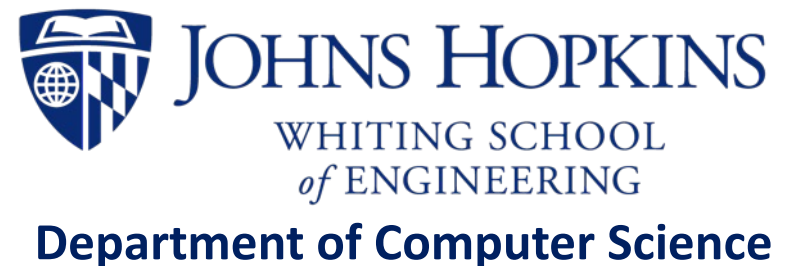


# Combining DNA and protein alignments to improve genome annotation with LiftOn

2024.04.27

Kuan-Hao Chao



# Genome annotation



Genome  
(FASTA)

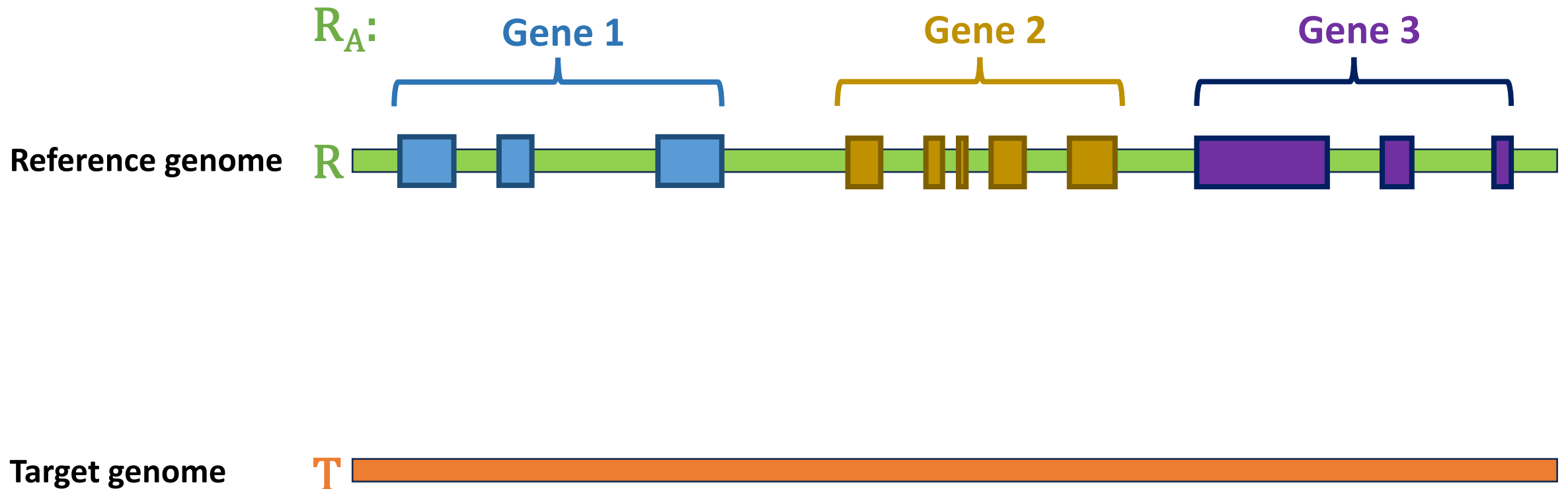
```

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GCAACGGGAAAGCCACAGACTGGGGTGAAGAGTTCAAGTCACATGCGACCGGTgactccctgtccccacccccatgACACT
CCCCAGCCCTCCAAGGCCACTGTGTTTCCCAGTTAGCTCAGAGCCTCAGTCGATCCCTGACCCAGCACCGGGCACTGATG
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AAACTGGCCCAGAGAGGTGAGGCAGCTTGCCCTGGGGTCACAGAGCAAGGCAAAGCAGCGCTGGGTACAAGCTCAAACC
ATAGTGCCCAGGGCACTGCCGCTGCAGGCGCAGGCATCGCATCACACCAGTGCTCTGCGTTTCACAGCAGGCATCATCAGTA
    
```

Annotation  
(GFF / GTF)

chr1	BestRefSeq	gene	450740	451678	.	-	.	ID=gene-OR4F29;
chr1	BestRefSeq	mRNA	450740	451678	.	-	.	ID=rna-NM_001005221.2;Parent=gene-OR4F29;
chr1	BestRefSeq	exon	450740	451678	.	-	.	ID=exon-NM_001005221.2-1;Parent=rna-NM_001005221.2;
chr1	BestRefSeq	exon	452658	453675	.	-	.	ID=exon-NM_001005221.2-2;Parent=rna-NM_001005221.2;
chr1	BestRefSeq	exon	454672	459678	.	-	.	ID=exon-NM_001005221.2-3;Parent=rna-NM_001005221.2;
chr1	BestRefSeq	CDS	450740	451678	.	-	0	ID=cds-NP_001005221.2-1;Parent=rna-NM_001005221.2;
chr1	BestRefSeq	CDS	452658	453675	.	-	0	ID=cds-NP_001005221.2-2;Parent=rna-NM_001005221.2;

# Lift-over Problem Definition:



# Lift-over Problem Definition:



# If you were to use a CHM13 annotation ... Which tool to use?

Telomere-to-Telomere (T2T) consortium slack channel



**Giulio Formenti** 3:44 PM

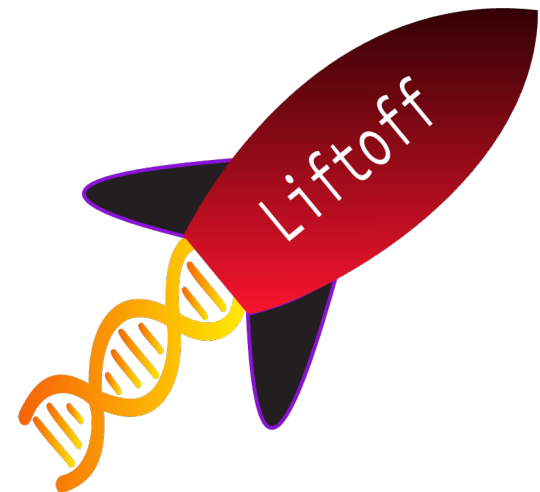
if I was to use an annotation for CHM13, which would it be?


