

https://disc2017.geosci.xyz/rio-de-janeiro



1

Thanks to...



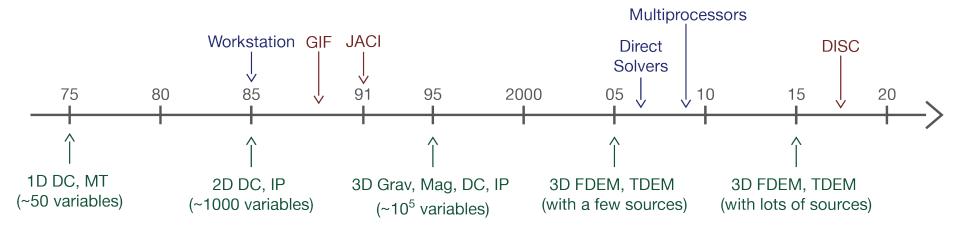
Renata Vergasta





Some Background

 Doug inspired by Bob Parker, Freeman Gilbert and George Backus: The Geophysical Inverse Problem



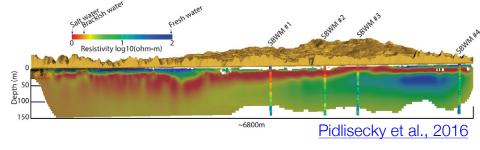


Result: Computing power + advances in inversion methodology → we can now solve most EM geophysics problems

Instrumentation and Data

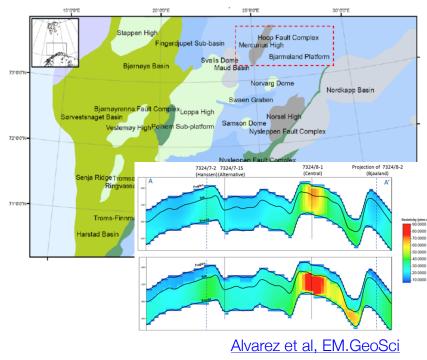
- The second major advance is in data acquisition
- Data with unprecedented data quality and quantity.

Large-scale ground water studies: California



AusLamp: Continental Scale MT





Offshore: Hydrocarbon De-risking

Web and Open Source Resources

Jupyter

Jupyter

interactive computing

- Open source development: Software and resources
 - Collaborate
 - Share
 - Test changes
 - Interactive computing



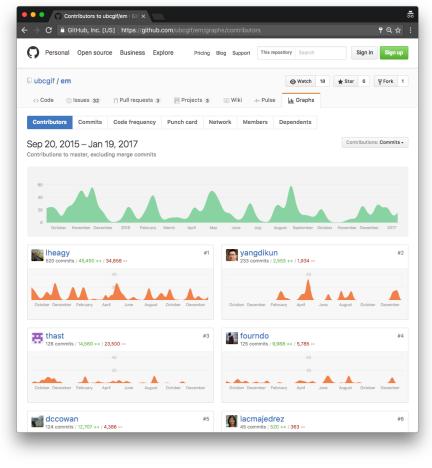
Simulation and Parameter Estimation in Geophysics http://simpeg.xyz





Github versioning, collaborating

Travis Cl testing, deploy





Creative Commons

licensing, reuse



Python computation

Many applications

Electromagnetics can be used for ...



We have the basic ingredients

- Application problems
- High quality data
- Ability to invert EM data sets
- Web tools to communicate

What are the roadblocks?

Roadblocks

In general, geoscientists...

- Don't realize that EM can play a role in solving the problem
- Don't understand the technique
 - Confusing terminology
 - Seems complicated and unintuitive

What is the connection between my problem and the physical properties?

So many types of surveys, how to choose?

- DC, frequency, time?
- Surveys in air on ground, downhole?
- What to expect for resolution?

Are there situations, similar to mine, in which EM has been applied?

