoverable from the ATO is included in receivables in the Statements of Financial Position. Cash flows relating to GST are included in the Statements of Cash Flows on a gross basis.

(q) New Accounting Standards and Interpretations

There are no standards that are not yet effective and that are expected to have a material impact on the Funds in future reporting periods and on foreseeable future transactions.

(r) Use of Estimates and Critical Accounting Judgments

The Funds make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the balance sheet date. Estimates are continually evaluated and based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

For the majority of the Funds' financial instruments, quoted market prices are readily available. However, certain financial instruments, for example, over the counter derivatives or unquoted securities are fair valued using valuation techniques. Where valuation techniques (for example, pricing models) are used to determine fair values, they are validated and reviewed by experienced personnel of the Responsible Entity, independent of the area that created them. Models are calibrated by back-testing to actual transactions to ensure that outputs are reliable.

Models use observable data, to the extent practicable. However, areas such as credit risk (both own and counterparty), volatilities and correlations require management to make estimates. Changes in assumptions about these factors could affect the reported fair value of financial instruments.

For certain other financial instruments, including amounts due from/to brokers and payables, the carrying amounts approximate fair value due to the immediate or short term nature of these financial instruments.

(s) Rounding of Amounts

The Funds are registered schemes of a kind referred to in ASIC Corporations (Rounding in Financial/Directors' Reports) Instrument 2016/191, issued by the Australian Securities and Investments Commission relating to the "rounding off" of amounts in the directors' report and the financial statements. Amounts in the directors' report and the financial statements have been rounded to the nearest thousand in accordance with ASIC Corporations (Rounding in Financial/Directors' Reports) Instrument 2016/191, unless otherwise indicated.

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2 Summary of Material Accounting Policies (continued)

(t) Cash Held on Collateral

Cash held on collateral includes restricted margin accounts where the derivative transactions' original maturities are not within three months as well as restricted cash for short sales. Short positions are taken on securities which have relatively poor return expectations. To facilitate settlement, securities are borrowed with collateral requirements. These requirements are satisfied with cash and/or other securities. Cash used to satisfy collateral requirements is disclosed as cash held on collateral on the Statements of Financial Position.

3 Financial Risk Management

The Funds' activities expose them to a variety of financial risks: credit risk, liquidity risk, and market risk (including price risk, currency risk and interest rate risk). The Funds' overall risk management program focuses on ensuring compliance with the Funds' Product Disclosure Statements and seeks to maximise the returns derived for the level of risk to which the Funds are exposed. The Funds may use derivative financial instruments to moderate and create certain risk exposures. Financial risk management is carried out by the Investment Risk Management Working Group (IRMWG) under policies approved by the Board of Directors of the Responsible Entity (the "Board").

The Funds use different methods to measure different types of risk to which they are exposed. These methods include Value at Risk ("VaR") analysis in the case of interest rate, foreign exchange and other price risks and ratings analysis for credit risk. VaR analysis is explained in Note 3(b).

(a) Market Risk

Market risk is managed and monitored by the Responsible Entity on a portfolio basis, with risks managed through ensuring that investment activities are undertaken in accordance with the Funds' investment model which is reviewed and updated regularly.

(i) Price Risk

The Funds are exposed to price risk. This arises from investments held by the Funds for which prices in the future are uncertain. They are classified in the Statements of Financial Position as fair value through profit or loss. Where non-monetary financial instruments are denominated in currencies other than the Australian Dollar, the price in the future will also fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. Note 3(a)(ii) below sets out how this component of price risk is managed and measured. All securities investments present a risk of loss of capital. Except for equities sold short and derivative instruments, the maximum risk resulting from financial instruments is determined by the fair value of the financial instruments. Possible losses from equities sold short can be unlimited. Local, regional or global events such as war, acts of terrorism, the spread of infectious illness or other public health issue, such as the COVID-19 pandemic, recessions, climate change or other events could have a significant impact on each Fund and their investments and could result in increased premiums or discounts to the Funds' net asset value.

The Responsible Entity continuously monitors the Funds' holdings relative to the recommended portfolio, and the exposure of the Funds are monitored to ensure that it remains within designated ranges or asset allocation constraints, taking into account any derivative position being used to manage risks.

In addition, the IRMWG regularly reviews the Funds to ensure the Funds are following the appropriate investment model, their portfolio is in accordance with their stated guidelines and restrictions, and the performance of the Funds remains in expected bounds.

The summarised VaR analysis in Note 3(b) explains how the risk is measured and summarises the potential exposure of the Funds' net assets attributable to unitholders.

(ii) Foreign Exchange Risk

The direct investments held by the Funds do not have any direct exposure to foreign exchange risk. This disclosure has not been made on a look through basis for investments held indirectly through underlying investments.

The summarised VaR analysis in Note 3(b) explains how the risk is measured and summarises the potential exposure of the Funds' net assets attributable to unitholders.

(iii) Interest Rate Risk

The majority of the Funds' financial assets and liabilities are non-interest bearing. As a result, the Funds are not subject to significant amounts of risk due to fluctuations in the prevailing levels of markets interest rates.

