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Final Report SAM2817i-1

BIOLOGICAL REACTIVITY IN VITRO CYTOTOXICITY - ELUTION TEST

Study Program:	SAM2817
Contract n.:	E05/0137.4MI
<u>Sponsor</u> :	ANDROMEDICAL S.L. Mar Mediterràneo, 19 28220 Majadahonda MADRID – (ES)
Test substance:	ANDRO-PENIS
<u>Study Director</u> (Dr. P. Consonni)	<u>Released on</u> :
This test report cannot be re	eproduced partially except written approval by laboratory

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SUMMARY

A toxicological study was performed according to ISO 10993-5:1999 on the test substance ANDRO-PENIS to determine the biocompatibility.

The following test was performed:

- cytotoxicity by elution

The analytical test was accomplished on the different materials which constitute the device and are in contact with the human skin:

1.	Plastic base ring	Plastic	15
2.	Rod (for the articulated screw)	Brass and Nickel	14
3.	Articulated screw	Brass and Nickel	26.1
4.	Adjustable bar screw	Brass and Nickel	13.—
5.	Metal bar	Brass and Nickel	111
6.	Screw	Brass and Nickel	
7.	Spring	Brass and Nickel	
8.	Screw to ground the spring	Brass and Nickel	
9.	Large 4 cm axis	Aluminium alloy	lii .
10.	Medium 2 cm axis	Aluminium alloy	
11.	Small 0.5 cm axis	Aluminium alloy	
12.	Minimum 0.3 cm axis	Aluminium alloy	-
13.	Superior plastic support	Plastic	
14.	silicone band	Silicon	4 (1 · 1)
15.	Andro-Top	Foam	

The **cytotoxicity by elution test** was performed using a NCTC L929 cell culture in exponential phase of growth.

The eluates of the test material were performed in static conditions by immersing test material into Medium culture in order to reach a weight/volume ratio of:

- 0.2 g/ml for the PLASTIC (1 and 13)
- 0.2 g/ml for the FOAM (15)
- in order to reach a surface/volume ratio of:
- 6 cm²/ml for the ALLUMINUM ALLOY (9-12)
- 3 cm²/ml for the SILICON (14)
- 6 cm²/ml for the BRASSED and NICKELED COMPONENTS (2-8)

The test sample was then incubated at 37°C ±1°C for 24 hours.

2 ml of eluate of each test material were applied to the monolayer of NCTC L929 and it was incubated at 37°C ±1°C in CO₂ atmosphere for 48 hours.

After 24 and 48 hours of incubation the cells culture were observed to evaluate the biological reaction.

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PLASTIC (1 and 13)

After 24 and 48 hours of contact, in the treated cells with test material none reaction was observed (reactivity grade 0.00).

FOAM (15)

After 24 and 48 hours of contact, in the treated cells with test material none reaction was observed (reactivity grade 0.00).

ALLUMINUM ALLOY (9-12)

After 24 and 48 hours of contact, in the treated cells with test material none reaction was observed (reactivity grade 0.00).

SILICON (14)

After 24 and 48 hours of contact, in the treated cells with test material none reaction was observed (reactivity grade 0.00).

BRASSED and NICKELED COMPONENTS (2-8)

After 24 of contact, in the treated cells with test material not more than 70% of the cell layers contain rounded cells and are lysed. (reactivity grade 3.00).

After 48 hours of contact, in the treated cells with test material complete destruction of the cell layers was observed (reactivity grade 4.00).

On the basis of the results, interpreted according to ISO 10993-5:1999, the test material PLASTIC (1 and 13)can be considered **NON CYTOTOXIC.**

On the basis of the results, interpreted according to ISO 10993-5:1999, the test material FOAM (15)can be considered **NON CYTOTOXIC**.

On the basis of the results, interpreted according to ISO 10993-5:1999, the test material ALLUMINUM ALLOY (9-12)can be considered **NON CYTOTOXIC**.

On the basis of the results, interpreted according to ISO 10993-5:1999, the test material SILICON (14)can be considered **NON CYTOTOXIC**.

On the basis of the results, interpreted according to ISO 10993-5:1999, the test material BRASSED and NICKELED COMPONENTS (2-8) can be considered **Severely CYTOTOXIC**.

The detailed procedure is reported in Experimental Report SAM2817i-1.A1.

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INTRODUCTION

This study has been carried out on behalf on the Sponsor ANDROMEDICAL S.L. to evaluate the capacity of the test material and/or its eluable components, to induce local effects.

The following test was performed:

- cytotoxicity by elution

The experimentation was performed at the Assay Centre Biolab S.p.A. of Vimodrone (MI) – via B. Buozzi n. 2.

The **cytotoxicity by elution test** started on September 2nd, 2005 with eluate preparation and ended on September 7th, 2005.