(gene annotation)



**Arang Rhie** 4:11 PM

[https://s3-us-west-2.amazonaws.com/human-pangenomics/T2T/CHM13/assemblies/annotation/chm13v2.0\\_RefSeq\\_Liftoff\\_v5.1.gff3.gz](https://s3-us-west-2.amazonaws.com/human-pangenomics/T2T/CHM13/assemblies/annotation/chm13v2.0_RefSeq_Liftoff_v5.1.gff3.gz) or [https://s3-us-west-2.amazonaws.com/human-pangenomics/T2T/CHM13/assemblies/annotation/chm13v2.0\\_RefSeq\\_Liftoff\\_v5.1.bb](https://s3-us-west-2.amazonaws.com/human-pangenomics/T2T/CHM13/assemblies/annotation/chm13v2.0_RefSeq_Liftoff_v5.1.bb)



Bioinformatics 

Article Navigation

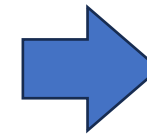
JOURNAL ARTICLE

**Liftoff: accurate mapping of gene annotations** FREE

Alaina Shumate ✉, Steven L Salzberg

*Bioinformatics*, Volume 37, Issue 12, June 2021, Pages 1639–1643,  
<https://doi.org/10.1093/bioinformatics/btaa1016>

Published: 09 May 2021 [Article history](#) ▼



~ 390 citation

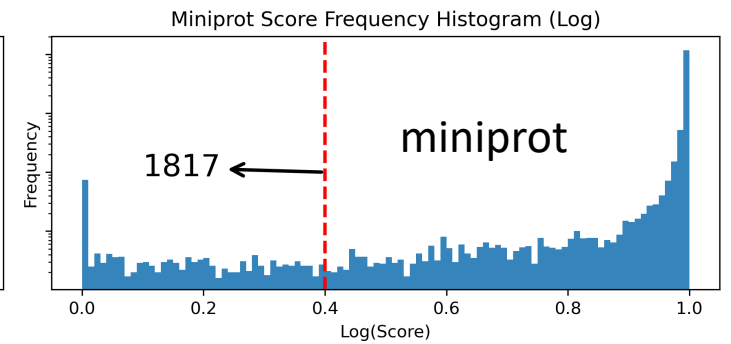
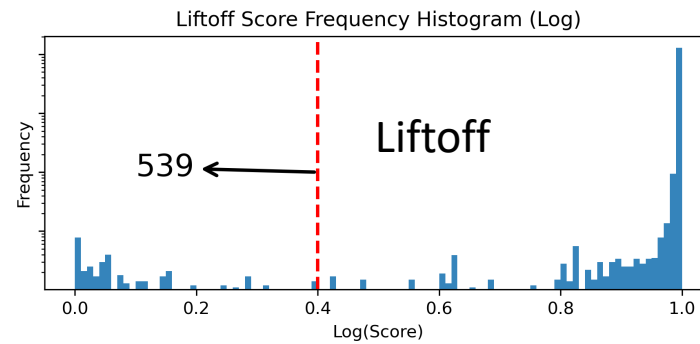
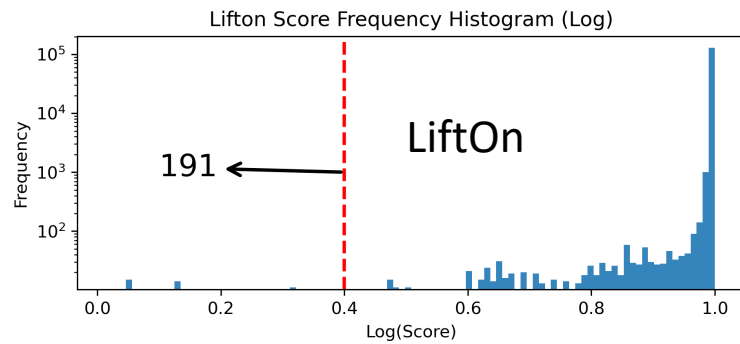
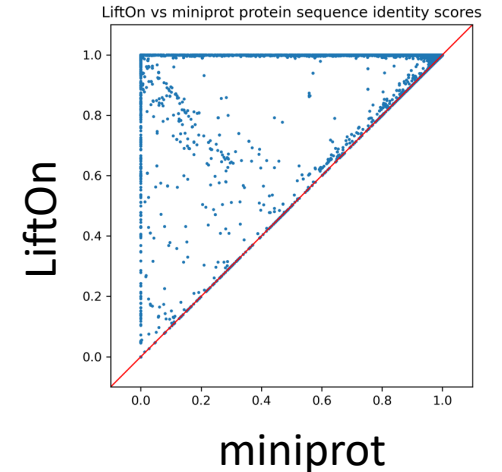
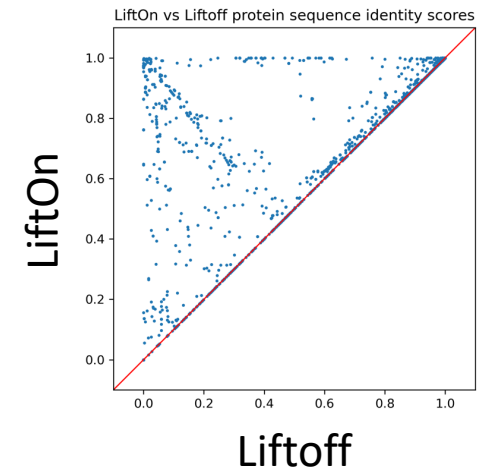
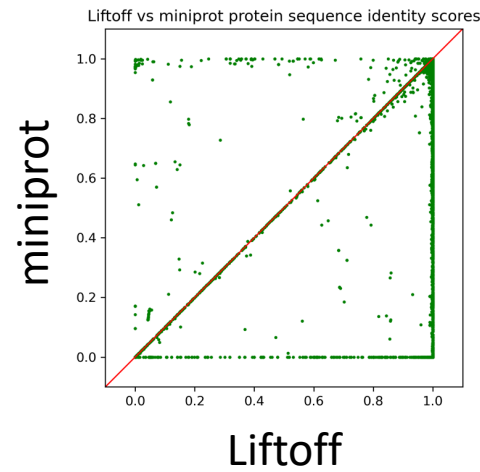
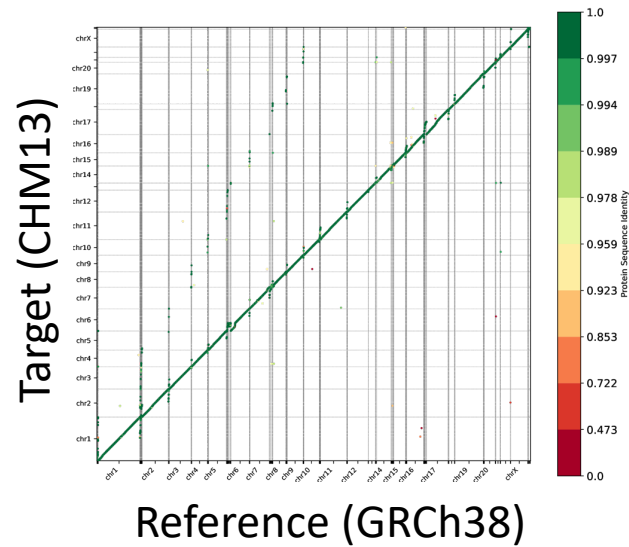
# LiftOn: Successor to Liftoff

