Sun, Sea and Beach Safety

The Beach
Lifeguards patrol beaches. The RNLI means Royal National Lifeboat Institution. Their lifeguards help many people.
Stay safe on the beach:
- Swim where it is safe.
- Make sure you can swim.
- Always have an adult with you.
- Watch the weather.
- Wear the proper clothing when playing water sports.
- Shout for help and hold your hand in the air if in trouble.
- If you ever see someone else in trouble - get a lifeguard or tell an adult.
- Ask adults if it’s safe and look at safety flags.

The Sun
- Never look up at the sun.
- Always wear sunglasses, suncream and a hat.
- Always stay in the shade between 11 am and 3 pm.
- Keep a t-shirt on.
- Cover your shoulders.
- Drink lots of water.

Sea Creatures
There are some creatures to be careful around like:
- jellyfish
- stingrays
- mussels
- clams
- coral

Flags at the Beach

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Bathing Flag</th>
<th>Surfing Flag</th>
<th>Danger Flag</th>
<th>Orange Windsock</th>
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Sun, Sea and Beach Safety

Answer the questions below in full sentences.

1. Name something you can do to protect your eyes.

2. What should you drink lots of?

3. Name two creatures that you should be careful around in the sea.

4. Who patrols the beaches?

5. What do they do?

6. What should you wear when playing water sports?
7. What colour is the flag that means the area is patrolled by lifeguards and is safe??

8. What colour is the flag that means danger?
Sun, Sea and Beach Safety

The Beach
Lifeguards patrol many beaches and save thousands of people every year. Lifeguards from the RNLI (Royal National Lifeboat Institution) helped more than 19,350 people in 2014.

Stay safe on the beach:
- Swim where it is safe.
- Make sure you can swim.
- Always have an adult with you.
- Watch the weather.
- Wear the proper clothing when playing water sports.
- Shout for help and hold your hand in the air if in trouble.
- If you ever see someone else in trouble - get a lifeguard or tell an adult.
- Ask adults if it’s safe and look at safety flags.

The Sun
The sun can hurt your eyes and can blind you.

Stay safe in the sun:
- Never look up at the sun!
- Always wear sunglasses, sun cream and a hat.
- Stay in the shade, especially between 11 am and 3 pm.
- Keep a t-shirt on and cover your shoulders.
- Drink lots of water.

Sea Creatures
There are some creatures you need to be careful around.
- Never enter the water if you can see jellyfish.
- Try shuffling through the water to avoid startling stingrays or accidentally stepping on them.
- You can graze or cut yourself on mussels, clams and coral. Try wearing water shoes.
- Always seek First Aid if you have been stung, hurt or are in any doubt!
## Flags at the Beach

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Answer the questions below in full sentences.

1. Name two things you can do to protect your eyes.

2. When is it most important to stay in the shade?

3. You should never enter the water if you see which creature?

4. Which creature would you avoid stepping on if you shuffle?

5. What could you wear to protect your feet from getting cut or grazed?

6. What does RNLI stand for?
7. How many people did they help in 2014?


8. What colour is the flag that means the area is watched by lifeguards?


9. What does the orange windsock mean?


Sun, Sea and Beach Safety

The Beach
Lifeguards patrol many beaches and save thousands of people every year. In 2014, records state that lifeguards from the RNLI (Royal National Lifeboat Institution) responded to 17,050 incidents on some of the busiest beaches in the UK and they helped more than 19,350 people. Stay safe on the beach:

- Just swim where it’s safe to – preferably at a lifeguard patrolled beach.
- Make sure you can swim, never swim alone and make sure you are always supervised by an adult at the beach.
- Keep an eye on the weather – if it’s very windy or the sea is rough, do not swim or use inflatables in the sea.
- Wear the proper clothing when playing water sports.
- Shout for help and hold your hand in the air if in trouble.
- Get a lifeguard or tell an adult if there isn’t a lifeguard, if you ever see someone else in trouble.
- Read information, follow instructions and look at safety flags.

The Sun
The sun can damage your eyes and you can even become blind!

Stay safe in the sun:
- Never look up at the sun.
- Always wear sunglasses.
- Always wear sun cream.
- Always wear a hat.
- Stay in the shade, especially during the hottest time of the day (11am – 3pm).
- Keep a t-shirt on, especially covering shoulders.
- Drink lots of water to keep hydrated.

Sea Creatures
There are some creatures to be careful around:

- **Jellyfish** can sting you with their tentacles. Never enter the water if you can see jellyfish.
- **Stingrays** can sting you with their stinger. Try shuffling through the water to avoid startling them or accidentally stepping on them.
- **Mussels and Clams** have sharp shells that you may graze or cut yourself on.
- **Coral** can also be sharp. Try wearing water shoes.
- Always seek First Aid if you have been stung, hurt or are in any doubt!
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Answer the questions below in full sentences.

1. What can the sun do to your eyes?

2. Which of the advice points could help protect your skin?

3. When do you think you’d be most at risk of burning?

4. Why would shuffling through the water be a good idea?

5. What can be sharp in the sea?

6. Who are the RNLI and how do they help?
7. How many incidents did they respond to and how many people did they help in 2014?

8. What should you do if you or anyone else is in danger?

9. What does it mean if the red and yellow flag is out on the beach?

10. Which flags mean it is not safe for you to swim at sea?