

Deploying a Backbone in APAC

How we failed, What we learned, What we changed

NANOG88 - 13th June 2023 Pierre-Yves Maunier p.maunier@f5.com

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Who is F5

Who is F5

FROM HW/APPLIANCE



- You probably know F5 for the BIG IP
- F5 is often seen as a HW/Appliance company
- This was true a few years back but it's no longer the case

Who is F5

TO SAAS/SERVICES

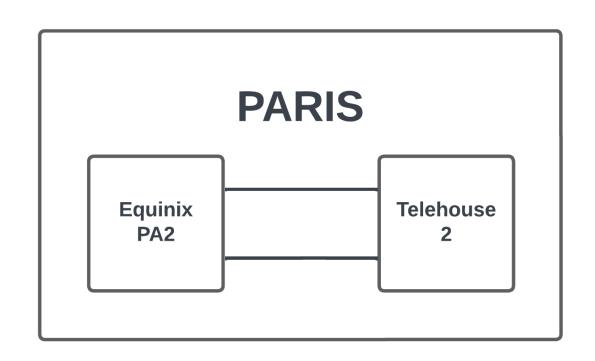
F5 made multiple acquisitions (NGINX, Shape, Volterra, Silverline) to build a services portfolio (WAF, DDoS Protection, Edge computing...)

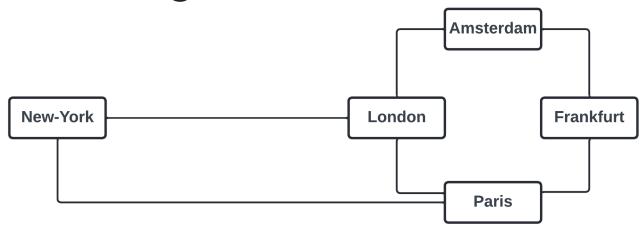
These services requires a strong underlying backbone to perform

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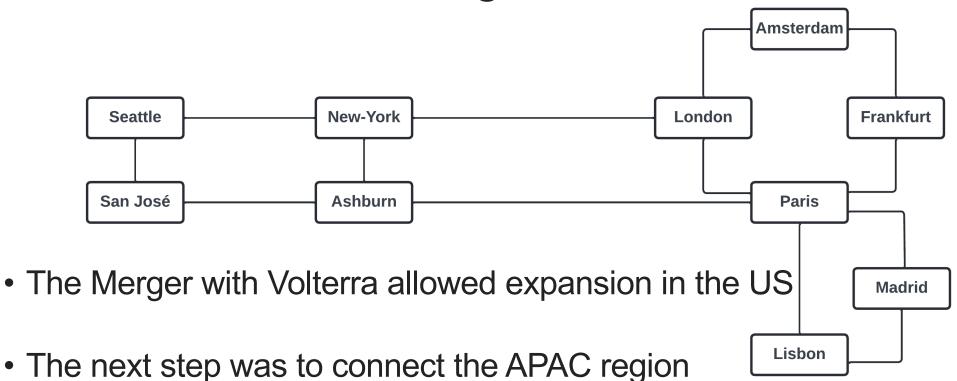
- It all started as a small French network Start Up called Acorus Networks
- A few guys and a small network foot print, the goal was to be better at DDoS mitigation

Started in France with the 2 main POPs in Paris





Expanded pretty fast to the main Europe locations and started to connect the US



SEVERAL CHALLENGES



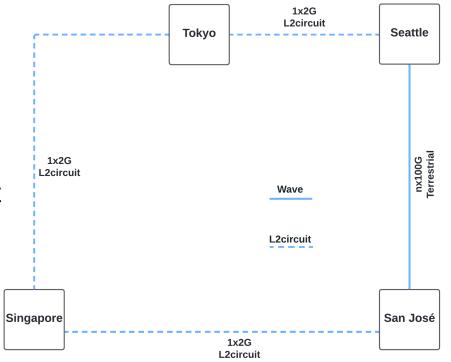
Distances / Latencies, Costs, Where do we start?

