

E-RATE FUNDING IN U.S. CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICTS

District-by-District Scorecards, 1998–2025

Technology Policy Institute

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About This Report

The federal E-Rate program, administered by the Universal Service Administrative Company (USAC) under the Federal Communications Commission, provides discounts of up to 90 percent on telecommunications, internet access, and internal connections for eligible schools and libraries. This report presents an E-Rate funding scorecard for every United States congressional district.

Each billed entity is assigned to the congressional district (119th Congress boundaries, U.S. Census TIGER/Line 2024) containing the largest number of its recipient sites, located by their USAC-reported coordinates; entities without usable coordinates use the district in their USAC profile. Funding totals are total authorized disbursements (FCC Form 471 FRN Status, USAC dataset qdmp-ygft); speeds are from Recipient Details and Commitments (avi8-svp9); pre-2016 history is from USAC legacy data (1998-2015). Note: the last year or two in any disbursement series always looks artificially low (FY2025 invoices are still being paid) — that’s the real state of USAC’s data, not an error.

Each district receives two pages: a funding overview with total disbursements, average discount rates, participating entities and service providers, and a disbursement history covering 1998–2025; followed by rankings of the district’s largest E-Rate recipients and service providers and average contracted connection speeds.

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Data: USAC Open Data (opendata.usac.org), retrieved 2026-06-10.

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Table 1. E-Rate Funding Overview

Indicator	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Total E-Rate Subsidies	\$3,041,467	\$4,342,997	\$1,459,611	\$2,794,426	\$1,332,614	\$1,670,390	\$1,367,569	\$1,581,048
Average Discount Rate	79%	72%	72%	74%	76%	74%	72%	63%
Number of Service Providers	23	27	26	22	19	25	25	19
Number of Billed Entities	16	16	16	16	18	18	18	16
— School District BENs	13	13	13	13	14	14	14	14
— School BENs	—	—	—	—	1	1	1	—
— Library BENs	—	—	—	1	1	1	1	1
— Consortium BENs	3	3	3	2	2	2	2	1

Figure 1. Total E-Rate Disbursements, 1998–2025

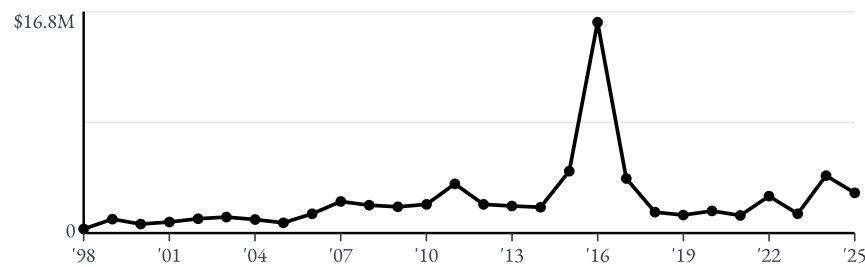


Table 2. E-Rate Subsidies by Service Type

Service Type	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Voice	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	\$10,556
Telecomm Services	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Internal Connections	\$2,012,361	\$3,284,649	\$464,513	\$904,953	\$284,933	\$591,371	\$425,065	\$445,189
Data Transmission and/or Internet Access	\$1,012,859	\$1,055,386	\$909,027	\$1,764,628	\$974,836	\$1,077,514	\$942,505	\$1,125,303
Basic Maintenance of Internal Connections	\$4,246	\$2,961	\$86,072	\$79,940	\$57,887	\$1,505	—	—
Managed Internal Broadband Services	\$12,000	—	—	\$44,906	\$14,958	—	—	—

Sources: USAC Open Data — E-Rate Recipient Details and Commitments (avi8-svp9); FCC Form 471 FRN Status (qdm-p-ygft); USAC legacy commitments 1998–2015. Funding figures are total authorized disbursements; each billed entity is assigned to the 119th-Congress district containing the most of its recipient sites (Census TIGER/Line 2024). 5-yr Total and Average cover FY2021–2025; FY2026 omitted (funding year in progress). Note: the last year or two in any disbursement series always looks artificially low (FY2025 invoices are still being paid), which is why the history charts dip at the end — that’s the real state of USAC’s data, not an error. Technology Policy Institute, 2026-06-10.