The Funds' exposure to cash flow interest rate risk is limited to their cash and cash equivalents and cash held on collateral accounts, which are floating rate interest bearing investments. As at 30 June 2025 the total investment in cash and margin accounts of the Funds is set out in the following table:

3 Financial Risk Management (continued)

(a) Market Risk (continued)

(iii) Interest Rate Risk (continued)

	30 June 2025 \$	30 June 2024 \$
iShares Balanced ESG ETF	7,058	569,434
iShares High Growth ESG ETF	5,999	630,068

Interest rate risk is mitigated through ensuring activities are transacted in accordance with mandates, overall investment strategy and within approved limits.

The summarised VaR analysis in Note 3(b) explains how the risk is measured and summarises the potential exposure of the Funds' net assets attributable to unitholders.

The disclosure for the Funds have not been made on a look through basis for investments held indirectly through the underlying fund. The disclosure of interest rate risk may not present the true interest rate risk profile of the Funds where the underlying fund has significant exposure to interest rate risk.

(b) Summarised VaR Analysis

Value at Risk (VaR) is a risk model used to estimate the potential losses that could occur on the Funds' net asset value position due to movements in interest rates, currency and market prices over a given period and for a specified degree of confidence.

The Responsible Entity uses VaR analysis and/or tracking error estimates to measure and manage risk as these are commonly used and understood models, are easily interpreted and are consistent across different types, asset classes and types of funds. For the purpose of these accounts VaR analysis has been presented. The objective in all cases is to estimate potential losses and manage the downside risk.

The following tables summarise the outputs of the VaR model in relation to interest rate, currency and price risk exposures. The total VaR figures are not the sum of individual risk components as this does not include correlations between different risk factors.

The Responsible Entity calculates the VaR relative to the Funds' total value. The analysis implies that the Manager can be 95% confident that the value of the portfolio will not decrease by any more than the figures in the table below over the 5 day period from 30 June.

	iShares Balanced ESG ETF			
	2025		2024	
	\$'000^	%	\$'000^	%
Total Portfolio Risk	326	1.58	95	1.66

	iShares High Growth ESG ETF			
	2025		2024	
	\$'000^	%	\$'000^	%
Total Portfolio Risk	453	2.61	221	2.50

^VaR has been calculated on Net Assets Attributable to Unitholders before rounding.

Detailed information about the models

There are a number of different VaR models used within the Funds Management industry. The Responsible Entity uses one or more of ex-ante and ex-post estimates of portfolio risk and the Monte Carlo simulation model depending on the fund type. Models are calculated using historical data and a covariance matrix where applicable.

The models used by the Responsible Entity have the following features:

- VaR is calculated to a 95 per cent confidence level. VaR at a confidence level identifies the maximum expected loss under that confidence level;
- VaR is calculated for a 5 day holding period. The time horizon of five days is selected to coincide with the period used to analyse the portfolio positions. The risk data is examined in various daily, weekly and monthly forums; and
- The portfolio VaR is not the simple sum of individual asset stand alone VaRs; the correlations among assets in the portfolio are considered.

3 Financial Risk Management (continued)

(b) Summarised VaR Analysis (continued)

Detailed information about the models (continued)

Although VaR is a valuable risk management tool it should be interpreted, as with all predictive models, with consideration to its assumptions and limitations. The main assumptions and limitations are listed below:

- Some models assume certain financial variables are normally distributed: The normality assumption allows the Responsible Entity to scale portfolio risk estimates to the appropriate confidence levels. The normality assumption is derived from statistical analysis for examining sample populations of observations and the implications of not assuming normality would preclude the use of most statistical tools including mainstream commercial models for risk measurement.
- The use of historical returns and correlations between assets would not take into account future potential events: It is a commonly stated and well recognised limitation that past performance is not a reliable indicator of future performance.
- Model risk, in general terms, is a known limitation that includes: the quality or accuracy of the underlying data, where significant events occur within the data, the changing sensitivity of the Funds' assets to external market factors over time, and appreciating that using only one model may be limiting in itself to obtaining the best understanding of a Funds' risk position.

The Responsible Entity acknowledges these limitations and thus compares ex-ante and ex-post risk estimates to review expectations versus actual outcomes. Should ex-post values differ significantly from ex-ante returns, an assessment of the reasons for this will be made.

The Funds' risk is managed with constant review of both performance and risk numbers by the investment professionals within the business. These reviews consist of:

- Weekly meetings between the global members of Risk & Quantitative Analysis (RQA). These meetings include RQA Australia.
- Monthly meetings between RQA and the Fund Managers.
- Monthly meetings between RQA and the Chief Investment Officer.
- Ad hoc presentations to the Investment Risk Management Working Group (IRMWG) to keep IRMWG abreast of RQA processes and latest updates.
- Daily report of performance figures along with a comparison of ex-ante versus ex-post returns sent to RQA London.
- RQA professionals work closely with the Fund Managers every day.

(c) Credit Risk Exposure

Credit risk is the risk that the counterparty will fail to perform contractual obligations, either in whole or in part, when they fall due.

Credit risk primarily arises from the Funds' investment in debt instruments and from trading derivative products. Other credit risk arises from cash and cash equivalents, deposits with banks and other financial institutions, amounts due from brokers and other receivables.

