Basic Sentence Formation

Class Objectives: Let us learn the basic sentence structures in Marathi.

Concept A: Basic Sentence Structure

- Marathi sentence structure can be confusing at times but generally tend to follow a Subject-Object-Verb pattern.
- Marathii nouns have genders: Masculine and Feminine.
- Masculine usually ending in "aa" (आ) and Feminine usually ending in "i" or "iya"(इ आणि ई)

Example:

Masculine	In Marathi	Feminine	In Marathi
Husband	पती (pati)	Wife	पत्नी(patni)
Boy	मुलगा (mulaga)	Girl	मुलगी (mulgi)

Example sentences:

Concept B: Five basic sentence structures

There are five basic sentence structures in Marathi

- 1. Subject-Verb उद्देश्य(uddeshya)- क्रियापद (kriyapad)
 - The boy plays.
 Mulga khelto.
 म्लगा खेळतो.
 - Jaya eats.Jaya khate.

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