Interim consolidated financial statements

Quarter II 2021

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GENERAL INFORMATION

THE COMPANY

Vinhomes Joint Stock Company ("the Company") is a joint stock company incorporated under the Law on Enterprise of Vietnam pursuant to the Business Registration Certificate No. 0103022741 issued by the Hanoi Department of Planning and Investment on 6 March 2008 and the Enterprise Registration Certificate No. 0102671977 dated 5 August 2010 on registration of a shareholding company. The Company also subsequently received amended Enterprise Registration Certificates with the 31th amendment dated 2 July 2021 as the latest.

The current principal activities of the Company are to develop real estate property for sale, provide leasing of offices, render real estate management and related services, provide general contractor services, consulting and designing construction services, supervision and construction management services.

The Company's head office is located at Symphony Office Tower, Chu Huy Man Street, Vinhomes Riverside Eco-Urban Area, Phuc Loi Ward, Long Bien District, Hanoi, Vietnam.

Vingroup JSC is the Company's parent (also referred to as "the Parent Company"). Vingroup JSC and its subsidiaries are hereby referred as "the Group".

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Members of the Board of Directors during the period and at the date of this report are:

Ms. Nguyen Dieu Linh
Mr. Pham Nhat Vuong
Ms. Cao Thi Ha An
Mr. Pham Thieu Hoa
Mr. Ashish Jaiprakash Shastry
Mr. Tran Kien Cuong
Mr. Chairwoman
Member
Member
Member
Member

Mr. Varun Kapur Independent member Mr. Mueen Uddeen Independent member Mr. Hoang D. Quan Independent member

SUPERVISORY BOARD

Members of the Supervisory Board during the period and at the date of this report are:

Mr. Pham Khoi Nguyen Head of the Supervisory Board

Ms. Doan Thi Thu Mai Member Ms. Le Thi Duyen Member

GENERAL INFORMATION (continued)

MANAGEMENT

Members of the management during the period and at the date of this report are:

Mr. Pham Thieu Hoa	Chief Executive Officer
Mr. Douglas John Farrell	Deputy Chief Executive Officer
Mr. Nguyen Duc Quang	Deputy Chief Executive Officer
Mr. Pham Van Khuong	Deputy Chief Executive Officer
Mr. Nguyen Vu Hung	Deputy Chief Executive Officer
Ms. Nguyen Thu Hang	Deputy Chief Executive Officer
Ms. Mai Thu Thuy	Deputy Chief Executive Officer

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVES

The legal representatives of the Company until 1 July 2021 are Ms. Nguyen Dieu Linh, Chairwoman, Mr. Pham Thieu Hoa, Chief Executive Officer, Mr. Nguyen Vu Hung, Deputy Chief Executive Officer and Mr. Pham Van Khuong, Deputy Chief Executive Officer.

The legal representatives of the Company from 2 July 2021 are Ms. Nguyen Dieu Linh, Chairwoman, Mr. Pham Thieu Hoa, Chief Executive Officer, Mr. Nguyen Vu Hung, Deputy Chief Executive Officer, Mr. Pham Van Khuong, Deputy Chief Executive Officer and Ms. Nguyen Thu Hang, Deputy Chief Executive Officer.

REPORT OF MANAGEMENT

Management of Vinhomes Joint Stock Company ("the Company") is pleased to present this report and the interim consolidated financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries for the sixmonth period ended 30 June 2021.

MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSIBILITY IN RESPECT OF THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Management is responsible for the interim consolidated financial statements of each financial period which give a true and fair view of the interim consolidated financial position of the Company and its subsidiaries and of the interim consolidated results of its operations and its interim consolidated cash flows for the period. In preparing those interim consolidated financial statements, management is required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the Interim consolidated financial statements; and
- prepare the interim consolidated financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company and its subsidiaries will continue its business.

Management is responsible for ensuring that proper accounting records are kept which disclose, with reasonable accuracy at any time, the interim consolidated financial position of the Company and its subsidiaries and to ensure that the accounting records comply with the applied accounting system. It is also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and its subsidiaries and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Management confirmed that it has complied with the above requirements in preparing the accompanying interim consolidated financial statements.