- Result 1** • outperforms state-of-the-art DNA- and protein-based liftover approaches
- Result 2** • improves the annotation of protein-coding genes in T2T-CHM13 genome
- Result 3** • Improves the annotation lift-over between relatively distant species, at least as divergent as mouse and rat.
- Methods** • Takes **DNA**-genome and **protein**-genome alignments and accurately maps annotations between genome assemblies of the same or different species.

# Result 1: improves DNA & protein-based lift-over

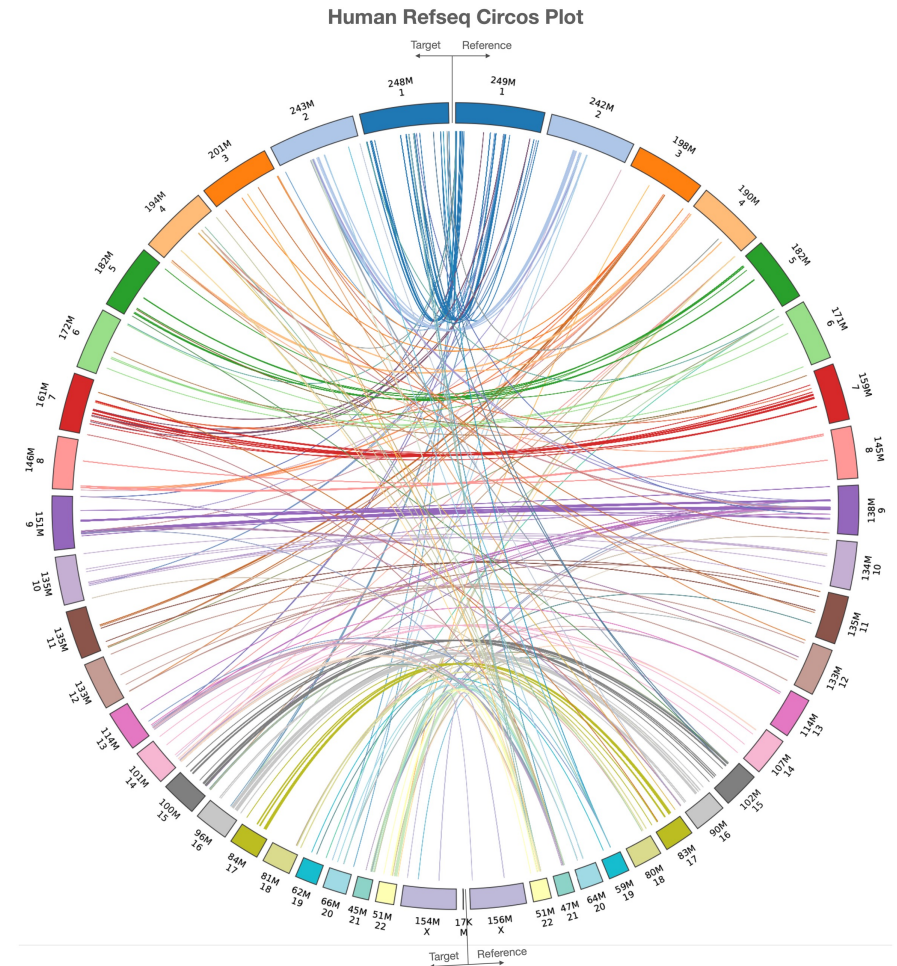
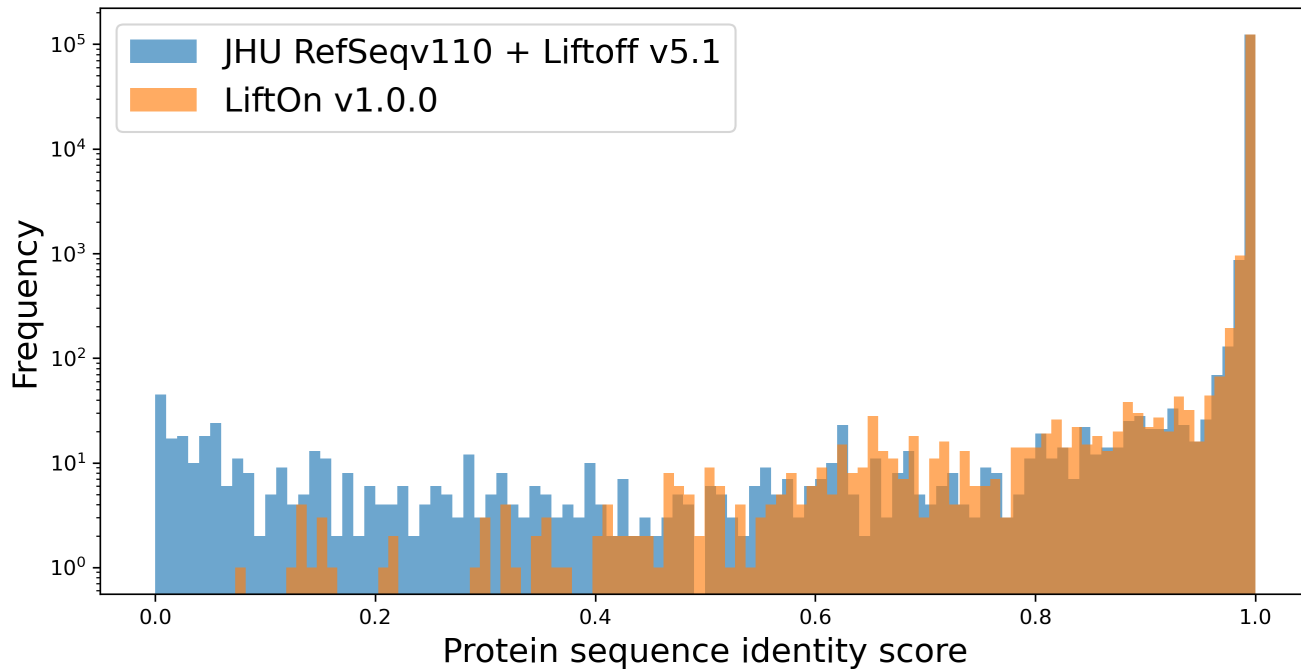
Map RefSeq v220 from GRCh38 -> CHM13V2.0

