

E-RATE FUNDING IN U.S. CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICTS

District-by-District Scorecards, 1998–2025

Technology Policy Institute

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GENERATED 2026-06-10

About This Report

The federal E-Rate program, administered by the Universal Service Administrative Company (USAC) under the Federal Communications Commission, provides discounts of up to 90 percent on telecommunications, internet access, and internal connections for eligible schools and libraries. This report presents an E-Rate funding scorecard for every United States congressional district.

Each billed entity is assigned to the congressional district (119th Congress boundaries, U.S. Census TIGER/Line 2024) containing the largest number of its recipient sites, located by their USAC-reported coordinates; entities without usable coordinates use the district in their USAC profile. Funding totals are total authorized disbursements (FCC Form 471 FRN Status, USAC dataset qdmp-ygft); speeds are from Recipient Details and Commitments (avi8-svp9); pre-2016 history is from USAC legacy data (1998-2015). Note: the last year or two in any disbursement series always looks artificially low (FY2025 invoices are still being paid) — that’s the real state of USAC’s data, not an error.

Each district receives two pages: a funding overview with total disbursements, average discount rates, participating entities and service providers, and a disbursement history covering 1998–2025; followed by rankings of the district’s largest E-Rate recipients and service providers and average contracted connection speeds.

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Data: USAC Open Data (opendata.usac.org), retrieved 2026-06-10.

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North Carolina

North Carolina's 4th District 4

Table 1. E-Rate Funding Overview

Indicator	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Total E-Rate Subsidies	\$721,009	\$1,461,812	\$4,183,471	\$1,733,110	\$2,461,990	\$2,261,330	\$1,486,935	\$1,568,336
Average Discount Rate	64%	68%	64%	66%	58%	63%	55%	51%
Number of Service Providers	18	14	19	21	26	18	22	22
Number of Billed Entities	27	26	26	24	27	23	26	21
— School District BENs	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	5
— School BENs	22	21	21	19	22	18	21	16
— Library BENs	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

Figure 1. Total E-Rate Disbursements, 1998–2025

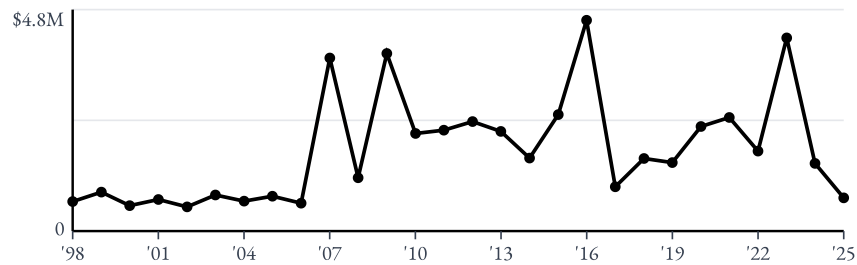


Table 2. E-Rate Subsidies by Service Type

Service Type	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Voice	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	\$2,333
Telecomm Services	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Internal Connections	\$136,353	\$638,061	\$3,192,655	\$856,658	\$1,555,166	\$1,346,133	\$502,810	\$819,931
Data Transmission and/or Internet Access	\$544,114	\$716,950	\$751,344	\$678,941	\$690,214	\$705,940	\$706,118	\$714,951
Basic Maintenance of Internal Connections	–	–	–	–	–	\$0	\$6,120	\$24,761
Managed Internal Broadband Services	\$40,542	\$106,801	\$239,472	\$197,511	\$216,610	\$209,257	\$271,886	\$6,360

Sources: USAC Open Data — E-Rate Recipient Details and Commitments (avi8-svp9); FCC Form 471 FRN Status (qdm-p-ygft); USAC legacy commitments 1998–2015. Funding figures are total authorized disbursements; each billed entity is assigned to the 119th-Congress district containing the most of its recipient sites (Census TIGER/Line 2024). 5-yr Total and Average cover FY2021–2025; FY2026 omitted (funding year in progress). Note: the last year or two in any disbursement series always looks artificially low (FY2025 invoices are still being paid), which is why the history charts dip at the end — that’s the real state of USAC’s data, not an error. Technology Policy Institute, 2026-06-10.

