

E-RATE FUNDING IN U.S. CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICTS

District-by-District Scorecards, 1998–2025

Technology Policy Institute

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About This Report

The federal E-Rate program, administered by the Universal Service Administrative Company (USAC) under the Federal Communications Commission, provides discounts of up to 90 percent on telecommunications, internet access, and internal connections for eligible schools and libraries. This report presents an E-Rate funding scorecard for every United States congressional district.

Each billed entity is assigned to the congressional district (119th Congress boundaries, U.S. Census TIGER/Line 2024) containing the largest number of its recipient sites, located by their USAC-reported coordinates; entities without usable coordinates use the district in their USAC profile. Funding totals are total authorized disbursements (FCC Form 471 FRN Status, USAC dataset qdmp-ygft); speeds are from Recipient Details and Commitments (avi8-svp9); pre-2016 history is from USAC legacy data (1998-2015). Note: the last year or two in any disbursement series always looks artificially low (FY2025 invoices are still being paid) — that's the real state of USAC's data, not an error.

Each district receives two pages: a funding overview with total disbursements, average discount rates, participating entities and service providers, and a disbursement history covering 1998–2025; followed by rankings of the district's largest E-Rate recipients and service providers and average contracted connection speeds.

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Data: USAC Open Data (opendata.usac.org), retrieved 2026-06-10.

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Florida

Florida's 9th District 4

Table 1. E-Rate Funding Overview

Indicator	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Total E-Rate Subsidies	\$2,692,426	\$3,409,934	\$2,610,110	\$2,622,557	\$1,927,783	\$1,325,666	\$1,970,727	\$2,148,562
Average Discount Rate	83%	84%	83%	82%	81%	83%	83%	72%
Number of Service Providers	17	13	19	23	25	21	25	21
Number of Billed Entities	31	30	33	36	34	29	30	25
– School District BENs	5	5	5	5	5	3	3	3
– School BENs	20	20	22	25	23	19	20	15
– Library BENs	6	5	6	6	6	6	6	6
– Consortium BENs	–	–	–	–	–	1	1	1

Figure 1. Total E-Rate Disbursements, 1998–2025

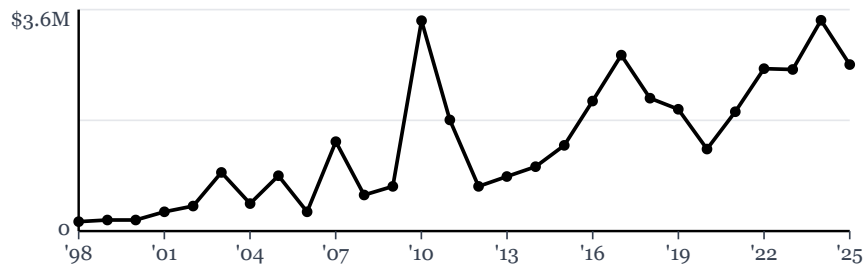


Table 2. E-Rate Subsidies by Service Type

Service Type	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Voice	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	\$10,554
Telecomm Services	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Internal Connections	\$2,165,947	\$2,440,379	\$1,612,797	\$1,660,276	\$1,088,983	\$678,861	\$671,560	\$908,723
Data Transmission and/or Internet Access	\$451,001	\$862,686	\$939,342	\$949,501	\$823,032	\$640,983	\$1,293,056	\$1,229,285
Basic Maintenance of Internal Connections	–	\$12,180	\$8,640	\$824	\$12,051	\$2,104	\$6,111	–
Managed Internal Broadband Services	\$75,478	\$94,689	\$49,331	\$11,956	\$3,717	\$3,717	\$0	–
Wi-Fi Hotspots Services and Equipment	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–

Sources: USAC Open Data — E-Rate Recipient Details and Commitments (avi8-svp9); FCC Form 471 FRN Status (qdm-p-ygft); USAC legacy commitments 1998–2015. Funding figures are total authorized disbursements; each billed entity is assigned to the 119th-Congress district containing the most of its recipient sites (Census TIGER/Line 2024). 5-yr Total and Average cover FY2021–2025; FY2026 omitted (funding year in progress). Note: the last year or two in any disbursement series always looks artificially low (FY2025 invoices are still being paid), which is why the history charts dip at the end — that’s the real state of USAC’s data, not an error. Technology Policy Institute, 2026-06-10.

