

Internet Systems Consortium



Deploying DNSSEC.
Pulling yourself up by
your bootstraps
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- Standard is complete and usable
 - Minor nits with regards to some privacy issues in some contexts (nsec3, online signing)
- There are at least 2 implementations of servers (BIND and NSD)
- There is at least 1 implementation of a DNSSEC aware resolver (BIND 9.3.2 and later)







- DNSSEC follows a hierarchical model for signatures
 - Sign the root zone
 - Get the root zone to delegation-sign TLDs
 - Get TLDs to delegation-sign SLDs
 - •







- Today the root zone remains unsigned
 - Likely this way for some time
- Very few TLDs have signed their zones and offer delegation signatures
 - .se, .ru, .org







- DNSSEC provides for local implementations to be able to insert local trust anchors, entry points into the secure system
 - E.g. Trust-anchors clause in BIND
- Problem: If you have too many it becomes a nightmare to maintain, so it doesn't get used



DLV



- Enter DLV, Domain Lookaside Validation
 - Is an implementation feature, not a change to the protocol. A matter of local policy.
 - It enables access to a remote, signed, repository of trust anchors, via the DNS
- Implemented in BIND's resolver so far.
 More to follow?





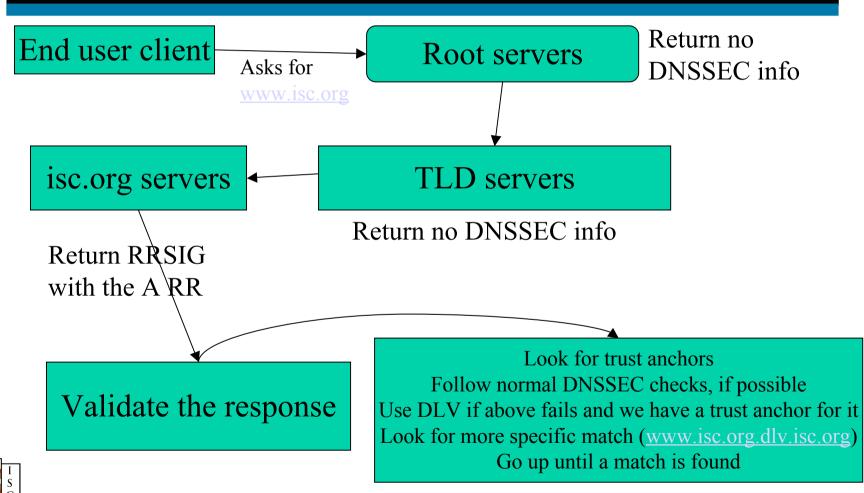


• A DLV enabled resolver will try to find a secure entry point using regular DNSSEC processes and **IF IT FAILS**, and has DLV configured, will issue a search on the specified DLV tree



DLV lookup











- On the resolver (thus far BIND)
 - Add to named.conf
 - In the options section:

```
// DNSSEC configuration
dnssec-enable yes;
dnssec-lookaside . trust-anchor dlv.isc.org.;
```

• By itself

```
trusted-keys {
dlv.isc.org. 257 3 5
   "AQPap3+2+itqZpuujLA/j/eIEyls9HGo9W8rm1uVpW0zZX4viyFQyGL91
   YkGUA2uTQ1ZHWbJ36KYlJpt8ZZ+tuIismJw9/AUnNzlPgwCfq5C2MOG
   Vh33nF60k67ppiapMYsOaDFbAQf5Vcc3L+BwfJvkXsZK73nD3gBEcdcm
   uJejeQ==";
```

Get the Key from ISC's web (http://www.isc.org/ops/dlv)







- ISC is operating a DLV registry free of charge for anyone who wants to secure their DNS.
- Likely some closed organisations will use their own (e.g. .mil)
- Have a look and use it!



Questions?