

E-RATE FUNDING IN U.S. CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICTS

District-by-District Scorecards, 1998–2025

Technology Policy Institute

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About This Report

The federal E-Rate program, administered by the Universal Service Administrative Company (USAC) under the Federal Communications Commission, provides discounts of up to 90 percent on telecommunications, internet access, and internal connections for eligible schools and libraries. This report presents an E-Rate funding scorecard for every United States congressional district.

Each billed entity is assigned to the congressional district (119th Congress boundaries, U.S. Census TIGER/Line 2024) containing the largest number of its recipient sites, located by their USAC-reported coordinates; entities without usable coordinates use the district in their USAC profile. Funding totals are total authorized disbursements (FCC Form 471 FRN Status, USAC dataset qdmp-ygft); speeds are from Recipient Details and Commitments (avi8-svp9); pre-2016 history is from USAC legacy data (1998-2015). Note: the last year or two in any disbursement series always looks artificially low (FY2025 invoices are still being paid) — that's the real state of USAC's data, not an error.

Each district receives two pages: a funding overview with total disbursements, average discount rates, participating entities and service providers, and a disbursement history covering 1998–2025; followed by rankings of the district's largest E-Rate recipients and service providers and average contracted connection speeds.

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Data: USAC Open Data (opendata.usac.org), retrieved 2026-06-10.

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Florida

Florida's 1st District 4

Table 1. E-Rate Funding Overview

Indicator	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Total E-Rate Subsidies	\$2,380,836	\$1,172,063	\$1,008,640	\$3,315,966	\$1,899,388	\$1,455,738	\$2,596,894	\$1,460,939
Average Discount Rate	72%	68%	75%	72%	75%	75%	80%	57%
Number of Service Providers	13	15	12	17	18	14	13	19
Number of Billed Entities	22	21	21	20	18	19	18	19
– School District BENs	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
– School BENs	15	14	14	13	11	12	11	12
– Library BENs	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3

Figure 1. Total E-Rate Disbursements, 1998–2025

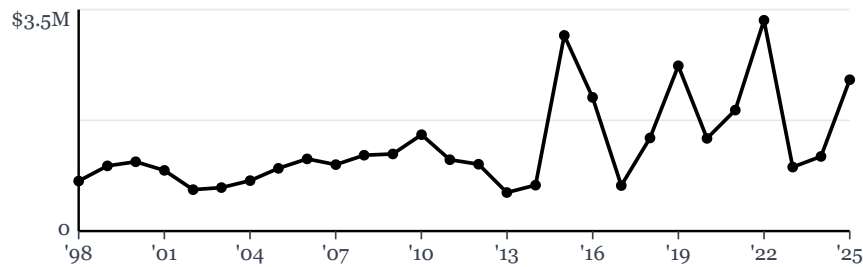


Table 2. E-Rate Subsidies by Service Type

Service Type	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Voice	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	\$9,681
Telecomm Services	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Internal Connections	\$1,675,314	\$193,683	\$2,383	\$2,273,588	\$1,056,043	\$778,623	\$1,879,896	\$665,409
Data Transmission and/or Internet Access	\$680,350	\$972,596	\$1,006,257	\$1,042,379	\$842,251	\$677,115	\$671,764	\$738,511
Basic Maintenance of Internal Connections	–	–	–	–	–	–	\$45,234	\$47,338
Managed Internal Broadband Services	\$25,172	\$5,784	–	–	\$1,093	–	–	–

Sources: USAC Open Data — E-Rate Recipient Details and Commitments (avi8-svp9); FCC Form 471 FRN Status (qdm-p-ygft); USAC legacy commitments 1998–2015. Funding figures are total authorized disbursements; each billed entity is assigned to the 119th-Congress district containing the most of its recipient sites (Census TIGER/Line 2024). 5-yr Total and Average cover FY2021–2025; FY2026 omitted (funding year in progress). Note: the last year or two in any disbursement series always looks artificially low (FY2025 invoices are still being paid), which is why the history charts dip at the end — that’s the real state of USAC’s data, not an error. Technology Policy Institute, 2026-06-10.