Compressed-gap protein sequence identity



# Result 2: improve CHM13 protein annotations

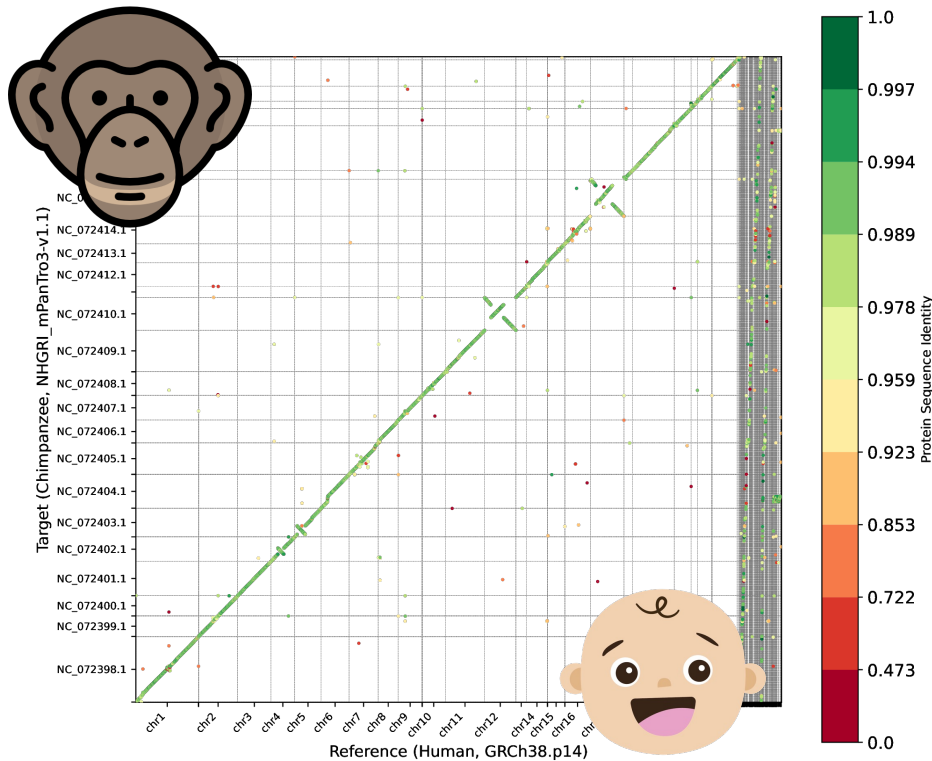
Protein sequence identity score frequency histogram





