

E-RATE FUNDING IN U.S. CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICTS

District-by-District Scorecards, 1998–2025

Technology Policy Institute

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About This Report

The federal E-Rate program, administered by the Universal Service Administrative Company (USAC) under the Federal Communications Commission, provides discounts of up to 90 percent on telecommunications, internet access, and internal connections for eligible schools and libraries. This report presents an E-Rate funding scorecard for every United States congressional district.

Each billed entity is assigned to the congressional district (119th Congress boundaries, U.S. Census TIGER/Line 2024) containing the largest number of its recipient sites, located by their USAC-reported coordinates; entities without usable coordinates use the district in their USAC profile. Funding totals are total authorized disbursements (FCC Form 471 FRN Status, USAC dataset qdmp-ygft); speeds are from Recipient Details and Commitments (avi8-svp9); pre-2016 history is from USAC legacy data (1998-2015). Note: the last year or two in any disbursement series always looks artificially low (FY2025 invoices are still being paid) — that’s the real state of USAC’s data, not an error.

Each district receives two pages: a funding overview with total disbursements, average discount rates, participating entities and service providers, and a disbursement history covering 1998–2025; followed by rankings of the district’s largest E-Rate recipients and service providers and average contracted connection speeds.

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Data: USAC Open Data (opendata.usac.org), retrieved 2026-06-10.

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Texas

Texas's 3rd District 4

Table 1. E-Rate Funding Overview

Indicator	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Total E-Rate Subsidies	\$1,246,650	\$5,635,705	\$7,021,724	\$3,270,019	\$5,368,185	\$3,114,827	\$3,461,984	\$23,272,420
Average Discount Rate	66%	65%	59%	57%	58%	56%	60%	56%
Number of Service Providers	26	20	21	19	21	23	35	24
Number of Billed Entities	18	21	18	21	21	22	25	24
— School District BENs	12	13	10	13	13	13	16	16
— School BENs	3	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
— Library BENs	2	1	1	1	1	2	2	1
— Consortium BENs	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

Figure 1. Total E-Rate Disbursements, 1998–2025

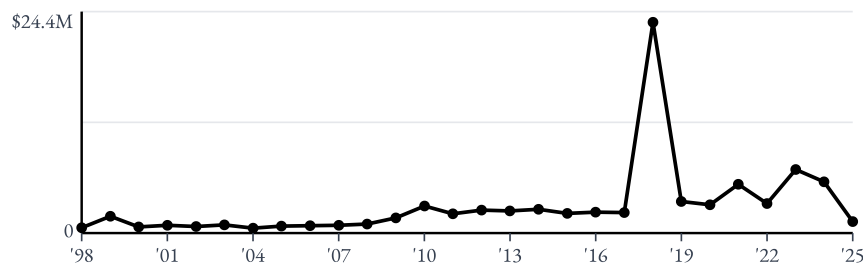


Table 2. E-Rate Subsidies by Service Type

Service Type	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Voice	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Telecomm Services	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Internal Connections	\$621,151	\$3,100,959	\$4,388,427	\$1,163,343	\$2,544,765	\$891,894	\$681,484	\$914,594
Data Transmission and/or Internet Access	\$625,498	\$2,534,745	\$2,633,297	\$2,093,434	\$2,810,179	\$2,214,666	\$2,767,612	\$22,357,827
Basic Maintenance of Internal Connections	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	\$0
Managed Internal Broadband Services	–	–	–	\$13,242	\$13,242	\$8,267	\$12,887	–
Wi-Fi Hotspots Services and Equipment	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–

Sources: USAC Open Data — E-Rate Recipient Details and Commitments (avi8-svp9); FCC Form 471 FRN Status (qdm-p-ygft); USAC legacy commitments 1998–2015. Funding figures are total authorized disbursements; each billed entity is assigned to the 119th-Congress district containing the most of its recipient sites (Census TIGER/Line 2024). 5-yr Total and Average cover FY2021–2025; FY2026 omitted (funding year in progress). Note: the last year or two in any disbursement series always looks artificially low (FY2025 invoices are still being paid), which is why the history charts dip at the end — that’s the real state of USAC’s data, not an error. Technology Policy Institute, 2026-06-10.