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<u>BIBLIOGRAPHY</u>

- ISO 10993-5: 1999
 Biological evaluation of medical devices
 Test for in vitro cytotoxicity.
- USP28 NF 23
 <87> Biological Reactivity test, in vitro Elution test

RECORD FILING

The study program and all its modifications and amendments, raw data and a copy of the final report and all its revisions will be retained in Biolab's archives for a period of 10 years from the issue of the final report.

A retained sample has not been kept.

At the end of the conservation period, the Sponsor may request an extension of the conservation of all or part of the substances for a further period, or their restitution. A suitable agreement shall be drafted in this case.

PROCEDURES

All procedures used during this study are recorded in the Biolab Procedures Manual.

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TEST SUBSTANCE DESCRIPTION

The test substance is a device consisting of different parts made of plastic and metallic materials intended to human use in contact with the skin.

Name: ANDRO-PENIS

ANALYSED SAMPLE

The analysed sample, representative of the test substance, is identified by the following numbers:

Name: ANDRO-PENIS

Acceptance number: 05.16494

Receiving number: R03758.05

Receiving date: August 22th, 2005

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Experimental Report SAM2817i.A1

BIOLOGICAL REACTIVITY IN VITRO CYTOTOXICITY - ELUTION TEST

SENIOR RESEARCHER: P. Consonni

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EXPERIMENTAL PROCEDURE

1. TEST METHOD

1.1 Characterisation

Mammal fibroblasts ATCC CCL1 NCTC Clone L929.

1.2 Substances and equipment

Culture medium L929

- 500 ml Minimum essential Medium Eagle with Earl's salts (EMEM) with Glutamine
 - 50 ml foetal bovine serum
 - 5 ml non essential aminoacids
 (Biowhittaker)
 (Biowhittaker)

Plastic substance for cell culture (PBI)
Inverted Microscope Diavert (Lux octica)
Laminar flow filtered work area (Flow)
CO₂ incubator (Flow)

USP Reference Standard negative

control plastic (filaments) (Nova chimica)

Natural rubber (positive control)

2. EXPERIMENTAL DESIGN

The experimental design included 9 plates containing a confluent cell monolayer, subdivided in following groups:

GROUP	PLATE N.1	PLATE N. 2	PLATE N. 3
1	2 ml of eluate of	2 ml of eluate of	2 ml of eluate of
Positive control	positive plastic	positive plastic	positive plastic
2	2 ml of eluate of	2 ml of eluate of	2 ml of eluate of
Negative control	negative plastic	negative plastic	negative plastic
3	2 ml of eluate of test	2 ml of eluate of test	2 ml of eluate of test
Treated	substance	substance	substance

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2.1 Sample preparation

The eluate of the test substance was prepared in static conditions by immersing:

- 1 piece (11.8 g) of PLASTIC (1 and 13) into 59 ml of Medium culture in order to reach a weight/volume ratio of 0.2 g/ml.
- 4 g of FOAM (15) into 20 ml of Medium culture in order to reach a weight/volume ratio of 0.2 g/ml.
- 6 pieces (75 cm²) of ALLUMINUM ALLOY (9-12) into 59 ml of Medium culture in order to reach a surface/volume ratio of 6 cm²/ml.
- 1 piece (39 cm²) of SILICON (14) into 13 ml of Medium culture in order to reach a surface/volume ratio of 3 cm²/ml.
- 2 piece (47.1 cm²) of BRASSED and NICKELED COMPONENTS (2-8) into 7.8 ml of Medium culture in order to reach a surface/volume ratio of 6 cm²/ml.

2.2 Negative control preparation

The negative control was represented by 120 cm² of plastic USP Reference Standard negative control put in 20 ml of culture Medium and incubated for 72 hours 37° ±1°C.

2.3 <u>Positive control preparation</u>

The positive control was represented by 120 cm² of natural rubber, put in 20 ml of culture medium and incubated for 72 hours at 37°C ±1°C.

3. TREATMENT

2 ml of cell suspension were pipetted from a confluent culture to 35 mm plates.

The plates were incubated at 37°C ±1°C in a 5% CO₂ atmosphere, allowing cell sedimentation and the constitution of a confluent monolayer.

From each plate the surfactant was removed and substituted with 2 ml of extract as reported in experimental design.

The same procedure was used both for the positive and the negative control.

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4. OBSERVATIONS

After 24 and 48 hours of incubation the plates were observed with an inverted microscope.