Goal of DISC: Remove Roadblocks

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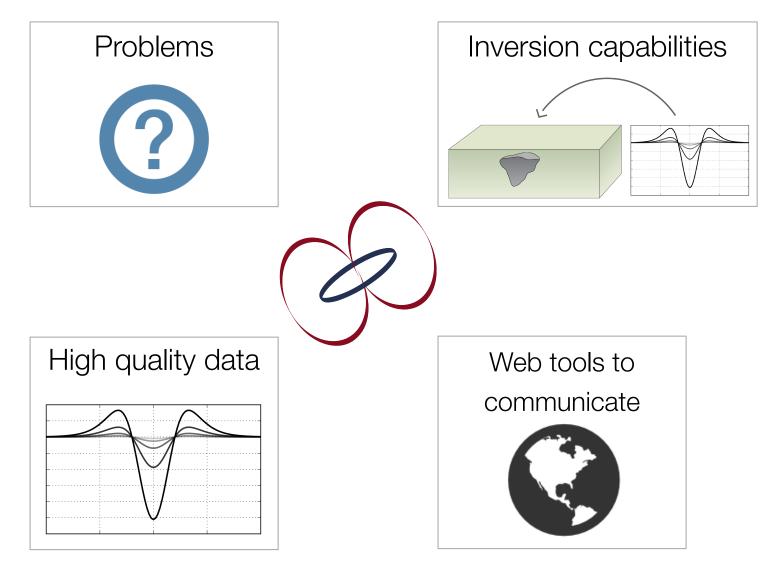
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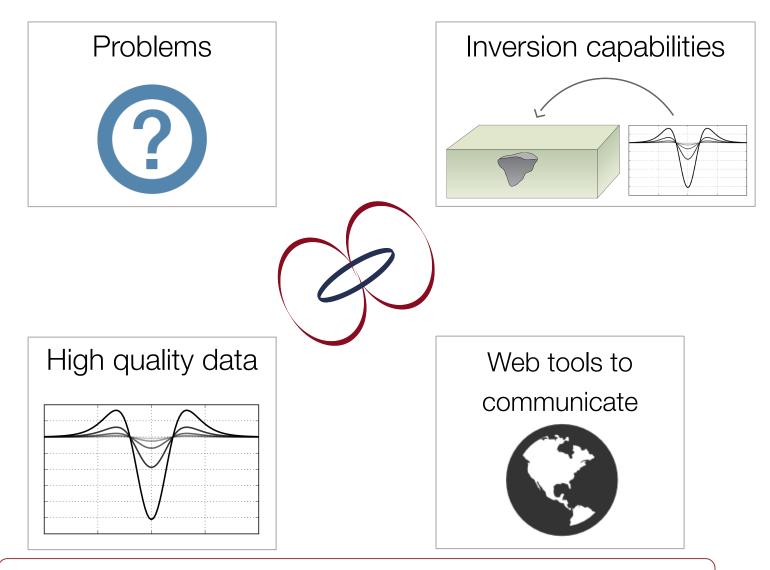
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DISC can take advantage of a Perfect Storm

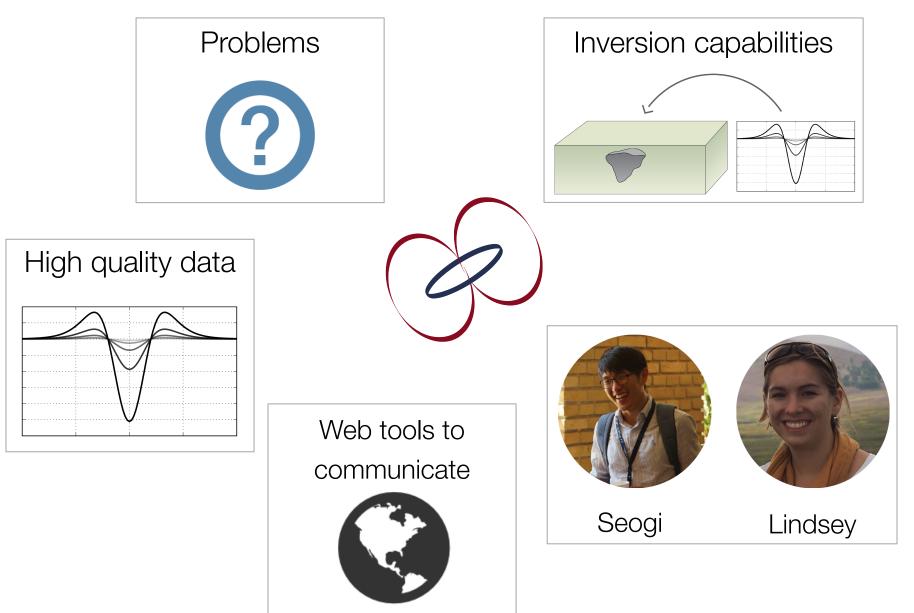


DISC can take advantage of a Perfect Storm



A good idea but missing an important ingredient ...