STATEMENT BY MANAGEMENT

Management does hereby state that, in its opinion, the accompanying interim consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the interim consolidated financial position of the Company and its subsidiaries as at 30 June 2021 and of the interim consolidated results of its operations and its interim consolidated cash flows for the six-month period then ended in accordance with Vietnamese Accounting Standards, Vietnamese Enterprise Accounting System and the statutory requirements relevant to the preparation and presentation of the interim consolidated financial statements.

For and on behalf of management:

Hanoi, Vietnam

Pham Thieu Hoa

N COPHAN VINHOR

28 July 2021

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INTERIM CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET as at 30 June 2021

		Notes	30 June 2021	31 December 2020
	DENT ACCETO			
	RRENT ASSETS		99,004,649	102,312,109
110 I. Cas	h and cash equivalents			
	and odom equivalente	4	9,117,973	13,713,651
111 1.	Cash	•	2,363,795	4,146,738
11 1	Cash equivalents		6,754,178	9,566,913
''-			0,.0.,0	0,000,010
120 II. Sho	ort-term investments		4,929,801	2,054,219
121 1.	Held-for-trading securities	5.1	558,316	359,322
	Held-to-maturity investments	5.2	4,371,485	1,694,897
	·			
	rent accounts receivable		42,358,405	34,592,470
11	Short-term trade receivables	6.1	11,865,719	10,674,408
II I	Short-term advances to			
	suppliers	6.2	8,958,842	8,504,424
1 1	Short-term loan receivables	7	12,924,863	8,272,493
II I	Other short-term receivables	8	8,692,657	7,190,939
	Provision for doubtful short-			1
	term receivables		(83,676)	(49,794)
440 01 100		١ ,	24.702.400	40 000 660
II I	entories	9	34,703,168	42,983,662 43,021,241
	Inventories Provision for obsolete		34,743,285	43,021,241
	inventories		(40,117)	(37,579)
	inventories		(40,117)	(31,319)
150 V. Oth	er current assets		7,895,302	8,968,107
	Short-term prepaid expenses	10	729,941	1,784,595
	Value-added tax deductible	19	298,557	309,066
12	Tax and other receivables from	'*		
II I	the State	19	34,329	41,971
	Other current assets	11	6,832,475	6,832,475

INTERIM CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET (continued) as at 30 June 2021

		1		Currency, million vivo
Code	ASSETS	Notes	30 June 2021	31 December 2020
200	B. NON-CURRENT ASSETS		110,995,281	113,014,268
210	I. Long-term receivables		6,012,027	11,084,368
215	1. Long-term loan receivables	7	2,000	4,130,000
216	2. Other long-term receivables	8	6,010,027	6,954,368
220	II. Fixed assets		6,086,441	5,906,615
221	 Tangible fixed assets 	12	5,854,577	5,683,205
222	Cost		6,222,147	5,873,264
223	Accumulated depreciation		(367,570)	(190,059)
227	Intangible fixed assets	ŀ	231,864	223,410
228	Cost		331,404	312,732
229	Accumulated amortisation		(99,540)	(89,322)
230	III. Investment properties	13	11,605,310	8,699,597
231	1. Cost		12,344,594	9,231,822
232	Accumulated depreciation		(739,284)	(532,225)
240	IV. Long-term assets in progress		32,572,825	32,361,351
242	Construction in progress	15	32,572,825	32,361,351
250	V. Long-term investments	16	10,059,935	9,755,842
252	 Investments in associates 	16.1	3,456,533	5,838,118
253 254	Investments in other entities Provision for long-term	16.2	6,418,722	3,969,035
207	investments	16.2	_	(235,991)
255	4. Held-to-maturity investments	16	184,680	184,680
260	VI. Other long-term assets		44,658,743	45,206,495
261	Long-term prepaid expenses	10	2,207,701	2,287,994
262	2. Deferred tax assets	'`	415,231	727,156
268	3. Other long-term assets	11	39,512,106	39,512,106
269	4. Goodwill	17	2,523,705	2,679,239
270	TOTAL ASSETS		209,999,930	215,326,377

