

## PRONOMBRES RELATIVOS

Objetivo de clase : Entender los pronombres relativos.

### CONCEPTO A : Los pronombres relativos

Un pronombre relativo introduce una cláusula que describe un sustantivo previamente mencionado, que se llama antecedente. Los pronombres relativos se utilizan para vincular dos ideas relacionadas en una sola oración, evitando así la repetición. En el siguiente ejemplo, ese pronombre relativo que introduce la cláusula celebras en tu familia que describe las antecedentes tradiciones culturales.

Ejemplo : ¿ Puedes prestarme el libro que compraste ayer ?

En inglés, los pronombres relativos más comunes son that, who, which, who y whoever. En español hay algunos tipos de pronombres relativos que son intercambiables: que, quién, el que y el cual, donde. Entonces, el desafío de usar estos pronombres relativos es saber cuál usar. Debido a que existe una gran variación en la forma en que las personas los usan, hay pocas reglas concretas, pero a continuación se muestran patrones generales para cada una.

Pronoun	Function(s)	English equivalents
<i>Cuando</i>	Time indicator	when
<i>Donde</i>	Place indicator	where
<i>El cual</i>	Subject Direct object Object of preposition	who whom which, whom, that
<i>El que</i>	Subject Direct object Object of preposition	who whom which, whom, that
<i>Que</i>	Subject Direct object	that, which, who that, which, whom
<i>Quien</i>	Subject Object of preposition	who which, whom, that

#### 1. Que :

Es el pronombre relativo más común y preferido en contextos hablados o informales. Se usa con mayor frecuencia cuando no hay nada entre él y el antecedente utilizado con antecedentes que son personas o cosas.

**QUESTION 1**

Which of the following is NOT a characteristic of a good leader?

**ANSWER**

- 1. Selfish
- 2. Humble
- 3. Empathetic

**QUESTION 2**

- 1. A leader should be someone who is always right and never wrong.
- 2. A leader should be someone who is always confident and never uncertain.
- 3. A leader should be someone who is always strong and never weak.

**QUESTION 3**

- 1. A leader should be someone who is always honest and never dishonest.

**QUESTION 4**

Which of the following is NOT a characteristic of a good leader?

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**QUESTION 5**

**QUESTION 1**

Which of the following is NOT a characteristic of a good research question?

**ANSWER**

- 1. It is too broad
- 2. It is too narrow
- 3. It is too vague

**QUESTION 2**

- 1. It is a question that can be answered by a simple "yes" or "no" response.
- 2. It is a question that is open-ended and allows for a range of responses.
- 3. It is a question that is based on a hypothesis.

**QUESTION 3**

- 1. It is a question that is based on a hypothesis.

**QUESTION 4**

Which of the following is NOT a characteristic of a good research question?

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**ANSWER**

- 1. It is too broad
- 2. It is too narrow
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**QUESTION 5**

**QUESTION 1**

Which of the following is NOT a characteristic of a good leader?

**ANSWER**

- 1. Selfish
- 2. Humble
- 3. Empathetic

**QUESTION 2**

- 1. A leader should be able to inspire and motivate their team.
- 2. A leader should be able to delegate tasks effectively.
- 3. A leader should be able to communicate clearly and listen to their team.

**QUESTION 3**

- 1. A leader should be able to set a clear vision for their team.

**QUESTION 4**

Which of the following is NOT a characteristic of a good leader?

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**ANSWER**

- 1. Selfish
- 2. Humble
- 3. Empathetic

**QUESTION 5**

**QUESTION 1**

Which of the following is NOT a characteristic of a good leader?

**ANSWER**

- 1.  Charismatic
- 2.  Visionary
- 3.  Selfish

**QUESTION 2**

- 1.  A leader should be someone who is naturally born to lead.
- 2.  A leader should be someone who is naturally born to lead, but they can also be learned.
- 3.  A leader should be someone who is naturally born to lead, but they can also be learned, and they can also be taught.

**QUESTION 3**

- 1.  A leader should be someone who is naturally born to lead, but they can also be learned, and they can also be taught, and they can also be trained.

**QUESTION 4**

Which of the following is NOT a characteristic of a good leader?

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**ANSWER**

- 1.  Charismatic
- 2.  Visionary
- 3.  Selfish

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**QUESTION 5**