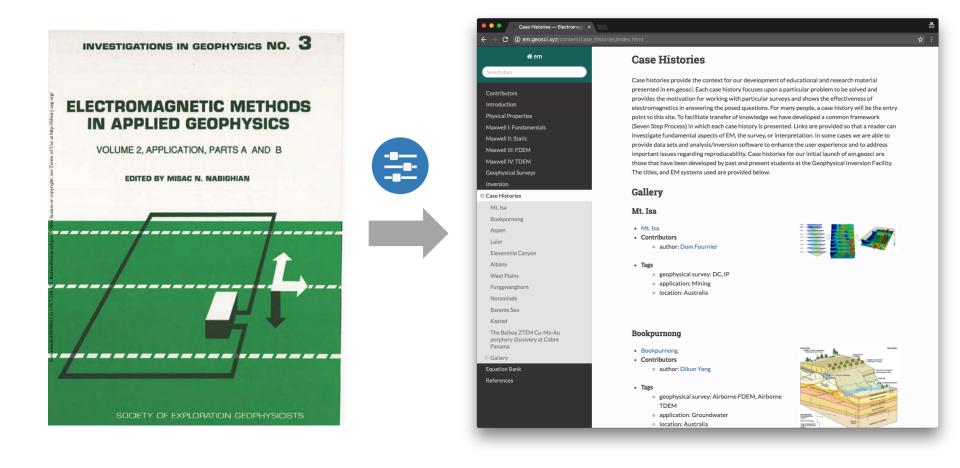
Talented Young Geoscientists



Goals for the DISC

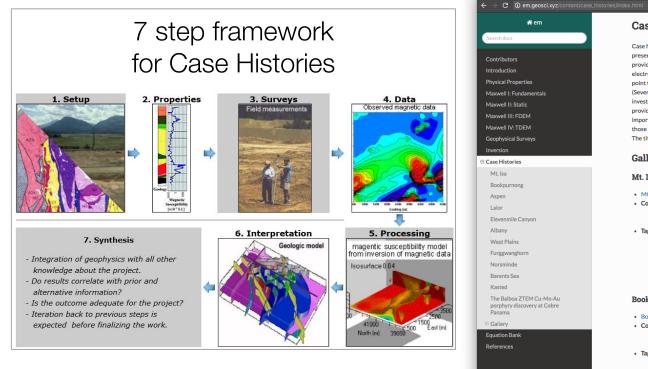
- Inspire
 - See the variety of potential applications
 - Illustrate effectiveness using case histories
- Build a foundation
 - Basic principles of EM
 - Exploration and visualization with interactive apps
 - Open source resource: <u>http://em.geosci.xyz</u>
- Set realistic expectations
- Promote development of an EM community
 - Open source software
 - Capturing case histories world-wide

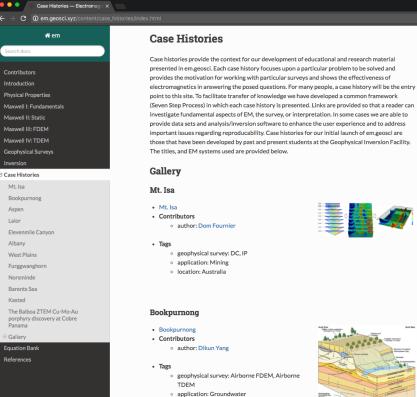
Resources: EM.geosci



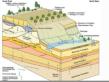
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Resources: EM.geosci



