

# Master Innovation & Development Plan

# Technical Appendix

TITLE: Library of Parts Interpretation: Heatherwick Studio (Site 5)

**AUTHOR: Heatherwick Studio** 

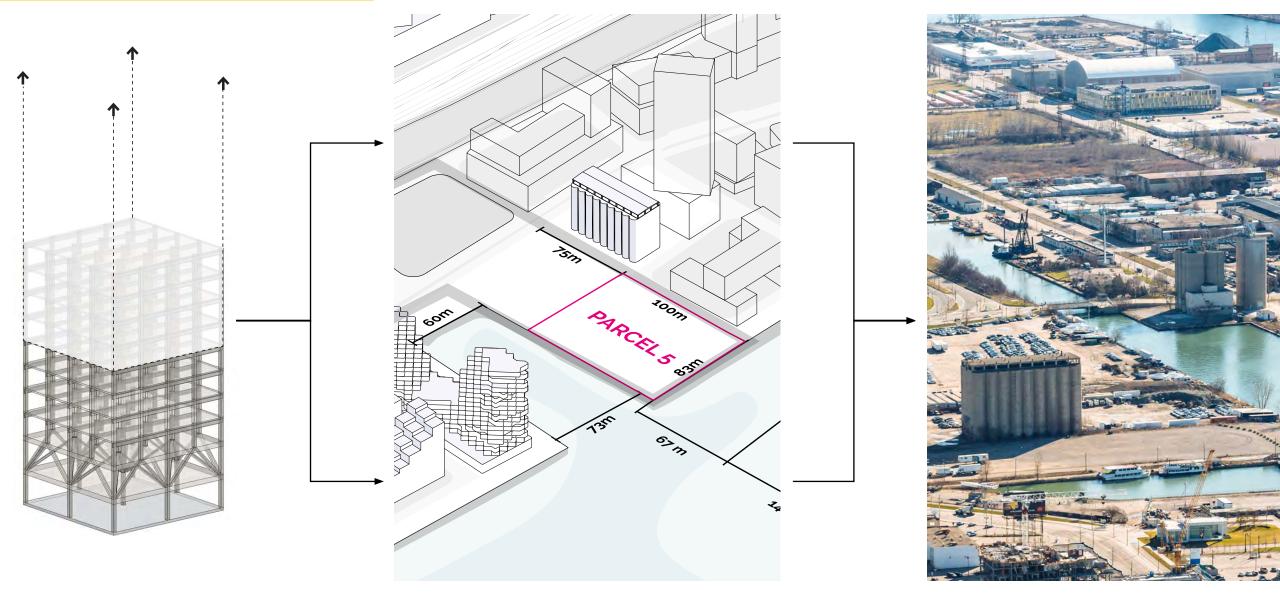
#### **ABSTRACT**

Three leading architecture firms used the Sidewalk Labs mass timber library of parts to conduct design explorations for Quayside's five building sites, prioritizing a mix of uses throughout buildings, energy-efficient building design, and the needs of a diverse population. These design explorations demonstrate that new developments can achieve design excellence as architects reconfigure and assemble the Sidewalk Labs timber building blocks in original ways, allowing for unique, customizable, and welcoming spaces. Heatherwick Studio provided design explorations for Quayside's Site 5.

Most relevant sections: Vol 1 (Quayside Plan) / Vol 2 (Buildings and Housing)

#### LIBRARY OF PARTS INTERPRETATION

#### **BRIEF**



#### **Library of Parts**

- 1. Explore design opportunities within the timber system developed by MGA
- 2. Feedback on flexibility of system
- 3. Buildings to meet Canadian Passive House standards

#### **Quayside Parcel 05**

- Engagement with public realm and waterfront
- Mixed use
- High-end residential
- Educational institution