Table 3. Top 10 Billed Entities by E-Rate Disbursements (ranked by 5-yr total)

Billed Entity	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	5-yr Total	Average
Osceola County School District	\$2.2M	\$2.9M	\$2.0M	\$2.0M	\$1.2M	\$820K	\$1.5M	\$1.8M	\$10.2M	\$2.0M
Individual Education Plan Academy Inc.	\$204K	\$6K	\$85K	\$64K	\$231K	–	–	–	\$590K	\$118K
Osceola County Government	\$42K	\$56K	\$56K	\$63K	\$63K	\$61K	\$46K	\$41K	\$279K	\$56K
Osceola Science Charter School	\$10K	\$19K	\$138K	\$19K	\$11K	\$15K	\$113K	–	\$196K	\$39K
Avant Garde Academy Inc - DbA Victory Charter School	\$43K	\$62K	\$10K	\$12K	\$23K	\$42K	\$11K	\$5K	\$149K	\$30K
Mater Brighton Lakes Academy	–	\$31K	\$39K	\$39K	\$40K	\$15K	\$36K	\$15K	\$148K	\$30K
Mater Davenport	–	\$43K	\$15K	\$66K	–	–	–	–	\$125K	\$25K
New Dimensions High School School	–	\$76K	\$17K	\$14K	\$11K	\$29K	\$16K	\$16K	\$118K	\$24K
Bridgeprep Academy Of St Cloud	\$15K	\$18K	\$9K	\$30K	\$31K	–	–	–	\$103K	\$21K
Mater Narcoossee	–	\$19K	\$17K	\$65K	–	–	–	–	\$100K	\$20K

Table 4. Top 10 Service Providers by E-Rate Disbursements (ranked by 5-yr total)

Service Provider	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	5-yr Total	Average
Charter Communications Operating, Llc	\$415K	\$759K	\$832K	\$835K	\$754K	\$576K	\$213K	\$114K	\$3.6M	\$719K
Insight Public Sector Inc	–	\$2.3M	–	–	–	–	–	–	\$2.3M	\$469K
Presidio Networked Solutions, Inc	–	–	–	\$1.5M	\$751K	–	–	–	\$2.2M	\$442K
Greyson Communications Inc.	\$1.9M	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	\$1.9M	\$388K
Pc Solutions & Integration, Inc.	–	\$34K	\$1.5M	\$120K	–	–	–	–	\$1.6M	\$323K
Bamboo Edtech	\$208K	–	\$64K	–	\$270K	\$132K	\$18K	\$66K	\$542K	\$108K
Smart City Solutions Ii, Llc	\$42K	\$56K	\$56K	\$63K	–	–	–	–	\$216K	\$43K
Technologylab, Llc	\$64K	\$95K	\$8K	–	–	–	–	–	\$166K	\$33K
Shi International Corpo.	–	–	\$108K	–	\$1K	\$6K	\$19K	–	\$109K	\$22K
Centurylink Level 3 Communications, Llc	\$697	\$29K	\$30K	\$22K	–	–	–	–	\$82K	\$16K

Table 5. Average Contracted Speeds by Service Type (Mbps)

Service Type	Download					Upload				
	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021
Data Transmission and/or Internet Access	2,918	3,345	3,091	2,981	2,274	2,902	3,209	3,047	2,932	2,239

Sources: USAC Open Data — E-Rate Recipient Details and Commitments (avi8-svp9); FCC Form 471 FRN Status (qdmf-ygft); USAC legacy commitments 1998–2015. Funding figures are total authorized disbursements; each billed entity is assigned to the 119th-Congress district containing the most of its recipient sites (Census TIGER/Line 2024). 5-yr Total and Average cover FY2021–2025; FY2026 omitted (funding year in progress). Note: the last year or two in any disbursement series always looks artificially low (FY2025 invoices are still being paid), which is why the history charts dip at the end — that’s the real state of USAC’s data, not an error. Technology Policy Institute, 2026-06-10.