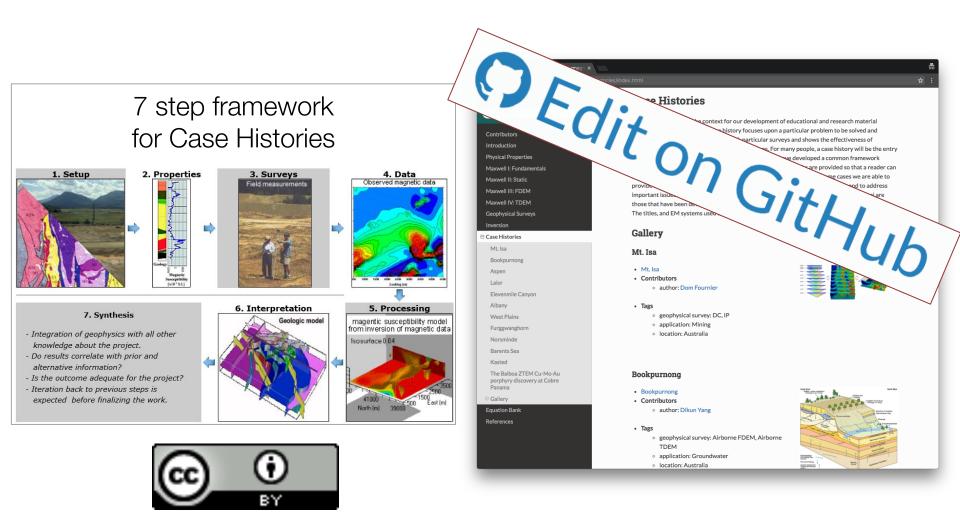


location: Australia



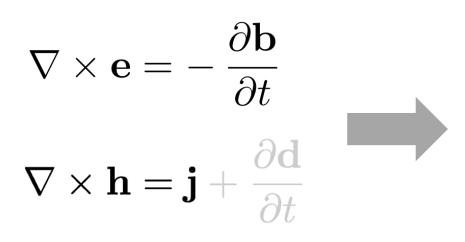
http://em.geosci.xyz

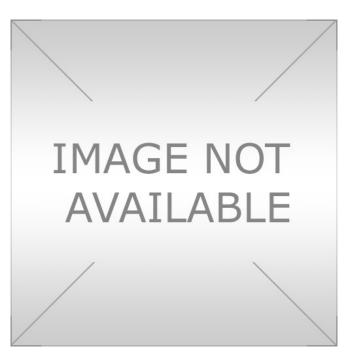
Resources: EM.geosci



http://em.geosci.xyz

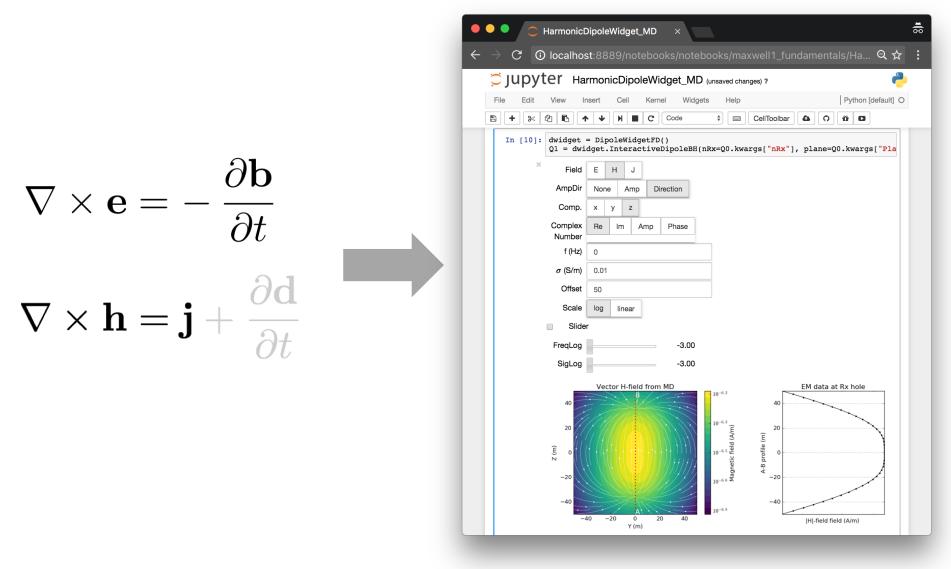
Why Apps





http://em.geosci.xyz/apps.html

Why Apps

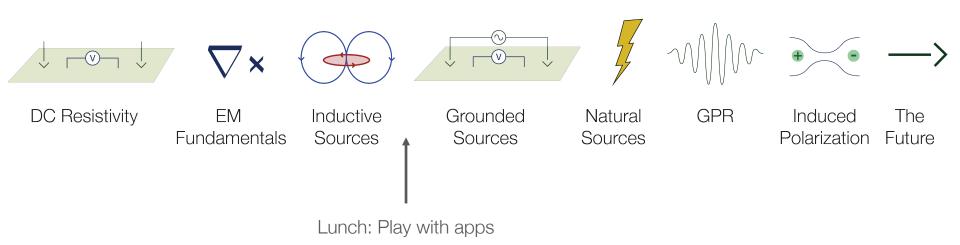


http://em.geosci.xyz/apps.html

How do we achieve our goals

- Connect to relevant applications
- Select a type of survey
- Use apps to explore and ask questions
- Show success in a case history

