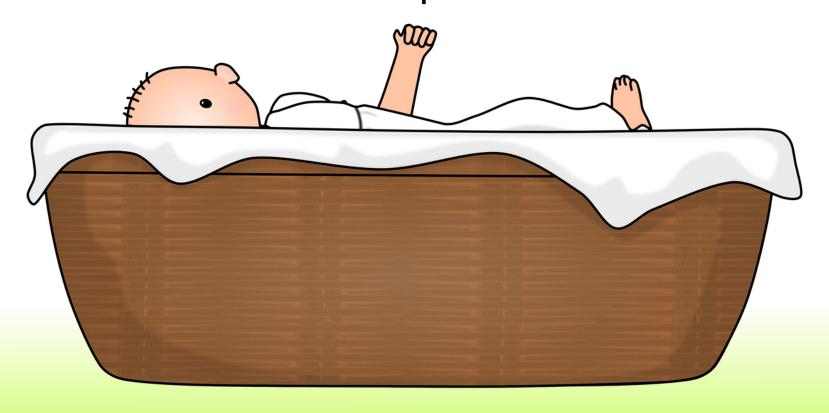
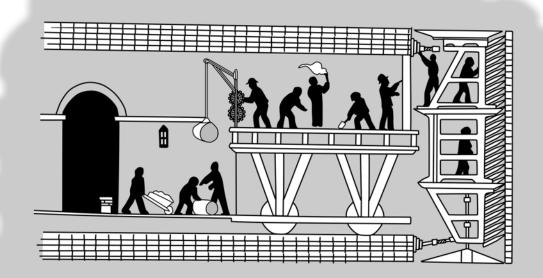


Isambard Kingdom Brunel is born 9th April to parents Marc and Sophia in Portsmouth, UK.



Isambard's father, Marc, invents the tunnelling shield.



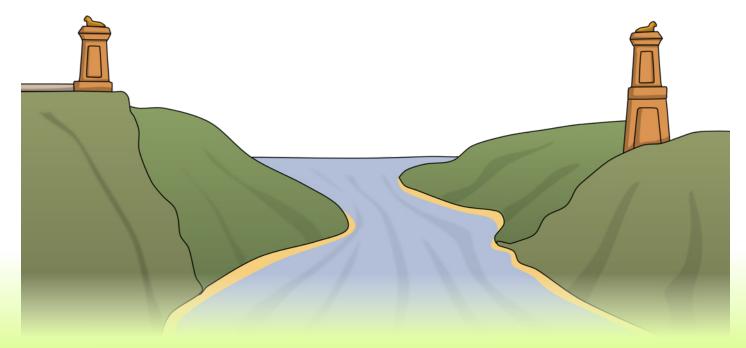
Building work begins on the Thames Tunnel.



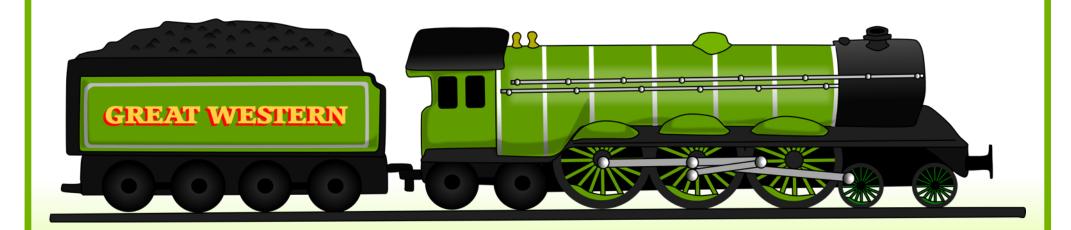
Isambard takes over from his father as Resident Engineer on the Thames Tunnel project.

Brunel almost loses his life when the tunnel roof collapses He later holds a feast in the tunnel to convince people it is now safe.