Market prices generally incorporate credit risk assessments into valuations and risk of loss is implicitly provided for in the carrying value of financial assets and liabilities as they are marked to market.

(i) Interest Bearing Securities

The Funds do not have any direct holding in interest bearing securities. As a result, the Funds may be exposed to other credit risk from cash and cash equivalents, deposits with banks and other financial institutions, amounts due from brokers and other receivables.

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3 Financial Risk Management (continued)

(c) Credit Risk Exposure (continued)

(ii) Derivatives

All exchange traded derivatives are executed through brokers, and cleared through a clearing broker and approved by the IRMWG. Over the counter derivative transactions are conducted only with approved counterparties, who meet the applicable specific Funds requirements and where trading documentation is in place.

To minimise credit risk, the Funds only transact with counterparties of investment grade quality (BBB- or above as rated by Standard & Poor's). The Responsible Entity has a process in place to assess the creditworthiness of counterparties and assess that the risk is evenly distributed. Matters arising in relation to counterparties are reviewed regularly by the RQA.

(iii) Settlement of Securities Transactions

All transactions are settled/paid for upon delivery using approved brokers. The risk of default is considered minimal as delivery of securities sold is only made once the broker has received payment. Payment is made on a purchase once the securities have been received by the broker. The trade will fail if either party fails to meet its obligation.

(iv) Other Credit Risk

The exposure to credit risk for cash and cash equivalents, deposits with banks and other financial institutions is considered to be minimal due to the high credit rating of the relevant financial institution. VaR analysis is also used to manage and measure the credit risk of the Funds.

The Funds are not materially exposed to credit risk on other financial assets.

The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date is the carrying amount of cash and cash equivalents and other financial assets.

The clearing and depository operations for the Funds' security transactions are mainly concentrated with one counterparty, namely JP Morgan Chase Bank NA ("J.P. Morgan"). J.P. Morgan is a member of a major securities exchange, and at 30 June 2025 had a credit rating of A-1+ (30 June 2024: A-1). At 30 June 2025, substantially all cash and cash equivalents, balances due from brokers and investments are held in custody by J.P. Morgan.

(d) Liquidity and Cash Flow Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Funds may not be able to generate sufficient cash resources to settle their obligations in full as they fall due or can only do so on terms that are materially disadvantageous. The Statements of Financial Position are presented on a liquidity basis and disclosed in Note 2(a).

The Funds are exposed to daily cash redemptions of redeemable units and daily margin calls on derivatives. The liquidity risks associated with the need to satisfy unitholders' requests for redemptions are mitigated by maintaining adequate liquidity to satisfy usual redemption volumes and restricting the investment activities of the Funds to securities that are actively traded and highly liquid. The Funds also maintain continuous monitoring of forecast and actual cash flows and matching the maturity profiles of financial assets and liabilities. The Responsible Entity considers and maintains the liquidity of the Funds, in the context of the investment objectives and liquidity requirements of the Funds. Operational procedures are in place to review margin requirements on futures contracts. IRMWG reviews liquidity reports to ensure the Funds have sufficient liquidity to pay client redemptions and meet margin calls as required.

The following tables analyse the Funds' financial liabilities and derivative financial instruments (as appropriate) into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the reporting date to the contractual maturity date. The amounts in the tables are contractual undiscounted cash flows.

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3 Financial Risk Management (continued)

(d) Liquidity and Cash Flow Risk (continued)

At 30 June 2025	iShares Balanced ESG ETF						Total \$'000
	Less than 1 month \$'000	1 - 3 months \$'000	3 - 6 months \$'000	6 - 12 months \$'000	1 - 3 years \$'000	3+ years \$'000	
Liabilities							
Payables	(4)	(4)	-	-	-	-	(8)
Total liabilities	(4)	(4)	-	-	-	-	(8)

At 30 June 2024	iShares Balanced ESG ETF						Total \$'000
	Less than 1 month \$'000	1 - 3 months \$'000	3 - 6 months \$'000	6 - 12 months \$'000	1 - 3 years \$'000	3+ years \$'000	
Liabilities							
Payables	(569)	1	-	-	-	-	(568)
Total liabilities	(569)	1	-	-	-	-	(568)

At 30 June 2025	iShares High Growth ESG ETF						Total \$'000
	Less than 1 month \$'000	1 - 3 months \$'000	3 - 6 months \$'000	6 - 12 months \$'000	1 - 3 years \$'000	3+ years \$'000	
Liabilities							
Payables	(3)	(3)	-	-	-	-	(6)
Total liabilities	(3)	(3)	-	-	-	-	(6)

At 30 June 2024	iShares High Growth ESG ETF						Total \$'000
	Less than 1 month \$'000	1 - 3 months \$'000	3 - 6 months \$'000	6 - 12 months \$'000	1 - 3 years \$'000	3+ years \$'000	
Liabilities							
Payables	(627)	(1)	-	-	-	-	(628)
Total liabilities	(627)	(1)	-	-	-	-	(628)

(e) Fair Values of Financial Assets and Liabilities

The carrying amounts of the Funds' assets and liabilities at the end of each reporting period approximate their fair values.