The biological reactivity (cellular degeneration and malformation) is described and rated on a scale of 0 to 4 as reported in the following table:

GRADE	REACTIVITY	DESCRIPTION OF REACTIVITY ZONE
0	None	Discrete intracytoplasmic granules; no cell lysis
1	Slight	Not more than 20% of the cells are round, loosely attached, and without intracytoplasmic granules
2	Mild	Not more than 50% of the cells are round and devoid of intracytoplasmic granules; extensive cell lysis and empty areas between cells
3	Moderate	Not more than 70% of the cell layers contain rounded cells and/or are lysed
4	Severe	Nearly complete destruction of the cell layers

<u>INTERPRETATION OF RESULTS</u>

When the cellular cultures treated with the test substance showed more then one reactivity 0, the test should be repeated with several quantitative dilution of the extract.

The test substance was classified according with the following scale:

- 0 Non cytotoxic
- 1 Slightly cytotoxic
- 2 Moderately cytotoxic
- 3 Severely cytotoxic

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RESULTS

PLASTIC (1 and 13)

After 24 and 48 hours of contact, in the treated cells with test material none reaction was observed.

Reactivity grade at 24 hours : 0.00 Reactivity grade at 48 hours : 0.00

FOAM (15)

After 24 and 48 hours of contact, in the treated cells with test material none reaction was observed.

Reactivity grade at 24 hours : 0.00 Reactivity grade at 48 hours : 0.00

ALLUMINUM ALLOY (9-12)

After 24 and 48 hours of contact, in the treated cells with test material none reaction was observed.

Reactivity grade at 24 hours : 0.00 Reactivity grade at 48 hours : 0.00

SILICON (14)

After 24 and 48 hours of contact, in the treated cells with test material none reaction was observed.

Reactivity grade at 24 hours : 0.00 Reactivity grade at 48 hours : 0.00

BRASSED and NICKELED COMPONENTS (2-8)

After 24 of contact, in the treated cells with test material not more than 70% of the cell layers contain rounded cells and are lysed.

After 48 hours of contact, in the treated cells with test material complete destruction of the cell layers was observed.

Reactivity grade at 24 hours : 3.00 Reactivity grade at 48 hours : 4.00

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CONCLUSIONS

On the basis of the results, interpreted according to ISO 10993-5:1999, the test material PLASTIC (1 and 13) can be considered **NON CYTOTOXIC.**

On the basis of the results, interpreted according to ISO 10993-5:1999, the test material FOAM (15) can be considered **NON CYTOTOXIC.**

On the basis of the results, interpreted according to ISO 10993-5:1999, the test material ALLUMINUM ALLOY (9-12) can be considered **NON CYTOTOXIC**.

On the basis of the results, interpreted according to ISO 10993-5:1999, the test material SILICON (14) can be considered **NON CYTOTOXIC.**

On the basis of the results, interpreted according to ISO 10993-5:1999, the test material BRASSED and NICKELED COMPONENTS (2-8) can be considered **Severely CYTOTOXIC.**

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Appendix n. 1:

Cellular reactivity in each plate for SUPERIOR PLASTIC SUPPORT (13)

TIME OF PLATE N. 1			PLATE N. 2			PLATE N. 3			
READING	Sample	Cont	Cont. +	Sample	Cont	Cont. +	Sample	Cont	Cont. +
24 hours	0	0	3	0	0	3	0	0	3
48 hours	0	0	4	0	0	4	0	0	4

Cellular reactivity in each plate for Andro-Top (15)

TIME OF	PLATE N. 1			PLATE N. 2			PLATE N. 3		
READING	Sample	Cont	Cont. +	Sample	Cont	Cont. +	Sample	Cont	Cont. +
24 hours	0	0	3	0	0	3	0	0	3
48 hours	0	0	4	0	0	4	0	0	4

Cellular reactivity in each plate for AXIS (9-12)

TIME OF	PLATE N. 1			PLATE N. 2			PLATE N. 3			
READING	Sample	Cont	Cont. +	Sample	Cont	Cont. +	Sample	Cont	Cont. +	
24 hours	0	0	3	0	0	3	0	0	3	
48 hours	0	0	4	0	0	4	0	0	4	

Cellular reactivity in each plate for SILICON BAND (14)

TIME OF	PLATE N. 1			PLATE N. 2			PLATE N. 3			
READING	Sample	Cont	Cont. +	Sample	Cont	Cont. +	Sample	Cont	Cont. +	
24 hours	0	0	3	0	0	3	0	0	3	
48 hours	0	0	4	0	0	4	0	0	4	

Cellular reactivity in each plate for "BRASSED and NICKELED COMPONENTS" (2-8)

TIME OF	PLATE N. 1			PLATE N. 2			PLATE N. 3			
READING	Sample	Cont	Cont. +	Sample	Cont	Cont. +	Sample	Cont	Cont. +	
24 hours	3	0	3	3	0	3	3	0	3	
48 hours	4	0	4	4	0	4	4	0	4	

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ADDENDUM

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