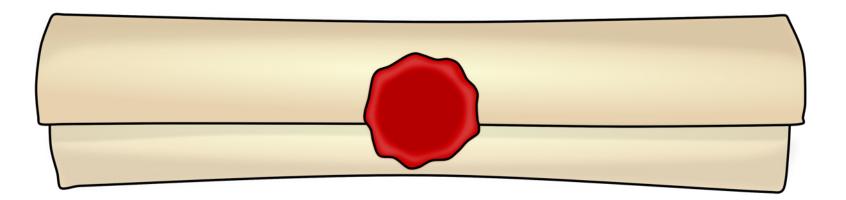
Brunel wins a competition to build a bridge across the River Avon at Bristol. Building is later abandoned in 1843.



Isambard is appointed as Chief Engineer for Great Western Railway and begins studying the future route.



Parliament passes the Great Western Railway Bill and GWR accept Brunel's proposal for a broad gauge railway.



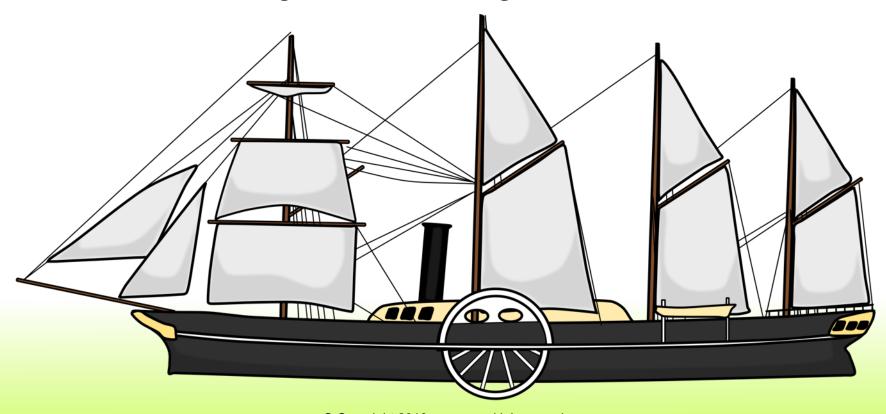
Work also restarts on the Thames Tunnel.

Brunel marries Mary Horsley.

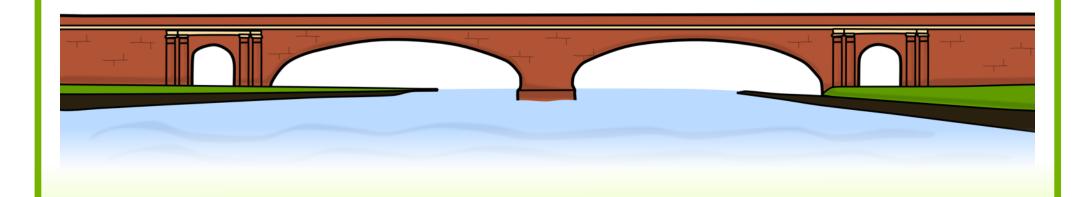
He is also made the engineer for The Great Western Steam Ship Company.

Construction of the Box Tunnel begins.

The SS Great Western ship sails from Bristol to New York in just 15 days.



The construction of Maidenhead Bridge is completed.

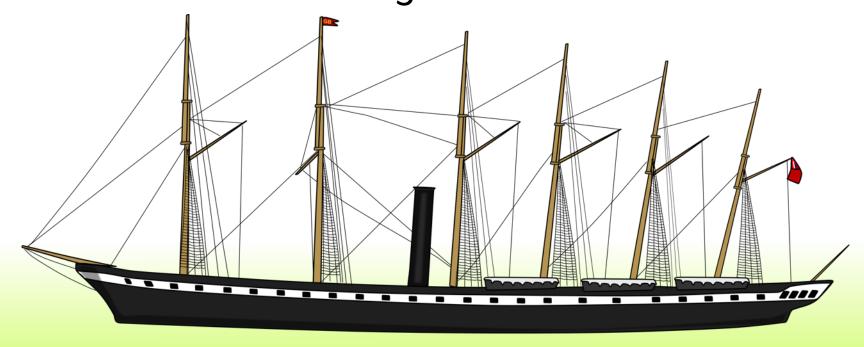


The Box Tunnel and Temple Meads Station in Bristol are completed.