Financial assets and liabilities held at fair value through profit or loss are measured initially at fair value. Transaction costs on financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are expensed immediately. Subsequent to initial recognition, all instruments held at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value with changes in their fair value recognised in the Statements of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income.

The carrying value of other receivables (less impairment provision) and payables are assumed to approximate their fair value. The fair value of financial liabilities for disclosure purposes is estimated by discounting the future contractual cash flows at the current market interest rate that is available to the Funds for similar financial instruments.

(i) Fair value in an active market

The fair value of financial assets and liabilities traded in active markets is based on their last traded prices at the end of the reporting period without any deduction for estimated future selling costs.

The Funds value their investments in accordance with the accounting policies set out in Note 2(b). For the majority of their investments, the Funds rely on information provided by independent pricing services for the valuation of their investments.

The quoted market price used for financial assets and financial liabilities held by the Funds is the last traded market price. Where the last traded price does not fall within the bid-ask spread, an assessment is performed by the Responsible Entity to determine the appropriate valuation price to use that is most representative of fair value.

3 Financial Risk Management (continued)

(e) Fair Values of Financial Assets and Liabilities (continued)

(i) Fair value in an active market (continued)

A financial instrument is regarded as quoted in an active market if quoted prices are readily and regularly available from an exchange, dealer, broker, industry group, pricing service or regulatory agency and those prices represent actual regularly occurring market transactions on an arm's length basis.

(ii) Fair value in an inactive or unquoted market

The fair value of financial assets and liabilities that are not traded in an active market is determined using valuation techniques. These include the use of recent arm's length market transactions, reference to the current fair value of a substantially similar other instrument, discounted cash flow techniques, option pricing models or any other valuation technique that provides a reliable estimate of prices obtained in actual market transactions.

Where discounted cash flow techniques are used, estimated future cash flows are based on management's best estimates and the discount rate used is a market rate at the end of the reporting period applicable for an instrument with similar terms and conditions.

For other pricing models, inputs are based on market data at the end of the reporting period. Fair values for unquoted equity investments are estimated, if possible, using applicable price/earnings ratios for similar listed companies adjusted to reflect the specific circumstances of the issuer.

The fair value of derivatives that are not exchange traded is estimated at the amount that the Funds would receive or pay to terminate the contract at the end of the reporting period taking into account current market conditions (volatility and appropriate yield curve) and the current creditworthiness of the counterparties. The fair value of a forward foreign exchange contract is determined as a net present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted at appropriate market rates as at the valuation date.

Investments in other unlisted unit trusts are recorded at the net asset value per unit as reported by the Responsible Entity of such funds.

(f) Fair Value Hierarchy

The Funds classify fair value measurements using a fair value hierarchy that reflects the subjectivity of the inputs used in making the measurements. The fair value hierarchy has the following levels:

- Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (level 1).
- Inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (that is, as prices) or indirectly (that is, derived from prices) (level 2).
- Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (that is, unobservable inputs) (level 3).

The level in the fair value hierarchy within which the fair value measurement is categorised in its entirety is determined on the basis of the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement in its entirety. For this purpose, the significance of an input is assessed against the fair value measurement in its entirety. If a fair value measurement uses observable inputs that require significant adjustment based on unobservable inputs, that measurement is a level 3 measurement. Assessing the significance of a particular input to the fair value measurement in its entirety requires judgment, considering factors specific to the asset or liability.

The determination of what constitutes 'observable' requires significant judgment by the Responsible Entity. The Responsible Entity considers observable data to be that market data that is readily available, regularly distributed or updated, reliable and verifiable, not proprietary, and provided by independent sources that are actively involved in the relevant market.

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3 Financial Risk Management (continued)

(f) Fair Value Hierarchy (continued)

The following tables present the Funds' financial assets and liabilities (by class) measured at fair value according to the fair value hierarchy at 30 June 2025 and 30 June 2024.

As at 30 June 2025	Level 1 \$'000	iShares Balanced ESG ETF Level 2 \$'000	Level 3 \$'000	Total \$'000
Financial assets				
Listed unit trusts	20,200	-	-	20,200
Total	<u>20,200</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>20,200</u>

As at 30 June 2024	Level 1 \$'000	iShares Balanced ESG ETF Level 2 \$'000	Level 3 \$'000	Total \$'000
Financial assets				
Listed unit trusts	5,588	-	-	5,588
Total	<u>5,588</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>5,588</u>

As at 30 June 2025	Level 1 \$'000	iShares High Growth ESG ETF Level 2 \$'000	Level 3 \$'000	Total \$'000
Financial assets				
Listed unit trusts	17,011	-	-	17,011
Total	<u>17,011</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>17,011</u>

As at 30 June 2024	Level 1 \$'000	iShares High Growth ESG ETF Level 2 \$'000	Level 3 \$'000	Total \$'000
Financial assets				
Listed unit trusts	8,675	-	-	8,675
Total	<u>8,675</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>8,675</u>

Investments whose values are based on quoted market prices in active markets, and therefore classified within level 1, include active listed equities, trusts, exchange traded derivatives and money market securities.

