

E-RATE FUNDING IN U.S. CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICTS

District-by-District Scorecards, 1998–2025

Technology Policy Institute

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About This Report

The federal E-Rate program, administered by the Universal Service Administrative Company (USAC) under the Federal Communications Commission, provides discounts of up to 90 percent on telecommunications, internet access, and internal connections for eligible schools and libraries. This report presents an E-Rate funding scorecard for every United States congressional district.

Each billed entity is assigned to the congressional district (119th Congress boundaries, U.S. Census TIGER/Line 2024) containing the largest number of its recipient sites, located by their USAC-reported coordinates; entities without usable coordinates use the district in their USAC profile. Funding totals are total authorized disbursements (FCC Form 471 FRN Status, USAC dataset qdmp-ygft); speeds are from Recipient Details and Commitments (avi8-svp9); pre-2016 history is from USAC legacy data (1998-2015). Note: the last year or two in any disbursement series always looks artificially low (FY2025 invoices are still being paid) — that’s the real state of USAC’s data, not an error.

Each district receives two pages: a funding overview with total disbursements, average discount rates, participating entities and service providers, and a disbursement history covering 1998–2025; followed by rankings of the district’s largest E-Rate recipients and service providers and average contracted connection speeds.

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Data: USAC Open Data (opendata.usac.org), retrieved 2026-06-10.

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Table 1. E-Rate Funding Overview

Indicator	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Total E-Rate Subsidies	\$5,050,343	\$3,602,956	\$4,198,257	\$1,146,456	\$2,089,143	\$1,419,690	\$2,103,919	\$2,644,142
Average Discount Rate	59%	59%	51%	49%	55%	50%	43%	50%
Number of Service Providers	16	15	15	12	13	12	10	14
Number of Billed Entities	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11
– School District BENs	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
– School BENs	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
– Library BENs	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2

Figure 1. Total E-Rate Disbursements, 1998–2025

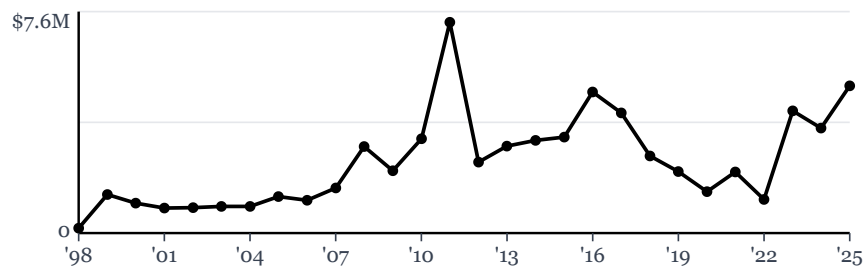


Table 2. E-Rate Subsidies by Service Type

Service Type	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Voice	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Telecomm Services	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Internal Connections	\$4,331,165	\$1,769,510	\$2,644,836	\$118,586	\$869,227	\$198,102	–	\$579,237
Data Transmission and/or Internet Access	\$664,272	\$1,833,243	\$1,489,336	\$1,021,072	\$1,219,916	\$1,221,588	\$2,103,919	\$2,064,905
Basic Maintenance of Internal Connections	\$54,907	\$204	\$64,085	\$6,798	–	–	–	–
Managed Internal Broadband Services	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Wireless School Bus Services and Equipment	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–

Sources: USAC Open Data — E-Rate Recipient Details and Commitments (avi8-svp9); FCC Form 471 FRN Status (qdm-p-ygft); USAC legacy commitments 1998–2015. Funding figures are total authorized disbursements; each billed entity is assigned to the 119th-Congress district containing the most of its recipient sites (Census TIGER/Line 2024). 5-yr Total and Average cover FY2021–2025; FY2026 omitted (funding year in progress). Note: the last year or two in any disbursement series always looks artificially low (FY2025 invoices are still being paid), which is why the history charts dip at the end — that’s the real state of USAC’s data, not an error. Technology Policy Institute, 2026-06-10.

