Interrogatives Particles

Class Objective: to understand and make sentences with interrogative particles.

Concept A: General interrogative sentence

This is a case where a question is simply made by adding a question particle, such as "吗" or "呢" at the end of a statement sentence. examples:

- 1. 他是老师。 他是老师吗?
 Tā shì lǎo shī. Tā shì lǎo shī ma? He is a teacher. Is he a teacher?
- 2. 今天是星期一。 今天是星期一 Jīn tiān shì xīng qī yī Jīn tiān shì xīng qī yī ma? Today is Monday. Is it Monday today?
- 3. 我在听录音呢。 你在做什么呢? Wǒ zài tīng lùyīn ne. Nǐ zài zuò shén me ne? I am listening to a recording. What are you doing?

Concept B: Interrogative sentences that use specific interrogative words

Specific interrogation includes an interrogative pronoun such as: who -谁(shuí) what-什么(shén me) where-哪儿(nǎ'er) how -怎么样(zěn me yang)

- person: 谁- shéi (Who)
 他是谁?tā shì shéi?
 Who is he?
- time: 什么时候- she me shíhòu (When) 你什么时候来中国的? nǐ shén me shí hou lái zhōngguó? When did you come to China?
- 什么- shénme (What) 你想吃什么?
 nǐ xiǎng chī shén me?
 What do you want to eat?
- 哪- nǎ (Which)
 你想吃哪一个蛋糕?
 nǐ xiǎng chī nǎ yī gè dāngāo?
 Which cake do you want to eat?
- place:哪里-nălǐ(Where) 我在哪里能买到汉语词典?

THE ROLL WAS A CONTRACT OF THE PARTY.

-

- ----
- . .

-

-

-

the same that the same to be a second

-

- ____
- ___
- ___
- ___

_

THE ROLL WAS A CONTRACT OF THE PARTY.

-

- ----
- . .

-

-

-

the same that the same to be a second

-

- ____
- ___
- ___
- ___

_

THE ROLL WAS A CONTRACT OF THE PARTY.

-

- ----
- . .

-

-

-

the same that the same to be a second

-

- ____
- ___
- ___
- ___

_