Q1-2020

Started with L2circuit with cost efficiency and resilience in mind

It was horrible: unreliable, frequent packet loss, hard down, latency increase etc

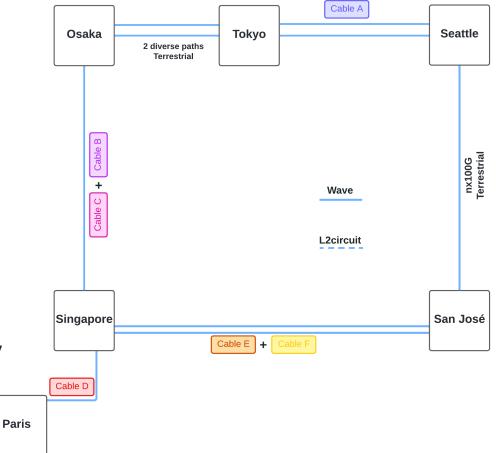
We worked with the provider to try to improve the situation with no results



After a few months we looked at other solutions

Q1-2021

- Ditched L2circuits
- Went with 10G Waves
- 3 Paths per POP
- Submarine cable diversity



SINGAPORE TERRESTRIAL EXAMPLE

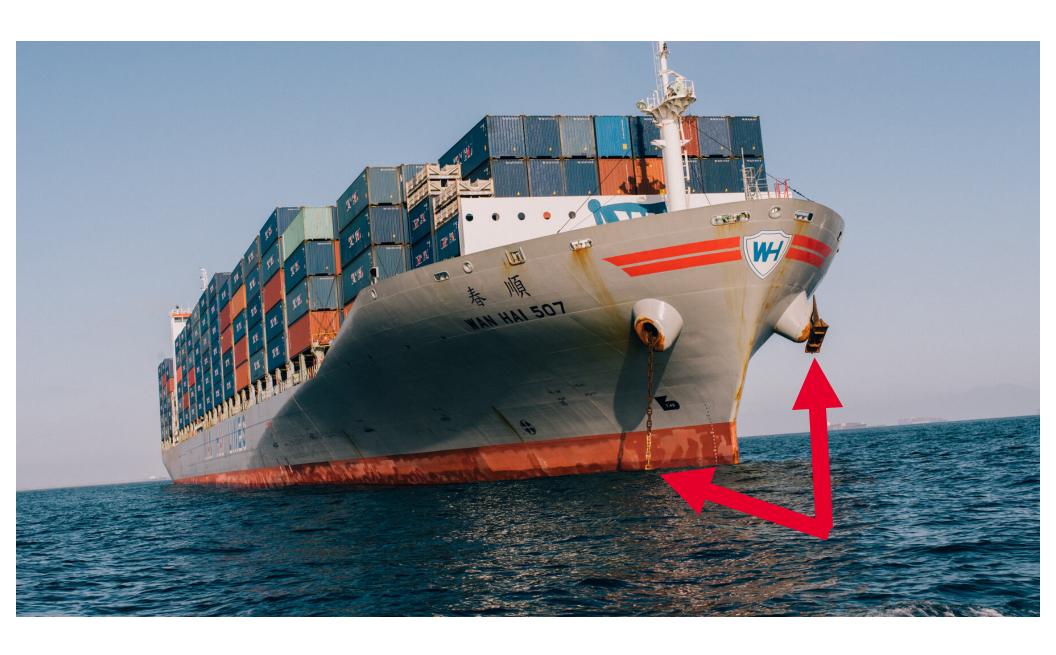
Singapore terrestrial backhauls

- We also studied terrestrial backhauls diversity between CLS* and POPs
- But it's not enough
- Cuts happen frequently and can take several weeks until repaired
- Maintenances are more frequent than terrestrial cables in our experience

