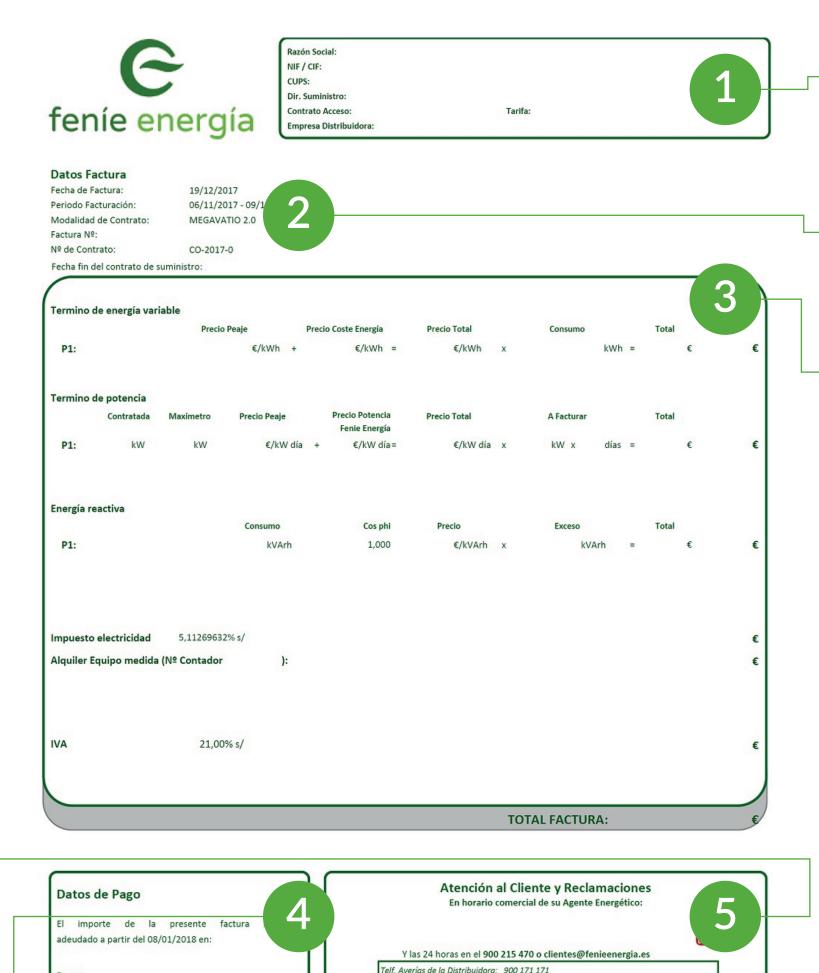
# Tariff 2.0TD



#### 1. Customer details

The details of the contractual party, the tariff, the details of the distribution company for your zone and the CUPS\* (Universal Point of Supply Code, your point of supply's ID number).

#### 2. Invoice summary

The most important details on the bill, such as the date and billing period, invoice and contract number, and even the validity of the contract.

### 3. Body of the invoice

All customer consumption is indicated, distinguishing between:

#### Energy term:

This is the variable part of the invoice. The amount depends on the consumption used (this figure is shown in kWh units).

Feníe Energía's total price is the result of the sum of "Toll Price", "Charges Price" and "Energy Cost Price", being the "Toll Price" and the "Charges Price" parts of the bill regulated by the Markets and Competition National Commission (CNMC) and the Government respectively.

#### Power term:

Reactive energy:

This is the fixed part of the invoice and is proportional to the days of consumption covered by the invoice.

Their amount is calculated by multiplying the contracted power by the "Toll Price" and "Charges Price" by the number of days of the bill. Since Feníe Energía does not add any surcharges to the toll and charges prices, everything that is billed as power term are regulated costs that are fixed by the CNMC and the Government.

Be careful – Many of the offers you may find on the market do charge a higher power term price! Every month, the different billing periods will be stated as P1, P2, P3...P6, each one has a different toll and charge for each time slot (it corresponds exactly to the periods of the power term).

In the event that the consumption of reactive energy by the installation is greater than a threshold established by the



Government, the regulations provide for a penalty resulting from this excess.

Electricity tax: This is a special type applied to all energy concepts on the invoice (the lease of metering equipment is not affected by this tax). 5.11269632 percent, by law (Act 28/2014).

Metering equipment rental: If the merering equipment is owned by the distributor, it charges a price for the lease of the equipment, passed on to the customer via the invoice, and charged by the reseller (Fenie Energía) to be paid to the distributor.

VAT

#### 4. Payment details

The charge date is specified, and the account number that will be invoiced.

	00/11/201/ 005/	/12/2017		6
			P1	
	Activa (kWh)	Lectura Actual:		
		Lectura Anterior:		
		Consumo:		
	Peajes Energía (€)			
	Reactiva (kVArh) Maximetro (kW)	Lectura Actual:		
		Lectura Anterior:		
		Consumo:		
Contador N	°.		Última lectura: Telemedida Tarifa de Acceso según RD 1164/2001 y Orden ETU/1976/201	16
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#### 5. Contact zone

Contact details are shown for customer care regarding any contract queries and to handle complaints. There is also a contact number for the distributor in your zone, in the event of faults.

### 6. Summary of last reading

Summary table of consumption from the last invoice calculated as the difference between the current reading and the previous reading (both provided by the distribution company for your zone). Information is likewise provided about the type of reading (visual, estimated, remote electronic, etc.)

Energy and power tolls and charges: these are the amounts corresponding to the energy and power term which are paid to the distribution companies to cover the costs of the electricity system. These are costs regulated by the CNMC and the Government.

Maximeter: is the value of the maximum power used in the installation over the period being invoiced. Not all supplies have a maximeter, and so this value might not be included on your invoice.

## 7. Historical consumption

Consisting of two graphs, the first one expresses the consumption of the supply point during the last year. The pie chart explains the destination of taxes, tolls and charges collected on the bill.



## 8. Origin and environmental impact of the electricity consumed

Explica, en termes de percentatges, la producció elèctrica espanyola i les fonts energètiques de què prové, i quina és la petjada de carboni per kWh consumit.