Table 3. Top 10 Billed Entities by E-Rate Disbursements (ranked by 5-yr total)

Billed Entity	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	5-yr Total	Average
Education Service Center Region 10 Dba Wireless Internet Consortium	\$431K	\$1.7M	\$1.3M	\$754K	\$2.1M	\$1.2M	\$1.4M	\$21.0M	\$6.2M	\$1.2M
Prosper Indep School District	—	\$1.2M	\$686K	\$870K	\$472K	\$800K	\$601K	\$239K	\$3.2M	\$637K
Plano Indep School District	—	\$49K	\$2.7M	\$48K	\$39K	\$68K	\$68K	\$109K	\$2.8M	\$570K
Mckinney Indep School District	—	—	—	\$132K	\$1.9M	\$87K	\$168K	\$184K	\$2.1M	\$410K
Princeton Indep School Dist	—	\$237K	\$654K	\$636K	\$296K	\$110K	\$387K	\$95K	\$1.8M	\$365K
Allen Indep School District	\$4K	\$3K	\$893K	\$149K	\$208K	\$249K	\$168K	\$344K	\$1.3M	\$251K
Wylie Isd	—	\$1.2M	—	—	—	\$26K	\$17K	\$15K	\$1.2M	\$240K
Greenville Indep School Dist	\$279K	\$216K	\$380K	\$101K	\$101K	\$217K	\$38K	\$477K	\$1.1M	\$215K
Community Indep School Dist	—	\$439K	\$114K	\$20K	\$18K	\$114K	\$167K	\$144K	\$590K	\$118K
Melissa Indep School District	\$83K	\$146K	\$151K	\$88K	\$51K	\$24K	\$45K	\$235K	\$519K	\$104K

Table 4. Top 10 Service Providers by E-Rate Disbursements (ranked by 5-yr total)

Service Provider	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	5-yr Total	Average
Zayo Group, Llc	\$328K	\$1.8M	\$1.9M	\$1.2M	\$2.2M	\$1.6M	\$1.8M	\$21.2M	\$7.4M	\$1.5M
Netsync Network Solutions	—	\$1.1M	\$2.2M	\$620K	\$363K	\$465K	\$237K	\$256K	\$4.3M	\$860K
Cdw Government Llc	\$614K	\$733K	\$1.3M	\$511K	\$216K	\$230K	\$144K	\$472K	\$3.3M	\$668K
Disys Solutions, Inc	—	—	—	—	\$1.5M	\$75K	—	—	\$1.5M	\$308K
Unite Private Networks, Llc	\$25K	\$200K	\$263K	\$601K	\$336K	\$275K	\$404K	\$262K	\$1.4M	\$285K
Splendid Technology Services, Llc	—	\$1.2M	—	\$91K	—	—	—	—	\$1.3M	\$261K
Tyler Communications Systems Inc.	—	\$143K	\$338K	—	\$59K	—	\$34K	—	\$540K	\$108K
Southwest Networks, Inc.	—	—	\$488K	—	—	—	—	—	\$488K	\$98K
Geus	—	\$117K	\$101K	\$101K	\$101K	\$101K	\$38K	\$101K	\$418K	\$84K
Nationwide Network Technologies, Inc.	—	—	—	—	\$373K	—	—	—	\$373K	\$75K

Table 5. Average Contracted Speeds by Service Type (Mbps)

Service Type	Download					Upload				
	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021
Data Transmission and/or Internet Access	136,484	64,149	71,089	93,969	63,073	136,484	64,149	71,089	93,968	63,063

Sources: USAC Open Data — E-Rate Recipient Details and Commitments (avi8-svp9); FCC Form 471 FRN Status (qdm-p-ygft); USAC legacy commitments 1998–2015. Funding figures are total authorized disbursements; each billed entity is assigned to the 119th-Congress district containing the most of its recipient sites (Census TIGER/Line 2024). 5-yr Total and Average cover FY2021–2025; FY2026 omitted (funding year in progress). Note: the last year or two in any disbursement series always looks artificially low (FY2025 invoices are still being paid), which is why the history charts dip at the end — that’s the real state of USAC’s data, not an error. Technology Policy Institute, 2026-06-10.