Write the intervals

Each staff gives you the **bottom note**. In the empty bar, write the note that is the named interval **above** it, as a whole note. First count **letters** to find the right line or space, then count **half steps** and add a sharp or flat if the size is not right yet.

Half-step ruler

interval	m2	M2	m3	M3	P4	P5	m6	M6	m7	M7	P8
half steps	1	2	3	4	5	7	8	9	10	11	12

1 **up a M3**



2 **up a P5**



3 **up a M6**



4 **up a m3**



5 **up a P4**



6 **up a M2**



7 **up a m7**



8 **up a P8**



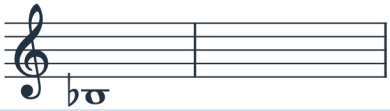
9 **up a P5**



10 **up a m6**



11 **up a M3**



12 **up a m7**



13 **up a m3**



14 **up a P4**



15 **up a M7**



16 **up a M6**



17 **up a P5**



18 **up a M3**



Hint **Letters first:** count the bottom note as 1 (E up a 6th: E-F-G-A-B-**C**). **Then size:** count the half steps and compare with the ruler. Too small? Raise the top note with a sharp. Too big? Lower it with a flat. Keep the letter you found — never switch to the next letter to fix the size. A sharp or flat at the bottom often needs one on top too: A♭ up a P5 is E♭, C♯ up a P4 is F♯. Handouts 05, 13, 14 and 65.



Answers (flip the page)

© 2026 Tissimo. All rights reserved.