

PRIVATE BANKING WEALTH MANAGEMENT

Investment Strategy

Sustainable & Responsible Investing

4Q 2020

What is Sustainable and Responsible Investing (SRI)?

An investment discipline that considers environmental, social, and corporate governance (ESG) criteria to generate long-term competitive financial returns and positive contributions to society.



Source: US SIF The Forum for Sustainable and Responsible Investing



Sustainability Themes

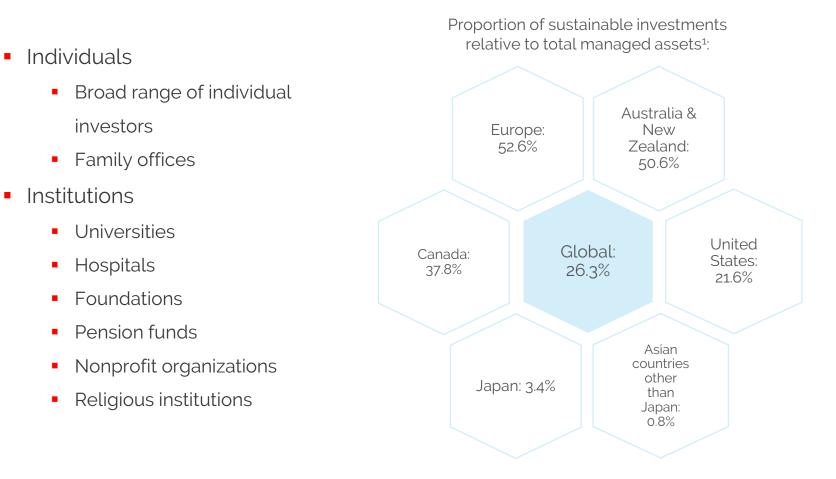
It is possible to invest toward your financial goals while also investing in a more sustainable future for the next generation.

| Environmental StewardshipProduct SafetyStrong Labor Practices & Work EnvironmentsHealth & Well-BeingSocial EqualityEconomic & Community DevelopmentStrong Governance | SUSTAINABILITY THEMES | | | | | | | |
|--|-----------------------|----------------|---------------------|--|-----------------|-----------|--|--|
| | | Product Safety | Practices & Work | | Social Equality | Community | | |



Who are Sustainable & Responsible Investors?

Sustainable investing is less prevalent in the United States

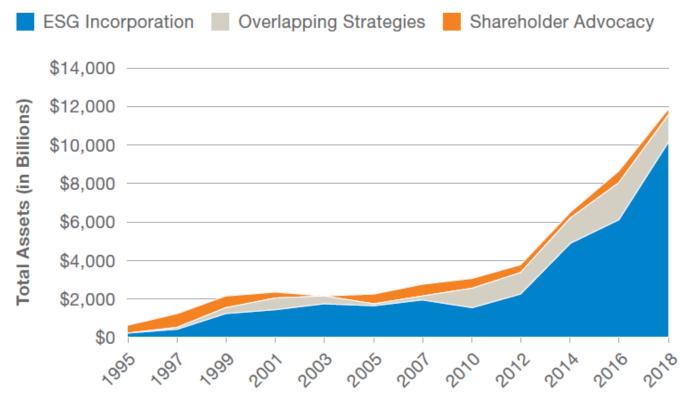


¹Source: 2016 Global Sustainable Investment Review; http://www.gsi-alliance.org



Sustainable Investing Is Here to Stay





SOURCE: US SIF Foundation.

Sustainable and responsible investments in the US have been growing at an annual compound rate of 13.6 percent. The total US-domiciled assets under management using SRI strategies has grown to \$12 trillion.



Traditional Fundamental Research

Investors track similar financial ratios and trends

- Returns
- Capital deployment
- Margins and opportunities to expand margins
- SG&A and R&D investments
- Cost cutting
- Pricing environment
- Innovation and pipeline
- Stability of growth and growth opportunities
- Competitive positioning
- End market challenges and opportunities
- Leverage, capacity, and other balance sheet metrics
- Cash flow generation



Additional Drivers of Performance

What additional factors are researched by ESG analysts?