INTERIM CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET (continued) as at 30 June 2021

Code	RE	SOURCES	Notes	30 June 2021	31 December 2020
300	c.	LIABILITIES		110,829,810	126,196,462
310	I.	Current liabilities		94,890,767	103,385,277
311		Short-term trade payables	18.1	12,393,511	11,401,484
312		Short-term advances from			
1		customers	18.2	22,213,635	26,968,735
313		Statutory obligations	19	5,146,142	5,035,067
315		4. Short-term accrued expenses	20	16,942,601	13,912,784
318		5. Short-term unearned revenues	21	546,835	531,699
319	ŀ	Other short-term payables	22	26,530,304	34,032,822
320		7. Short-term loans	23	10,590,807	10,997,726
321		8. Short-term provisions	24.1	526,932	504,960
330	II.	Non-current liabilities		15,939,043	22,811,185
333		1. Long-term accrued expenses	20	1,354,399	1,409,698
336		2. Long-term unearned revenues	21	1,422,061	3,325,997
337		3. Other long-term liabilities	22	243,198	3,537,548
338		4. Long-term loans	23	12,271,057	13,957,735
341		Deferred tax liabilities		198,873	198,873
342		6. Long-term provisions	24.2	449,455	381,334
			<u> </u>		

INTERIM CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET (continued) as at 30 June 2021

Currency: million VND

Code	RESOURCES	Notes	30 June 2021	31 December 2020
400	D. OWNERS' EQUITY		99,170,120	89,129,915
410	I. Capital	25	99,170,120	89,129,915
411	Share capital		33,495,139	33,495,139
411a	 Shares with voting rights 		33,495,139	33,495,139
412	Share premium		295,000	295,000
415	Treasury shares		(5,549,929)	(5,549,929)
420	Other funds belonging to			,
	owners' equity		524,355	1,200,896
421	Undistributed earnings		66,995,502	56,259,405
421a	- Undistributed earnings by		-4 00- 40-	
4046	the end of prior year		51,325,135	27,964,411
421b	- Undistributed earnings of		45 070 000	00.004.004
420	current period		15,670,368	28,294,994
429	Non-controlling interests		3,410,054	3,429,404
440	TOTAL LIABILITIES AND			
	OWNERS' EQUITY		209,999,930	215,326,377

Hoang Minh Thai Preparer Le Tien Cong Chief Accountant 别部評fieu Hoa Chief Executive Officer

Hanoi, Vietnam

28 July 2021

Vinhomes Joint Stock Company

INTERIM CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT Quarter II 2021

Code Items 1. Revenue from sale of goods and rendering of services 2. Deductions 10 3. Net revenue from sale of goods and rendering of services 11 4. Cost of goods sold and services rendered 20 5. Gross profit from sale of goods and rendering of services 21 6. Finance expenses 22 7. Finance expenses 23 In which: Interest and bond issuance expenses 24 8. Shares of profit of associates 25 9. Selling expenses	of goods and es ale of goods and services	Notes	Quarter II 2021	Quarter II 2020	For the six-month period	For the six-month period
<u>수 성원 4 명 9 년 8 9</u>	of goods and es ale of goods and es and services	26.1			ended 30 June 2021	פוומפח את אמווב עמעה
٠٠ ٠٠ ٠٠ ٠٠ ٠٠ ٠٠ ٠٠ ٠٠ ٠٠ ٠٠ ٠٠ ٠٠ ٠٠	ale of goods and es and services		28,725,193	16,376,482	41,711,634	22,895,706
ki 4. ri 0. K. 80 Q.	ale of goods and es and services	26.1	•	1	•	•
4 3 9 6 6	and services	26.1	28,725,193	16,376,482	41,711,634	22,895,706
6. 7. 6.	_	27	(14,368,754)	(9,951,729)	(21,142,851)	(13,522,071)
9 %	ale of goods and es		14,356,439	6,424,753	20,568,783	9,373,635
7. 8. 6.		26.2	575,884	832,443	2,882,948	9,423,407
ထံ တံ		78	(614,354)	(673,527)	(974,963)	(1,307,661)
<u>ထံ</u> တံ	n porta issuarice		(612,507)	(672,092)	(1,209,504)	(1,303,632)
တ်	f associates	16.1	10,620	t	31,264	ı
	Ø	79	(578,500)	(554,156)	(1,035,392)	(799,016)
26 10. General and administrative expenses	inistrative	53	(516,960)	(551,123)	(1,185,054)	(1,084,403)
30 11. Operating profit			13,233,129	5,478,390	20,287,586	15,605,962
31 12. Other income			76,095	40,847	119,883	64,833
32 13. Other expenses			(57,912)	(946,193)	(71,167)	(974,203)