#### Masterplan

1. Overall coordination with, and identification of opportunities for the surrounding masterplan

#### PARCEL 5

#### SITE

Silo Building; Future public programme TBD

Grand public space

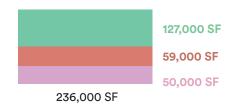
Activating waterfront

Pedestrian/Cycle connection to Villiers Island

Parliament Slip: Public uses

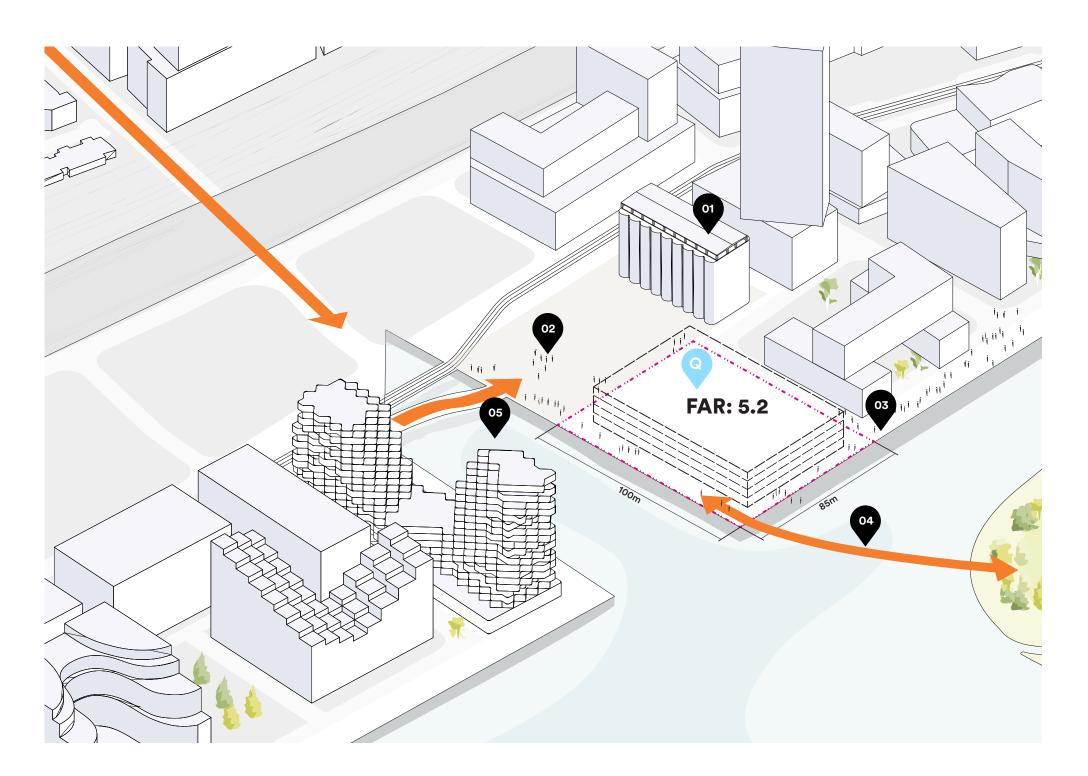
#### PROGRAMME BREAKDOWN

Quayside Parcel 5



54% Residential 25% Stoa

21% Education



## VALUES

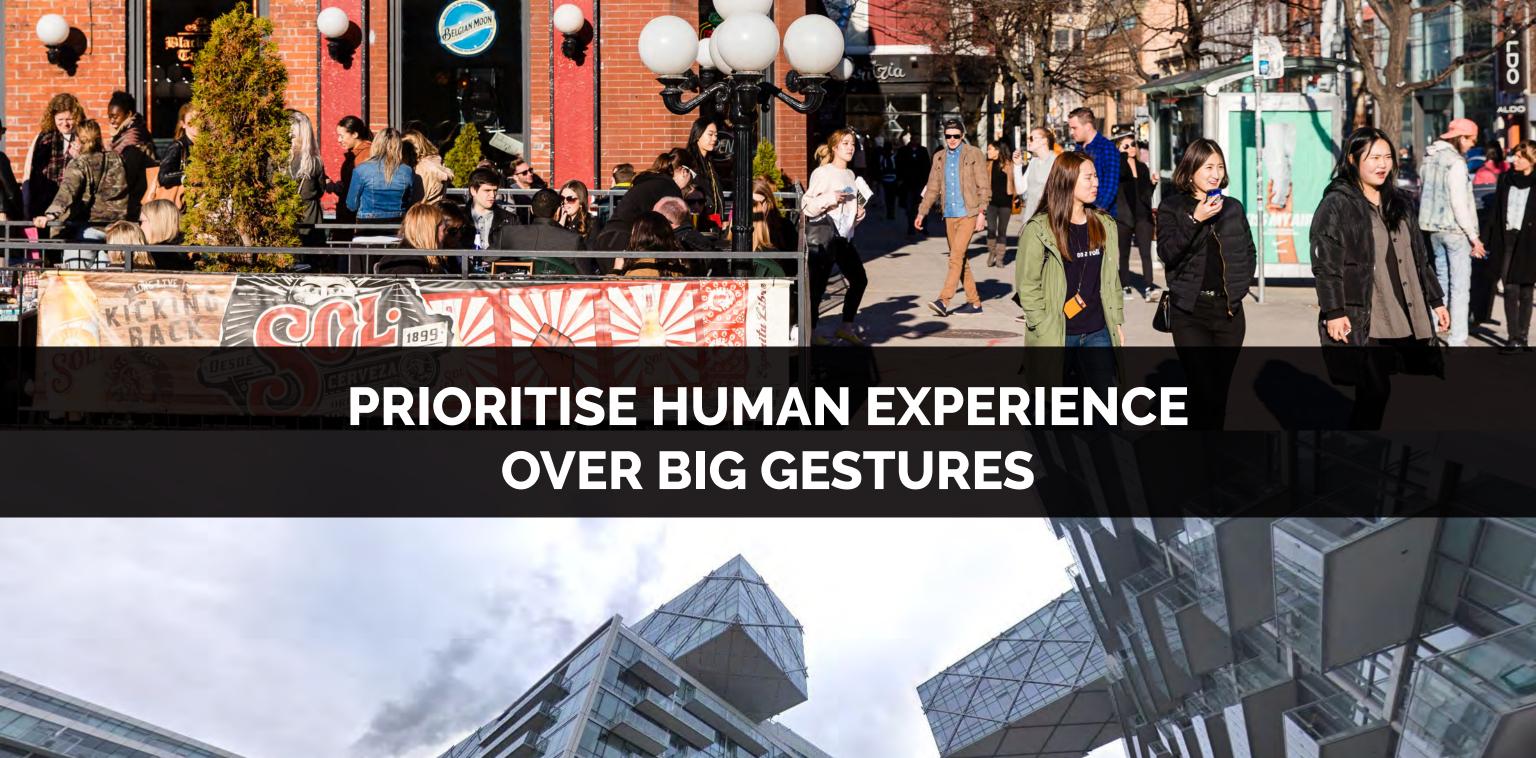






# OUTDOOR SPACES THAT YOU CAN USE ALL-YEAR-ROUND



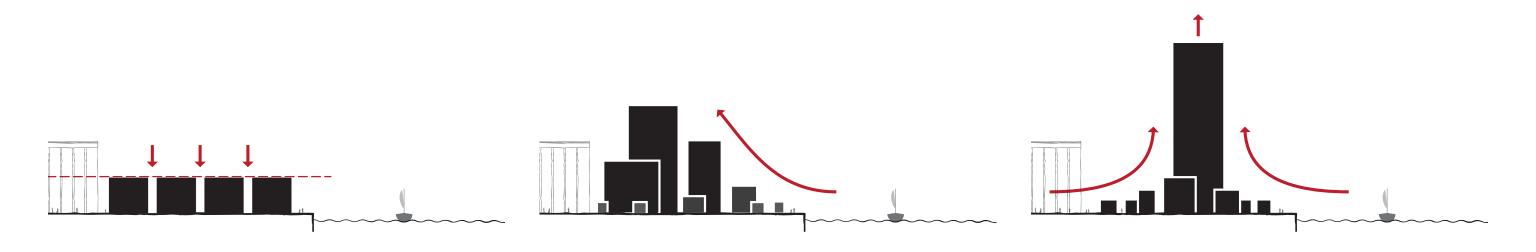








#### MASSING STRATEGIES

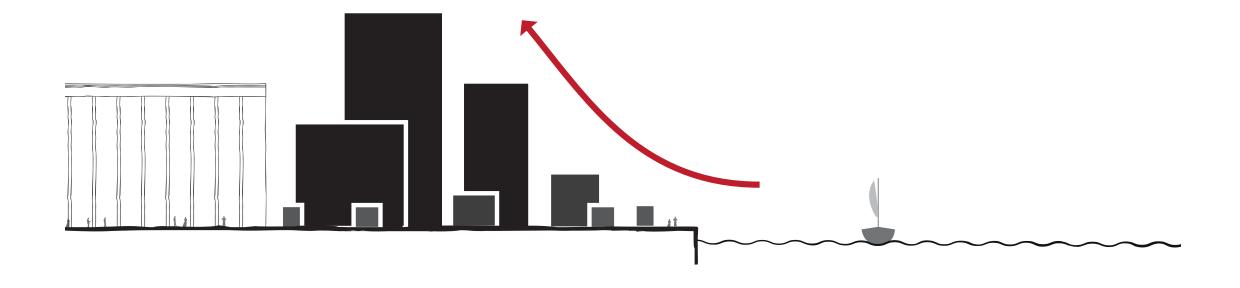


LOWEST-RISE POSSIBLE

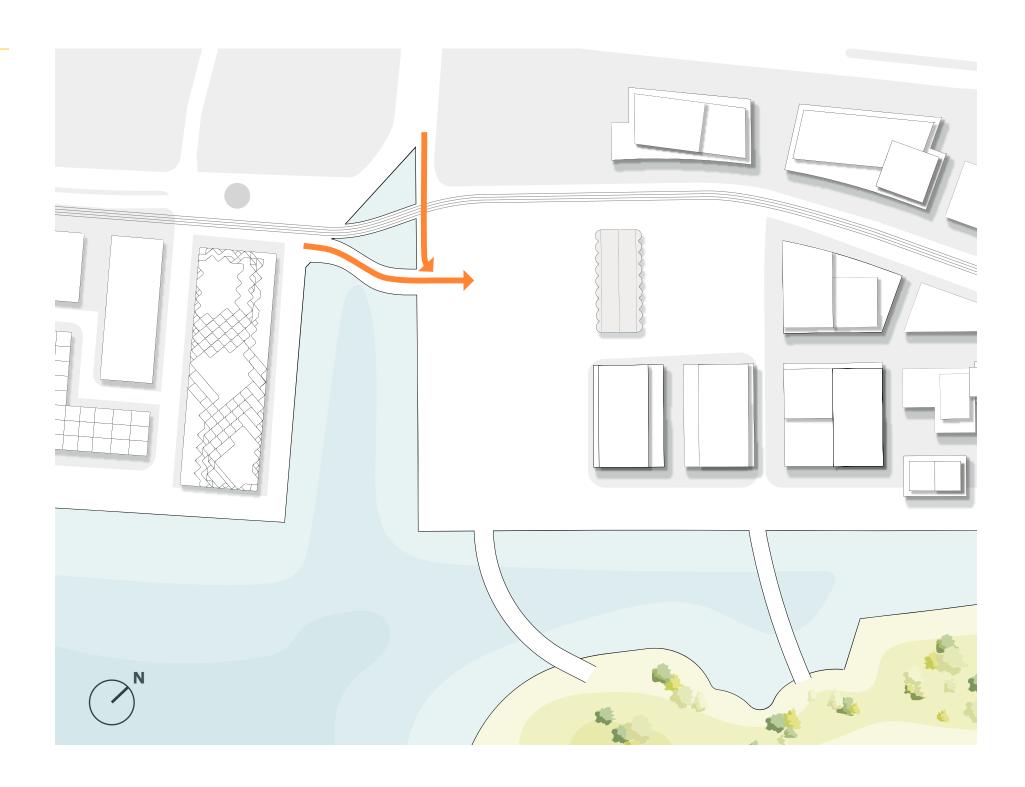
MEDIUM-RISE MIX

HIGH-RISE MIX

#### MEDIUM RISE MIX



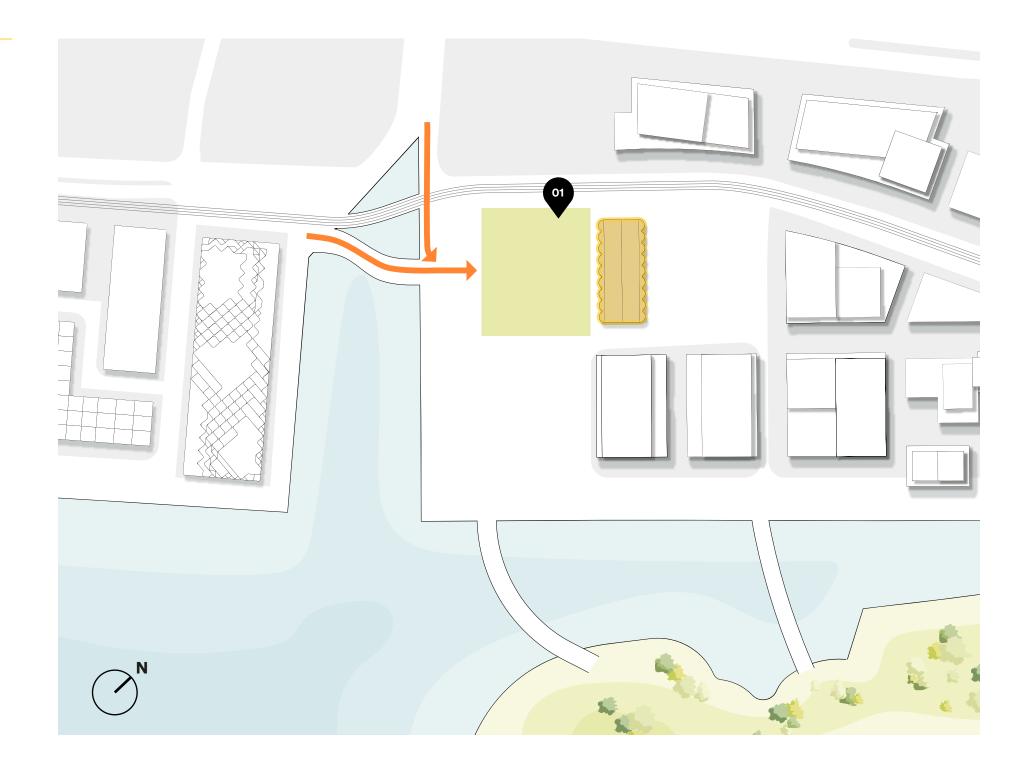
#### ARRIVAL



#### **DESTINATIONS ON SITE**



Silo Square



#### **DESTINATIONS ON SITE**

01 S

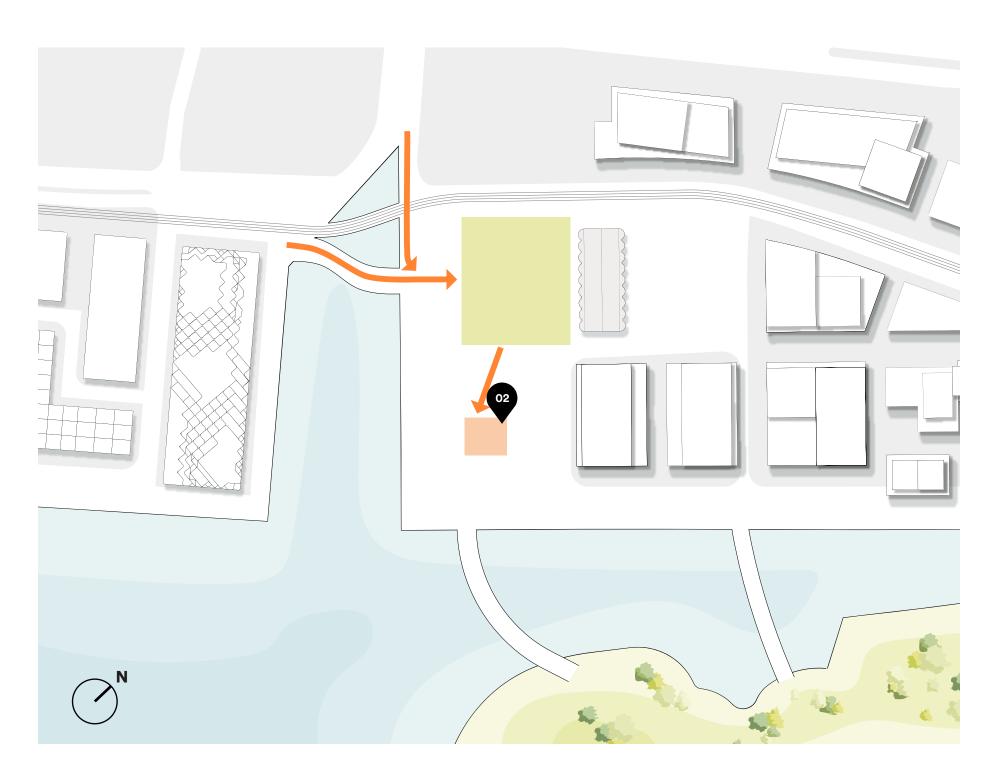
Silo Square

02

Community Square



PRIMARY PUBLIC SPACE
COMMUNITY SQUARE

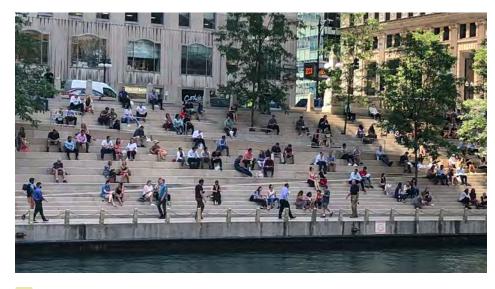


#### **DESTINATIONS ON SITE**

01 Silo Square

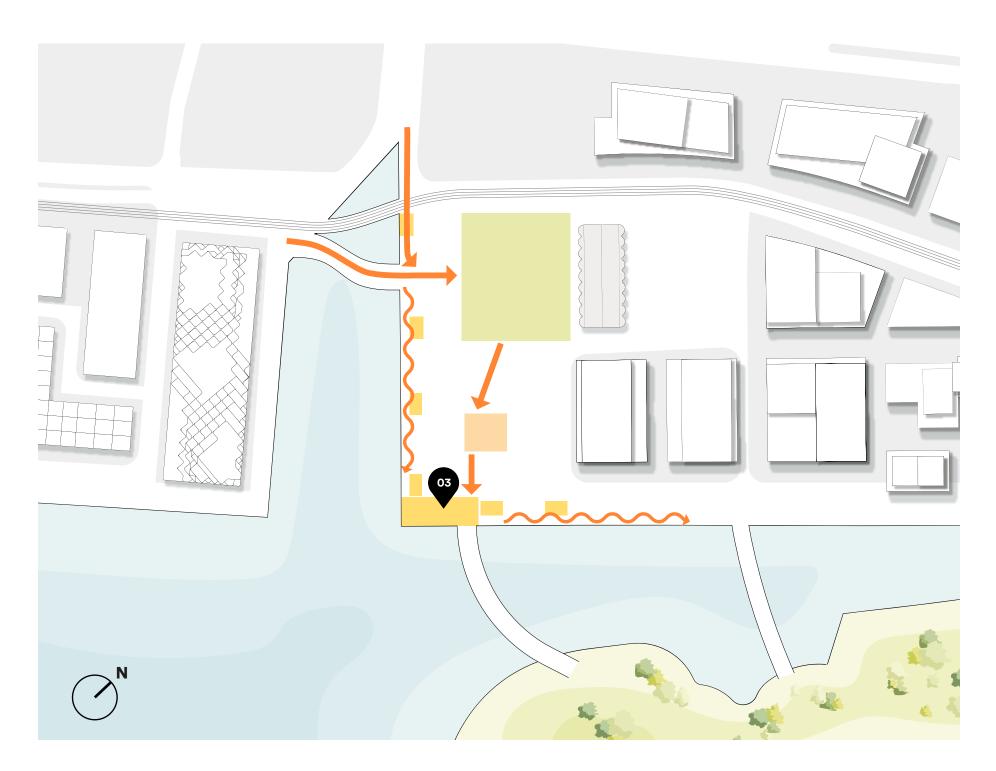
02 Community Square

03 Waterfront Spaces



PRIMARY PUBLIC SPACE
COMMUNITY SQUARE

WATERFRONT

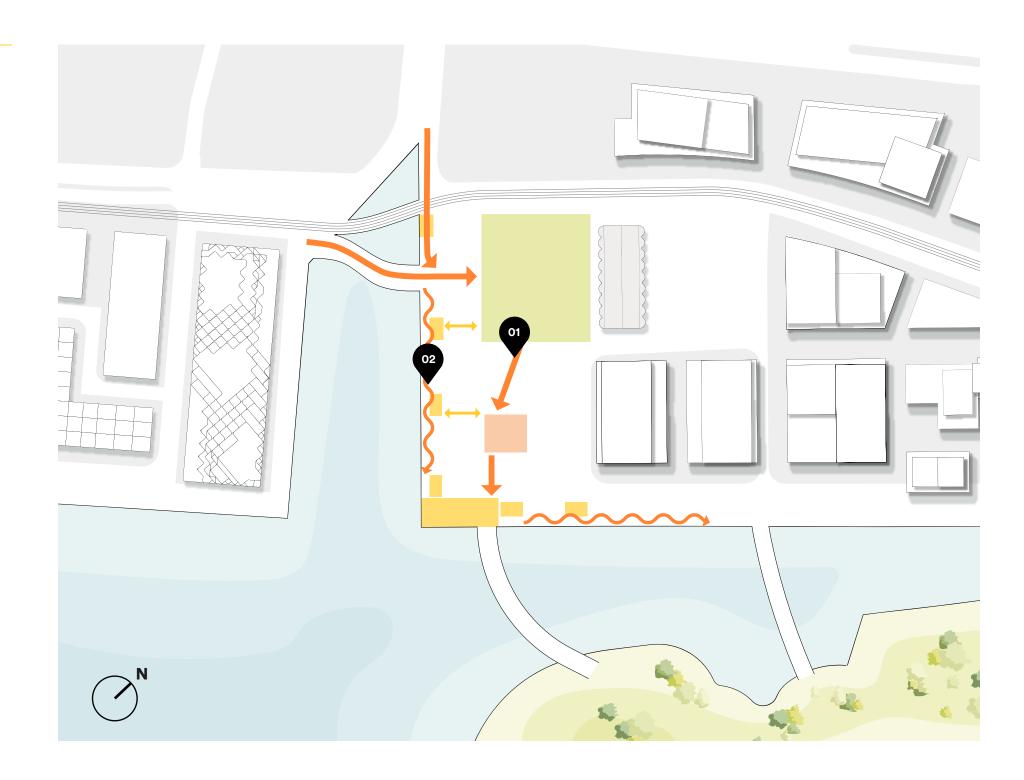


#### **CIRCULATION ON SITE**

Direct route through the heart of the neighbourhood connecting the public and community spaces