- Product and worker safety
- Audit procedures and accounting controls
- Board composition
- Diversity
- Community involvement
- Supply chain monitoring
- Environmental impact and goals
- Employee development, engagement, and retention



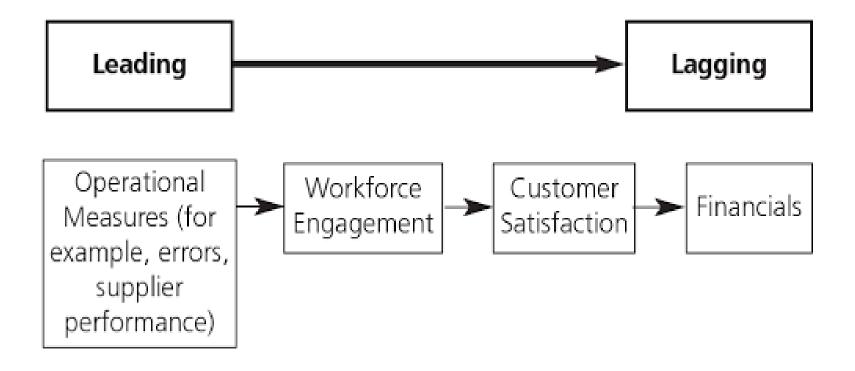
SRI Research Considerations

- Returns
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ESG Factors are Leading Performance Indicators



Source: Insights to Performance Excellence, Mark Blazey, https://books.google.com



Corporate Engagement

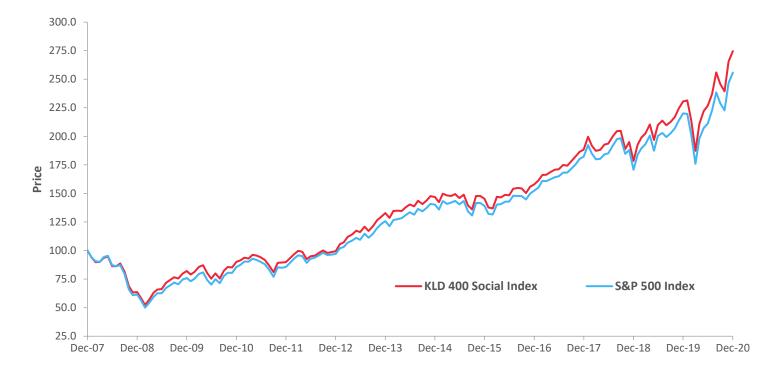
We engage with corporate executives and the investor relations staff on a variety of topics. These discussions are typically positive, supportive interactions where we are advocating for best practices and in some cases educating companies on current topics in ESG/SRI.

- Cardinal Health Accounting Controls
- CVS Accounting Controls
- Eaton Vance Governance
- First Republic Increasing CRA Lending
- Herman Miller Product Safety; Supply Chain
- Idexx Greater Disclosure
- Johnson and Johnson Product Safety
- LinkedIn Hiring More Diverse Workforce
- MSCI Diversity and Disclosure
- PayPal Environmental Disclosure; Data Privacy
- TJX Supply Chain; Corporate Strategic Objectives
- Waste Management Environmental Initiatives



Myth: Sustainable investing compromises performance

- You can invest in a sustainable and responsible manner while pursuing strong market-rate returns
- Millennials and other consumers continue to support brands and initiatives with a sustainable mission which should have a positive long-term impact on growth

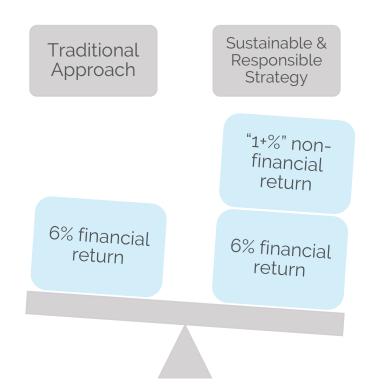


Source: Bloomberg

MSCI KLD 400 Social Index is a cap weighted index of 400 US Securities that provides exposure to companies with outstanding Environmental, Social and Governance (ESG) ratings and excludes companies whose products have negative social or environmental impacts. – Source: MSCI



Financial Returns Plus Non-Financial Returns



In addition to financial return, there is often additional non-financial return valued by many SRI investors (in terms of the investor's personal utility function). For example, 6% earned while pursuing SRI goals is "worth" more to many SRI investors than the same 6% earned via traditional approaches.