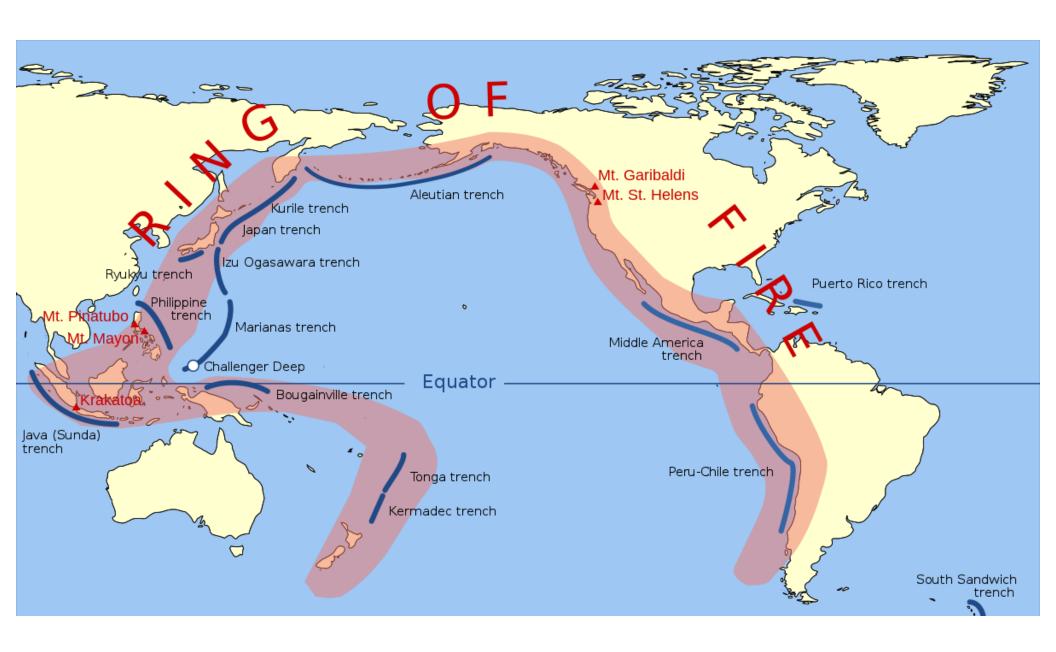


*CLS: Cable Landing Station

Why so many issues?







Q3/Q4-2021

Upgraded capacity (120 Gbps)

Added more paths, new HK pop

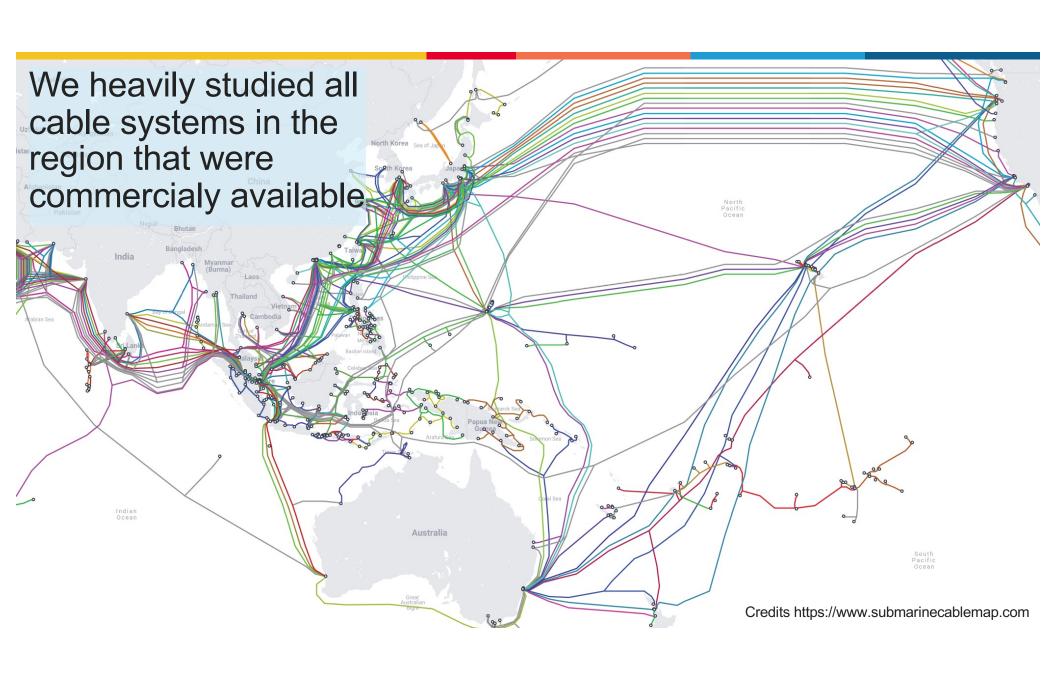
Still not enough

Now that the backbone is part of F5, as a global cloud company we have to and can do better

Osaka Tokvo Seattle 2 diverse paths Terrestrial Hong Kong Wave diverse L2circuit terrestrial Cable G Singapore San José Cable E + Cable D

