

E-RATE FUNDING IN U.S. CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICTS

District-by-District Scorecards, 1998–2025

Technology Policy Institute

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GENERATED 2026-06-10

About This Report

The federal E-Rate program, administered by the Universal Service Administrative Company (USAC) under the Federal Communications Commission, provides discounts of up to 90 percent on telecommunications, internet access, and internal connections for eligible schools and libraries. This report presents an E-Rate funding scorecard for every United States congressional district.

Each billed entity is assigned to the congressional district (119th Congress boundaries, U.S. Census TIGER/Line 2024) containing the largest number of its recipient sites, located by their USAC-reported coordinates; entities without usable coordinates use the district in their USAC profile. Funding totals are total authorized disbursements (FCC Form 471 FRN Status, USAC dataset qdmp-ygft); speeds are from Recipient Details and Commitments (avi8-svp9); pre-2016 history is from USAC legacy data (1998-2015). Note: the last year or two in any disbursement series always looks artificially low (FY2025 invoices are still being paid) — that's the real state of USAC's data, not an error.

Each district receives two pages: a funding overview with total disbursements, average discount rates, participating entities and service providers, and a disbursement history covering 1998–2025; followed by rankings of the district's largest E-Rate recipients and service providers and average contracted connection speeds.

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Data: USAC Open Data (opendata.usac.org), retrieved 2026-06-10.

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California

California's 11th District 4

Table 1. E-Rate Funding Overview

Indicator	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Total E-Rate Subsidies	\$700,964	\$12,428,588	\$5,552,968	\$3,609,691	\$2,895,335	\$3,722,301	\$4,880,465	\$4,004,564
Average Discount Rate	59%	59%	53%	60%	60%	63%	74%	68%
Number of Service Providers	21	28	22	25	20	22	19	24
Number of Billed Entities	26	30	29	30	27	27	26	27
– School District BENs	6	6	6	8	7	7	6	6
– School BENs	18	22	21	20	18	18	17	18
– Library BENs	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2
– Consortium BENs	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

Figure 1. Total E-Rate Disbursements, 1998–2025

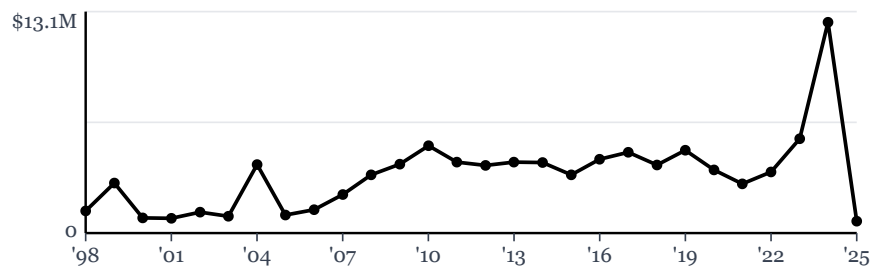


Table 2. E-Rate Subsidies by Service Type

Service Type	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Voice	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	\$14,445
Telecomm Services	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Internal Connections	\$107,383	\$967,058	\$2,997,072	\$874,862	\$234,011	\$1,042,300	\$2,890,325	\$1,783,746
Data Transmission and/or Internet Access	\$507,598	\$11,319,254	\$2,532,404	\$2,732,223	\$2,659,884	\$2,680,000	\$1,990,141	\$2,206,373
Basic Maintenance of Internal Connections	–	–	\$21,692	–	–	–	–	\$0
Managed Internal Broadband Services	\$85,983	\$142,276	\$1,800	\$2,606	\$1,440	–	–	–
Wi-Fi Hotspots Services and Equipment	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–

Sources: USAC Open Data — E-Rate Recipient Details and Commitments (avi8-svp9); FCC Form 471 FRN Status (qdm-p-ygft); USAC legacy commitments 1998–2015. Funding figures are total authorized disbursements; each billed entity is assigned to the 119th-Congress district containing the most of its recipient sites (Census TIGER/Line 2024). 5-yr Total and Average cover FY2021–2025; FY2026 omitted (funding year in progress). Note: the last year or two in any disbursement series always looks artificially low (FY2025 invoices are still being paid), which is why the history charts dip at the end — that’s the real state of USAC’s data, not an error. Technology Policy Institute, 2026-06-10.

