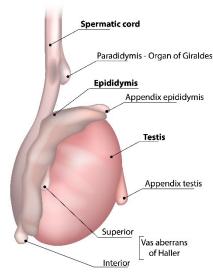


Caring for Your Child with a Torsion of Testicular Appendix

This leaflet will provide you with information about Torsion of Testicular Appendix causes, symptoms, diagnosis, and treatment.

Torsion of Appendix Testis



What is a Torsion of Testicular Appendix?

- The testicular appendix is a tiny, harmless piece of tissue near the upper portion of testicle.
- Sometimes, it can twist, causing pain, but it is not dangerous.

What are the causes of Torsion of Testicular Appendix?

- There is no specific cause.
- Its small, hanging shape (pedunculated shape) makes it more likely to twist.

What are the symptoms of Torsion of Testicular Appendix?

Your child may experience the following symptoms:

- Pain in the scrotum (the sack that holds the testicles)
- Redness in the scrotum
- Swelling in the scrotum



How is Torsion of Testicular Appendix diagnosed?

- The doctor will check your child's scrotum
- Sometimes an ultrasound is needed to make sure the pain is not caused by something else

How is Torsion of Testicular Appendix treated?

Most of the time, it doesn't need surgery. Your child can recover at home by:

- Resting
- Wearing tight underwear to hold the scrotum
- Taking pain medicine if needed the pain usually goes away in 5 to 10 days and shouldn't come back.

When should I seek medical advice?

Seek medical advice if your child's pain lasts more than 10 days, even with rest and pain medicine.

Go to the Emergency Department if:

- Your child can't pee
- The swelling and pain get worse

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