Financial instruments that trade in markets that are not considered to be active but are valued based on quoted market prices, dealer quotations or alternative pricing sources supported by observable inputs are classified within level 2. These include investment grade corporate bonds, certain listed equities, certain unlisted unit trusts, and over-the-counter derivatives. As level 2 investments include positions that are not traded in active markets and/or are subject to transfer restrictions, valuations may be adjusted to reflect illiquidity and/or non-transferability, which are generally based on available market information.

Investments classified within level 3 have significant unobservable inputs, as they are infrequently traded. As observable prices are not available for these securities, the Responsible Entity has used valuation techniques to derive fair value.

The Funds' assets and liabilities not measured at fair value on a recurring basis (but fair value disclosures are required) at 30 June 2025 have been classified as level 2. The carrying amounts of these assets and liabilities approximate their fair values as at the end of the reporting date.

The Funds did not hold any level 3 instruments during the year ended 30 June 2025.

There were no transfers between levels for recurring fair value measurements during the year ended 30 June 2025.

(g) Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities

Financial assets and liabilities are reported on a gross basis in the Statements of Financial Position. The Funds did not hold any derivative instruments during the period ended 30 June 2025.

4 Distributions to Unitholders

The distributions during the year were as follows:

	iShares Balanced ESG ETF			
	Year ended			
	30 June 2025		30 June 2024	
	\$'000	CPU	\$'000	CPU
Distributions paid - Quarter 4*	107	53.44	19	24.10
Distributions paid - Quarter 1	71	17.70	9	14.60
Distributions paid - Quarter 2	64	14.69	13	12.46
Distributions paid - Quarter 3	103	17.72	24	17.31
	<u>345</u>		<u>65</u>	

	iShares High Growth ESG ETF			
	Year ended			
	30 June 2025		30 June 2024	
	\$'000	CPU	\$'000	CPU
Distributions paid - Quarter 4*	160	57.27	47	33.98
Distributions paid - Quarter 1	45	14.06	18	11.13
Distributions paid - Quarter 2	50	14.00	36	14.84
Distributions paid - Quarter 3	79	18.74	30	11.51
	<u>334</u>		<u>131</u>	

* Relates to 30 June 2024 and 30 June 2023 distributions which had an ex-date of 1 July 2024 and 3 July 2023 respectively.

5 Net Assets Attributable to Unitholders

Under AASB 132 *Financial instruments: Presentation*, puttable financial instruments that meet the definition of a financial liability are to be classified as equity when certain strict criteria are met. The Funds shall classify a financial instrument as an equity instrument from the date when the instrument has all the features and meets the conditions. Refer to Note 2(d) for further details.

The Funds meet the criteria set out under AASB 132 and net assets attributable to unitholders is classified as equity. Refer to Note 2(d) for further details.

As stipulated within the Funds' Constitutions, each unit represents a right to an individual share in the Funds and does not extend to a right to the underlying assets of the Funds. There are no separate classes of units and each unit has the same rights attaching to it as all other units of the Funds. Units are created and redeemed at the unitholders' option at prices based on the value of the Funds' net assets at the time of creation/redemption less transaction costs.

Movement in number of units and net assets attributable to unitholders during the year were as follows:

	iShares Balanced ESG ETF			
	30 June 2025	30 June 2024	30 June 2025	30 June 2024
	No.'000	No.'000	\$'000	\$'000
Opening balance	200	80	5,696	2,084
Profit/(loss) for the year	-	-	1,372	381
Creations	479	159	13,916	4,329
Redemptions	-	(40)	-	(1,034)
Units issued upon reinvestment of distributions	1	1	11	1
Distributions paid and payable	-	-	(345)	(65)
Closing balance	<u>680</u>	<u>200</u>	<u>20,650</u>	<u>5,696</u>

5 Net Assets Attributable to Unitholders (continued)

	iShares High Growth ESG ETF			
	30 June 2025 No.'000	30 June 2024 No.'000	30 June 2025 \$'000	30 June 2024 \$'000
Opening balance	280	140	8,830	3,804
Profit/(loss) for the year	-	-	1,589	1,200
Creations	220	159	7,237	4,538
Redemptions	-	(20)	-	(585)
Units issued upon reinvestment of distributions	1	1	20	4
Distributions paid and payable	-	-	(334)	(131)
Closing balance	501	280	17,342	8,830

Capital Risk Management

The Funds manage their net assets attributable to unitholders as capital. The amount of net assets attributable to unitholders can change significantly on a daily basis as the Funds are subject to daily creations and redemptions at the discretion of unitholders.

The Funds monitor the level of daily creations and redemptions relative to the liquid assets in the Funds. As of 30 June 2025 the capital of the Funds are represented in the net assets attributable to unitholders table.

In the event of a significant redemption, the Funds' Constitutions allow the delay of payment beyond the usual redemption timeframe but no later than the maximum number of days specified in the Constitutions for satisfying redemption requests. Further, in certain circumstances such as disrupted markets, the Constitutions allow payment to be delayed beyond the maximum number of days.