Vinhomes Joint Stock Company

INTERIM CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT (continued) Quarter II 2020

Currency: Million VND

Code Items 40 14. Ot						
	ms	Notes	Quarter II 2021	Quarter II 2020	For the six-month period ended 30 June 2021	For the six-month period ended 30 June 2020
	14. Other (loss)/profit		18,183	(905,346)	48,716	(909,370)
50 15.	15. Accounting profit before tax		13,251,312	4,573,044	20,336,302	14,696,592
51 16.	16. Current coporate income tax expenses	34	(3,003,191)	(1,181,376)	(4,241,300)	(3,518,771)
52 17.	17. Deferred tax (expenses)/income	<u>ج</u>	54,725	24,588	(314,394)	(116,500)
60 18.	18. Net profit after tax		10,302,846	3,416,256	15,780,608	11,061,321
61 19.	19. Net profit after tax attributable to shareholders of the parent		10,232,466	3,434,748	15,628,616	10,278,579
62 20.	20. Net profit after tax attributable to non-controlling interests		70,380	(18,492)	151,992	782,742

Currency: VND

 3,125	4,751	1,044	3,111	32	21. Basic earnings per share	20
 H For the six-month period ended 30 June 2020	For the six-month period ended 30 June 2021	Quarter II 2020	Quarter II 2021	Notes	Items	Code

Le Tien Cong Chief Accountant

ham Thiey/Hoá Shief Executivé Officer 7

Hanoi, Vietnam

Hoang Minh Thai Preparer

28 July 2021

INTERIM CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT Quarter II 2021

				urrency: million VND
Code	ITEMS	Notes	For the six-month period ended 30 June 2021	For the six-month period ended 30 June 2020
	I. CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
01	Profit before tax		20,336,302	14,696,592
02	Adjustments for: Depreciation of tangible fixed assets and investment properties and amortisation of intangible fixed assets (including			
	amortisation of goodwill)		529,590	203,230
03	Provisions/(reversal of provisions)		(111,769)	586
05	Profits from investing activities		(2,903,629)	(9,339,280)
06	Interest expenses and bond issuance expenses	- -	1,209,505	1,303,632
08	Operating profit before changes in			
	working capital		19,059,999	6,864,760
09	Increase in receivables		(1,294,023)	(1,896,617)
10 11	Decrease/(increase) in inventories (Decrease)/increase in payables (other than interest, corporate		8,248,313	(2,170,456)
12	income tax) Decrease/(increase) in prepaid		(17,494,879)	4,311,568
	expenses		1,135,035	(1,334,941)
13	Increase in held-for-trading			, ,
	securities		(198,993)	-
14	Interest paid	٠. ا	(1,104,626)	(1,106,323)
15	Corporate income tax paid	19	(4,609,590)	(1,620,189)
20	Net cash flows from operating			
	activities		3,741,236	3,047,802