Exploratory route along the waterfront



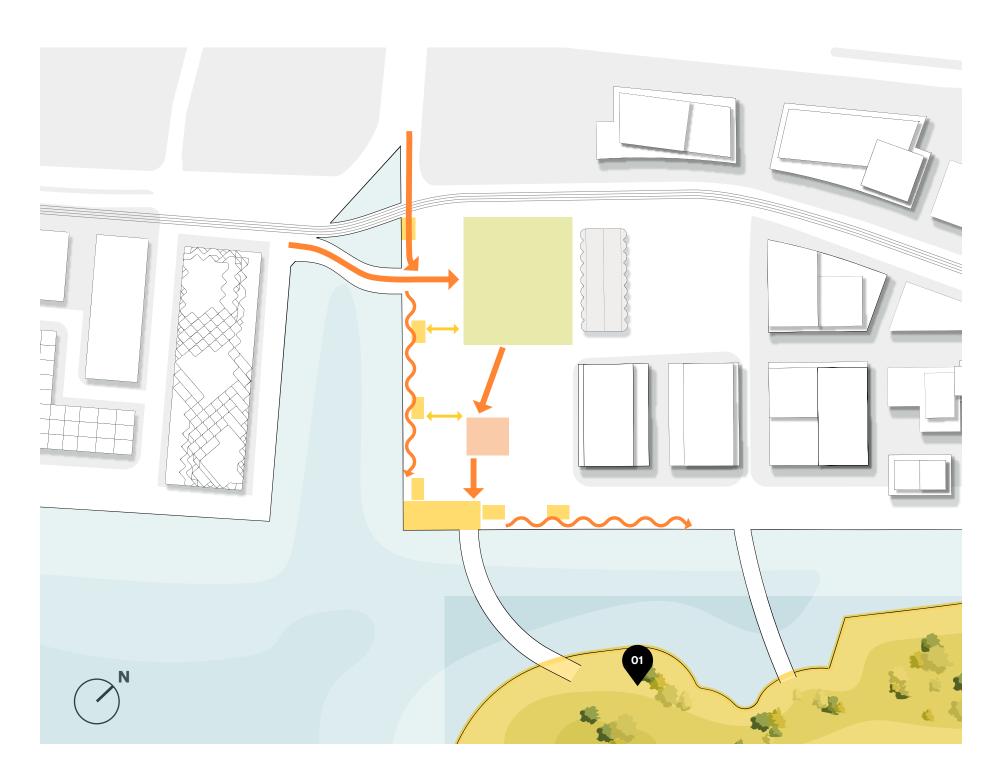


#### DESTINATIONS BEYOND PARCEL 5





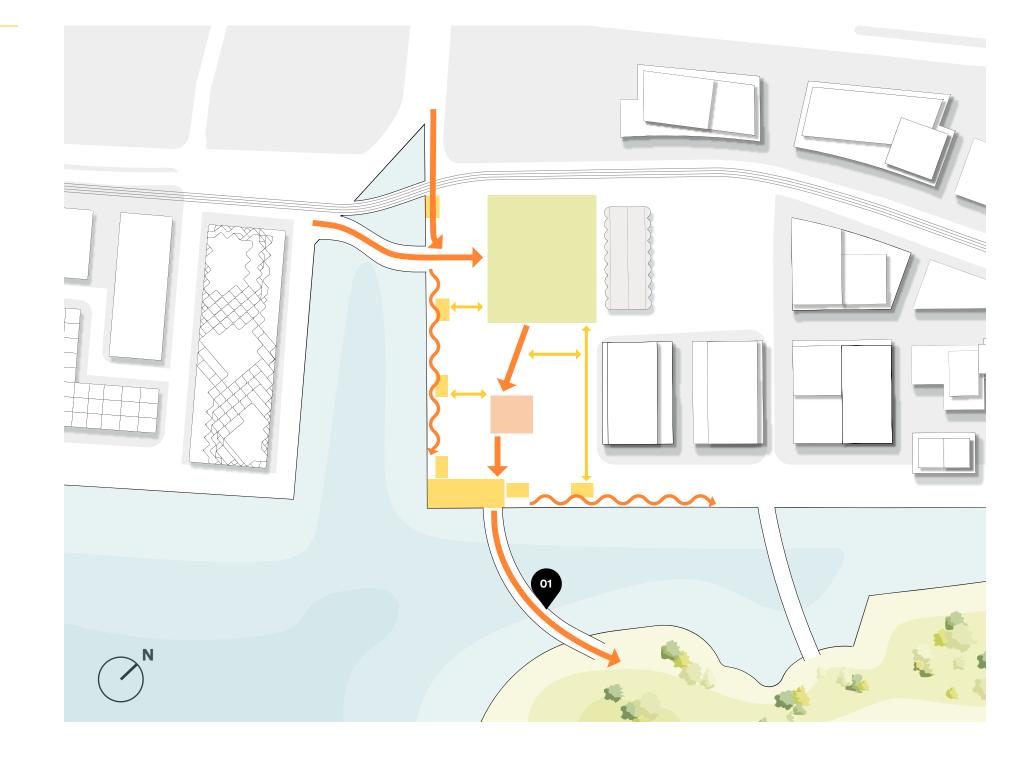
PRIMARY PUBLIC SPACE
COMMUNITY SQUARE
WATERFRONT



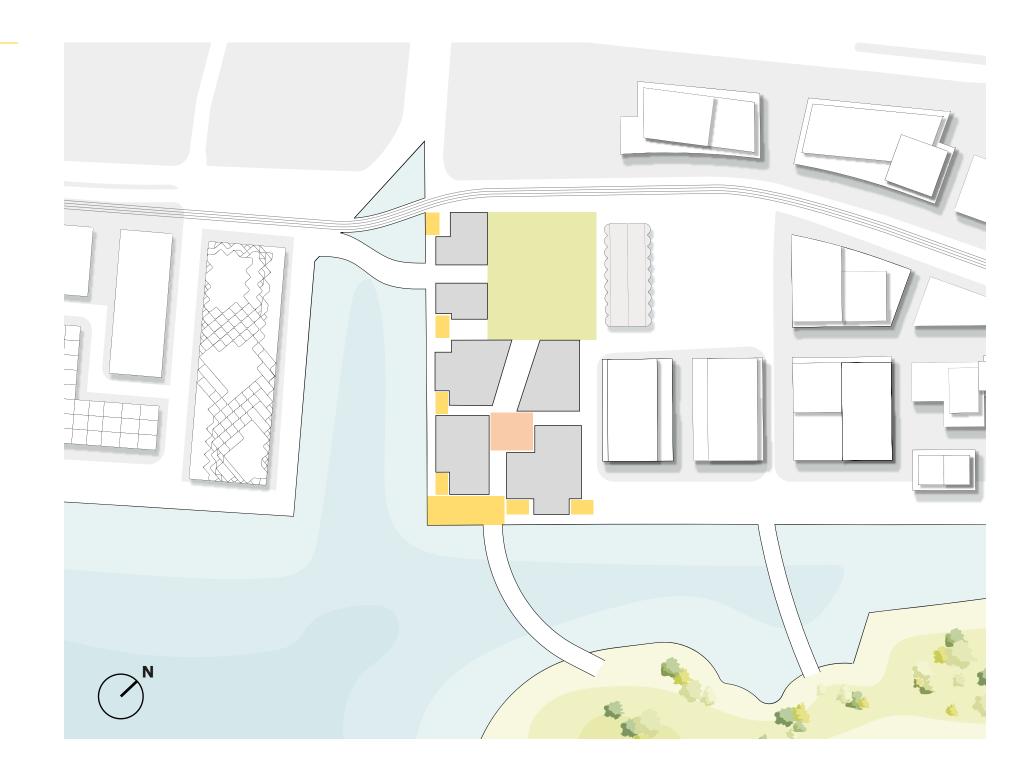
#### CONNECTION TO VILLIERS ISLAND



Connecting Bridge to Villiers Island



#### MASSING PARCELS



#### PUBLIC SPACES

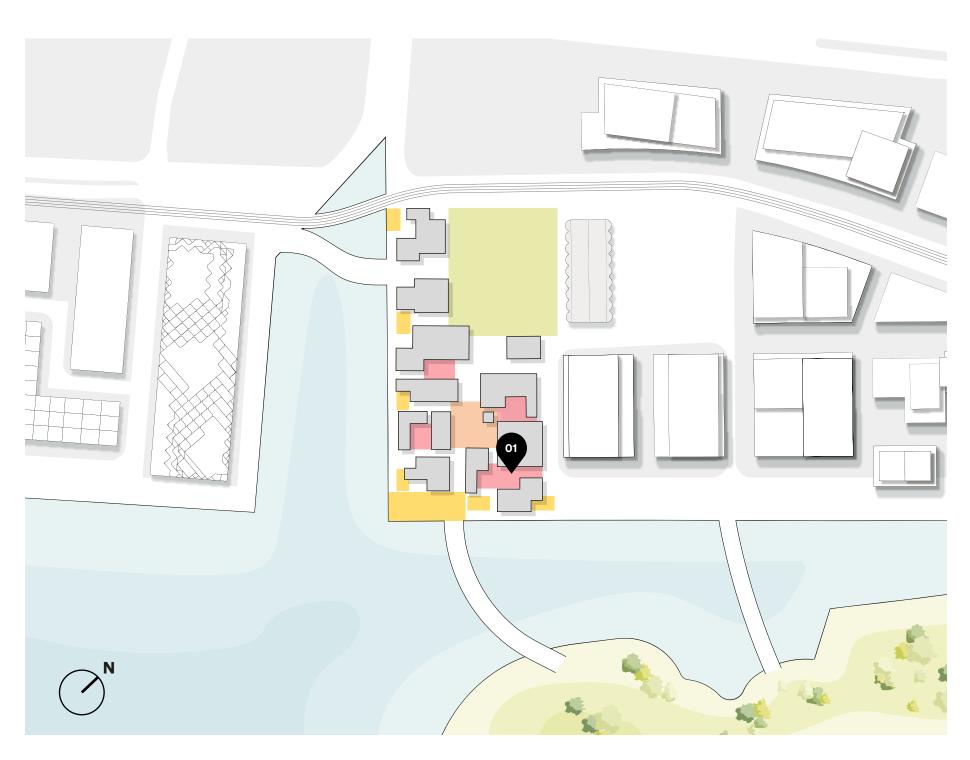


Courtyards

COMMUNITY SQUARE

WATERFRONT COURTYARDS

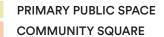




#### PARCEL 5

#### **ROTATION**

- O1 Main route through the heart of the neighbourhood connecting the public and community spaces
- Exploratory route along the Waterfront as main connection between Queens Quay and Villiers
- O3 Secondary routes and spaces along waterfront
- 04 Parcel divisions
- 05 Residential Gardens
- Rotation of buildings to create more diversity in public spaces and break up wind corridors



WATERFRONT

COURTYARDS



#### **SUMMER BREEZES**

O1 Main route through the heart of the neighbourhood connecting the public and community spaces

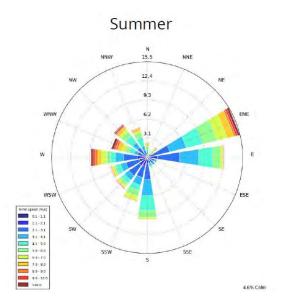
Exploratory route along the Waterfront as main connection between Queens Quay and Villiers

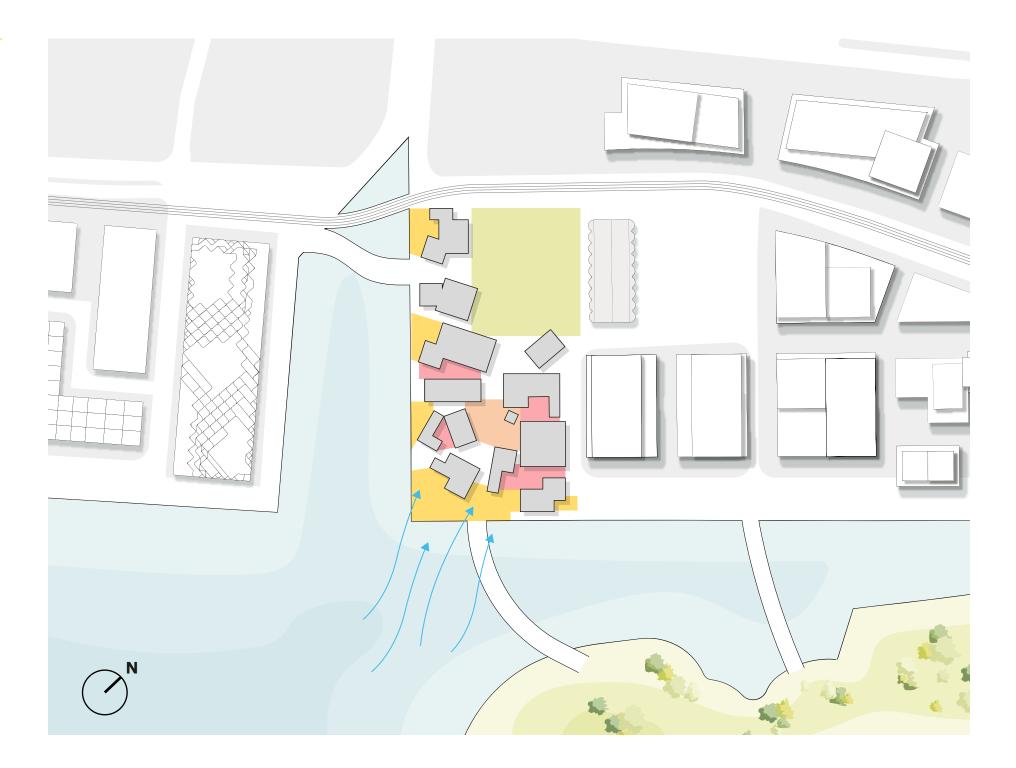
O3 Secondary routes and spaces along waterfront