Cable A

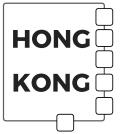
Back to the drawing board



Each small square/rectangle represent a CLS

(Cable Landing Station)

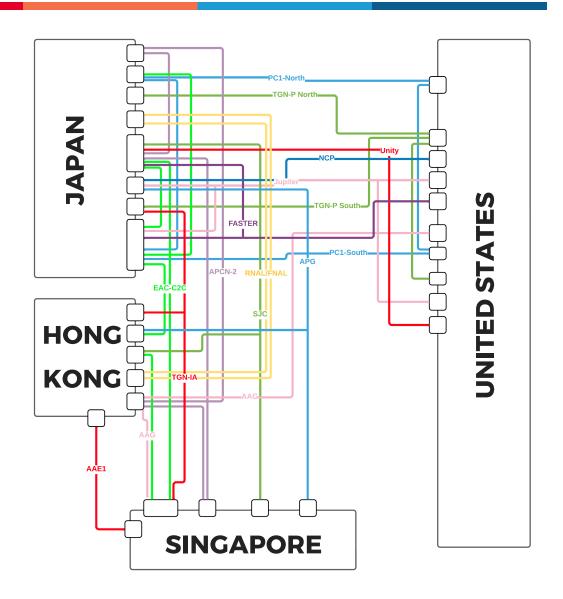






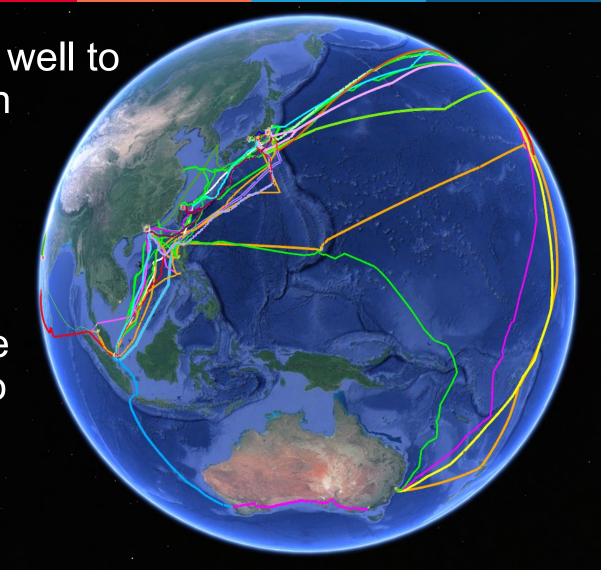


We mapped out most cable system we could get capacity on and studied the CLS diversity



Mapping out all kmz as well to check diversity between CLS, BMH*, POPS

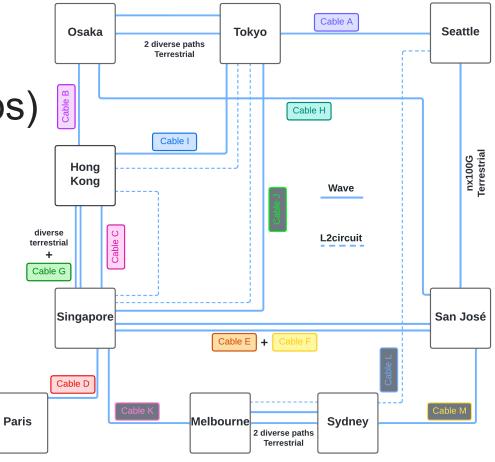
BMH: Beach Manhole, where the subsea cable meets terrestrial fiber to go to the CLS



Q3-2022

Upgraded capacity (1 Tbps)

- More paths (4+) per POP
- More cable diversity
- New POPs
- •L2 as last resort backup (not the same provider as last time)



EXPERIENCE

- Like before, outages last for ever
- •No POP downtime due to circuits availability issue ...
- •...But we had a close call (twice)
- 4 out of 5 circuits down (4 differents paths) were related to our Hong Kong POP

APAC circuits availability from 2022-10-01 to 2023-06-02



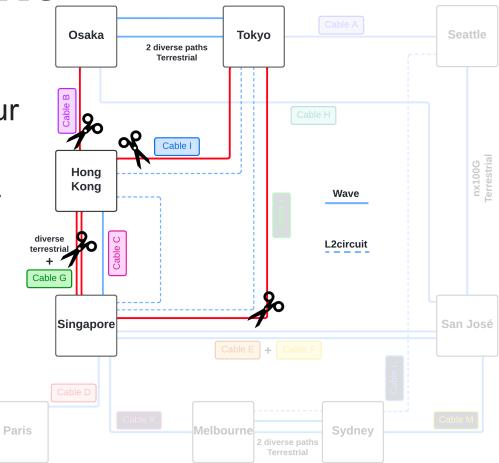
EXPERIENCE

• The last circuit connecting HK to our backbone had CRC errors on it ...