Table 3. Top 10 Billed Entities by E-Rate Disbursements (ranked by 5-yr total)

Billed Entity	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	5-yr Total	Average
Salem-Keizer School Dist 24 J	\$1.3M	\$2.8M	\$303K	\$292K	\$293K	\$319K	\$316K	\$311K	\$5.0M	\$995K
Central School District 13 J	\$1.2M	\$38K	\$19K	\$19K	\$38K	\$169K	\$183K	\$17K	\$1.3M	\$254K
Woodburn School District 103	\$114K	\$92K	\$139K	\$743K	\$89K	\$117K	\$184K	\$111K	\$1.2M	\$235K
Luckiamute Valley Charter School Consortia	\$11K	\$10K	\$10K	\$917K	\$5K	\$19K	\$5K	—	\$953K	\$191K
Tigard Tualatin Sch Dist 23 J	\$75K	\$436K	\$160K	\$203K	\$75K	\$199K	\$64K	\$236K	\$950K	\$190K
Mcminnville School District 40	\$64K	\$199K	\$214K	\$158K	\$186K	\$73K	\$83K	\$117K	\$821K	\$164K
Willamette Rgnl Ed Ser Dist	—	\$122K	\$127K	\$130K	\$145K	\$201K	\$224K	\$251K	\$525K	\$105K
Cascade School District 5	\$42K	\$321K	\$70K	—	\$82K	\$75K	—	—	\$515K	\$103K
Gervais School District 1	\$40K	\$109K	\$46K	\$45K	\$184K	\$100K	\$27K	\$34K	\$425K	\$85K
North Marion School Dist 15	\$61K	\$32K	\$16K	\$104K	\$35K	\$69K	\$32K	\$14K	\$248K	\$50K

Table 4. Top 10 Service Providers by E-Rate Disbursements (ranked by 5-yr total)

Service Provider	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	5-yr Total	Average
Ednetics, Inc.	\$1.3M	\$317K	\$98K	\$780K	\$169K	\$124K	\$14K	\$75K	\$2.7M	\$540K
Cdw Government Llc	\$70K	\$2.5M	\$47K	—	—	\$163K	\$164K	\$100K	\$2.6M	\$520K
Henkels & McCoy, Inc.	—	\$253K	\$246K	\$235K	\$235K	\$231K	\$226K	\$222K	\$970K	\$194K
Casco Communications, Inc	\$11K	\$10K	\$1K	\$908K	—	—	—	—	\$930K	\$186K
Wanrack Llc	\$681K	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	\$681K	\$136K
Structured Communication Systems Inc	\$90K	\$238K	\$177K	\$58K	\$93K	—	\$22K	—	\$656K	\$131K
Pacific Onesource, Inc.	\$441K	—	\$95K	—	—	—	—	—	\$536K	\$107K
Wavedivision Holdings, Llc	\$41K	\$77K	\$76K	\$134K	\$150K	\$174K	\$153K	\$150K	\$478K	\$96K
Datavision Communications Llc	\$26K	\$92K	\$92K	\$103K	\$89K	\$77K	\$77K	\$97K	\$402K	\$80K
Lightspeed Networks Inc	—	\$83K	\$74K	\$99K	\$133K	\$191K	\$242K	\$222K	\$389K	\$78K

Table 5. Average Contracted Speeds by Service Type (Mbps)

Service Type	Download					Upload				
	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021
Data Transmission and/or Internet Access	6,628	6,869	7,061	6,570	5,736	6,628	6,867	7,059	6,567	5,732

Sources: USAC Open Data — E-Rate Recipient Details and Commitments (avi8-svp9); FCC Form 471 FRN Status (qdm-p-ygft); USAC legacy commitments 1998–2015. Funding figures are total authorized disbursements; each billed entity is assigned to the 119th-Congress district containing the most of its recipient sites (Census TIGER/Line 2024). 5-yr Total and Average cover FY2021–2025; FY2026 omitted (funding year in progress). Note: the last year or two in any disbursement series always looks artificially low (FY2025 invoices are still being paid), which is why the history charts dip at the end — that's the real state of USAC's data, not an error. Technology Policy Institute, 2026-06-10.