A Software-defined Metro Fabric Architecture using Disaggregated Switching and VXLAN

NANOG 85

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Transport Fixed Broadband IoT Distributed DC

TDM DWDM Routing & Switching LISP VxLAN

TL1 Stacking & Virtual Chassis Automation SDN DPU

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Agenda

- Metro Ethernet Architectures, Past to Present
- New Approaches based on Commodity Switching + VXLAN
- Management and Control Plane Options
- Deployment Example
- Summary



Metro Ethernet Network

Architectures and Services: a Brief History

- L2VPN MEF services
- Metro Ethernet network architectures: from pure L2 to IP/MPLS
- Is there a better way?

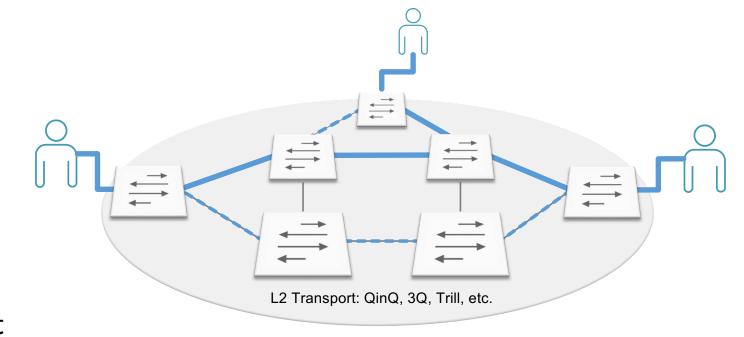


Traditional L2 Fabrics

What do we like/dislike?

+ Relatively
Simple to
Manage /
Automate

- Multi-Pathing Inefficient
- GeographicalScale & TenantScale





IP/MPLS Fabrics

What do we like/dislike?

+ Multi-Pathing Efficient (Best Path & ECMP)

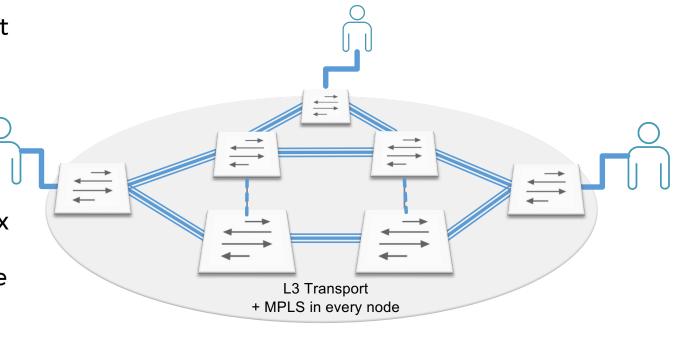
+ Geographical scale & "theoretical" tenant scale

Every node must participate in complex MPLS control plane

Difficult to orchestrate

 Heavy control-plane burden limits use of lower-cost switching and/or tenant scale





Is there a better way?

What about VXLAN and EVPN?



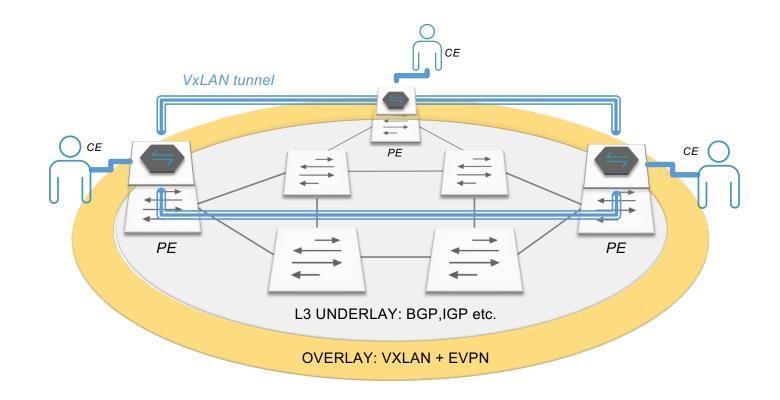
Overlay | Underlay Abstraction with VXLAN & EVPN