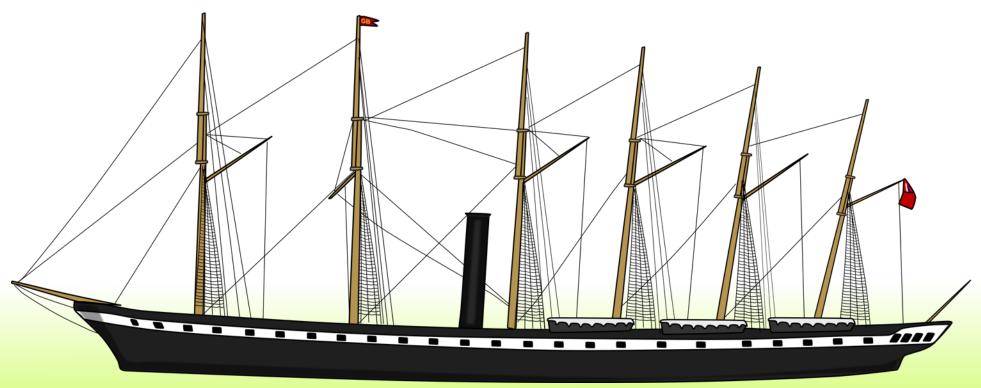




The Thames Tunnel is opened to the public on 25th March and the SS Great Britain ship is launched on 19th July.



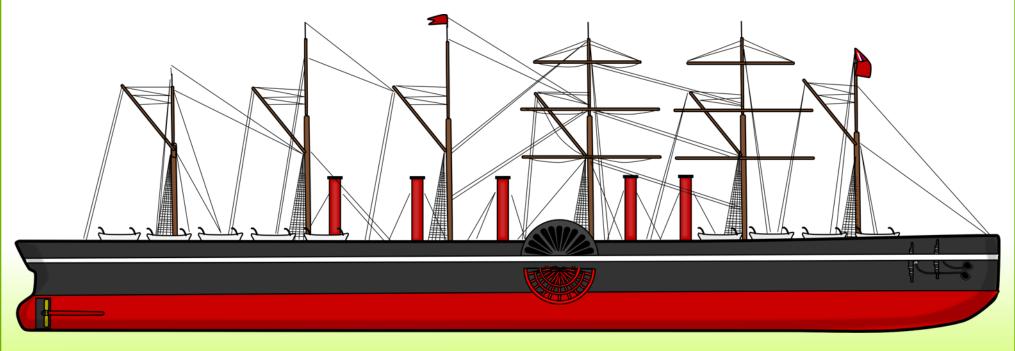
The SS Great Britain makes its maiden voyage from Liverpool to New York.



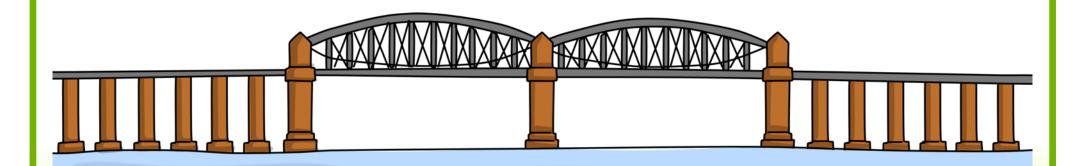
Building of Paddington Station begins and is completed 2 years later.



The SS Great Eastern steam ship is finally launched after two previous failed attempts.



In May, the Royal Albert Bridge at Saltash is completed and opened by Prince Albert.



Brunel dies on 15th September, after suffering a stroke.



Isambard Kingdom Brunel

> Born 1806 Died 1859

furtherestery

The Clifton Suspension Bridge is finally finished by the Institute of Civil Engineers in tribute to Brunel.