6 Financial Assets Held at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss

	iShares Balanced ESG ETF		iShares High Growth ESG ETF	
	As at		As at	
	30 June 2025 \$'000	30 June 2024 \$'000	30 June 2025 \$'000	30 June 2024 \$'000
Listed unit trusts	20,200	5,588	17,011	8,675
Total financial assets held at fair value through profit or loss	20,200	5,588	17,011	8,675

An overview of the risk exposures relating to financial assets held at fair value through profit or loss is included in Note 3.

7 Receivables

	iShares Balanced ESG ETF		iShares High Growth ESG ETF	
	As at		As at	
	30 June 2025 \$'000	30 June 2024 \$'000	30 June 2025 \$'000	30 June 2024 \$'000
Settlements receivable	447	106	328	152
Fee rebates from related schemes receivable	4	1	3	1
Total	451	107	331	153

There are no past due (not impaired) or expected credit losses included in the above receivables as at 30 June 2025.

8 Payables

	iShares Balanced ESG ETF		iShares High Growth ESG ETF	
	As at		As at	
	30 June 2025 \$'000	30 June 2024 \$'000	30 June 2025 \$'000	30 June 2024 \$'000
Settlements payable	-	566	-	625
Management fees payable	7	2	6	3
Custody fees payable	1	-	-	-
Total	8	568	6	628

9 Related Party Transactions

Responsible Entity

The Responsible Entity of the iShares Multi Assets Funds is BlackRock Investment Management (Australia) Limited (ABN 13 006 165 975, AFSL 230523) whose ultimate holding company is BlackRock, Inc.

BlackRock Investment Management (Australia) Limited is incorporated in Australia and BlackRock, Inc. is incorporated in the United States of America.

Key management personnel

Directors

Key management personnel include persons who were directors of the Responsible Entity at any time during the financial year as follows:

Director	Date appointed
M S McCorry	Appointed 2 December 2009
J Collins	Appointed 29 July 2015
A Landman	Appointed 3 February 2020
I Davila	Appointed 5 March 2020

Other key management personnel

No other person had authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Funds, directly or indirectly during the financial year.

Key management personnel unitholdings

At 30 June 2025 no key management personnel held units in the Funds.

Key management personnel compensation

Key management personnel are paid by the Responsible Entity. Payments made from the Funds to the Responsible Entity do not include any amounts attributable to the compensation of key management personnel.

Key management personnel loan disclosures

The Funds have not made, guaranteed or secured, directly or indirectly, any loans to the key management personnel or their personally related entities at any time during the reporting period.

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9 Related Party Transactions (continued)

Responsible Entity's fees and other transactions

In accordance with the Funds' Constitutions, the Responsible Entity was entitled to receive fees for the provision of services to the Funds.

	Management fees \$	Fee rebates from related schemes \$
At 30 June 2025		
iShares Balanced ESG ETF	28,401	16,886
iShares High Growth ESG ETF	26,640	12,226

	Management fees \$	Fee rebates from related schemes \$
At 30 June 2024		
iShares Balanced ESG ETF	6,482	3,834
iShares High Growth ESG ETF	13,134	6,039

Investments

The Funds held investments in the following schemes which were also managed by the Responsible Entity or its related parties:

iShares Balanced ESG ETF

	Number of units held at year end Units	Fair value of units held at year end \$	Value of units purchased during the year \$	Value of units sold during the year \$	Interest held at year end %	Distributions received/receivable during the year \$
30 June 2025						
iShares Core Corporate Bond ETF	20,704	2,014,913	1,630,701	244,470	0.47	49,755*
iShares Core MSCI Australia ESG ETF	97,994	3,184,805	2,643,502	809,501	0.88	56,688*
iShares Core MSCI World ex Australia ESG (AUD Hedged) ETF	40,529	2,248,549	1,808,334	378,996	0.30	10,796*
iShares Core MSCI World Ex Australia ESG ETF	74,449	4,698,476	3,606,506	542,947	0.38	22,908*
iShares Global Aggregate Bond ESG (AUD Hedged) ETF	31,970	3,124,108	2,511,714	88,097	0.96	40,065*
iShares Treasury ETF	34,109	3,423,861	2,953,332	658,446	0.80	55,014*
iShares Yield Plus ETF	14,949	1,505,514	1,184,154	110,825	2.31	42,998*

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9 Related Party Transactions (continued)

Investments (continued)

iShares Balanced ESG ETF

	Number of units held at year end Units	Fair value of units held at year end \$	Value of units purchased during the year \$	Value of units sold during the year \$	Interest held at year end %	Distributions received/ receivable during the year \$
30 June 2024						
iShares Core Corporate Bond ETF	6,214	582,438	517,279	88,903	0.28	8,995*
iShares Core MSCI Australia ESG ETF	38,230	1,091,849	884,214	243,572	0.50	15,572*
iShares Core MSCI World Ex Australia ESG ETF	20,987	1,181,778	1,027,569	569,420	0.13	14,795*
iShares Core MSCI World Ex Australia ESG Leaders (AUD Hedged) ETF	11,508	591,281	498,414	97,768	0.12	5,116*
iShares Global Aggregate Bond ESG (AUD Hedged) ETF	7,012	669,366	568,390	127,515	0.86	8,474*
iShares Treasury ETF	10,844	1,052,410	936,893	339,497	0.30	13,981*
iShares Yield Plus ETF	4,227	418,431	366,835	134,656	0.94	11,266*