# Result 3: improve distant species lift-over

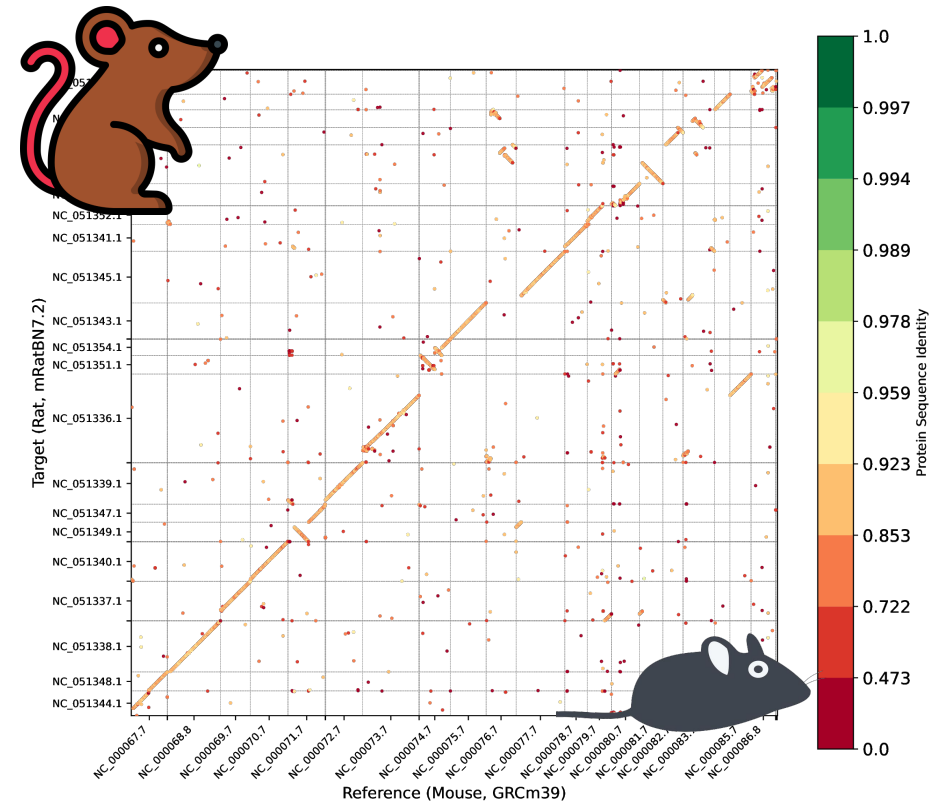
## human to chimp



Mash : 0.013

Dashing2 : 0.47

## mouse to rat



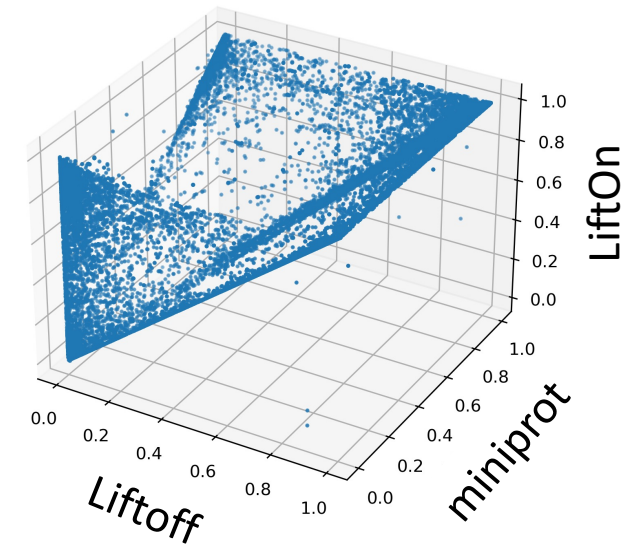
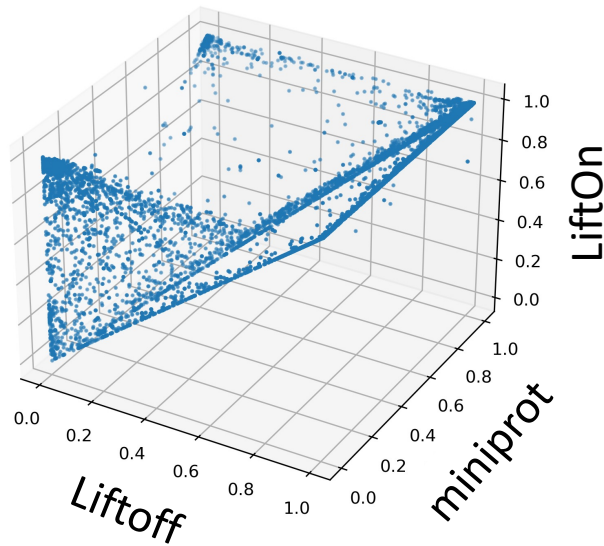
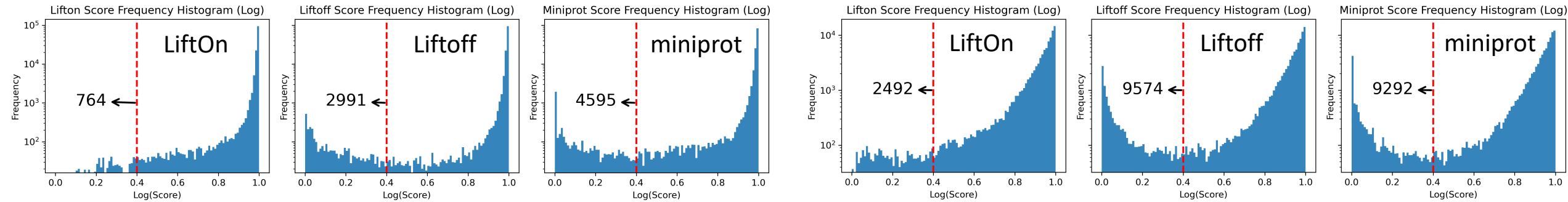
Mash : 0.120