Important Terms & Concepts

| Concept | Definition | Cambridge Trust View |
|--|--|---|
| SRI | This acronym can mean Sustainable & Responsible Investing or Socially Responsible Investing, depending on context. | <i>We believe that Sustainable & Responsible better describes our philosophy and preferred holdings.</i> |
| Sustainability | Is this company's culture, process and business model sustainable in our rapidly evolving world? | Sustainability far beyond just the next quarterly earnings report is the major focus of our research. |
| ESG | Environmental, Social and Governance criteria are important foundational concepts to SRI investing. These factors are critical complements to the traditional accounting metrics of a company. | <i>We focus on outperforming traditional market benchmarks with our proprietary process focused on ESG factors in addition to traditional financial analysis.</i> |
| <i>Shareholder Activism & Proxy Voting</i> | Actively engaging with management and/or vote proxies in accordance with values. Engagement can be aggressive and public, or cooperative and private. | We prefer private, positive, cooperative engagement with the companies that we own. We typically vote proxies in accordance with ISS guidance on SRI. |

Important Terms & Concepts

| Concept | Definition | CT View |
|--|--|--|
| <i>Negative vs. Positive Screening</i> | Negative screening has the longest legacy and was the original technique used by ESG investors (systematic screening out of tobacco, carbon, "sin" stocks) Positive screening has grown in popularity (systematic screening in via one or more ESG, SRI or community based factors) | We tend not to use absolute in/out screens to make final, binding decisions. However, we do use screening to help filter and flag stocks/sectors for review and likely exclusion or inclusion after a closer look. Deciding the threshold of materiality is critical here. |
| <i>Best in Class vs. Absolute Avoidance</i> | Are you willing to invest in the best (and most responsible) company in an otherwise "bad" sector?to in effect encourage the strides being made, potentially via proxy or other engagement in addition to investment. Or, do you prefer to simply avoid a questionable sector in its entirety? | Our portfolio is diversified, but we are not compelled to invest in any sector just for the sake of being invested. For example, we rarely own traditional energy companies. |
| <i>Impact Investing</i> Emphasizes "impactful" results on community, environment or other targeted area. Often expressed and quantified via non-financial metrics. | | We support impact investing goals. However, many initiatives are most directly addressed via private equity or private debt, rather than public markets. These investments can require accepting more risk at potentially below market-rate returns, with limited transparency or liquidity. |

How do we do things differently?

Fundamental Analysis

- Sustainable earnings growth opportunities
- Above average profitability: ROE/ROIC
- Balance sheet strength
- Market leaders with sustainable competitive
- advantages that compound value over time
- Quality and consistency of financial metrics
- Long-term growth and preservation of capital
- Strong risk-adjusted return potential
- Purchases made at discount to intrinsic value

SRI Criteria and Process

- Proprietary in-house research process
- Pursue positive impact; not just negative screening
- Do not invest in companies that can pose increased
 ESG risk in an attempt to mirror a benchmark
- Apply a consistent evaluation approach while recognizing that every potential investment presents a different mix of environmental and social risk factors
- Data is only as good as the source: transparency and disclosure are critical
- Engage with companies positively via collaboration on strategy, financials, and ESG factors

CT Sustainable & Responsible Investing Portfolio



Our Investment Process

Adding ESG considerations to traditional fundamental analysis creates a broader perspective on long term earnings viability that can enhance returns and potentially mitigate risk.