iShares High Growth ESG ETF

	Number of units held at year end Units	Fair value of units held at year end \$	Value of units purchased during the year \$	Value of units sold during the year \$	Interest held at year end %	Distributions received/ receivable during the year \$
30 June 2025						
iShares Core Corporate Bond ETF	4,349	423,245	277,907	123,677	0.10	13,745*
iShares Core MSCI Australia ESG ETF	154,397	5,017,903	2,486,298	908,891	1.39	95,976*
iShares Core MSCI World ex Australia ESG (AUD Hedged) ETF	55,729	3,091,845	1,721,657	248,909	0.41	17,874*
iShares Core MSCI World Ex Australia ESG ETF	114,240	7,209,686	3,253,357	257,375	0.59	52,552*
iShares Global Aggregate Bond ESG (AUD Hedged) ETF	6,066	592,770	352,378	68,664	0.18	10,829*
iShares Treasury ETF	3,301	331,354	340,194	13,748	0.08	-*
iShares Yield Plus ETF	3,415	343,925	227,959	103,862	0.53	12,785*

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9 Related Party Transactions (continued)

Investments (continued)

iShares High Growth ESG ETF

30 June 2024	Number of units held at year end Units	Fair value of units held at year end \$	Value of units purchased during the year \$	Value of units sold during the year \$	Interest held at year end %	Distributions received/ receivable during the year \$
iShares Core Corporate Bond ETF	2,744	257,195	264,692	5,248	0.12	2,421*
iShares Core MSCI Australia ESG ETF	106,051	3,028,817	1,809,217	255,345	1.38	56,978*
iShares Core MSCI World ex Australia ESG AUD Hedged ETF	25,409	1,305,514	754,481	154,048	0.27	21,126*
iShares Core MSCI World Ex Australia ESG ETF	63,327	3,565,943	1,932,855	676,460	0.39	50,184*
iShares Global Aggregate Bond ESG AUD Hedged ETF	3,161	301,749	213,251	24,076	0.39	3,966*
iShares Treasury ETF	-	-	123,649	271,434	-	3,222*
iShares Yield Plus ETF	2,177	215,501	134,358	29,904	0.48	7,650*

* The amount is net of withholding taxes

Related party schemes' unit holdings

The Responsible Entity and its related parties did not hold any units in the Funds as at 30 June 2025.

Other transactions with the Funds

Apart from those details disclosed in this note, no key management personnel have entered into a material contract with the Funds since the inception of the Funds and there were no material contracts involving key management personnel's interests subsisting at period end.

10 Remuneration of Auditor

During the year the following fees were paid or payable for services provided by the auditor of the Funds:

	iShares Balanced ESG ETF		iShares High Growth ESG ETF	
	30 June 2025 \$	30 June 2024 \$	30 June 2025 \$	30 June 2024 \$
Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu				
Audit and review of the financial statements	13,246	13,246	13,246	13,246
Statutory assurance services required by legislation to be provided by the auditor	1,353	1,353	1,353	1,353
Total	14,599	14,599	14,599	14,599

The audit fees paid or payable are discharged by the Responsible Entity from the fees earned from the Funds.

11 Reconciliation of Profit/(Loss) to Net Cash Inflow/(Outflow) from Operating Activities

	iShares Balanced ESG ETF		iShares High Growth ESG ETF	
	Year ended		Year ended	
	30 June 2025	30 June 2024	30 June 2025	30 June 2024
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
(a) Reconciliation of operating profit/(loss) to net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities				
Operating profit/(loss) for the year	1,372	381	1,589	1,200
Net (gains)/losses on financial assets and liabilities held at fair value through profit or loss (including any FX (gains)/losses)	(1,110)	(306)	(1,402)	(1,064)
Proceeds from sale of financial instruments held at fair value through profit or loss	2,494	1,496	1,549	1,272
Purchases of financial instruments held at fair value through profit or loss	(16,903)	(4,235)	(9,284)	(4,607)
Net change in receivables and other assets	(3)	-	(2)	-
Net change in accounts payables and accrued liabilities	6	1	3	2
Net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities	(14,144)	(2,663)	(7,547)	(3,197)
(b) Components of cash and cash equivalents				
Cash as at the end of the financial year as shown in the Statements of Cash Flows is reconciled to the Statements of Financial Position as follows:				
Cash	7	569	6	630
Total cash and cash equivalents	7	569	6	630
(c) Non-cash financing activities				
During the financial year, the following distribution payments were satisfied by the issue of units under the distribution reinvestment plan				
	11	1	20	4

The changes in these amounts each year (as reported in (c) above) represents a non cash financing cost as it is not settled in cash until such time as it becomes attributable (i.e. taxable).