Dashing2 : 0.01


# Result 3: improve distant species lift-over

human to chimp

mouse to rat




# Methods

 **Lucas R Moreira**  
@lucas\_rmor

Following

We desperately needed this tool! Thank you @KuanHaoChao

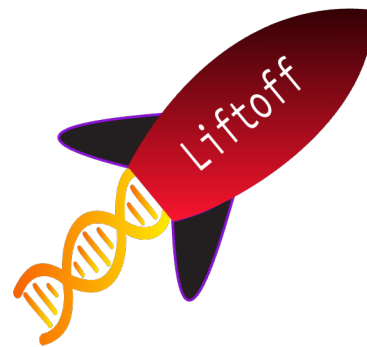
 **Kuan-Hao Chao** @KuanHaoChao · Apr 25

Dear friends, I'm thrilled to introduce LiftOn, our new homology-based



## minimap2

[github.com/lh3/minimap2](https://github.com/lh3/minimap2)



[github.com/agshumate/Liftoff](https://github.com/agshumate/Liftoff)

## miniprot

[github.com/lh3/miniprot](https://github.com/lh3/miniprot)

# LiftOn: Protein-maximization algorithm

A

Target genome +  
Expected annotation



1. Liftoff annotation



2. miniprot annotation



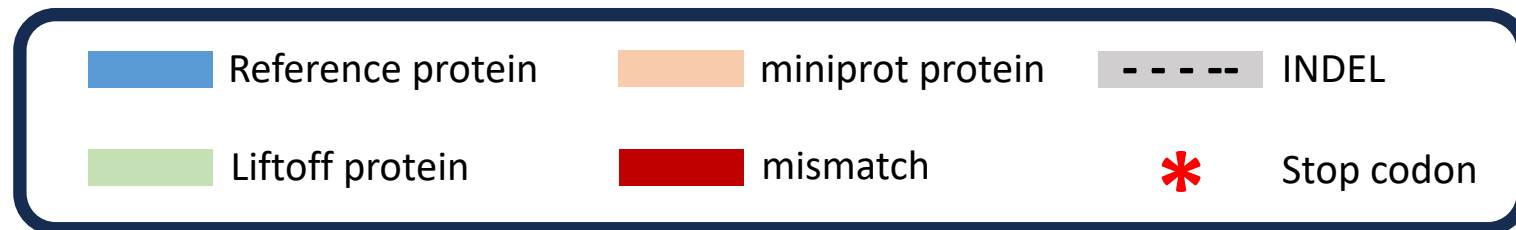
# LiftOn: Protein-maximization algorithm

## B Step 1: Align Liftoff & miniprot proteins to reference protein

Liftoff protein alignment

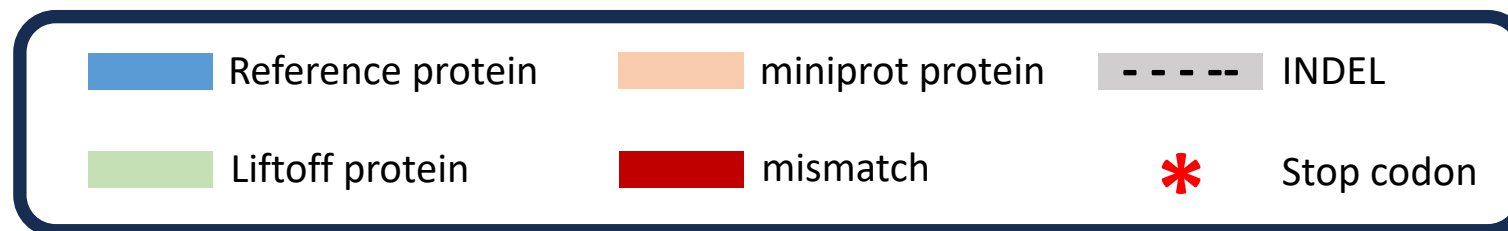
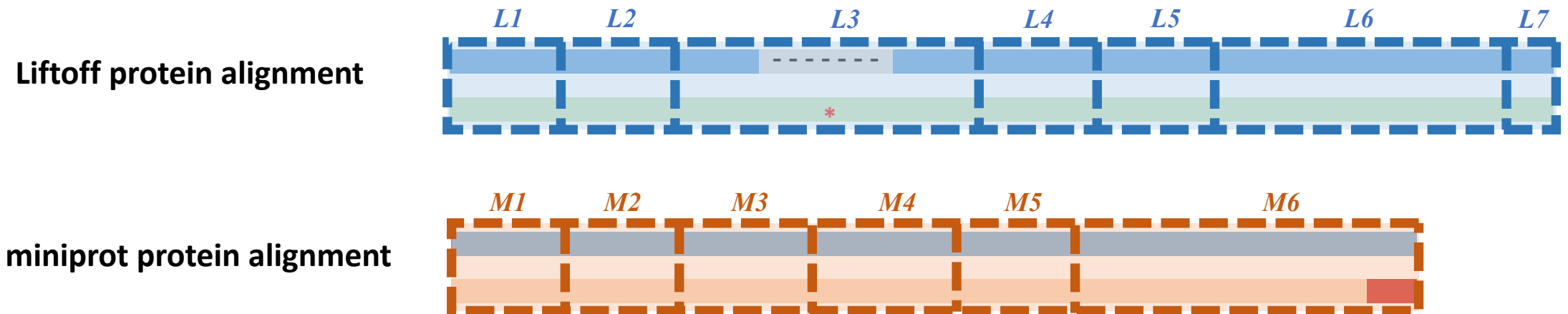


miniprot protein alignment



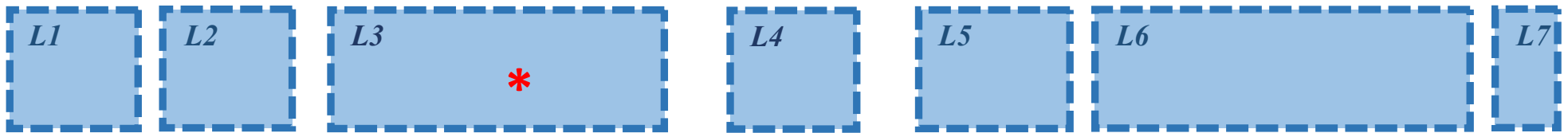
# LiftOn: Protein-maximization algorithm