Table 3. Top 10 Billed Entities by E-Rate Disbursements (ranked by 5-yr total)

Billed Entity	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	5-yr Total	Average
Durham Public School District	\$362K	\$528K	\$3.5M	\$1.3M	\$889K	\$1.5M	\$698K	\$444K	\$6.6M	\$1.3M
Orange County School District	\$67K	\$641K	\$91K	\$60K	\$407K	\$173K	\$154K	\$75K	\$1.3M	\$253K
Chapel Hill-Carrboro City Dist	\$17K	\$37K	\$289K	\$79K	\$805K	\$251K	\$331K	\$585K	\$1.2M	\$245K
Durham County Library System	\$64K	\$79K	\$92K	\$70K	\$71K	\$90K	\$64K	\$241K	\$376K	\$75K
Families And Communities Rising	–	\$19K	\$43K	\$44K	\$45K	\$48K	\$28K	\$25K	\$151K	\$30K
Triangle Math And Science Academy	\$32K	\$73K	–	–	–	–	\$28K	–	\$105K	\$21K
Central Park School For Children	\$40K	\$5K	\$19K	\$9K	\$18K	\$27K	\$29K	\$13K	\$92K	\$18K
Cristo Rey Research Triangle	\$17K	\$11K	\$10K	\$17K	\$17K	–	–	–	\$72K	\$14K
Carolina Friends School	\$11K	\$11K	\$9K	\$33K	–	–	–	–	\$64K	\$13K
Kestrel Heights Charter School	–	–	\$2K	\$35K	\$22K	\$26K	\$25K	\$33K	\$59K	\$12K

Table 4. Top 10 Service Providers by E-Rate Disbursements (ranked by 5-yr total)

Service Provider	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	5-yr Total	Average
Charter Communications Operating, Llc	\$481K	\$628K	\$629K	\$582K	\$606K	\$544K	\$68K	\$20K	\$2.9M	\$585K
Internetwork Services, Inc.	–	–	\$2.9M	–	\$50K	–	–	–	\$2.9M	\$580K
Encore Technology Group Llc	\$99K	\$470K	\$257K	\$26K	\$379K	\$177K	–	–	\$1.2M	\$246K
Nwn Corporation-Raleigh	–	–	–	\$759K	\$102K	\$1.0M	–	\$177K	\$861K	\$172K
Tiber Creek Consulting, Inc.	–	\$103K	\$206K	\$161K	\$175K	\$178K	\$253K	–	\$644K	\$129K
Encore Technology Group. Llc	–	–	–	–	\$600K	–	–	–	\$600K	\$120K
Level 3 Communications, Llc	\$68K	\$82K	\$96K	\$74K	\$71K	\$90K	\$64K	\$64K	\$391K	\$78K
Disys Solutions, Inc	–	–	\$16K	\$43K	\$183K	–	–	–	\$242K	\$48K
Pharr Technologies, Co.	\$13K	–	–	–	\$195K	–	–	–	\$208K	\$42K
Cnic, Inc.	–	\$157K	–	–	–	–	–	–	\$157K	\$31K

Table 5. Average Contracted Speeds by Service Type (Mbps)

Service Type	Download					Upload				
	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021
Data Transmission and/or Internet Access	5,889	4,262	3,304	4,981	5,054	5,836	4,225	3,273	4,955	5,034

Sources: USAC Open Data — E-Rate Recipient Details and Commitments (avi8-svp9); FCC Form 471 FRN Status (qdm-p-ygft); USAC legacy commitments 1998–2015. Funding figures are total authorized disbursements; each billed entity is assigned to the 119th-Congress district containing the most of its recipient sites (Census TIGER/Line 2024). 5-yr Total and Average cover FY2021–2025; FY2026 omitted (funding year in progress). Note: the last year or two in any disbursement series always looks artificially low (FY2025 invoices are still being paid), which is why the history charts dip at the end — that's the real state of USAC's data, not an error. Technology Policy Institute, 2026-06-10.