Table 3. Top 10 Billed Entities by E-Rate Disbursements (ranked by 5-yr total)

Billed Entity	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	5-yr Total	Average
Escambia County School Dist	\$1.9M	\$497K	\$229K	\$360K	\$1.1M	\$963K	\$2.1M	\$510K	\$4.1M	\$825K
Okaloosa County School Dist	\$58K	\$45K	\$172K	\$2.3M	\$95K	\$111K	\$132K	\$528K	\$2.7M	\$540K
Escambia Cty Head Start/Comm Act. Prog. Committee, Inc.	\$127K	\$210K	\$226K	\$224K	\$251K	\$49K	\$12K	\$38K	\$1.0M	\$208K
Santa Rosa Co School District	–	\$125K	\$125K	\$107K	\$140K	\$123K	\$120K	\$116K	\$496K	\$99K
Walton County Public Library System	\$54K	\$47K	\$47K	\$47K	\$54K	\$73K	\$73K	\$73K	\$248K	\$50K
Escambia County Library Services Department	–	\$65K	\$54K	\$51K	\$58K	\$5K	\$37K	\$75K	\$228K	\$46K
Santa Rosa County Bocc, Finance Dept.	\$32K	\$32K	\$32K	\$36K	\$36K	\$36K	\$36K	\$36K	\$169K	\$34K
Jubilee Christian Academy	\$29K	\$30K	\$33K	\$39K	\$24K	\$20K	–	\$3K	\$155K	\$31K
Rocky Bayou Christian School	\$35K	\$21K	–	\$23K	\$8K	\$7K	–	\$7K	\$87K	\$17K
Dixon School Of The Arts	\$25K	–	–	\$23K	\$23K	\$7K	\$6K	\$10K	\$71K	\$14K

Table 4. Top 10 Service Providers by E-Rate Disbursements (ranked by 5-yr total)

Service Provider	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	5-yr Total	Average
Pc Solutions & Integration, Inc.	\$1.5M	\$179K	–	\$2.2M	–	–	–	\$396K	\$3.9M	\$786K
Cox Florida Telecom, Lp	\$306K	\$323K	\$440K	\$434K	\$268K	\$140K	\$116K	\$170K	\$1.8M	\$354K
Southern Light, Llc	\$287K	\$344K	\$361K	\$282K	\$342K	\$319K	\$335K	\$370K	\$1.6M	\$323K
Pc Specialist	–	–	–	–	\$853K	\$735K	\$1.8M	\$47K	\$853K	\$171K
Bellsouth Telecommunications, Llc	–	\$125K	\$125K	\$107K	\$140K	\$123K	\$122K	\$116K	\$496K	\$99K
Information Transport Solutions, Inc.	\$57K	\$55K	\$47K	\$47K	\$54K	\$73K	\$73K	\$73K	\$259K	\$52K
Accelerated Communications And Construction Llc	–	\$100K	–	\$90K	–	–	–	–	\$190K	\$38K
Riverside Technologies, Inc.	\$151K	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	\$151K	\$30K
Rapidscale Inc.	–	–	–	–	\$82K	–	–	–	\$82K	\$16K
At&T Enterprises, Llc	\$15K	\$20K	\$20K	\$9K	\$10K	\$9K	–	\$1K	\$74K	\$15K

Table 5. Average Contracted Speeds by Service Type (Mbps)

Service Type	Download					Upload				
	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021
Data Transmission and/or Internet Access	2,955	1,485	1,540	600	640	2,924	1,451	1,509	580	629

Sources: USAC Open Data — E-Rate Recipient Details and Commitments (avi8-svp9); FCC Form 471 FRN Status (qdm-p-ygft); USAC legacy commitments 1998–2015. Funding figures are total authorized disbursements; each billed entity is assigned to the 119th-Congress district containing the most of its recipient sites (Census TIGER/Line 2024). 5-yr Total and Average cover FY2021–2025; FY2026 omitted (funding year in progress). Note: the last year or two in any disbursement series always looks artificially low (FY2025 invoices are still being paid), which is why the history charts dip at the end — that’s the real state of USAC’s data, not an error. Technology Policy Institute, 2026-06-10.