## C Step 2: Mapped CDS boundaries onto Liftoff & miniprot protein alignments



# LiftOn: Protein-maximization algorithm

**D** Step 3: group CDSs by “accumulated AA in the reference protein”

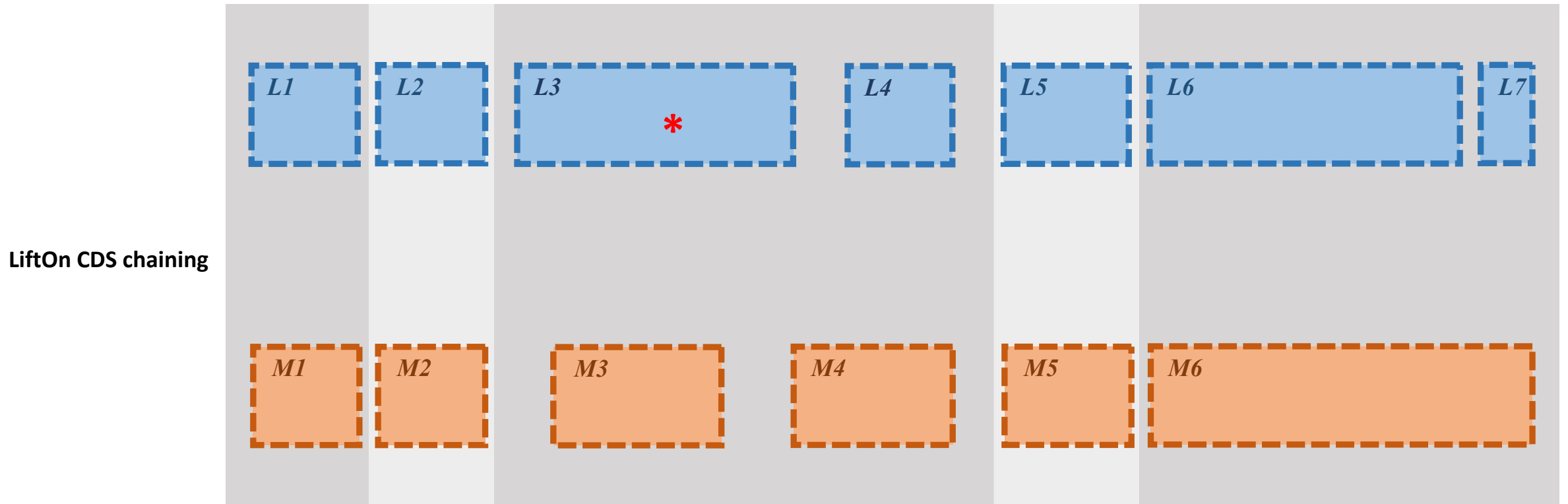


LiftOn CDS chaining



# LiftOn: Protein-maximization algorithm

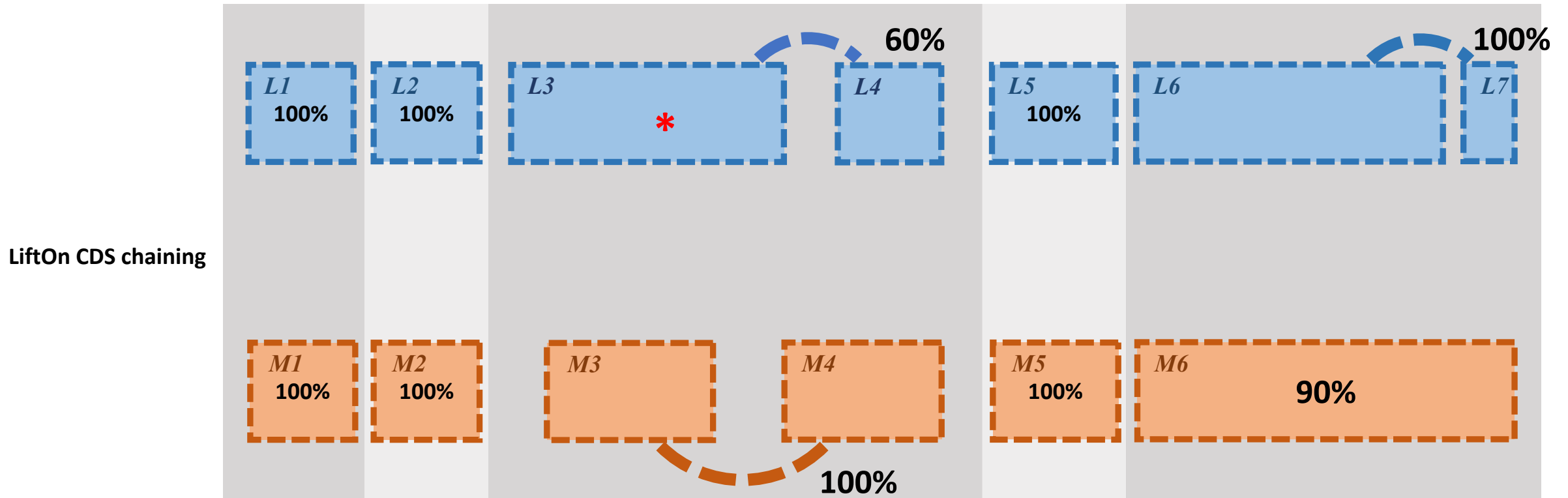
**D** Step 3: group CDSs by “accumulated AA in the reference protein”