Investment Universe

Bottom-Up Investment Analysis: Business Profile, Risk, Intrinsic Value

Sustainability Assessment Environmental, Social, Governance

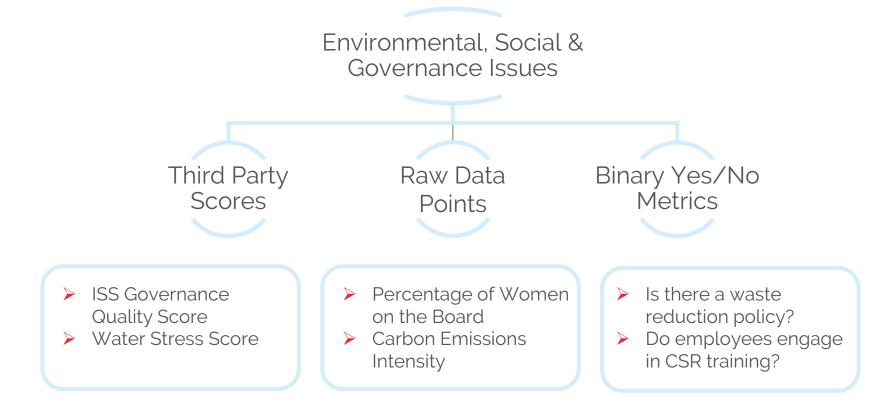
Team Evaluation

Investment Decision



ESG Screening Process

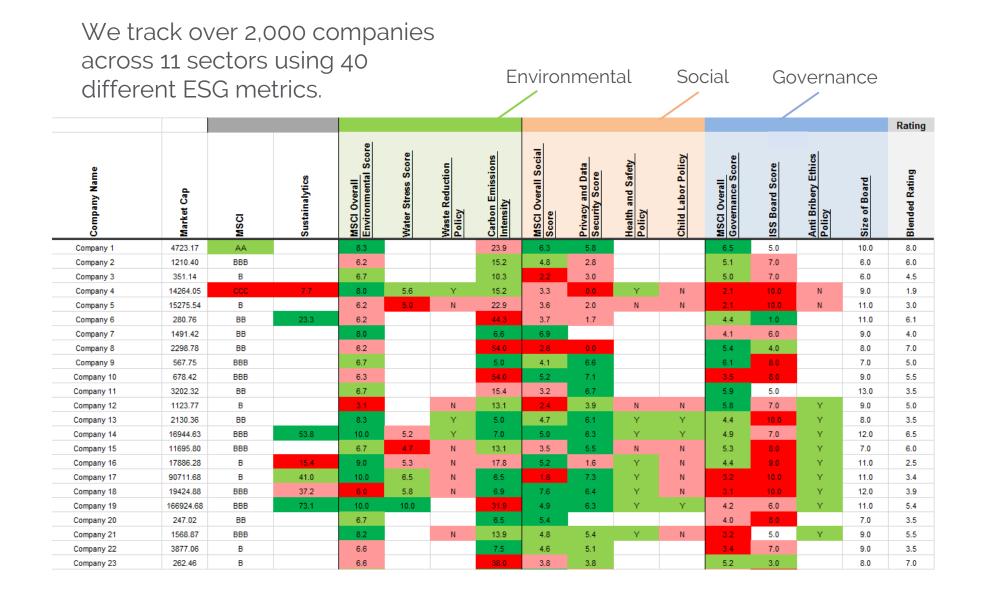
- Our ESG dashboard allows us to track sustainability metrics for thousands of individual equity names
- Data sourced from FactSet, Bloomberg, ISS and MSCI ESG Manager
- Metrics shown on the dashboard are used to inform further research



lambridg

PRIVATE BANKING WEALTH MANAGEMEN

Sample of Cambridge Trust's ESG Dashboard





Our Objective

We invest in high-quality companies with diverse teams that are committed to:





ESG Practices We Look For in Potential Investments

Environment

Establish and measure progress towards goals pertaining to energy conservation efficiency, CO_2 reduction, waste reduction, etc.

Focus on supply chain including engagement with suppliers, code of ethics and sourcing of materials Help influence and improve greater environmental trends

Social

Focus on volunteerism, targeted community involvement, philanthropic goals Employee benefits: paid time to volunteer, education assistance, wellness programs, family leave Equal opportunity practices and minority, veterans and mature adults hiring programs

Governance



Diverse boards and executive leadership including women and minorities Best corporate governance practices including review of directors' other board commitments and past performance Subgroup or committee of the Board of Directors directly oversees company-wide sustainability practices Transparency, excellent accounting and controls, long term view



SRI¹ Equity Evaluation Process

What's included in the strategy?