04 Parcel divisions

05 Residential Gardens

Rotation of buildings to create more diversity in public spaces and break up wind corridors





#### **WINTER WINDS**

Main route through the heart of the neighbourhood connecting the public and community spaces

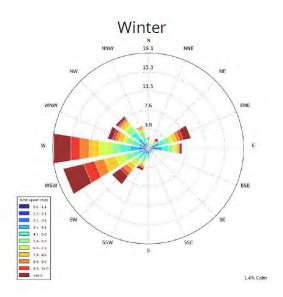
Exploratory route along the Waterfront as main connection between Queens Quay and Villiers

O3 Secondary routes and spaces along waterfront

04 Parcel divisions

05 Residential Gardens

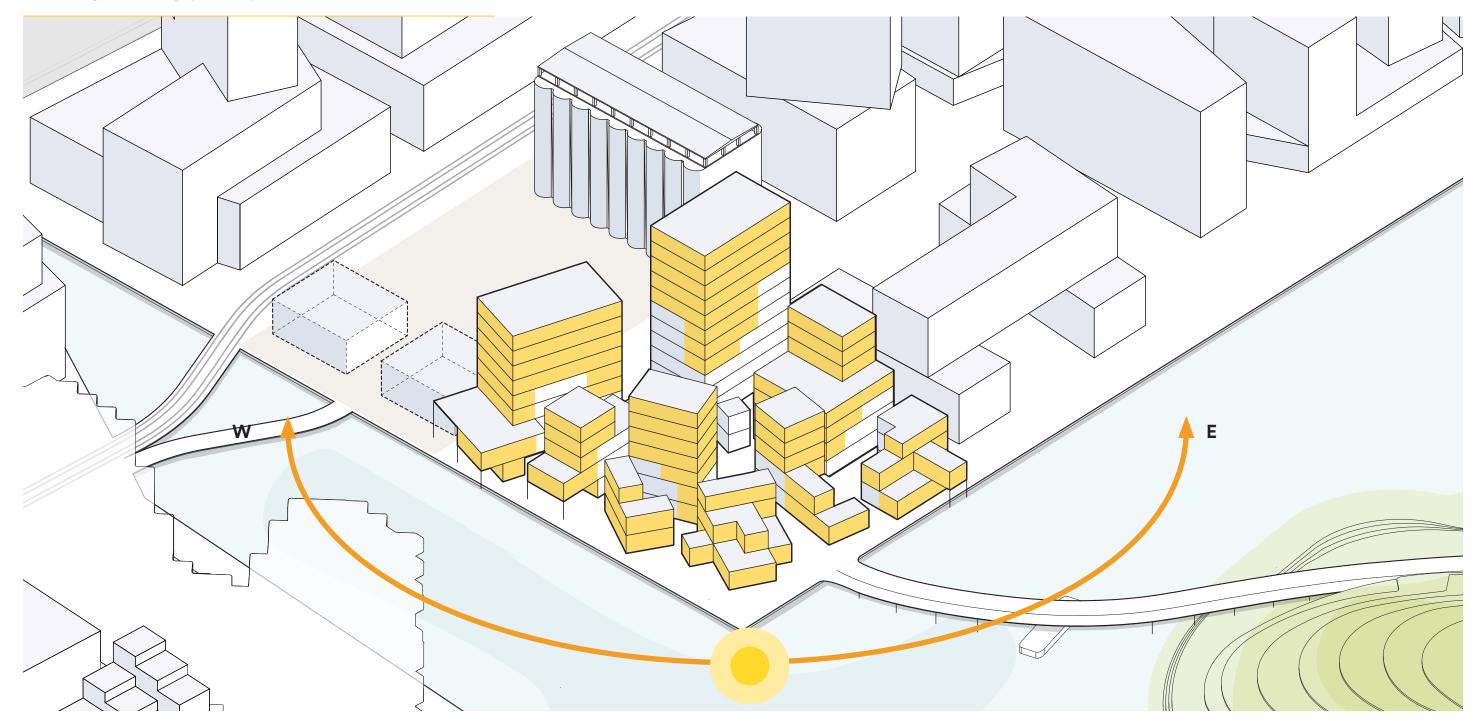
Rotation of buildings to create more diversity in public spaces and break up wind corridors





