

## Introduction to our literature - 1

**Class objective** - To understand the language through its literature

### Concept A - Sanskrit

Sanskrit is an ancient and classical language of India in which the first ever book of the world Rigveda was compiled. The Vedas are dated by different scholars from 6500 B.C. to 1500 B.C. Sanskrit language must have evolved to its expressive capability prior to that. It is presumed that the language used in Vedas was prevalent in the form of different dialects. It was to some extent different from the present Sanskrit. It is termed as Vedic Sanskrit. Each Veda had its book of grammar known as Pratishakhya. The Pratishakhyas explained the forms of the words and other grammatical points. Later, so many schools of grammar developed. During this period a vast literature -Vedas, Brahmana-Granthas, Aranyakas, Upanishads and Vedangas had come to existence which could be termed as Vedic Literature being written in Vedic Sanskrit.

Panini (500 B.C.) was a great landmark in the development of Sanskrit language. He, concising about ten grammar schools prevalent during his time, wrote the master book of grammar named Ashtadhyayi which served as beacon for the later period. Literary Sanskrit and spoken Sanskrit both followed Panini's system of language. Today the correctness of Sanskrit language is tested upon the touchstone of Panini's Ashtadhyayi.

संस्कृत भारत की एक प्राचीन और शास्त्रीय भाषा है जिसमें विश्व का पहला ग्रन्थ ऋग्वेद संकलित हुआ था। वेदों का समय विभिन्न विद्वानों द्वारा ईसा पूर्व 6,500 माना गया है। ईसा पूर्व 1500 तक संस्कृत भाषा अभिव्यक्ति की क्षमता के रूप में विकसित हो चुकी थी। यह माना जाता है कि वेदों में प्रयुक्त भाषा प्रथम-तया विभिन्न बोलियों के रूप में प्रचलित थी। यह वर्तमान संस्कृत से कुछ सीमा तक पृथक् थी, जिसे वैदिक संस्कृत कहा जाता है। प्रत्येक वेद में प्रातिशाख्य के नाम से व्याकरण ग्रन्थ भी रचे गए। प्रातिशाख्यों ने शब्दों और अन्य व्याकरणिक बिंदुओं को समझाया। बाद में, व्याकरण की अनेक शाखाएं विकसित हुईं। इस अवधि में एक विशाल साहित्य वेद, ब्राह्मणग्रन्थ, आरण्यक, उपनिषद् और वेदाङ्ग के रूप में अस्तित्व में आया, जिसे वैदिक संस्कृत में निबद्ध वैदिक साहित्य कहा जाता है।

ईसा पूर्व 500 पाणिनी संस्कृत भाषा के विकास में एक महान् प्रवर्तक थे। उन्होंने अपने समय के दौरान प्रचलित दस व्याकरण शाखाओं को सम्मिलित करते हुए, अष्टाध्यायी नामक व्याकरण का सर्वथा प्रामाणिक ग्रन्थ लिखा, जो पश्चात्वर्ती परम्परा के लिए प्रकाश-स्तम्भ के रूप में स्वीकार्य हुआ। अनन्तर साहित्यिक संस्कृत और सम्भाषणगत संस्कृत दोनों ने पाणिनी की भाषाव्यवस्था का अनुसरण किया। आज पाणिनी की अष्टाध्यायी की कसौटी पर ही संस्कृत भाषा की शुद्धता का परीक्षण किया जाता है।

**QUESTION 1**

Which of the following is NOT a characteristic of a good leader?

**ANSWER**

- 1.  Charismatic
- 2.  Visionary
- 3.  Selfish

**QUESTION 2**

- 1.  A leader should be someone who is naturally charismatic and confident.
- 2.  A leader should be someone who is naturally confident and charismatic.
- 3.  A leader should be someone who is naturally confident and charismatic.

**QUESTION 3**

- 1.  A leader should be someone who is naturally confident and charismatic.

**QUESTION 4**

Which of the following is NOT a characteristic of a good leader?

Which of the following is NOT a characteristic of a good leader?

**ANSWER**

- 1.  Charismatic
- 2.  Visionary
- 3.  Selfish

**QUESTION 5**

**QUESTION 1**

Which of the following is NOT a characteristic of a good leader?

**ANSWER**

- 1. Selfish
- 2. Humble
- 3. Empathetic

**QUESTION 2**

- 1. A leader should be someone who is always right and never wrong.
- 2. A leader should be someone who is always confident and never uncertain.
- 3. A leader should be someone who is always strong and never weak.

**ANSWER**

- 1. A leader should be someone who is always right and never wrong.

**QUESTION 3**

Which of the following is NOT a characteristic of a good leader?

Which of the following is NOT a characteristic of a good leader?

**ANSWER**

- 1. Selfish
- 2. Humble
- 3. Empathetic

**QUESTION 4**

**QUESTION 1**

Which of the following is NOT a characteristic of a good leader?

**ANSWER**

- 1. Selfish
- 2. Empathetic
- 3. Visionary
- 4. Supportive

**QUESTION 2**

- 1. A leader should always be assertive and take charge.
- 2. A leader should be able to listen and understand the needs of others.
- 3. A leader should be able to inspire and motivate others.
- 4. A leader should be able to delegate and empower others.

**QUESTION 3**

- 1. A leader should be able to communicate effectively.
- 2. A leader should be able to build trust and rapport with others.
- 3. A leader should be able to resolve conflicts and manage difficult situations.
- 4. A leader should be able to set a clear vision and direction for the organization.

**QUESTION 4**

Which of the following is NOT a characteristic of a good leader?

Which of the following is NOT a characteristic of a good leader?

**ANSWER**

- 1. Selfish
- 2. Empathetic
- 3. Visionary
- 4. Supportive

**QUESTION 5**

**QUESTION 1**

Which of the following is NOT a characteristic of a good research question?

**ANSWER**

- 1. It is too broad
- 2. It is too narrow
- 3. It is too vague

**QUESTION 2**

- 1. The research question should be clear, specific, and measurable.
- 2. The research question should be broad and general.
- 3. The research question should be based on a personal interest.

**QUESTION 3**

- 1. The research question should be based on a personal interest.

**QUESTION 4**

Which of the following is NOT a characteristic of a good research question?

It is too broad

**ANSWER**

- 1. It is too broad
- 2. It is too narrow
- 3. It is too vague

**QUESTION 5**

**QUESTION 1**

Which of the following is NOT a characteristic of a good leader?

**ANSWER**

- 1. Selfish
- 2. Humane
- 3. Fair

**QUESTION 2**

- 1. A leader should be able to inspire and motivate others to achieve their best performance.
- 2. A leader should be able to delegate tasks and responsibilities to others.
- 3. A leader should be able to communicate effectively with others.

**QUESTION 3**

- 1. A leader should be able to establish a vision for the organization.

**QUESTION 4**

Which of the following is NOT a characteristic of a good leader?

Which of the following is NOT a characteristic of a good leader?

**ANSWER**

- 1. Selfish
- 2. Humane
- 3. Fair

**QUESTION 5**