Agenda for today



A touch of realism

- Ambitious schedule
- Wide variety of backgrounds but hope there is something for everybody
- Not really targeting the experts but even them...

"That is what learning is. You suddenly understand something your life, but in new way." you all your a new way

DISC is a 2-day event

- SEG DISC Course (today)
 - Sponsored by SEG
- DISC Lab (tomorrow) (sponsored by GIF)
 - Capture "local" applications
 - Share on the web
- The tour:
 - 30 locations
 - Capture geoscience problems around the world
 - Connect geoscientists worldwide, build a community







Connecting & Contributing

- Today: Slack
 - <u>http://slack.geosci.xyz/</u>



Join **GeoSci** on Slack. 3 users online now of **9** registered.

you@yourdomain.com

GET MY INVITE

- Contributing:
 - EM GeoSci
 - Case histories
 - Content
 - SimPEG
 - Software

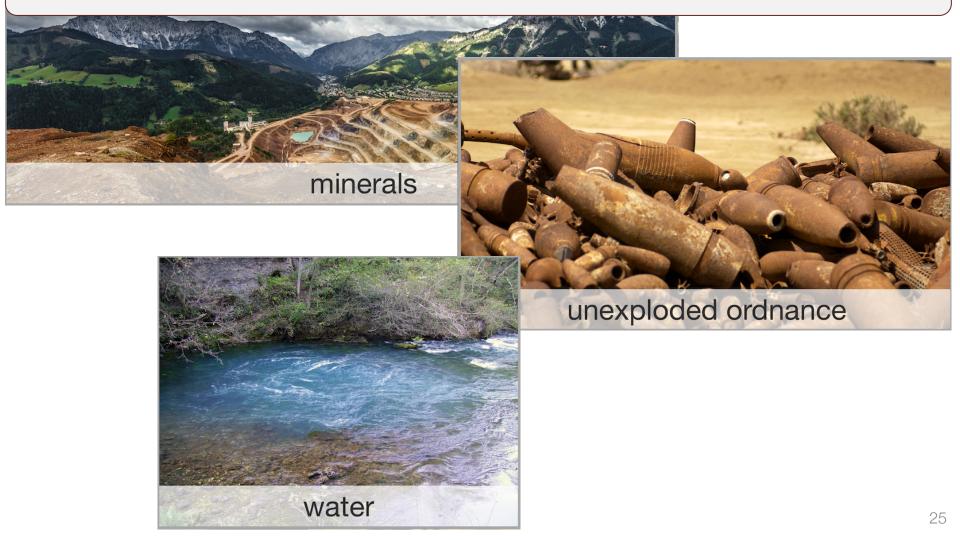
	stories/index.html	
🕷 em	Case Histories	
Search docs		
	Case histories provide the context for our developmen	
Contributors	presented in em.geosci. Each case history focuses upon a particular problem to be solved and	
Introduction	provides the motivation for working with particular surveys and shows the effectiveness of electromagnetics in answering the posed questions. For many people, a case history will be the entry	
Physical Properties	point to this site. To facilitate transfer of knowledge we have developed a common framework	
Maxwell I: Fundamentals	Seven Step Process) in which each case history is presented. Links are provided so that a reader can investigate fundamental aspects of EM, the survey, or interpretation. In some cases we are able to provide data sets and analysis/inversion software to enhance the user experience and to address	
Maxwell II: Static		
Maxwell III: FDEM		
Maxwell IV: TDEM	important issues regarding reproducability. Case histories for our initial launch of em.geosci are those that have been developed by past and present students at the Geophysical Inversion Facility.	
Geophysical Surveys	The titles, and EM systems used are provided below.	
Inversion		
Case Histories	Gallery	
Mt. Isa	Mt. Isa	
Bookpurnong		
Aspen	Mt. Isa	
Lalor	Contributors author: Dom Fournier	
Elevenmile Canyon	 author: Dom Fournier 	
Albany	Tags	
West Plains	 geophysical survey: DC, IP 	
Furggwanghorn	 application: Mining location: Australia 	
Norsminde		
Barents Sea		
Kasted		
The Balboa ZTEM Cu-Mo-Au porphyry discovery at Cobre Panama	Bookpurnong	
Gallery	Bookpurnong	Sold Set
Equation Bank	Contributors author: Dikun Yang	
References	· aution. Dikult fallg	the second secon
Kererences	Tags	and the second second
	 geophysical survey: Airborne FDEM, Airborn TDEM 	ne