Table 3. Top 10 Billed Entities by E-Rate Disbursements (ranked by 5-yr total)

Billed Entity	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	5-yr Total	Average
Antioch Unified School Dist.	\$43K	\$8.9M	\$2.6M	\$243K	\$236K	\$336K	\$378K	\$1.0M	\$12.1M	\$2.4M
San Francisco Unif School Dist	\$161K	\$1.9M	\$1.6M	\$1.8M	\$1.0M	\$1.8M	\$3.8M	\$1.9M	\$6.4M	\$1.3M
Ccsf-Department Of Technology	\$125K	\$592K	\$340K	\$354K	\$660K	\$646K	\$135K	\$185K	\$2.1M	\$414K
Kipp Bay Area Schools	\$150K	\$374K	\$136K	\$486K	\$292K	\$253K	\$155K	\$303K	\$1.4M	\$288K
Internet Archive	–	\$182K	\$313K	\$313K	\$317K	\$243K	\$87K	\$201K	\$1.1M	\$225K
Gateway Public Schools	\$66K	\$75K	\$69K	\$31K	\$31K	\$45K	–	–	\$272K	\$54K
Lafayette Elementary School District	\$16K	\$25K	\$113K	\$52K	\$23K	\$55K	\$35K	\$33K	\$229K	\$46K
Kai Ming Head Start	–	–	–	\$109K	\$109K	\$124K	\$131K	\$108K	\$218K	\$44K
Sacred Heart Cathedral Preparatory	\$18K	\$83K	\$49K	\$24K	\$23K	\$30K	\$17K	\$27K	\$197K	\$39K
Schools Of The Sacred Heart	\$13K	\$20K	\$100K	\$21K	\$19K	\$22K	\$19K	\$19K	\$173K	\$35K

Table 4. Top 10 Service Providers by E-Rate Disbursements (ranked by 5-yr total)

Service Provider	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	5-yr Total	Average
Zayo Group, Llc	\$39K	\$8.9M	\$227K	\$227K	\$227K	\$215K	\$33K	\$33K	\$9.6M	\$1.9M
Pacific Bell Telephone Company	\$24K	\$1.2M	\$1.2M	\$1.4M	\$1.3M	\$1.3M	\$1.5M	\$1.5M	\$5.1M	\$1.0M
At&T Enterprises, Llc	\$373K	\$893K	\$749K	\$548K	\$748K	\$718K	\$44K	\$75K	\$3.3M	\$662K
Ams.Net, Inc.	–	\$20K	\$2.4M	–	\$18K	\$148K	\$125K	\$830K	\$2.5M	\$497K
It Management Corporation	–	\$353K	\$236K	\$501K	–	–	–	–	\$1.1M	\$218K
Comcast Business Communications	\$25K	\$242K	\$177K	\$215K	\$111K	\$182K	\$150K	\$272K	\$770K	\$154K
Convergeone, Inc.	–	\$397K	\$127K	–	–	–	\$2.7M	\$862K	\$523K	\$105K
Cdw Government Llc	\$89K	\$63K	\$37K	\$181K	\$129K	\$61K	\$22K	\$49K	\$499K	\$100K
Cogent Communications, Inc.	–	–	\$86K	\$86K	\$90K	\$28K	\$54K	–	\$263K	\$53K
Comcast Phone, Llc	\$46K	\$52K	\$53K	\$50K	\$33K	\$27K	\$25K	\$10K	\$235K	\$47K

Table 5. Average Contracted Speeds by Service Type (Mbps)

Service Type	Download					Upload				
	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021
Data Transmission and/or Internet Access	6,499	6,751	6,230	6,360	6,131	6,477	6,750	6,230	6,357	6,131

Sources: USAC Open Data — E-Rate Recipient Details and Commitments (avi8-svp9); FCC Form 471 FRN Status (qdm-p-ygft); USAC legacy commitments 1998–2015. Funding figures are total authorized disbursements; each billed entity is assigned to the 11th-Congress district containing the most of its recipient sites (Census TIGER/Line 2024). 5-yr Total and Average cover FY2021–2025; FY2026 omitted (funding year in progress). Note: the last year or two in any disbursement series always looks artificially low (FY2025 invoices are still being paid), which is why the history charts dip at the end — that’s the real state of USAC’s data, not an error. Technology Policy Institute, 2026-06-10.