OVERLAY

Daily provisioning

UNDERLAY

 Day 1 provisioning





Q. Is this really a "new" idea? A. No. We've been talking about it for a few years.



R. Steenbergen at NANOG 72 (Feb '18)

Conclusions:

- VXLAN is simpler, lighter weight than prior approaches, but it needs a control plane
- SDN with centralized controller doesn't scale
- BGP EVPN can scale for metro/WAN



R. Dhople at Brazil IX (Dec '19)

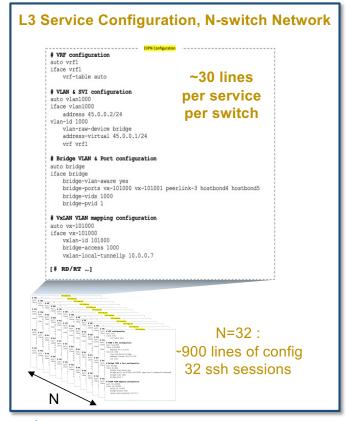
Conclusions:

- VXLAN over IP can handle all ISP traffic, incl. IPTV, mobile backhaul, MEF services, etc.
- Better utilization, resilience than G.8032 rings
- Narrowing gap on MPLS-equivalent capabilities

So where are the widescale deployments? Something is still missing...



BGP EVPN Configuration



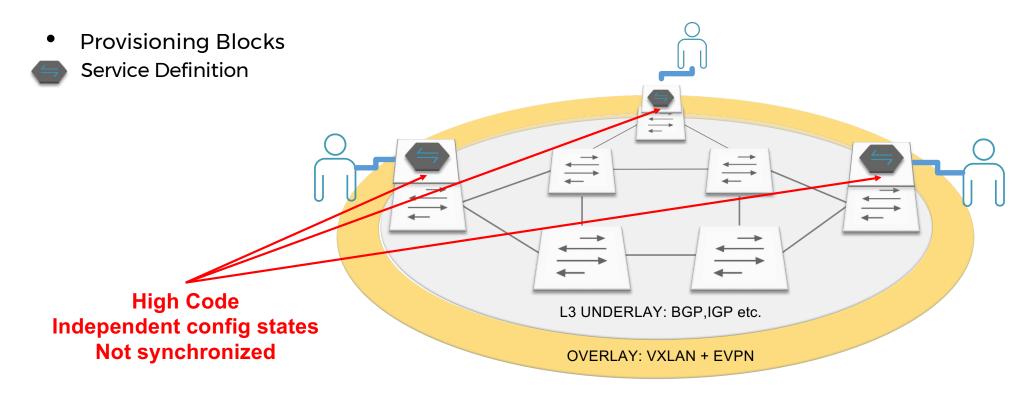
- BGP EVPN service configuration can be very time-consuming and error-prone
- Operational scale requires some type of automation
- No obvious answer, so network teams are going in different directions
 - **Ansible**
 - Python / home-grown scripting
 - 3rd party software packages

 - Static VXLAN configuration 🧐



Overlay | Underlay Abstraction with VXLAN & EVPN

Operational Scale Analysis





Overlay | Underlay Abstraction with VXLAN & EVPN

Operational Scale Analysis

Provisioning Blocks

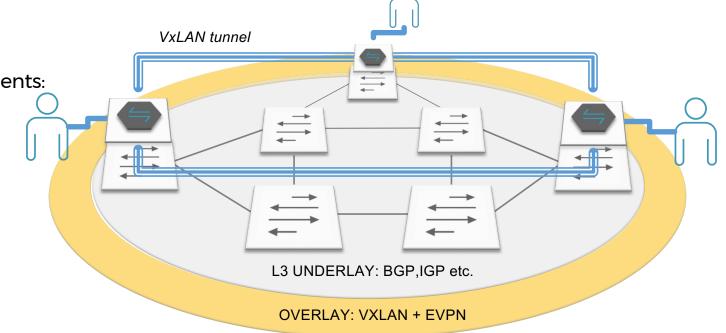
Service Definition

3 independent components:

- Local service
- VxLAN data plane
- EVPN control plane

Operational Effort
 1 Service for N sites:

Total = 3N





Is there a way to improve EVPN?