Introduction to EM

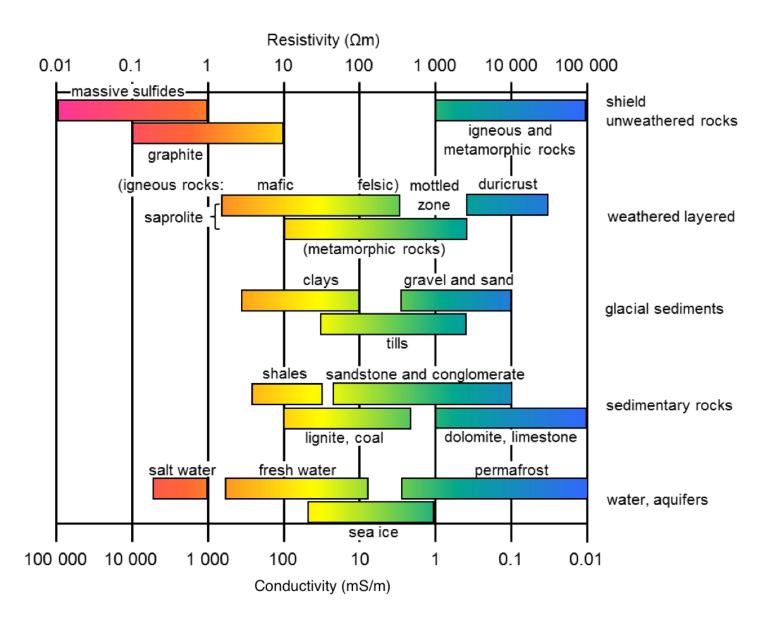


Three problems

How do we locate and characterize ...



