

L'antériorité, la simultanéité et la postériorité

Objective: To study about what is l'antériorité and la simultanéité in french.

Concept A:

- L'antériorité
 - Avant que
 - En attendant que
 - jusqu'à ce que → *Une limite dans le temps.*
 - + Subjonctif

J'ai lu un magazine *en attendant qu'il sorte* de la salle de bains.

Il est monté dans l'avion *avant qu'il fasse* nuit.

- La simultanéité
 - Pendant que → *la simultanéité de la durée*
 - Au moment où → *la simultanéité au un moment précis.*
 - + Indicatif

Il est sorti *au moment où* le téléphone a sonné.

Il y a eu des turbulences *pendant que* l'avion survolait l'Himalaya.

- La postériorité
 - Après que
 - Une fois que
 - Aussitôt que (→ *indique une postériorité immédiate*)
 - Dès que (→ *indique une postériorité immédiate*)
 - + Indicatif

QUESTION 1

Which of the following is NOT a characteristic of a good leader?

ANSWER

- 1. Selfish
- 2. Humble
- 3. Empathetic

QUESTION 2

- 1. A leader should be someone who is always right and never wrong.
- 2. A leader should be someone who is always confident and never uncertain.
- 3. A leader should be someone who is always strong and never weak.

QUESTION 3

- 1. A leader should be someone who is always honest and never dishonest.

QUESTION 4

Which of the following is NOT a characteristic of a good leader?

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ANSWER

- 1. Selfish
- 2. Humble
- 3. Empathetic

QUESTION 5

QUESTION 1

Which of the following is NOT a characteristic of a good research question?

ANSWER

- 1. It is too broad
- 2. It is too narrow
- 3. It is too specific

QUESTION 2

- 1. The research question should be clear, concise, and focused on a specific aspect of the topic.
- 2. The research question should be broad enough to allow for a comprehensive review of the literature, but narrow enough to be manageable.
- 3. The research question should be based on a gap in the current knowledge of the field.

QUESTION 3

- 1. The research question should be based on a gap in the current knowledge of the field.

QUESTION 4

Which of the following is NOT a characteristic of a good research question?

It is too broad

ANSWER

- 1. It is too broad
- 2. It is too narrow
- 3. It is too specific

QUESTION 5