INTERIM CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT (continued) Quarter II 2021

				urrency: million VIVD
Code	ITEMS	Notes	For the six-month period ended 30 June 2021	For the six-month period ended 30 June 2020
	· · ·			
	II. CASH FLOWS FROM			
	INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
21	Purchase and construction of			
	fixed assets and other long-term assets		(2,896,367)	(1,385,294)
22	Proceeds from disposals of fixed	i	(2,080,007)	(1,303,284)
	assets and other long-term assets		9,193	140,513
23	Loans to other entities and			·
	payments for purchase of debt			
	instruments of other entities		(4,680,435)	(10,538,913)
24	Collections from borrowers and proceeds from sale of debt			
	instruments of other entities		1,161,476	11,589,642
25	Payments for investments in		1,101,470	11,000,042
	other entities (net of cash hold by			
	entity being acquired)		(8,478)	(21,480,648)
26	Proceeds from sale of			
	investments in other entities (net of cash hold by entity being			
	disposed)		_	2,074,758
27	Interest and dividends received		340,317	575,097
			,	·
30	Net cash flows used in investing			
	activities		(6,074,294)	(19,024,845)
	III. CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING			
	ACTIVITIES			
31	Issuance of shares		-	22,000
33	Drawdown of borrowings		3,373,375	15,910,765
34	Repayment of borrowings		(5,533,227)	(1,270,759)
36	Dividends paid		(102,768)	(157,735)
40	 Net cash flows (used in)/from			
	financing activities		(2,262,620)	14,504,271
			_	

INTERIM CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT (continued) Quarter II 2021

Code	ITEMS	Notes	For the six-month period ended 30 June 2021	For the six-month period ended 30 June 2020
50	Net decrease in cash for the period		(4,595,678)	(1,472,772)
60	Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period	4	13,713,651	13,332,299
70	Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period	4	9,117,973	11,859,527

Hoang Minh Thai Preparer Le Tien Cong Chief Accountant Spham Thieu Hoa

Hanoi, Vietnam

28 July 2021

1. CORPORATE INFORMATION

Vinhomes Joint Stock Company ("the Company") is a joint stock company incorporated under the Law on Enterprise of Vietnam pursuant to the Business Registration Certificate No. 0103022741 issued by the Hanoi Department of Planning and Investment on 6 March 2008 and the Enterprise Registration Certificate No. 0102671977 dated 5 August 2010 on registration of a shareholding company. The Company also subsequently received amended Enterprise Registration Certificates with the 31th amendment dated 2 July 2021 as the latest.

The current principal activities of the Company are to develop real estate property for sale, provide leasing of offices, render real estate management and related services, provide general contractor services, consulting and designing construction services, supervision and construction management services.

The Company's head office is located at Symphony Office Tower, Chu Huy Man Street, Vinhomes Riverside Eco-urban Area, Phuc Loi Ward, Long Bien District, Hanoi, Vietnam.

Vingroup JSC is the Company's parent. Vingroup JSC and its subsidiaries are hereby referred as the Group.

The Company and its subsidiaries' normal course of business cycle of real estate development activity begins when the Company receives investment certificate, carries out land clearance and construction works until the project is completed. Accordingly, the normal course of business cycle of real estate development activity ranges from 12 months to 36 months.

The Company and its subsidiaries' normal course of business cycle of other activities is normally within 12 months.

The number of the Company's employees as at 30 June 2021: 6,431 (31 December 2020: 7,688).

1. CORPORATE INFORMATION (continued)

Corporate structure

As at 30 June 2021, the Company has 34 subsidiaries (as at 31 December 2020: 33 subsidiaries). The information on these subsidiaries, along with the Company's direct and indirect voting rights and direct and indirect equity interest in each subsidiary is as follows:

No.	Company	Voting rights (%)	Equity interest (%)	Registered office's address	Principal activities
1	Gia Lam Urban Development and Investment Limited Liability Company ("Gia Lam LLC") (i)	99.39	99.00	2 nd Floor, Vincom Mega Mall Ocean Park Shopping Center in land plot CCTP-10 of Gia Lam Urban Project, Trau Quy Town and Duong Xa, Kieu Ky, Da Ton Communes, Gia Lam District, Hanoi	Investing, developing and trading real estate properties
2	Ecology Development and Investment Joint Stock Company ("Ecology JSC") (i)	100.00	99.61	No. 191 Ba Trieu Street, Le Dai Hanh Ward, Hai Ba Trung District, Hanoi	Investing, developing and trading real estate properties
3	Vietnam Investment and Consulting Investment Joint Stock Company ("Vietnam Investment JSC") (i)	70.00	69.73	No. 191 Ba Trieu Street, Le Dai Hanh Ward, Hai Ba Trung District, Hanoi	Investing, developing and trading real estate properties
4	Can Gio Tourist City Corporation ("Can Gio JSC")	99.89	99.81	No.72 Le Thanh Ton Street, Ben Nghe Ward, District 1, Ho Chi Minh City	Investing, developing and trading real estate properties
5	Tay Tang Long Real Estate Company Limited Liability Company ("Tay Tang Long LLC")	90.00	90.00	No.72 Le Thanh Ton Street, Ben Nghe Ward, District 1, Ho Chi Minh City	Investing, developing and trading real estate properties
6	Berjaya Vietnam International University Township Limited Liability Company ("Berjaya VIUT LLC") (i)	97.90	97.72	20A Floor, Vincom Center Dong Khoi, No. 72 Le Thanh Ton, Ben Nghe Ward, District 1, Ho Chi Minh City	Investing, developing and trading real estate properties
7	Royal City Real Estate Development and Investment Joint Stock Company ("Royal City JSC") (i)	97.85	97.85	No. 72A Nguyen Trai Street, Thuong Dinh Ward, Thanh Xuan District, Hanoi	Investing, developing and trading real estate properties
8	Lang Van Development and Investment Joint Stock Company ("Lang Van JSC") (i)	99.00	98.84	No. 7 Truong Sa Street, Hoa Hai Ward, Ngu Hanh Son District, Da Nang City	Investing, developing and trading real estate properties
9	Metropolis Hanoi Limited Liability Company ("Metropolis Hanoi LLC")	100.00	100.00	HH land area, Pham Hung Street, Me Tri Ward, Nam Tu Liem District, Hanoi	Investing, developing and trading real estate properties

1. CORPORATE INFORMATION (continued)

Corporate structure (continued)

No.	Company	Voting rights (%)	Equity interest (%)	Registered office's address	Principal activities
10	Berjaya Vietnam Financial Center Limited Liability Company ("Berjaya VFC LLC") (i)	67.50	67.37	20A Floor, Vincom Center Dong Khoi, No. 72 Le Thanh Ton, Ben Nghe Ward, District 1, Ho Chi Minh City	Investing, developing and trading real estate properties
11	Thai Son Investment and Construction Joint Stock Company ("Thai Son JSC") (i)	100.00	99.81	No. 7 Bang Lang 1 Street, Vinhomes Riverside Eco-urban Area, Viet Hung Ward, Long Bien District, Hanoi	Investing, developing and trading real estate properties
12	Millennium Trading Investment and Development Limited Liability Company ("Millennium LLC")	100.00	100.00	20A Floor, Vincom Center Dong Khoi, No. 72 Le Thanh Ton, Ben Nghe Ward, District 1, Ho Chi Minh City	Investing, developing, trading real estate properties and office leasing
13	GS Cu Chi Development Joint Stock Company ("GS Cu Chi JSC") (i)	100.00	99.90	20A Floor, Vincom Center Dong Khoi, No. 72 Le Thanh Ton, Ben Nghe Ward, District 1, Ho Chi Minh City	Investing, developing and trading real estate properties
14	Phu Gia Property Trading Limited Liability Company ("Phu Gia LLC") (i) (ii)	98.00	97.62	No. 63 Hang Ga Street, Hang Bo Ward, Hoan Kiem District, Hanoi	Investing, developing and trading real estate properties
15	An Thinh Trading and Commercial Development Joint Stock Company ("An Thinh JSC") (ii)	85.00	85.00	20A Floor, Vincom Center Dong Khoi, No. 72 Le Thanh Ton, Ben Nghe Ward, District 1, Ho Chi Minh City	Investing, developing and trading real estate properties
16	Green City Development Joint Stock Company ("Green City JSC") (i)	100.00	99.85	No. 72 Le Thanh Ton, Ben Nghe Ward, District 1, Ho Chi Minh City	Investing, developing and trading real estate properties
17	Delta Joint Stock Company ("Delta JSC") (i)	100.00	99.84	No. 110, Dang Cong Binh Street, 6th Hamlet, Xuan Thoi Thuong Ward, Hoc Mon District, Ho Chi Minh City	Investing, developing and trading real estate properties
18	Vinhomes Industrial Zone Investment Joint Stock Company ("VHIZ JSC") (i)	100.00	99.92	No. 7, Bang Lang 1 Street, Vinhomes Riverside Eco-Urban Area, Viet Hung Ward, Long Bien District, Hanoi	Investing, developing and trading real estate properties