Table 3. Top 10 Billed Entities by E-Rate Disbursements (ranked by 5-yr total)

Billed Entity	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	5-yr Total	Average
Fulton County School District	\$4.0M	\$2.5M	\$800K	\$296K	\$446K	\$437K	\$1.3M	\$1.3M	\$8.1M	\$1.6M
Forsyth County School District	\$530K	\$542K	\$3.1M	\$547K	\$949K	\$587K	\$492K	\$996K	\$5.7M	\$1.1M
Dawson County School District	\$185K	\$216K	\$166K	\$150K	\$525K	\$269K	\$168K	\$158K	\$1.2M	\$248K
Lumpkin County School District	\$278K	\$275K	\$55K	\$73K	\$67K	\$67K	\$100K	\$86K	\$748K	\$150K
Forsyth County Public Library	\$20K	\$29K	\$21K	\$23K	\$24K	\$25K	\$23K	\$19K	\$116K	\$23K
Chestatee Regional Library System	\$13K	\$16K	\$15K	\$15K	\$15K	\$13K	\$14K	\$16K	\$74K	\$15K
Mill Springs Academy	\$4K	\$5K	\$8K	\$21K	\$15K	–	–	–	\$54K	\$11K
The Epstein School	–	\$7K	\$6K	\$3K	\$17K	\$4K	\$8K	\$7K	\$33K	\$7K
The Swift School Learning Center	\$4K	\$6K	\$6K	\$6K	\$7K	\$7K	\$8K	\$9K	\$28K	\$6K
Brandon Hall School	–	–	\$2K	\$7K	\$16K	\$4K	\$5K	\$14K	\$25K	\$5K

Table 4. Top 10 Service Providers by E-Rate Disbursements (ranked by 5-yr total)

Service Provider	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	5-yr Total	Average
Layer 3 Communications, Llc	\$4.0M	\$1.6M	–	–	–	–	–	–	\$5.6M	\$1.1M
Bellsouth Telecommunications, Llc	\$181K	\$1.2M	\$994K	\$509K	\$651K	\$642K	\$1.5M	\$1.4M	\$3.5M	\$704K
Wescott Technologies Llc	\$82K	–	\$2.2M	\$99K	\$381K	\$62K	–	\$478K	\$2.7M	\$545K
Comcast Business Communications	\$243K	\$275K	\$218K	\$208K	\$245K	\$304K	\$298K	\$280K	\$1.2M	\$238K
Point Broadband Fiber Holding, Llc	\$169K	\$230K	\$192K	\$217K	\$188K	\$214K	\$281K	\$259K	\$996K	\$199K
Pc Solutions & Integration, Inc.	\$242K	\$211K	\$20K	–	–	–	–	–	\$473K	\$95K
Carahsoft Technology Corporation	–	–	\$458K	–	–	–	–	–	\$458K	\$92K
Zayo Education, Llc	\$43K	\$55K	\$44K	\$44K	\$88K	\$46K	\$46K	\$36K	\$274K	\$55K
Ideal Communications, Inc.	\$52K	–	\$30K	\$6K	\$160K	–	–	–	\$248K	\$50K
Cirrus Networks, Inc.	–	–	–	–	\$243K	\$135K	–	–	\$243K	\$49K

Table 5. Average Contracted Speeds by Service Type (Mbps)

Service Type	Download					Upload				
	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021
Data Transmission and/or Internet Access	13,942	13,468	13,497	10,403	9,151	13,942	13,468	13,497	10,400	9,151

Sources: USAC Open Data — E-Rate Recipient Details and Commitments (avi8-svp9); FCC Form 471 FRN Status (qdm-p-ygft); USAC legacy commitments 1998–2015. Funding figures are total authorized disbursements; each billed entity is assigned to the 119th-Congress district containing the most of its recipient sites (Census TIGER/Line 2024). 5-yr Total and Average cover FY2021–2025; FY2026 omitted (funding year in progress). Note: the last year or two in any disbursement series always looks artificially low (FY2025 invoices are still being paid), which is why the history charts dip at the end — that’s the real state of USAC’s data, not an error. Technology Policy Institute, 2026-06-10.