What about VXLAN [and EVPN] and SDN?



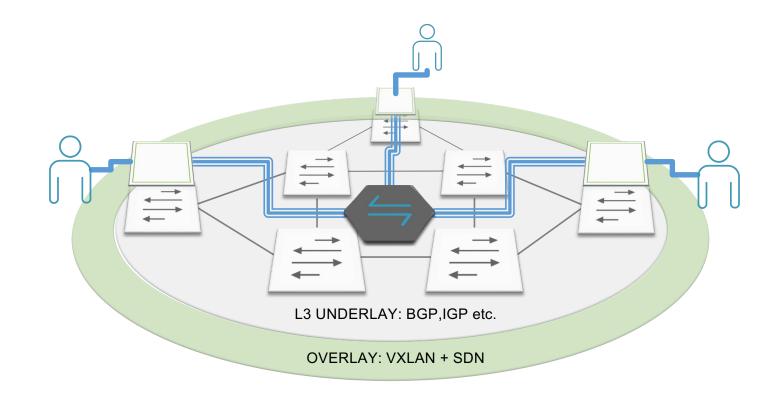
Overlay | Underlay Abstraction with VXLAN & SDN

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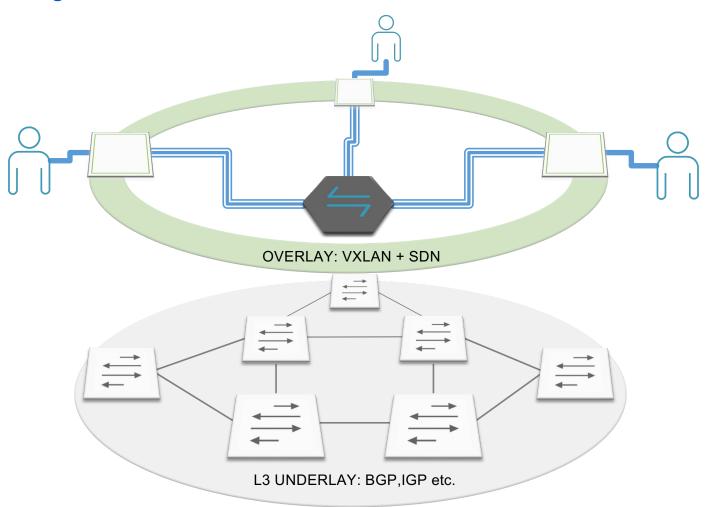
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Overlay | Underlay Abstraction with VXLAN & SDN

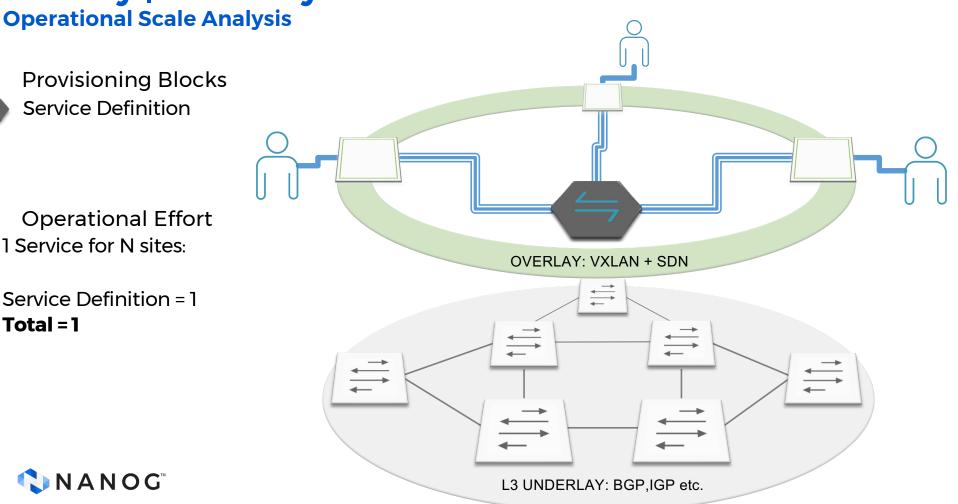
Provisioning Blocks

Service Definition

Operational Effort 1 Service for N sites:

Service Definition = 1 Total = 1





VXLAN Management & Control Plane Options

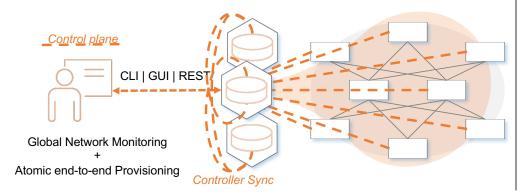
	Network Scale	Operational Scale
BGP EVPN	Yes	No
Centralized SDN	No	Yes
Distributed SDN (w/ or w/o EVPN)	Yes	Yes



SDN: Centralized vs. Distributed Controller

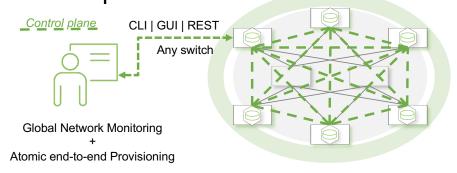
Centralized Controller:

- Needs external controllers → cost, scale & resilience issues
- Requires OOB management network
- Limited topology flexibility



Distributed Controller:

- No external controller
- Switch/network drives scale/resilience
- Use In-band or OOB management network
- Any topology | overlay w/ open Transport





Questions: what network transports the control-plane?
What happens when the network spans multiple sites (and/or not leaf-spine topology)

Disaggregated Switching Platforms

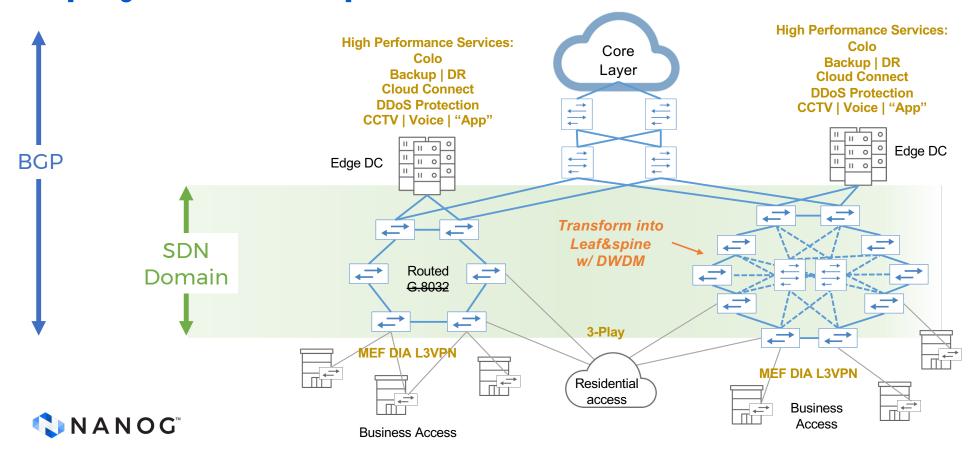
 Data-center class switching silicon (e.g. Broadcom Trident 3/4) delivers everything you need:



- Multi-terabit capacity
- Table scale & flexibility for multi-tenant L2/L3 services
- Hardware VXLAN Tunnel End Points (VTEPs) for single-pass line-rate encapsulation
- Dynamic/Resilient Load Balancing
- Line-rate telemetry
- etc., etc.
- Bottom line: No need for custom silicon or deep buffers*
 - * Assuming reasonable topologies + link capacities
 - In the data center, we used leaf-spine, non-blocking Clos architectures with rich interconnectivity
 - Metro topologies vary widely but can achieve similar result, leveraging metro optical DWDM (especially with emerging pluggable 400ZR optics)



xSP metro network + services fabric Deployment Example



Summary

- Fully functional, high-performance Metro Ethernet networks can be built using disaggregated commodity switching + VXLAN over IP
- BGP EVPN control plane can provide network scalability, but needs some type of automation layer to achieve operational scalability
- Distributed SDN control plane overcomes scaling and resilience issues of a centralized SDN controller architecture, provides a viable alternative or complement to BGP EVPN with potential for simpler operations





Thank you

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