1. CORPORATE INFORMATION (continued)

Corporate structure (continued)

No.	Company	Voting rights (%)	Equity interest (%)	Registered office's address	Principal activities
19	Dai An Investment Construction Joint Stock Company ("Dai An JSC") (i)	100.00	99.85	Highway 5A, Dinh Du Village, Dinh Du Commune, Van Lam District, Hung Yen Province	Investing, developing and trading real estate properties
20	Ecology Development and Trading Joint Stock Company ("Ecology Trading JSC") (i) (ii)	100.00	99.98	Symphony Office Building, Chu Huy Man Street, Vinhomes Riverside Eco-Urban Area, Phuc Loi Ward, Long Bien District, Hanoi	Investing, developing and trading real estate properties
21	VinITIS Information Technology and Transmission Infrastructure Solutions Joint Stock Company ("VinITIS JSC")	61.00	61.00	No. 7, Bang Lang 1 Street, Vinhomes Riverside Eco-Urban Area, Viet Hung Ward, Long Bien District, Hanoi	Data processing, leasing of mobile broadcasting infrastructure, voice network, television and related activities.
22	Hon Mot Tourism Joint Stock Company ("Hon Mot JSC") (i)	100.00	99.82	Hon Tre Island, Vinh Nguyen Ward, Nha Trang City, Khanh Hoa Province	Investing, developing and trading real estate properties
23	Newco Development and Investment Joint Stock Company ("Newco JSC") (i)	100.00	99.82	No. 72 Le Thanh Ton Street, Ben Nghe Ward, District 1, Ho Chi Minh City	Investing, developing and trading real estate properties
24	Sai Dong Urban Development and Investment Joint Stock Company ("Sai Dong JSC") (i)	100.00	98.85	No. 7, Bang Lang 1 Street, Vinhomes Riverside Eco-Urban Area, Viet Hung Ward, Long Bien District, Hanoi	Investing, developing and trading real estate properties
25	Central Park Development Limited Liability Company ("Central Park LLC") (i)	100.00	98.85	Room 900, 9th Floor, IPH Tower, No. 241 Xuan Thuy Street, Dich Vong Hau Ward, Cau Giay District, Hanoi	Investing, developing and trading real estate properties
26	Bao Lai Investment Joint Stock Company ("Bao Lai JSC") (i)	96.48	96.33	No. 166, Pham Van Dong Street, Xuan Dinh Ward, Bac Tu Liem District, Hanoi	Exploiting, manufacturing and trading white marble
27	Bao Lai Marble One Member Company Limited (i)	100.00	96.33	Hop Nhat Village, Thinh Hung Commune, Yen Binh District, Yen Bai Province	Exploiting, manufacturing and trading white marble

CORPORATE INFORMATION (continued)

Corporate structure (continued)

No.	Сотрапу	Voting _rights (%)	Equity interest (%)	Registered office's address	Principal activities
28	An Phu White Marble Company Limited (i)	100.00	96.33	Khau Ca Village, An Phu Commune, Luc Yen District, Yen Bai Province	Exploiting, manufacturing and trading white marble
29	Doc Thang Marble Joint Stock Company (i)	70.77	68.17	Ngoi Ken Village, Lieu Do Commune, Luc Yen District, Yen Bai Province	Exploiting, manufacturing and trading white marble
30	Phan Thanh Mineral Joint Stock Company (i)	91.36	88.01	Ban Ro Village, Phan Thanh Commune, Luc Yen District, Yen Bai Province	Exploiting, manufacturing and trading white marble
31	Bao Lai Luc Yen Mineral Exploitation One Member Company Limited (i)	100.00	96.33	Ngoi Ken Village, Lieu Do Commune, Luc Yen District, Yen Bai Province	Exploiting, manufacturing and trading white marble
32	Van Khoa Investment Joint Stock Company (i)	64.29	61.93	No. 166, Pham Van Dong Street, Xuan Dinh Ward, Bac Tu Liem, District, Hanoi	Exploiting, manufacturing and trading white marble
33	Van Khoa Luc Yen One Member Company Limited (i)	100.00	61.93	Ngoi Ken Village, Lieu Do Commune, Luc Yen District, Yen Bai Province	Exploiting, manufacturing and trading white marble
34	Times Trading Investment and Development One Member Company Limited	100.00	100.00	No. 72 Le Thanh Ton Street, Ben Nghe Ward, District 1, Ho Chi Minh City	Investing, developing and trading real estate properties