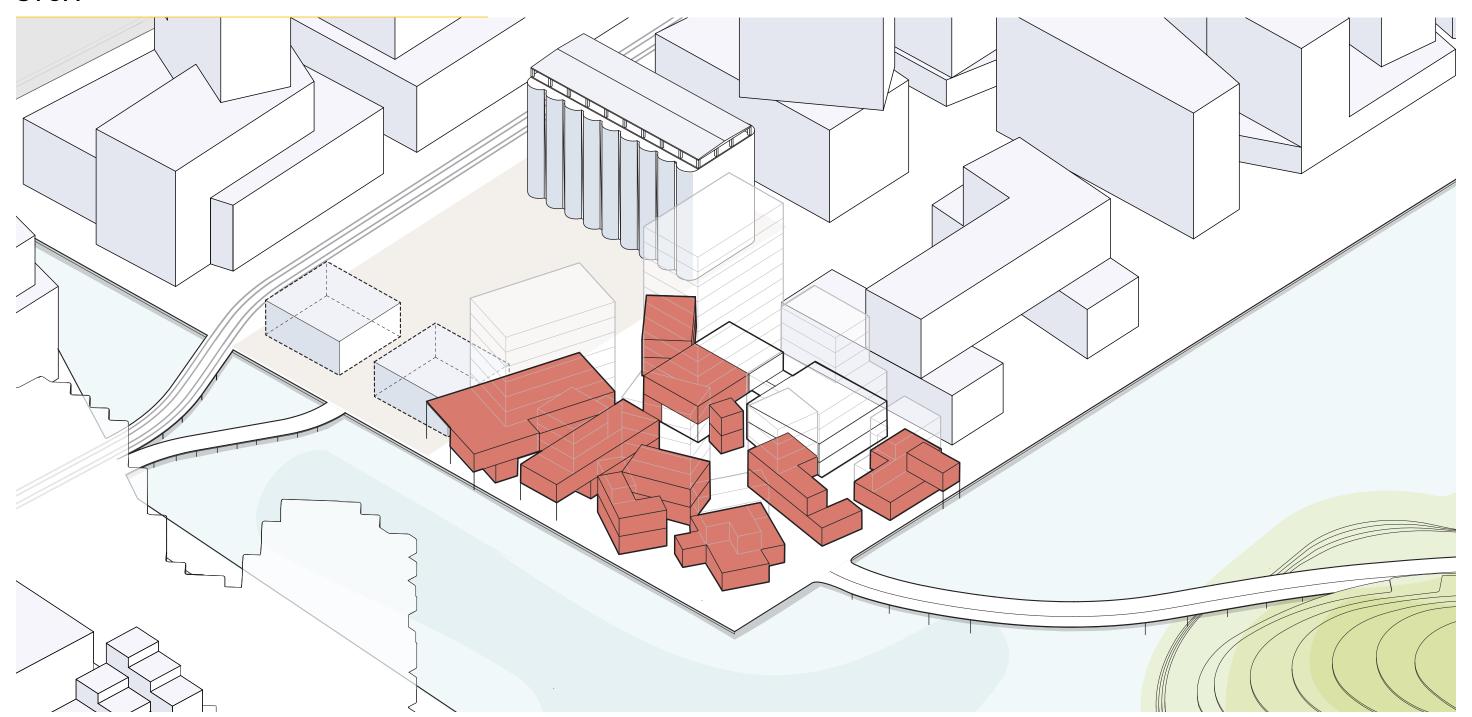
#### PARCEL 5

#### **VIEWS AND SUNLIGHT**



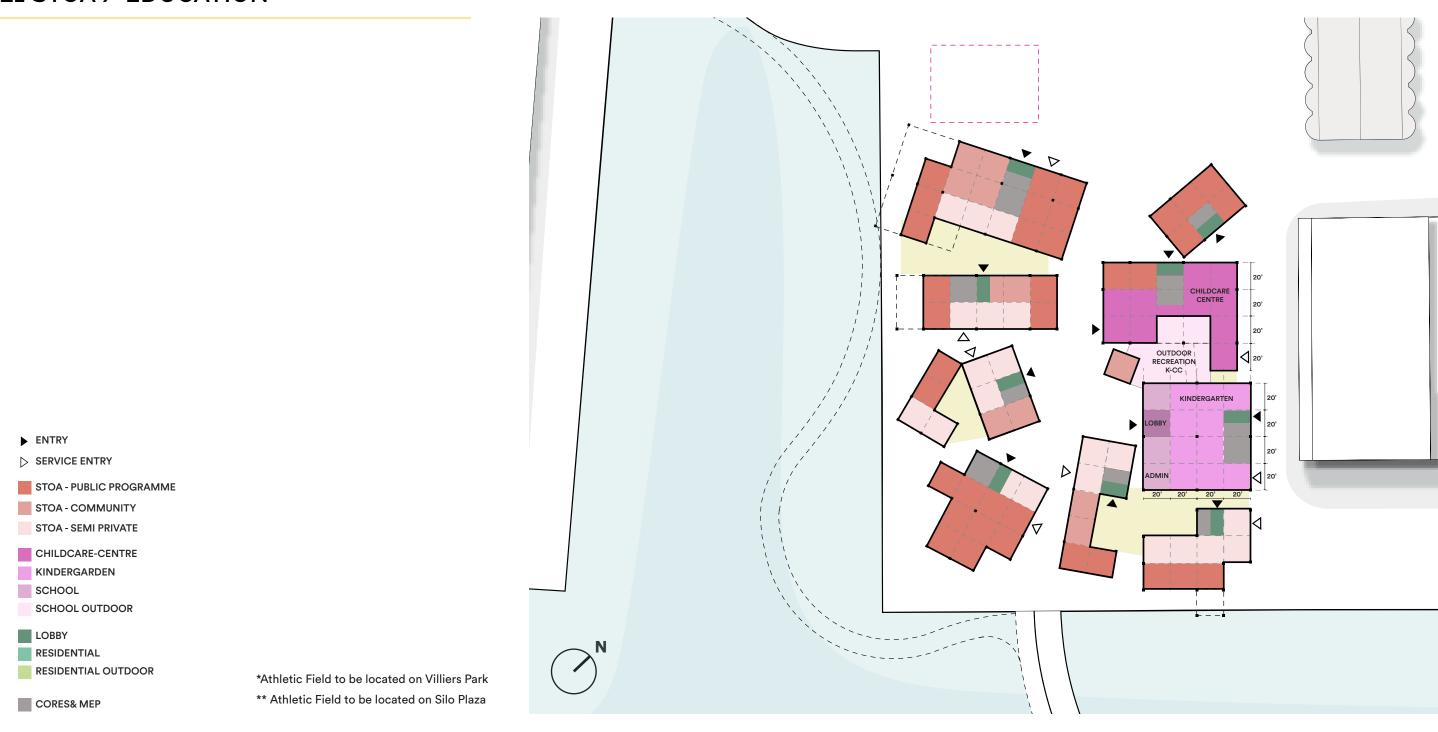
### **PROGRAMME**

#### STOA





#### L1 STOA / EDUCATION



▶ ENTRY

LOBBY RESIDENTIAL

CORES& MEP

> SERVICE ENTRY

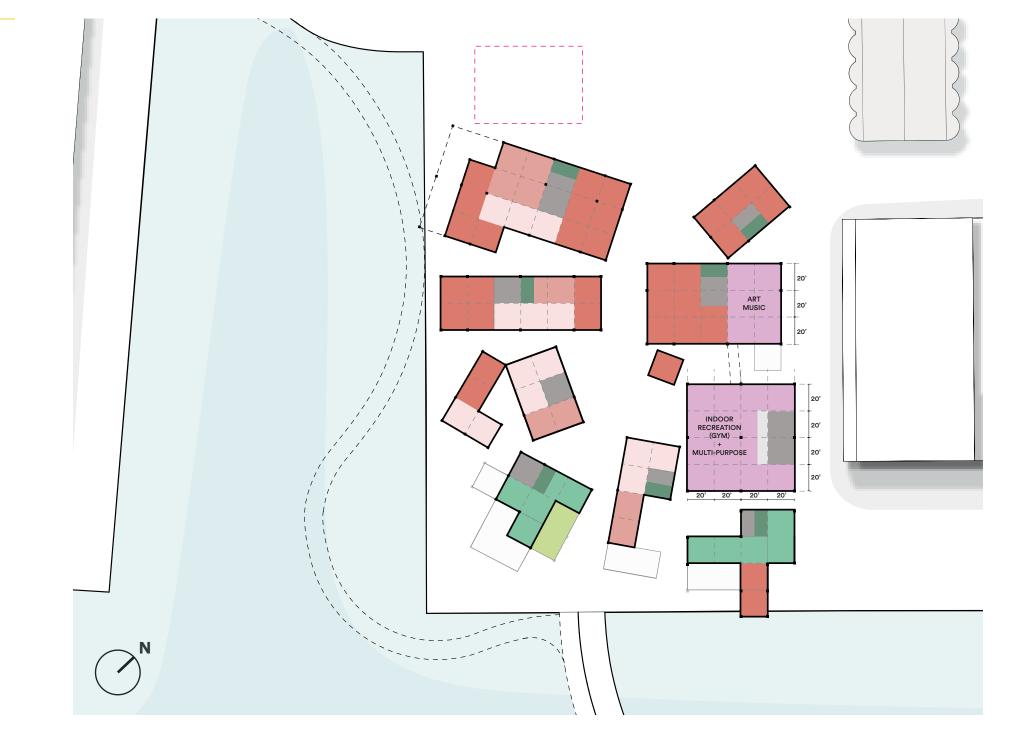
STOA - COMMUNITY
STOA - SEMI PRIVATE
CHILDCARE-CENTRE
KINDERGARDEN
SCHOOL

SCHOOL OUTDOOR

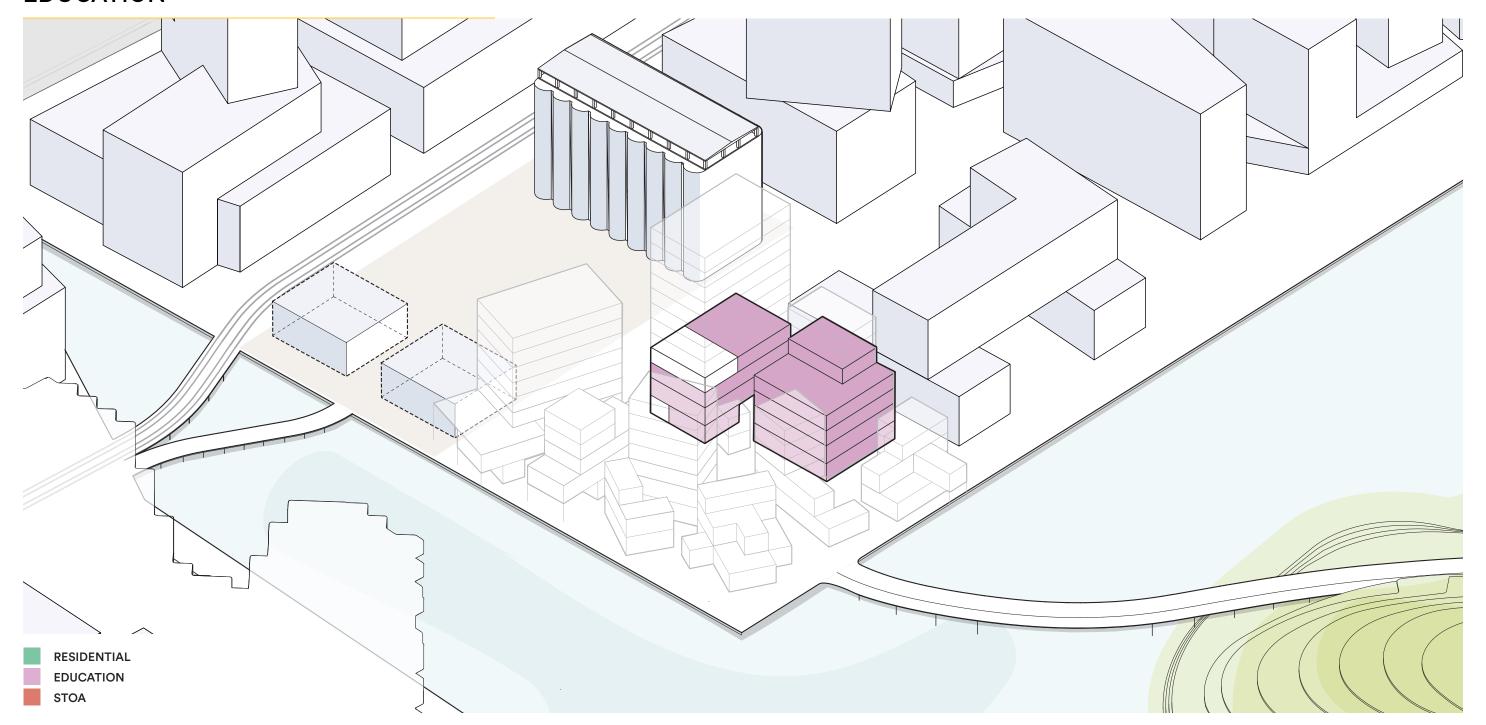
RESIDENTIAL OUTDOOR

STOA - PUBLIC PROGRAMME

#### L2 STOA / EDUCATION



#### **EDUCATION**



▶ ENTRY

LOBBY RESIDENTIAL

CORES& MEP

> SERVICE ENTRY

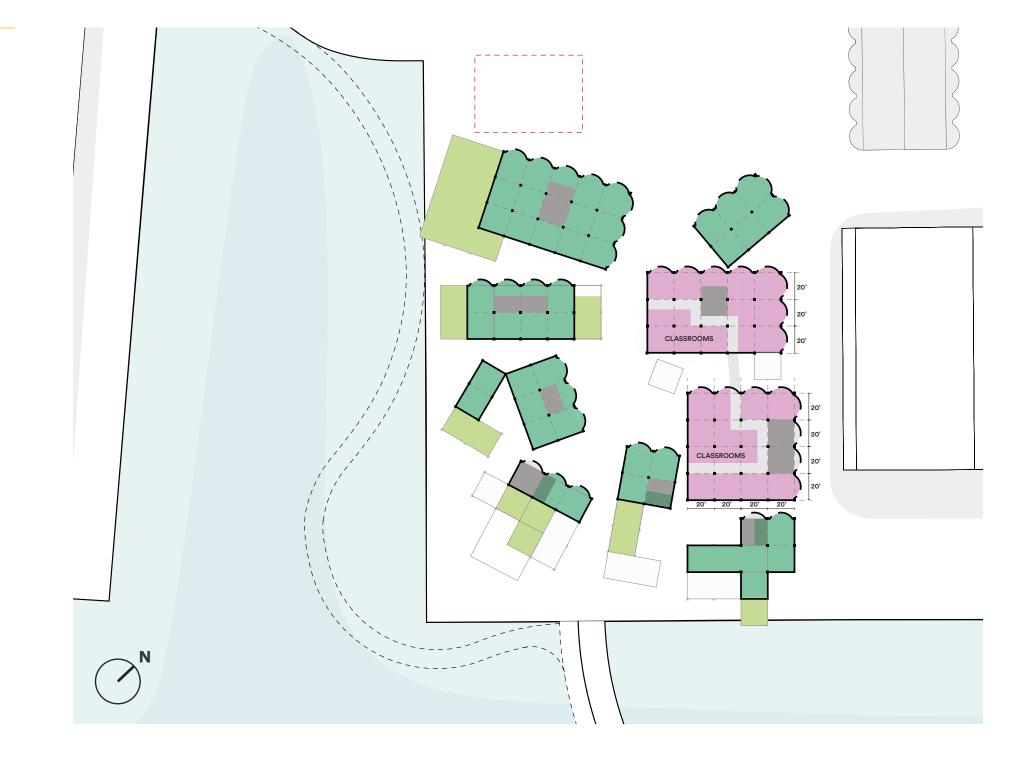
STOA - COMMUNITY
STOA - SEMI PRIVATE
CHILDCARE-CENTRE
KINDERGARDEN
SCHOOL

SCHOOL OUTDOOR

RESIDENTIAL OUTDOOR

STOA - PUBLIC PROGRAMME

#### L3 EDUCATION / RESIDENTIAL



▶ ENTRY

LOBBY RESIDENTIAL

CORES& MEP

> SERVICE ENTRY

STOA - COMMUNITY
STOA - SEMI PRIVATE
CHILDCARE-CENTRE
KINDERGARDEN
SCHOOL

SCHOOL OUTDOOR

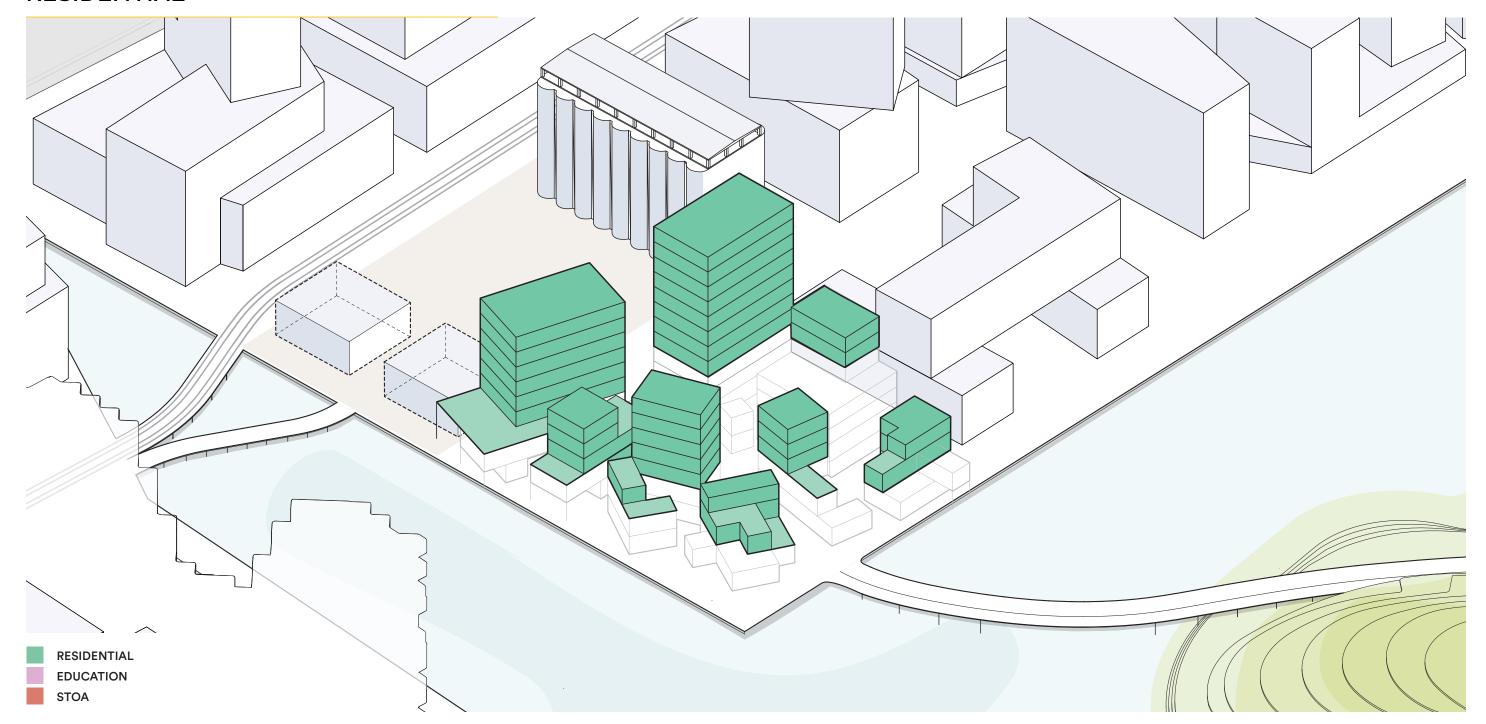
RESIDENTIAL OUTDOOR

