~군요 /~는군요 (to express surprise OR to express a realization)

Class Objective:

I'll be able to express surprise or wonder upon learning something new either from direct observation or experience or hearing = 'I see', 'indeed', or '!'.

Sentence pattern for using this grammar will be:

Concept A: A/V-군요 /는군요

-군요 /는군요 is used to express surprise or wonder upon learning something new either by direct observation or experience or by hearing about it from someone else. It corresponds to 'I see', 'indeed' or simply an exclamation (!) as in English.

Example:

1. 한국말을 정말 잘하는군요 - Your Korean is really good! Grammar breakdown and vocabulary : 한국말 - Korean language 정말 - really 잘 - great 하다 = to do

It is to express that the speaker is surprised by that person's Korean skills or didn't know his/her Korean skills is that good and just realized that now.

Concept B: A/V-네요

-네요 is used to express surprise or wonder upon learning something through direct experience or when agreeing with something said by someone else. It corresponds to 'really', 'certainly' or simply an exclamation (!) as in English.

Example:

2. 한국말을 정말 잘하네요 - (Wow) Your Korean is really good! Grammar breakdown and vocabulary : 한국말 - Korean language 정말 - really 잘 - great 하다 = to do

Concept C: Difference between ~군요 /는군요 and ~네요.

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