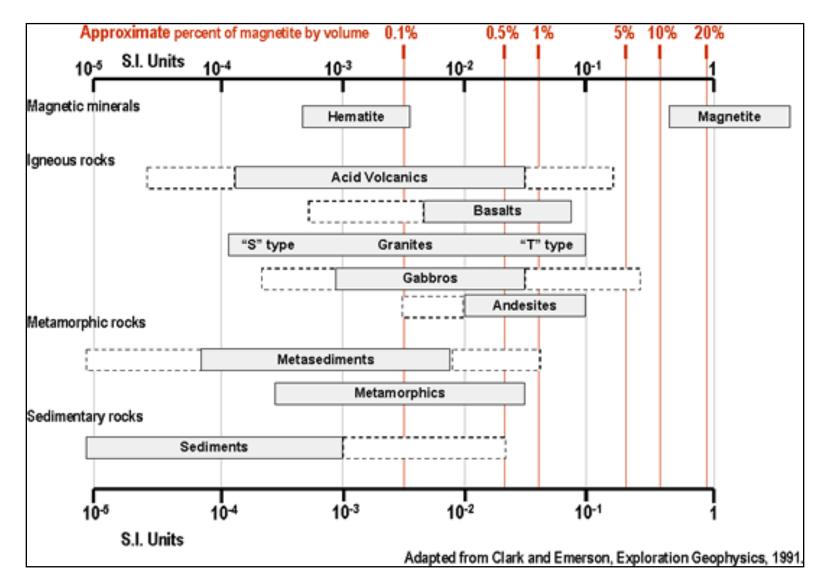
Electrical Resistivity / Conductivity



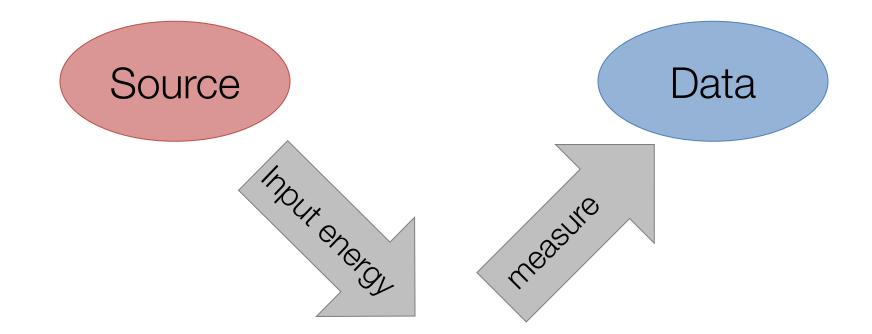
Dielectric constant

Material	Relative Permittivity	Conductivity (mS/m)
Air	1	0
Fresh Water	80	0.5
Sea Water	80	3000
Ice	3-4	0.01
Dry Sand	3-5	0.01
Saturated Sand	20-30	0.1-1
Limestone	4-8	0.5-2
Shales	5-15	1-100
Silts	5-30	1-100
Clays	5-40	2-1000
Granite	4-6	0.01-1
Anhydrites	3-4	0.01-1