STOA - PUBLIC PROGRAMME

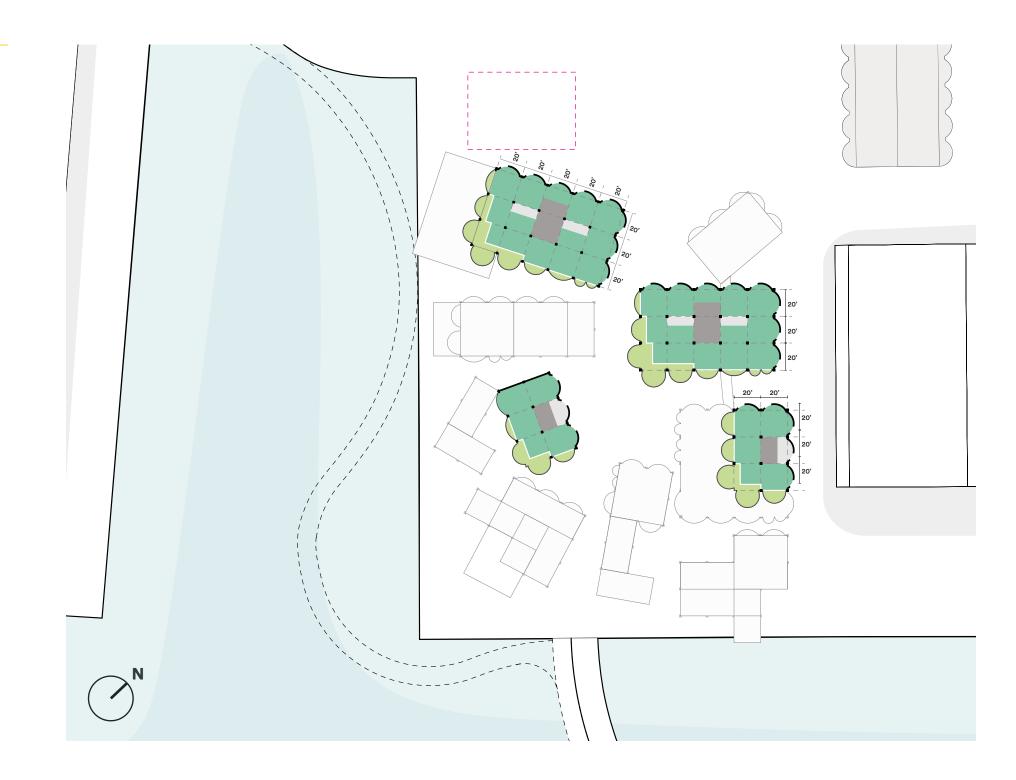
#### L5 EDUCATION / RESIDENTIAL



#### **RESIDENTIAL**



#### L7 RESIDENTIAL



LOBBY
RESIDENTIAL
RESIDENTIAL OUTDOOR

CORES& MEP

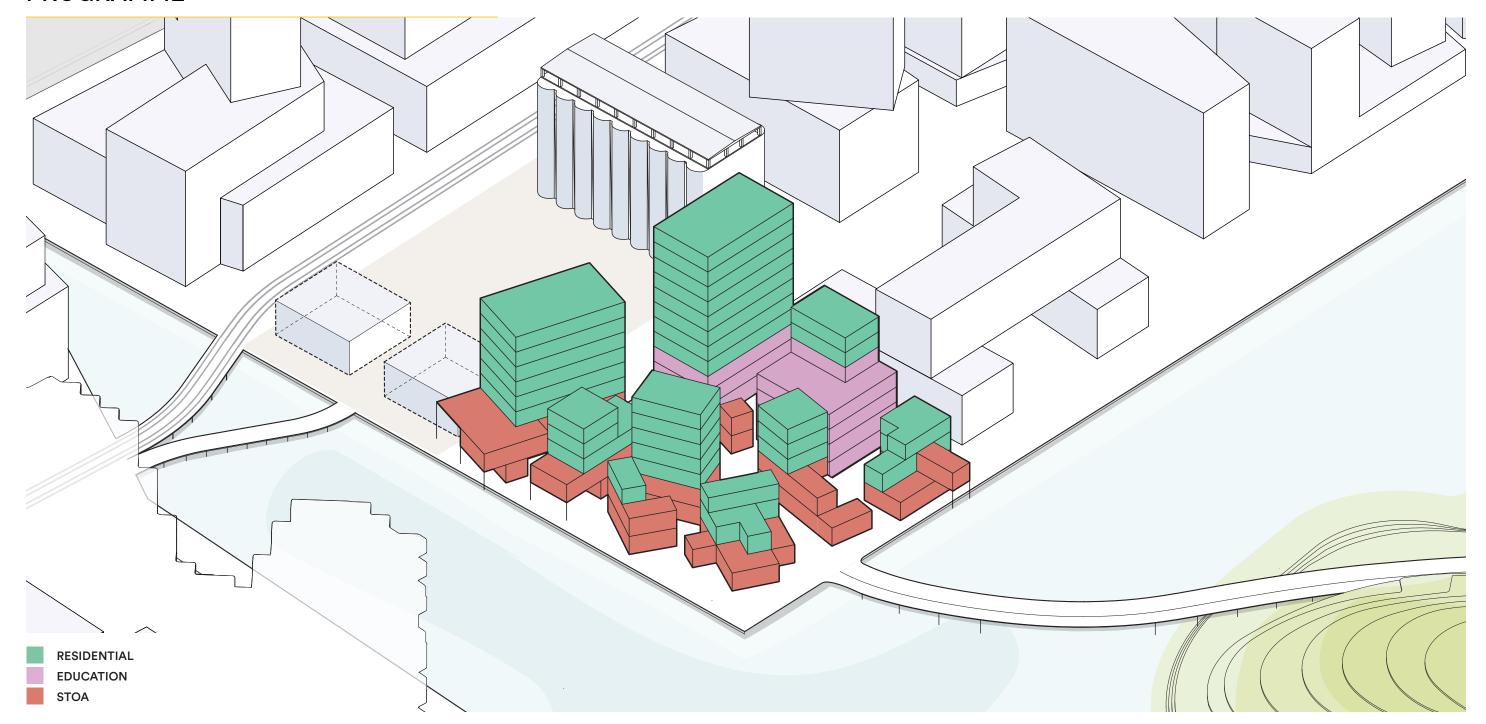
## L9 RESIDENTIAL



LOBBY
RESIDENTIAL
RESIDENTIAL OUTDOOR

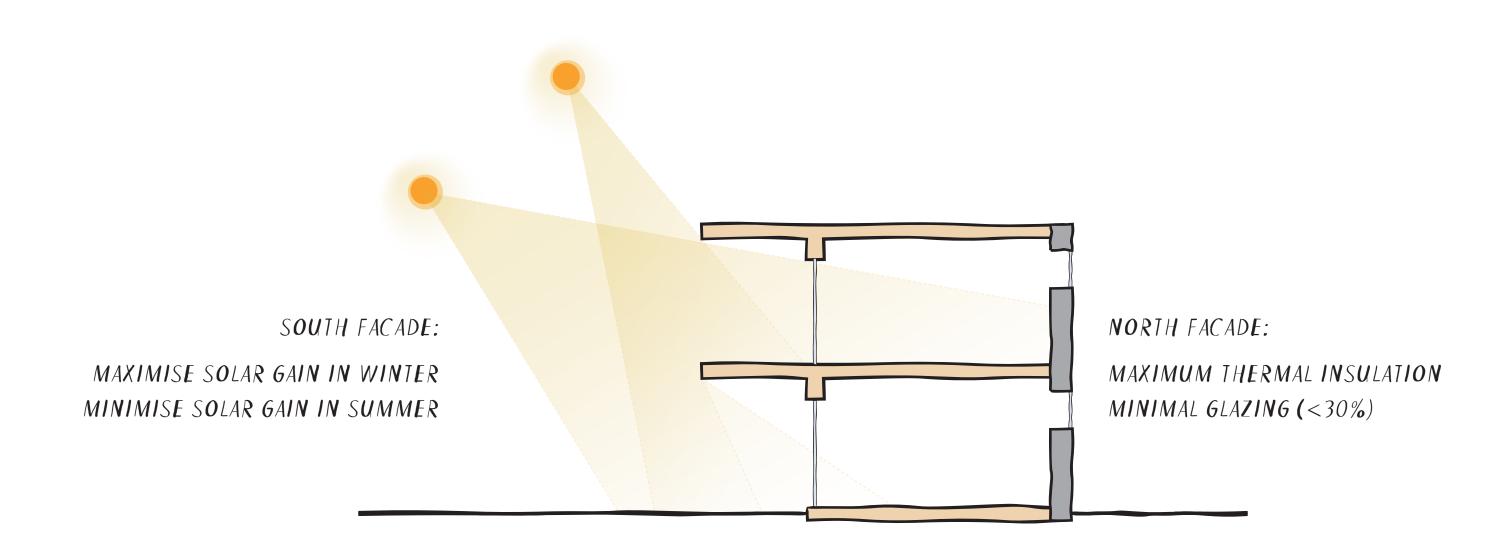
CORES& MEP

### **PROGRAMME**

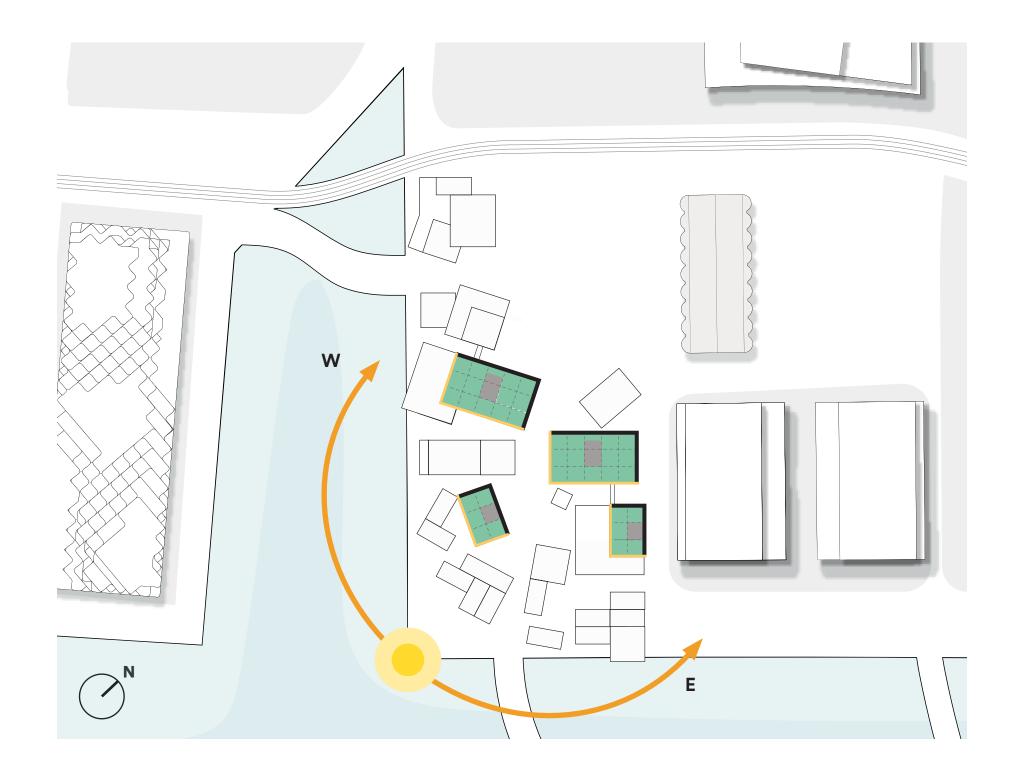


# FACADE DESIGN

#### **KEY PASSIVE HOUSE PRINCIPLES**



### **FACADE ORIENTATION**







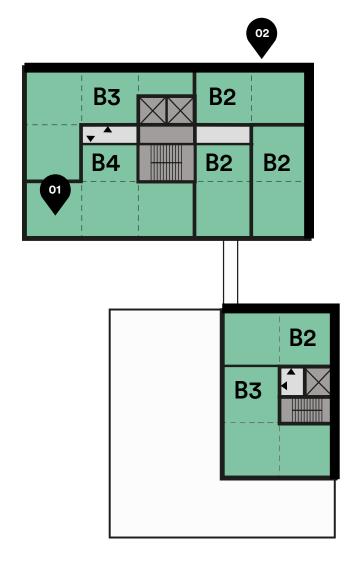
#### NORTH FACADE

O1 Typica

Typical residential layout\*

02

North facades required higher thermal insulation, less glazing (Passive House requires less than 30% glazing)







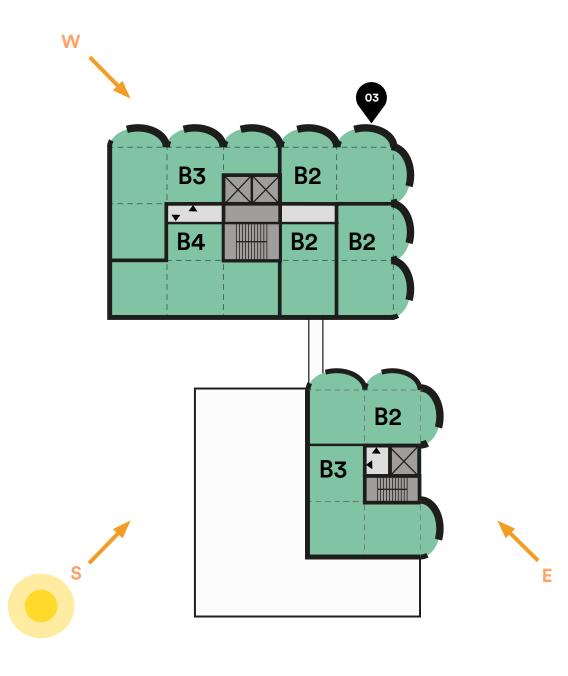
<sup>\*</sup> Average size 1,000 SF GFA/Unit based on aggregated market data for the Waterfront



### NORTH FACADE



By 'popping-out' the facade we can angle the glazing to east and west and maximise daylight