12 Segment Information

iShares Balanced ESG ETF

The Fund operates solely in the business of providing investors with the performance of the market, before fees and expenses, as represented by the Balanced ESG ETF. The Responsible Entity, which is the chief operating decision maker for the purposes of assessing performance and determining the allocation of resources, ensures that the Fund's holdings and performance are in accordance with the Balanced ESG ETF. Accordingly, no additional qualitative or quantitative disclosures are required.

iShares High Growth ESG ETF

The Fund operates solely in the business of providing investors with the performance of the market, before fees and expenses, as represented by the High Growth ESG ETF. The Responsible Entity, which is the chief operating decision maker for the purposes of assessing performance and determining the allocation of resources, ensures that the Fund's holdings and performance are in accordance with the High Growth ESG ETF. Accordingly, no additional qualitative or quantitative disclosures are required.

13 Events Occurring After the Reporting Period

iShares Balanced ESG ETF

The Fund announced on 1 July 2025 a final distribution of 66.74 cents per unit, which equates to \$454,167. The final distribution ex-date was 1 July 2025 and payment was on 11 July 2025.

iShares High Growth ESG ETF

The Fund announced on 1 July 2025 a final distribution of 69.13 cents per unit, which equates to \$346,167. The final distribution ex-date was 1 July 2025 and payment was on 11 July 2025.

No other significant events have occurred since the end of the reporting period up to the date of signing the Annual Financial Report which would impact on the financial position of the Funds disclosed in the Statements of Financial Position as at 30 June 2025 or on the results and cash flows of the Funds for the year ended on that date.

14 Contingent Assets, Contingent Liabilities and Commitments

There are no outstanding contingent assets, contingent liabilities or commitments as at 30 June 2025.

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Directors' Declaration

In the opinion of the directors of the Responsible Entity:

- (a) the financial statements and notes set out on pages 6 to 29 are in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:
 - (i) complying with Accounting Standards, the *Corporations Regulations 2001* and other mandatory professional reporting requirements; and
 - (ii) giving a true and fair view of the Funds' financial position as at 30 June 2025 and of their performance, as represented by the results of their operations; changes in equity and their cash flows, for the financial year ended on that date;
- (b) the financial statements also comply with International Financial Reporting Standards as disclosed in Note 2(a); and
- (c) there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Funds will be able to pay their debts as and when they become due and payable; and
- (d) the directors have been given the declarations by the chief executive officer and chief financial officer required by section 295A of the *Corporations Act 2001*.

This declaration is made in accordance with a resolution of the directors.



Director

J Collins

Sydney

23 September 2025

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Independent Auditor's Report to the Unitholders of iShares Multi Assets Funds

Opinion

We have audited the financial reports of iShares Balanced ESG ETF and iShares High Growth ESG ETF (collectively "iShares Multi Assets Funds" or the "Funds"), which comprises the statements of financial position as at 30 June 2025, the statements of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the statements of changes in equity and the statements of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including material accounting policy information and other explanatory information, and the directors' declaration.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial reports of the Funds are in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:

- Giving a true and fair view of each Fund's financial position as at 30 June 2025 and of its financial performance for the year then ended; and
- Complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Regulations 2001*.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the *Audit of the Financial Reports* section of our report. We are independent of the Funds in accordance with the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* and the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional & Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including Independence Standards)* (the "Code") that are relevant to our audit of the financial reports in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

We confirm that the independence declaration required by the *Corporations Act 2001*, which has been given to the directors of BlackRock Investment Management (Australia) Limited (the "Responsible Entity"), would be in the same terms if given to the directors as at the time of this auditor's report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the financial reports for the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial reports as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Key Audit Matter			How the scope of our audit responded to the Key Audit Matter
Valuation of financial assets and financial liabilities held at fair value through profit or loss			Our procedures included, but were not limited to: - Evaluating relevant controls in place at the administrator in relation to the valuation of financial assets, including any exceptions noted; - Testing on a sample basis, the valuation of listed unit trusts by confirming the last traded market price to independent external pricing sources; and We also assessed the adequacy of the disclosures included in Note 6 to the financial statements.
Financial assets and financial liabilities represent the most significant balances in the statement of financial position and are the primary drivers of net asset value and investment performance.			
Refer to Note 6			
Name of the Funds	Financial assets as at 30 June 2025 \$	Financial liabilities as at 30 June 2025 \$	
iShares Balanced ESG ETF	20,200,000	0	
iShares High Growth ESG ETF	17,011,000	0	

Other Information

The directors of the Responsible Entity (the “Directors”) are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Funds’ annual reports for the year ended 30 June 2025, but does not include the financial reports and our auditor’s report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial reports does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial reports, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial reports or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of the Directors for the Financial Reports

The directors are responsible:

- For the preparation of the financial reports in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, including giving a true and fair view of the financial position and performance of the Funds in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards; and
- For such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial reports in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, including giving a true and fair view of the financial position and performance of the Funds are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial reports, the directors are responsible for assessing the ability of the Funds to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Funds or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Reports

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial reports as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial reports.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial reports, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Funds' internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Funds' ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial reports or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Funds to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial reports, including the disclosures, and whether the financial reports represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the directors with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

From the matters communicated with the directors, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial reports of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.



DELOITTE TOUCHE TOHMATSU



Jonathon Corbett

Partner

Chartered Accountants

Sydney, 23 September 2025

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