Conjunctions 2

Class Objective: I will be able to understand conjunctions and use them in sentences

Concept A: Contrasting conjunctions

Contrasting conjunctions express a contrast, an impediment. The most used conjunctions are:

- 1. 可是 (kěshì) "but, nevertheless"
- 2. 不过 (buguò) "but, however",
- 3. 但是 (dànshì) "but, nevertheless"
- 4. 不然 (bùrán) "otherwise",
- 5. 要不然 (yàoburán) "else"
- 6. 否则 (fǒuzé) "otherwise".

examples:

他想吃披萨, 但是要减肥。

Tā xiǎng chī pīsà, dànshì yào jiǎnféi.

He wanted to eat pizza but he has to lose weight.

快起床吧, 否则你会迟到!

Kuài qichuáng ba, fouzé ni huì chídào!

Get up soon, otherwise you'll be late!

我妈妈想睡觉,可是她要去上班。

Wǒ māma xiǎng shuìjiào, kěshì tā yào qù shàngbān.

My mom wants to sleep but has to go to work.

我们组的房子很小, 不过很便宜。

Wŏmen zǔ de fángzi hěn xiǎo, buguò hěn piányi.

The house we rented is small but cheap.

With contrasting conjunctives there are also the following combinations translatable with "although... nevertheless...":

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虽然 (suīrán)...,可是 (kěshì);
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虽然(suīrán)..., 但是 (dànshì);

虽然 (suīrán)...,不过 (buguò).

Important: when the subject of both phrases is the same, 虽然 comes before the subject, such as in these examples:

虽然他是日本人, 可是说中文说得非常流利。

<u>Suīrán</u> tā shì Rìběnrén, <u>kěshì</u> shuō Zhōngwén shuō de fēicháng liúlì.

Although he is Japanese, nevertheless he speaks Chinese very fluently.

虽然他有的是钱, 但是不愿意嫁给他。

Suīrán tā yǒudeshì qián, dànshì bù yuàn yì jiàgěi tā.

THE ROLL WAS A CONTRACT OF THE PARTY.

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Name and Address of the Owner o

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THE ROLL WAS A CONTRACT OF THE PARTY.

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