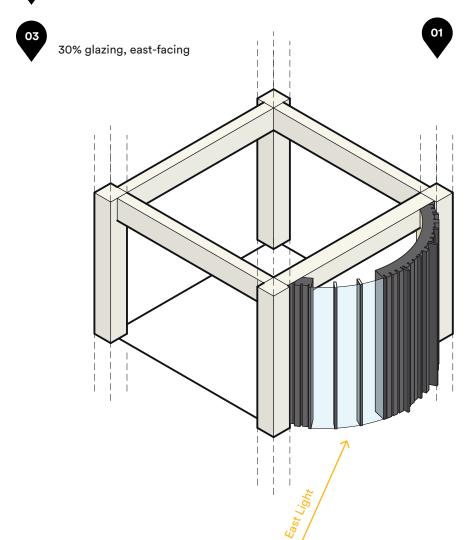


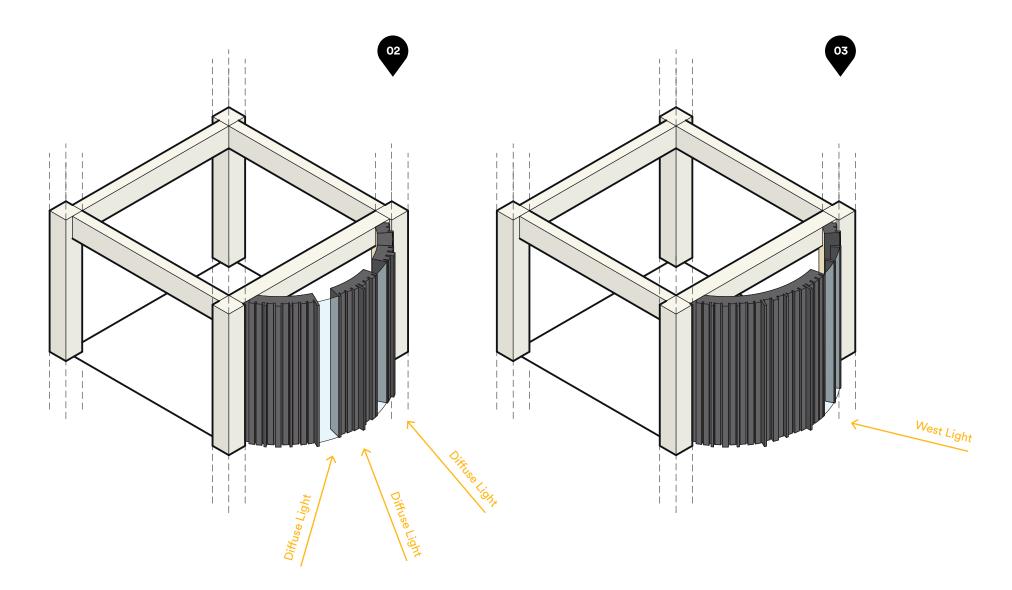


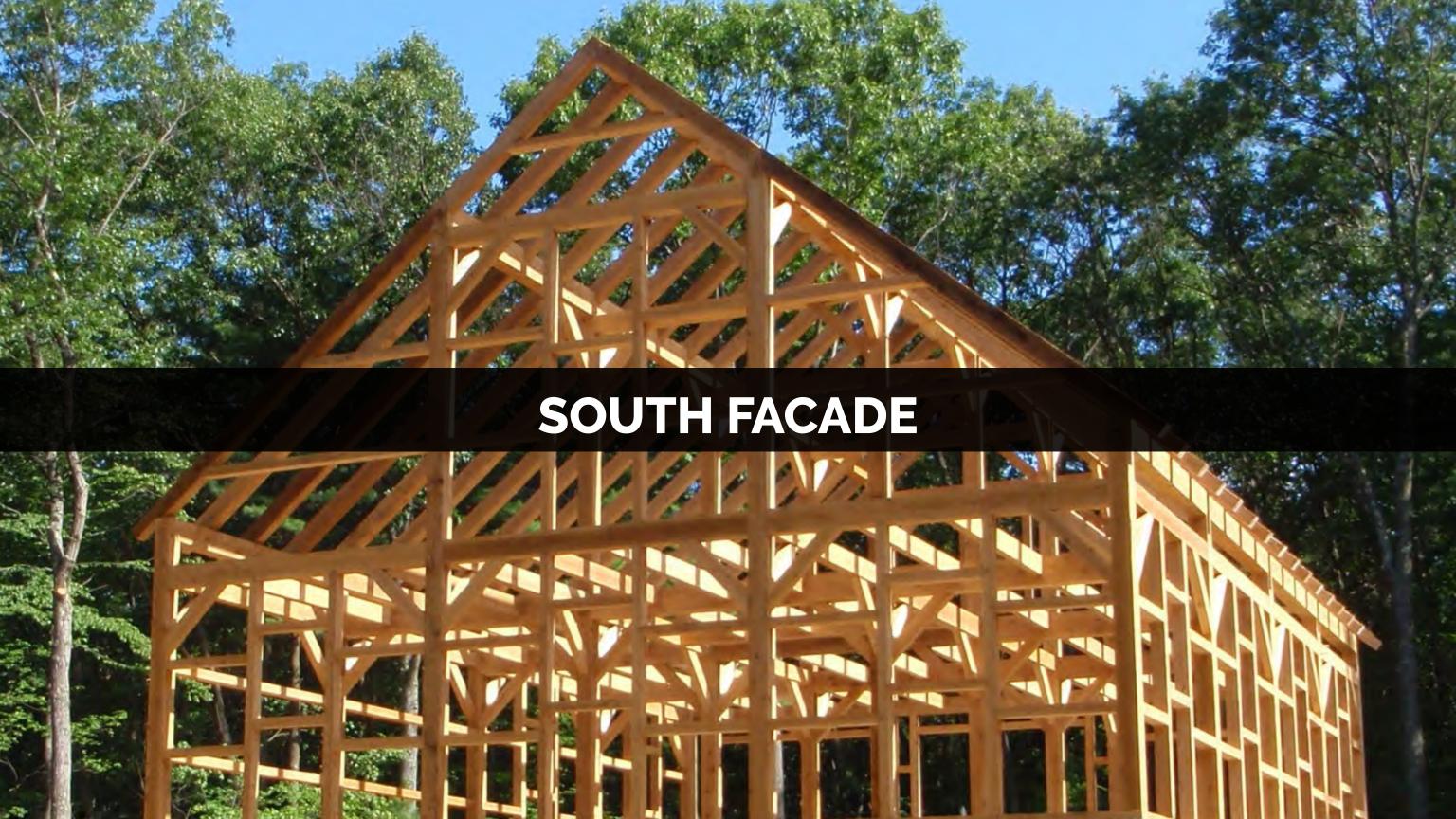
### NORTH FACADE

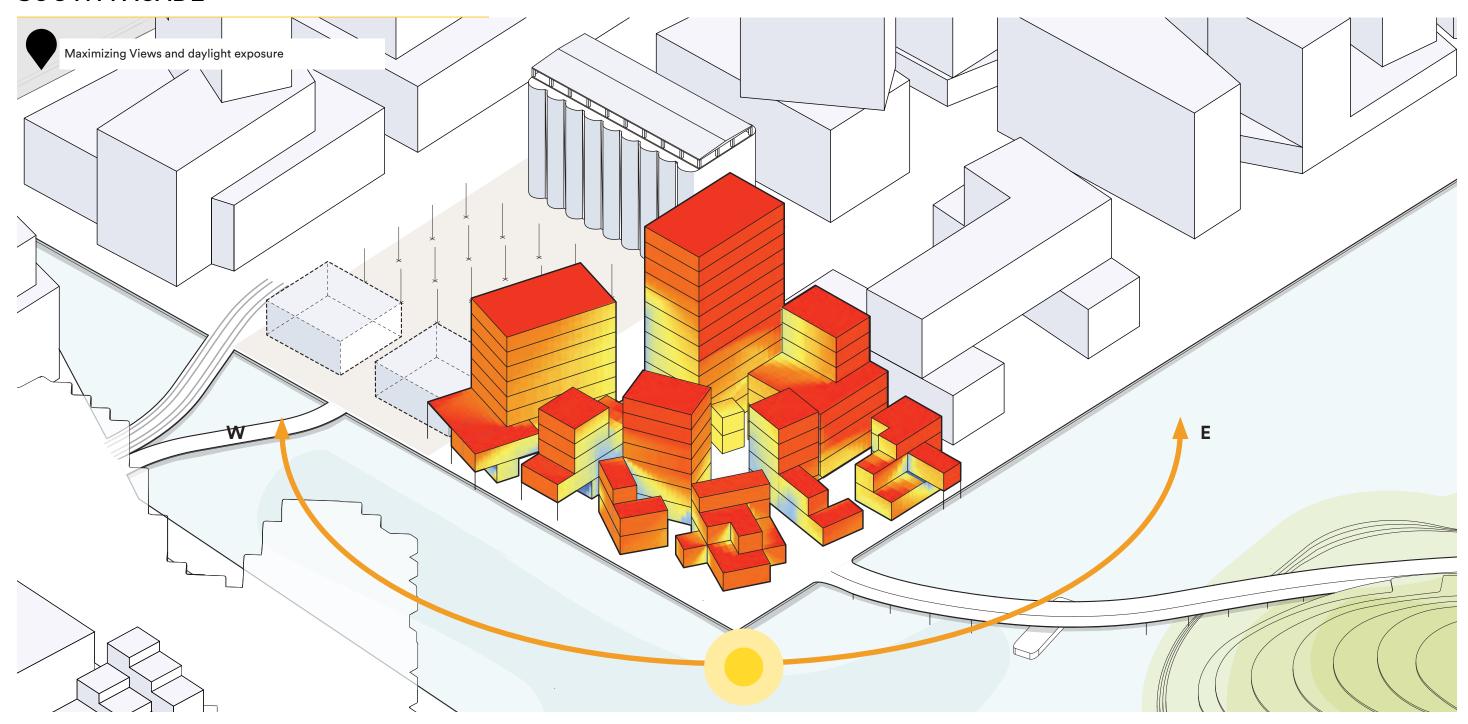




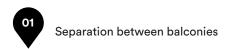


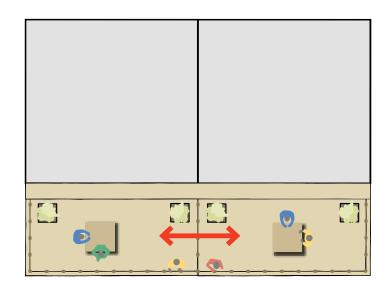


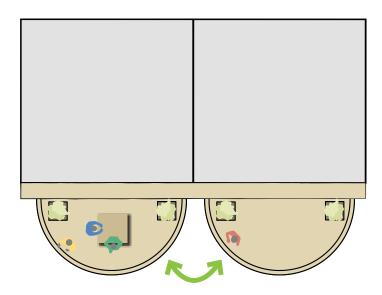




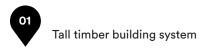
### **CIRCULAR BALCONIES**

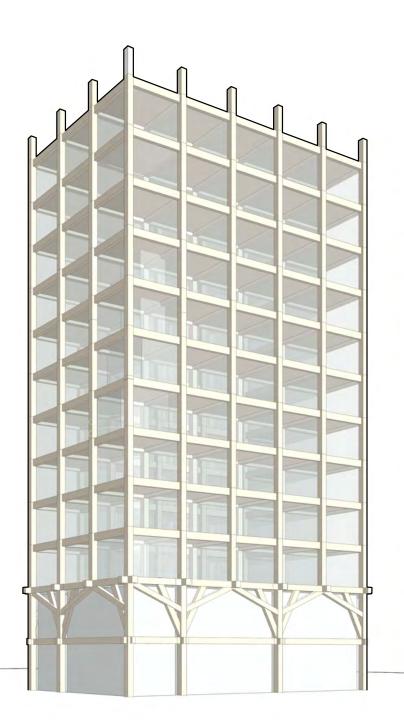






## SOUTH FACADE





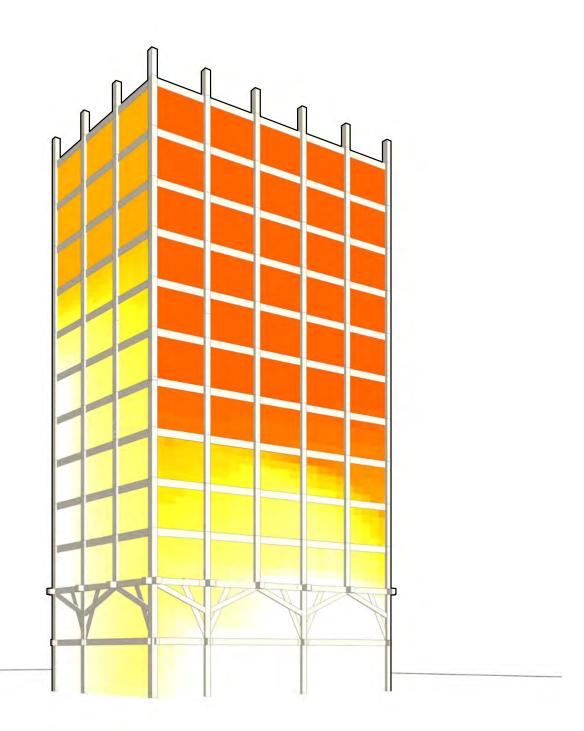
### **SOUTH FACADE**



Tall timber building system



Sunlight study



### **SOUTH FACADE**



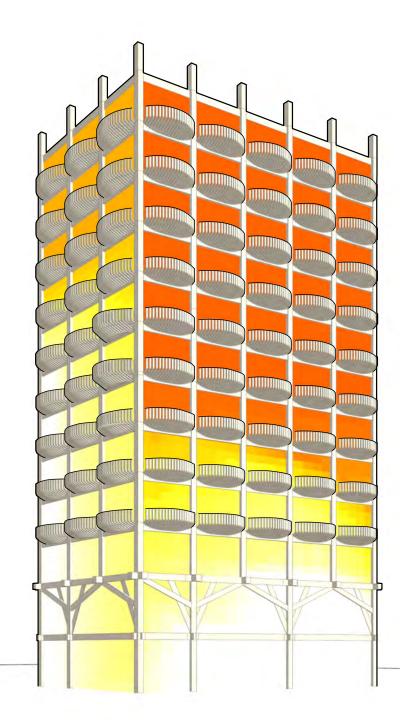
Tall timber building system



Sunlight study



**03** Typical balconies



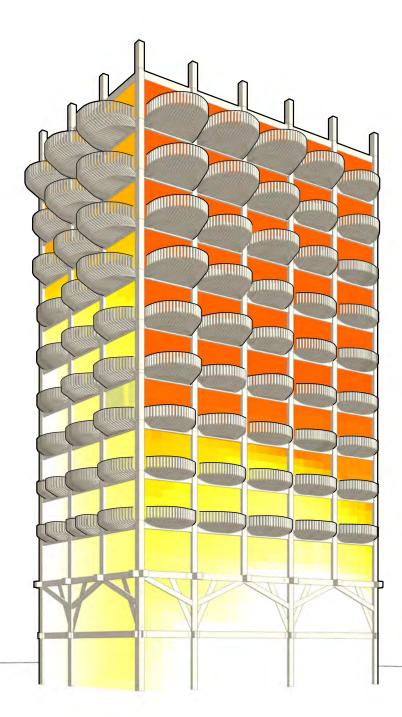
### **SOUTH FACADE**

O1 Tall timber building system

02 Sunlight study

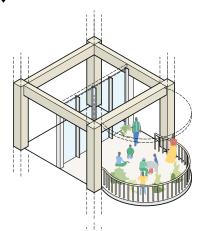
03 Typical balconies

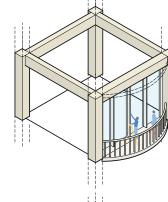
04 Modular balcony sizes respond to shading requirments