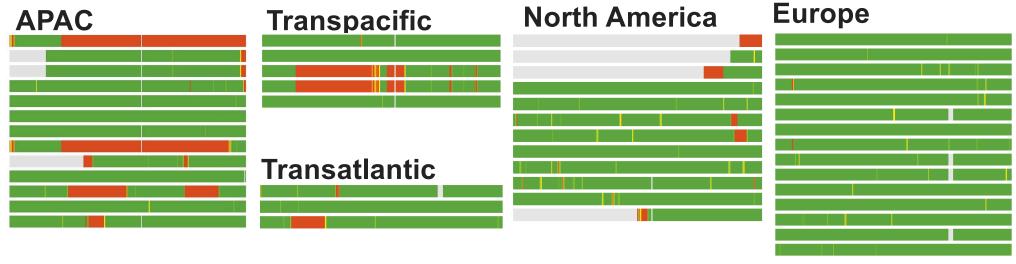
• Thankfully we were able to use our Layer2 backup with some adjustments

So far we're happy with our design

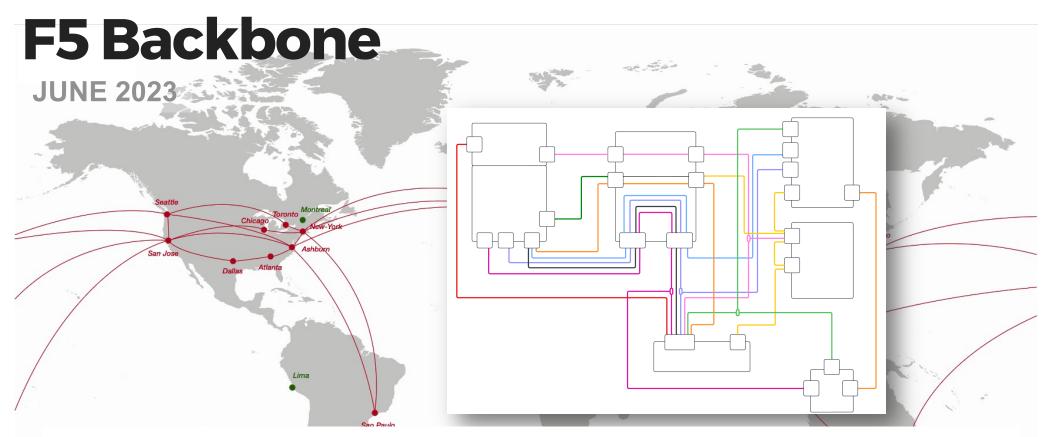
How does this compare to other regions?



Last 8 months circuits availability Oct-22 to May-23



- No surprise here, submarine cables means longer outages
- APAC and Transpacific outages usually last longer than Transatlantic
- North America / Europe (mostly terrestrial) are obviously more reliable (and way cheaper)



CLS study is on going for our deployment in Middle East like we did for APAC

*CLS: Cable Landing Station

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Our experience What we've learned

Our experience

WHAT WE'VE LEARNED

- APAC is expensive, it accounts for approx. 50% of all backbone costs (transit/peering/circuits)
- Submarine cables outages can last for months increasing the probability of having multiple cable cuts during the same time window
- Requires a lot of path diversity, 4+ paths per pop gets you close to 100% availability but things can still go sideways

Our experience

WHAT WE'VE LEARNED

- We initially thought L2 backup was overkill with our diversity, turned out we used it multiple times
- It took a long time to study all routes (CLS+BMH+Terrestrial backhaul), but we think it was worth it
- Our circuits providers were always ready to help with backhaul modifications to increase terrestrial diversity
- Shipping hardware, dealing with customs is often difficult.



Thank You! Questions?