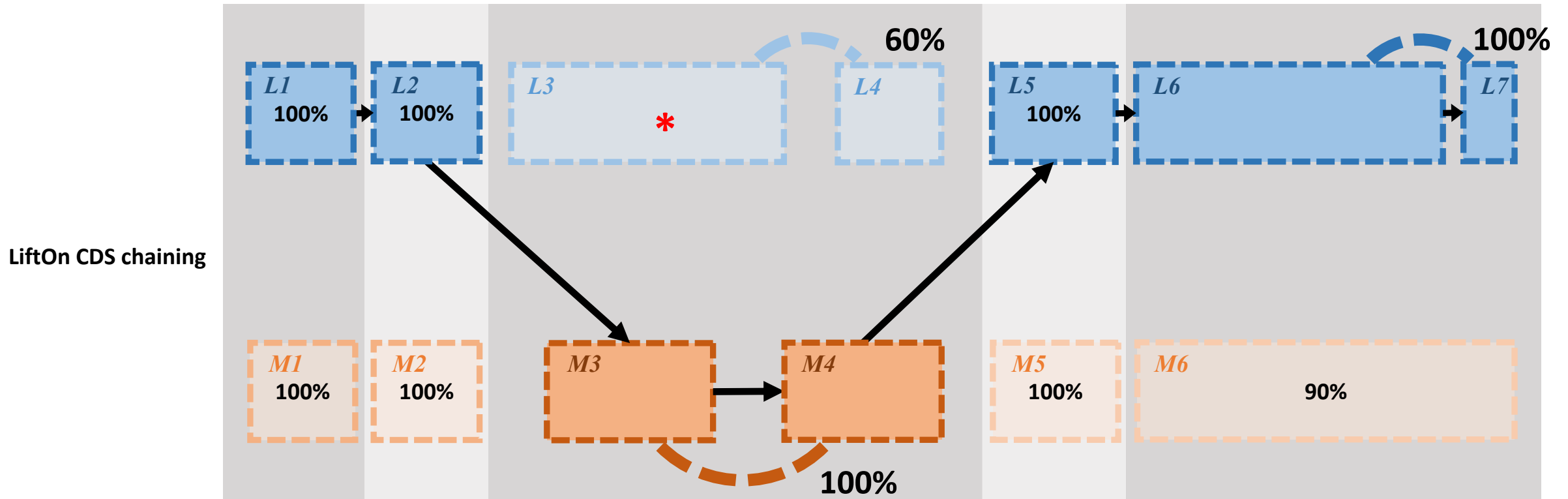
# LiftOn: Protein-maximization algorithm

**D** Step 3: group CDSs by “accumulated AA in the reference protein”



# LiftOn: Protein-maximization algorithm

**D** Step 3: group CDSs by “accumulated AA in the reference protein”



# Summary

- LiftOn uses both DNA-DNA alignments (from Liftoff) & protein-DNA alignments (from miniprot) to map annotations between genome assemblies of the same or different species.
- LiftOn's protein-maximization algorithm improves the annotation of protein-coding genes in the T2T- CHM13 genome.
- LiftOn can map annotation between relatively distant species, at least as divergent as mouse and rat.

# Acknowledgement



Steven Salzberg



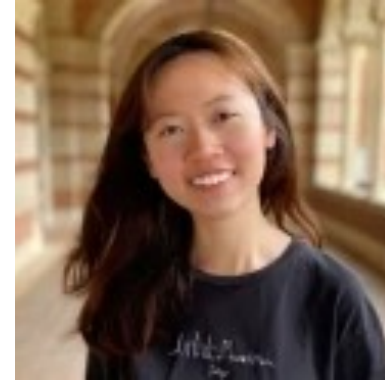
Mihaela Pertea



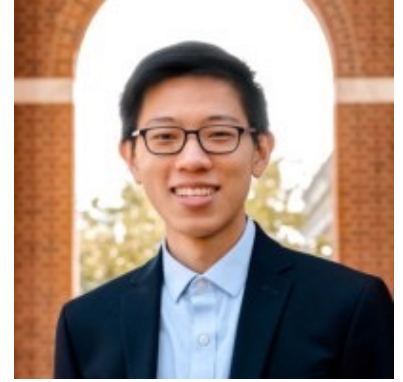
Alaina Shumate



Jakob Heinz



Celine Hoh




Alan Mao



Preprint coming soon!

 [ccb.jhu.edu/lifton](https://ccb.jhu.edu/lifton)

 [github.com/Kuanhao-Chao/LiftOn](https://github.com/Kuanhao-Chao/LiftOn)

 LiftOn: Accurate annotation mapping for GFF/GTF across assemblies

 [ccb.jhu.edu/lifton](https://ccb.jhu.edu/lifton)

 GPL-3.0 license

 11 stars  0 forks  1 watching



# Protein sequence identity

	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25
Reference	M	G	L	V	-	-	-	-	R	W	S	Y	K	K	N	P	T	A	F	E	H	I	I	C	D	*
Target	M	G	L	V	R	W	S	S	R	W	S	Y	Q	K	N	P	T	A	-	-	H	I	-	C	D	*

$$\frac{\#Matched\_AA}{\#alignment\ column - \#gaps\ in\ reference\ protein} = \frac{18}{26 - 4} = 81.8\%$$

Do not penalize longer proteins

# DNA sequence identity

	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25
Reference	A	T	G	-	-	-	C	G	T	A	A	G	C	T	T	A	C	C	G	T	A	G	C	T	A	G
Target	A	T	G	C	G	T	C	G	T	A	C	G	C	T	A	A	C	-	-	-	-	G	C	T	A	G

$$\frac{\#Matched\_nucleotide}{\#alignment\ column} = \frac{17}{26} = 65.4\%$$