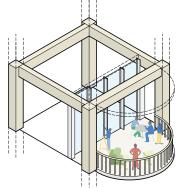


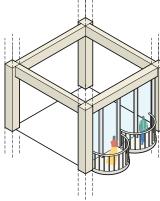


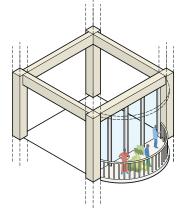
Modular balcony sizes respond to shading requirements

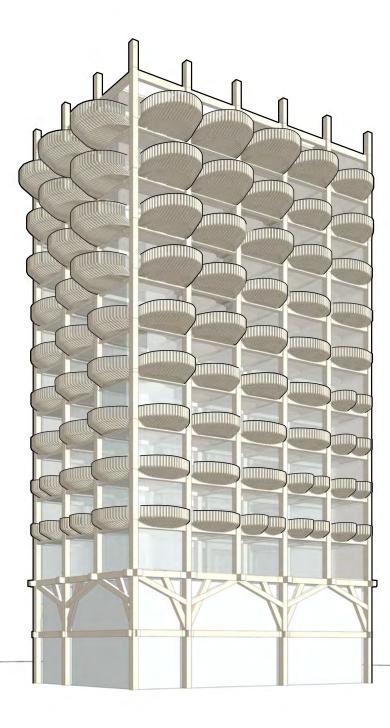






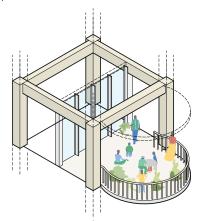


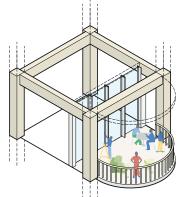


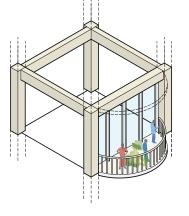


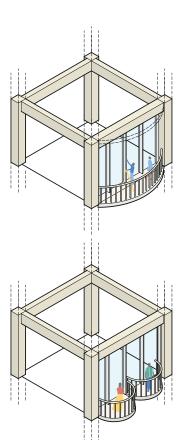


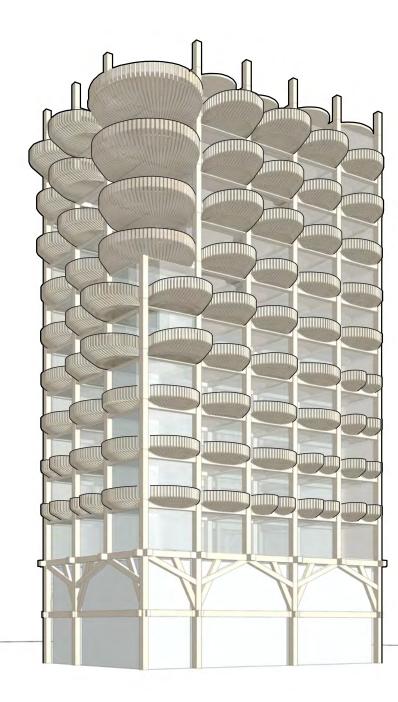
Special balconies to corners



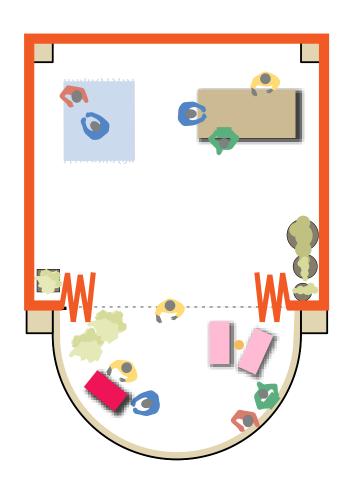






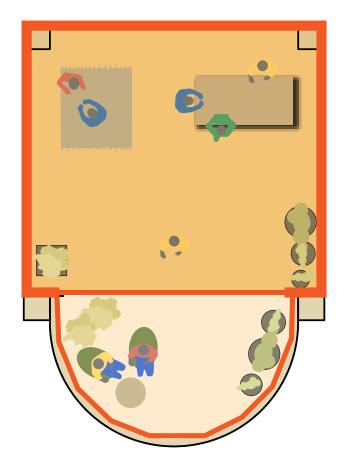


## **WINTER GARDENS**







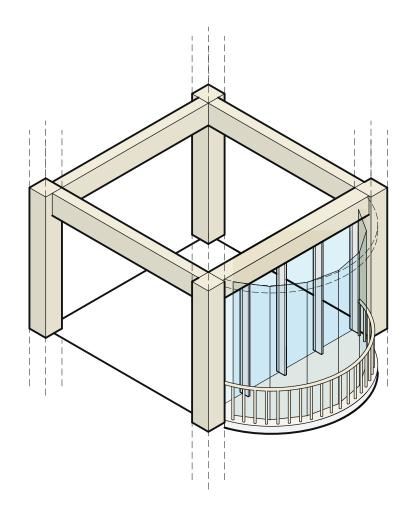


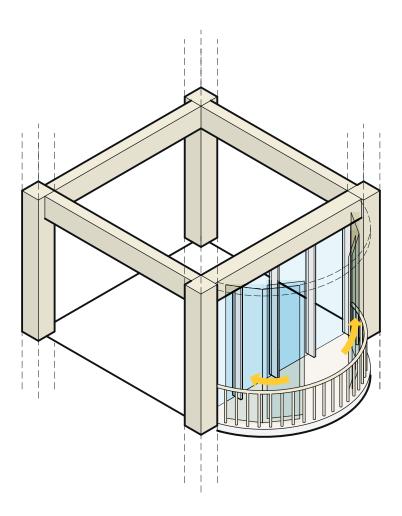


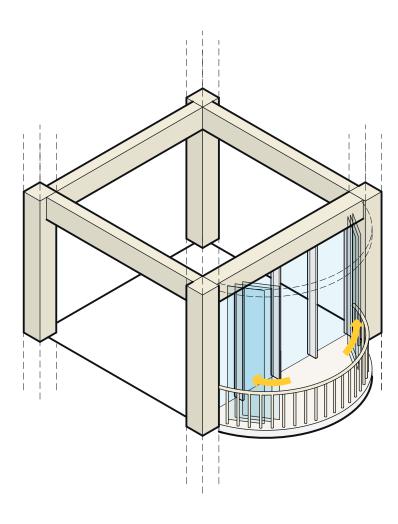
### **WINTER GARDENS**



Balconies enclosed to form winter gardens

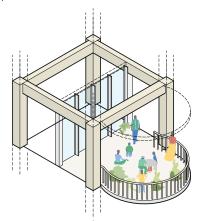


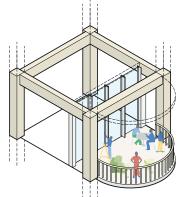


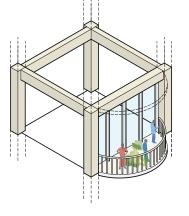


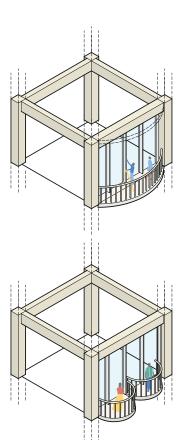


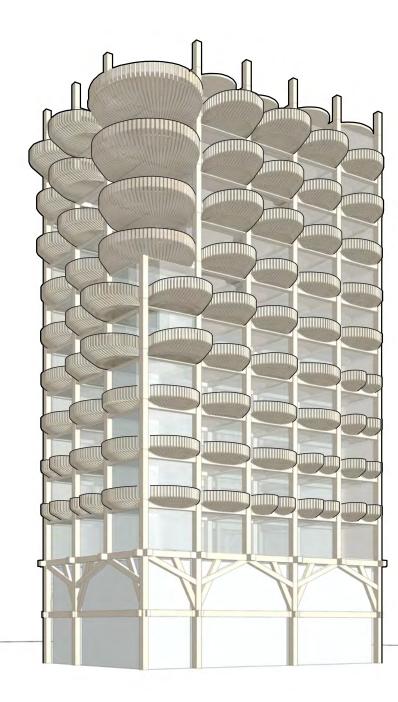
Special balconies to corners





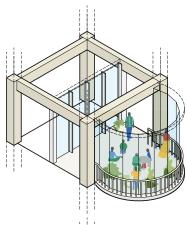


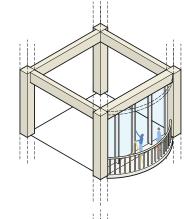


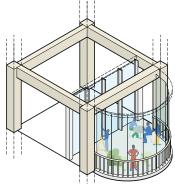


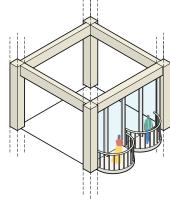


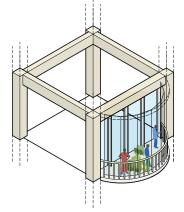
Balconies enclosed to form winter gardens

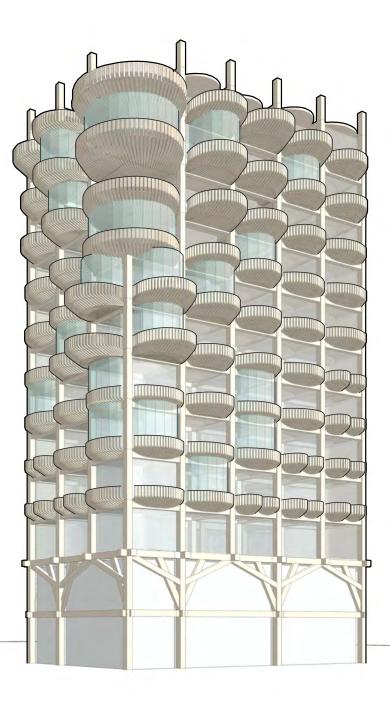






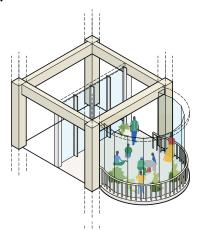


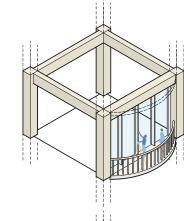


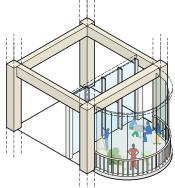


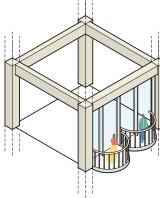


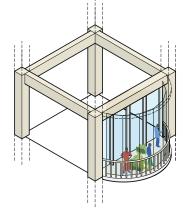
Balconies enclosed to form winter gardens

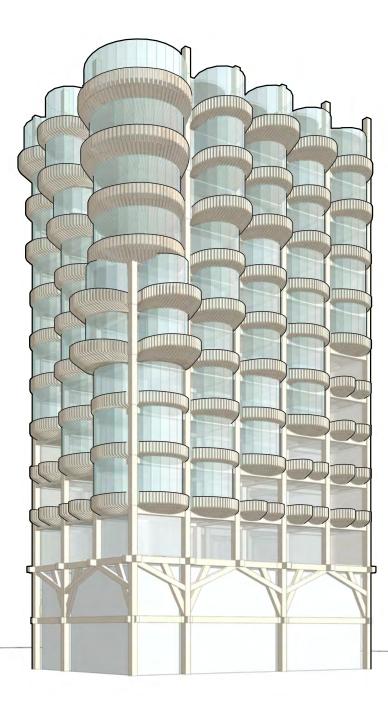




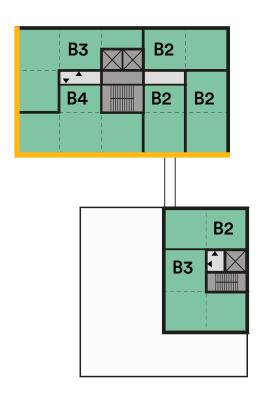


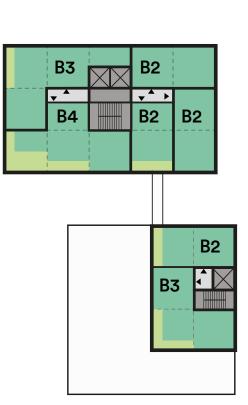




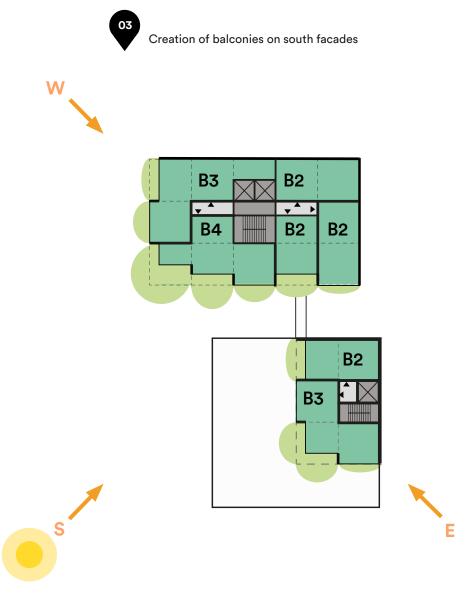








Addition of winter gardens







<sup>\*</sup> Average size 1,000 SF GFA/Unit based on aggregated market data for the Waterfront





