Singular and Plural

Class Objective:

I will be able to understand and use 'Singular and Plural' in Malayalam.

Concept A: What is a singular?

Singular is referred to as 'ഏകവചനം**/Ekavachanam'** in Malayalam. It shows a single entity. This is the word as such with no suffixes added. Suffix is referred to as Prathyayam(പ്രത്യയം) in Malayalam.

Examples of some singular forms are:



lla ഇല(Leaf)



Pazhamപഴം(Banana)



Poovu പ്രവ്(Flower)

Concept B: What is plural?

Plural is referred to as 'ബ്രാവചനം/**Bahuvachanam**' in Malayalam. It refers to many entities. Usually some suffixes such as kal(കൾ), maar(മാർ) and so on are added to the singular to form them.

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