



Partizip 1 and Partizip 2





Class Objective

I will understand the learn the concept of Partizip 1 and Partizip 2



Concept A: Partizip 1 - Definition and explanation

- The Partizip I is a form of word that is derived from verbs. It can have
- different functions in a sentence. For example, the Partizip I can be used as
- an adjunction, an adverb or a noun. Let's have a closer look to how the
- Partizip I can affect our sentences.

- In German we can form the Partizip I with every verb. All we have to do is
- to add the letter -d to the infinitive present form of the verb, e.g.



Concept A: Partizip 1 - Definition and explanation

schreiben (to write) -> schreibend (writing)

lachen (to laugh) -> lachend (laughing)

spielen (to play) -> spielend (playing)



Concept B: Construction of Partizip I

Partizip I is constructed with: (INFINITIVE OF THE VERB) + "d" Partizip I Verb habend haben koennend koennen singen singend



Concept B: Construction of Partizip I

| There are 2 verbs that don't follow this rule: | | |
|--|------------|--|
| Verb | Partizip I | |
| | | |
| sein | seinend | |
| tun | tuend | |
| | | |
| sein and tun are the only verbs in German that do not end with "en", "In" or | | |
| with "rn" and that is why they form the Partizip I differently. | | |
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