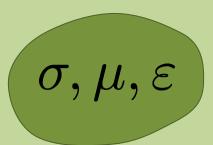
Magnetic Susceptibility



EM Survey & Physical Properties



Physical Properties

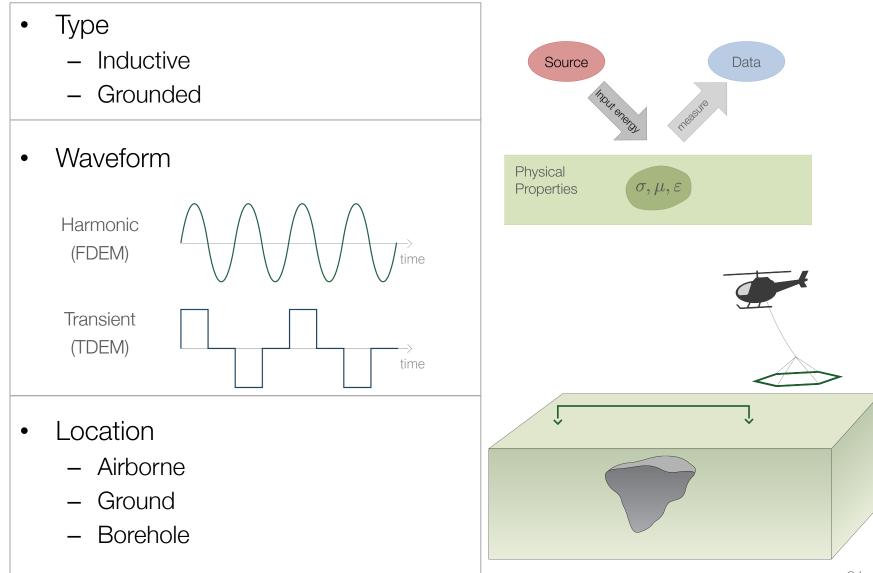


Basic Equations

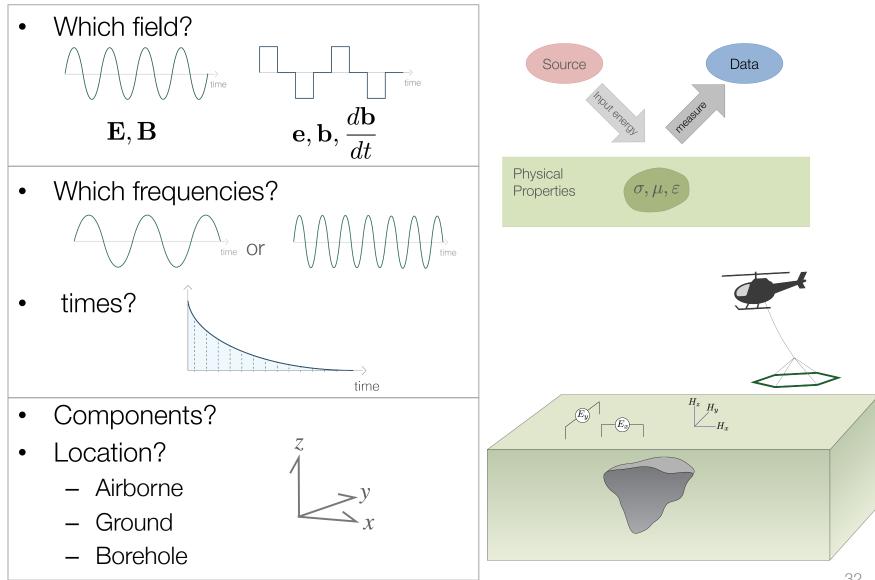
	Time	
Faraday's Law	$\nabla \times \mathbf{e} = -\frac{\partial \mathbf{b}}{\partial t}$	$ abla imes {f E} = -i\omega {f B}$
Ampere's Law	$ abla imes \mathbf{h} = \mathbf{j} + \frac{\partial \mathbf{d}}{\partial t}$	$ abla imes \mathbf{H} = \mathbf{J} + i\omega \mathbf{D}$
No Magnetic Monopoles	$\nabla \cdot \mathbf{b} = 0$	$\nabla \cdot \mathbf{B} = 0$
Constitutive Relationships (non-dispersive)	$\mathbf{j} = \sigma \mathbf{e}$	$\mathbf{J}=\sigma\mathbf{E}$
	$\mathbf{b} = \mu \mathbf{h}$	${f B}=\mu {f H}$
	$\mathbf{d} = \varepsilon \mathbf{e}$	$\mathbf{D}=arepsilon\mathbf{E}$

* Solve with sources and boundary conditions

Electromagnetic Survey: Sources

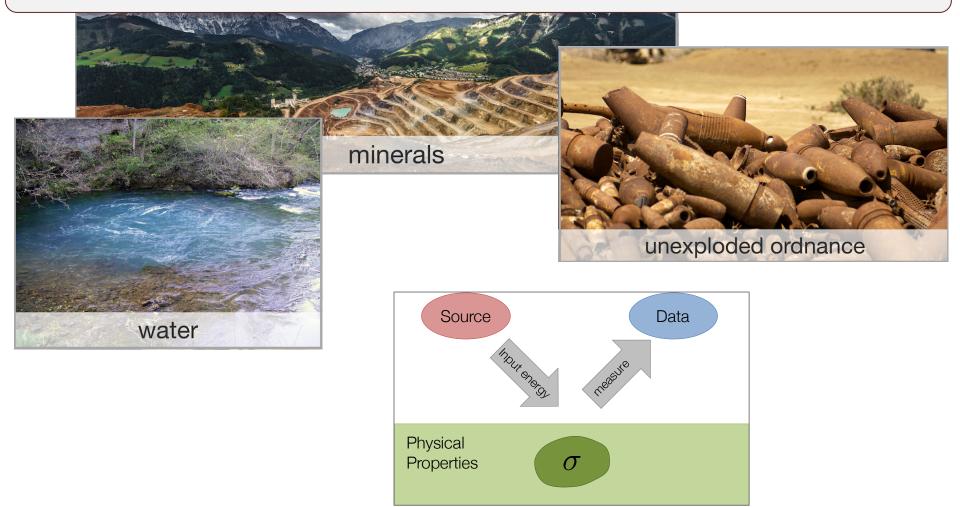


Electromagnetic Survey: Data

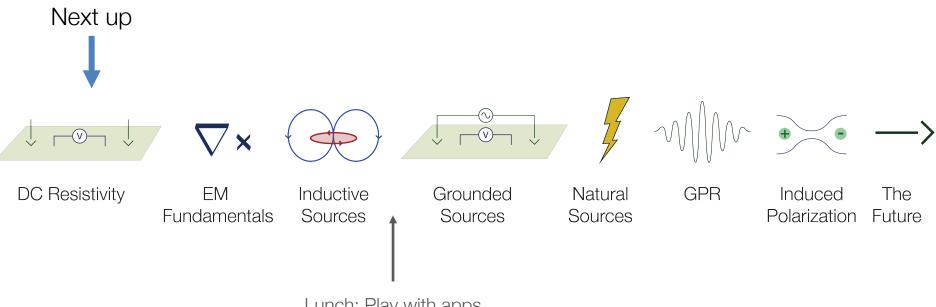


Three problems

Electrical conductivity is diagnostic for all three



End of Introduction



Lunch: Play with apps