Closely evaluate the company's exposure and risk management Maybe Supply chain standards (labor and raw ✓ Palm Oil materials) Environmentally unfriendly Instances where the products or business packaging/single use plastics \checkmark models promote excessive consumption ✓ Pesticide Use (e.g. fast fashion), violence (e.g. video Animal testing games) or an unhealthy lifestyle Data privacy \checkmark

¹Sustainable & Responsible Investing ²Exclusions apply to exposures greater than 15% of revenue. Exposures below 15% are evaluated on a case-by-case basis with regard to materiality and trend of the company's exposure.



ESG Leaders & Laggards



Salesforce.com

Salesforce has emerged as an industry leader in equality. They not only promote equality in the workplace but also contribute to providing equal opportunities in K-12 education and they fight for LGBTQ rights.

The company supports a clean environment, having achieved net-zero greenhouse gas emissions and their customer cloud is carbon-neutral.

Salesforce pioneered the 1-1-1 model, pledging to donate 1% of their time, 1% of equity, and 1% of product to non-profits and education. They have inspired over 4,000 other companies to join this movement.

<u>Agilent</u>

Agilent's major business lines help ensure that global food supply and the environment are free of contaminants as well as supply doctors with accurate diagnostics in the fight against cancer and other diseases.

Agilent utilizes environmental policies, supply chain monitoring, anti-discrimination and bribery and corruption policies that all indicate the company has sustainability and responsibility in mind throughout its business practices.

"One Agilent" is a customer-centric culture that includes collaboration across organizational and geographic boundaries.



Volkswagen

In 2015, Volkswagen admitted to installing software in cars from 2009-2015 that manipulated emissions tests.

The company was long rated poorly for corporate governance.

Social consequences – studies being performed to estimate increased deaths from emissions.

Environmental consequences – emissions from vehicles greater than reported at a time when the company was promoting sustainability efforts.

Wells Fargo

Wells Fargo employees fraudulently opened customer accounts in order to meet extreme cross selling goals.

The company previously came under fire for its handling of mortgages during the 2008 financial crisis.

Governance issues - lack of oversight by the board.

Social consequences – customers billed for fees for unauthorized accounts as well as credit effects from unauthorized use of their credit.





Aimee B. Forsythe, CFA

Senior Vice President, Senior Portfolio Manager



Aimee co-manages the Sustainable and Responsible Investment strategy, which integrates environmental, social and governance factors with traditional fundamental analysis. Additionally, she serves as a portfolio manager, working with individual and institutional clients.

- B.A., Hanover College, 1992
- CFA (Chartered Financial Analyst®) charter holder since 2000
- Joined Cambridge Trust in 2004
- Prior work experience at Hancock Bank in Louisiana and Mississippi, and served in the Peace Corps (Mali)
- Member, CFA Institute
- Member, CFA Society Boston, Inc.
- Member, Board of Directors, Colonel James Hartshorne House Association
- Member, Kappa Alpha Theta Fraternity Investment Committee
- Member, Cambridge Trust Retirement Benefits Committee
- College District Director, Kappa Alpha Theta Fraternity
- Advisory Board Member, Kappa Alpha Theta Fraternity, Nu Chapter, Hanover College
- Member, Town of Wakefield, MA Finance Committee



SRI Team

Stig Zarle

Vice President, Portfolio Manager



Stig is the co-portfolio manager of the Sustainable and Responsible Investment strategy. He is also the lead analyst for the healthcare and financial services sectors across all strategies.

- B.A., Economics, Bates College, 1989
- M.B.A., The University of Chicago Booth School of Business, 1995
- Joined Cambridge Trust Company in 2020
- Prior industry experience at Zevin Asset Management, BlueGreen Capital, Fidelity Investments/Pyramis Global Advisors, and Pioneer Investment Management





Tatiana Makivic

Investment Analyst



Tatiana works closely with the investment team to coordinate communication efforts and quarterly performance reporting. She also provides ESG research and analysis for the SRI team.

- B.S., Skidmore College, 2017
- M.B.A., Suffolk University, 2018
- Joined Cambridge Trust in 2018
- Prior work experience at Brookline Bank, Versailles Group, Ltd., and MIT Technology Licensing Office
- Student Advisor, Skidmore College Career Advisor Network





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