- (i) The equity interest in these subsidiaries differs from voting right since the Company controls over these subsidiaries indirectly through other subsidiaries.
- (ii) These companies are in the process of completing dissolution procedures.

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION

2.1 Accounting standards and system

The Interim consolidated financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries expressed in Vietnam dong ("VND"), are prepared in accordance with Vietnamese Enterprise Accounting System and Vietnamese Accounting Standards issued by the Ministry of Finance as per:

- ▶ Decision No. 149/2001/QD-BTC dated 31 December 2001 on the Issuance and Promulgation of Four Vietnamese Accounting Standards (Series 1);
- ▶ Decision No. 165/2002/QD-BTÇ dated 31 December 2002 on the Issuance and Promulgation of Six Vietnamese Accounting Standards (Series 2);
- ▶ Decision No. 234/2003/QD-BTC dated 30 December 2003 on the Issuance and Promulgation of Six Vietnamese Accounting Standards (Series 3);
- Decision No. 12/2005/QD-BTC dated 15 February 2005 on the Issuance and Promulgation of Six Vietnamese Accounting Standards (Series 4); and
- Decision No. 100/2005/QD-BTC dated 28 December 2005 on the Issuance and Promulgation of Four Vietnamese Accounting Standards (Series 5).

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION (continued)

2.1 Accounting standards and system (continued)

Accordingly, the accompanying interim consolidated financial statements, including their utilisation are not designed for those who are not informed about Vietnam's accounting principles, procedures and practices and furthermore are not intended to present the interim consolidated financial position and interim consolidated results of operations and interim consolidated cash flows in accordance with accounting principles and practices generally accepted in countries other than Vietnam.

2.2 Applied accounting documentation system

The Company and its subsidiaries' applied accounting documentation system is the General Journal system.

2.3 Fiscal year

The Company and its subsidiaries' fiscal year applicable for the preparation of its Interim consolidated financial statements starts on 1 January and ends on 31 December.

2.4 Accounting currency

The interim consolidated financial statements are prepared in VND which is also the Company's accounting currency. For the purpose of presenting the interim consolidated financial statements as at 30 June 2021, the figures are rounded to the nearest millions and presented in millions of Vietnam dong ("million VND").

2.5 Basis of consolidation

The interim consolidated financial statements comprise the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries for the six-month period ended 30 June 2021.

Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date of acquisition, being the date on which the Company obtains control, and continued to be consolidated until such control ceases, except when the Company only obtains temporary control and the subsidiary is acquired with a view of resale within 12 months from acquisition.

The financial statements of subsidiaries are prepared for the same reporting year as the parent company, using consistent accounting policies.

All intra-company balances, income and expenses and unrealised gains or losses result from intra-company transactions are eliminated in full.

Non-controlling interests represent the portion of profit or loss and net assets of subsidiaries not held by the Company and are presented separately in the interim consolidated income statement and within equity in the interim consolidated balance sheet.

Impact of change in the ownership interest of a subsidiary, without a loss of control, is recorded in undistributed earnings.

In case the Company disposes a partial interest in a subsidiary and loses control but retains an interest as an associate, the Company's investment is accounted for using the equity method of accounting. Profit/loss from this transaction is recognised in the interim consolidated income statement.

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION (continued)

2.5 Basis of consolidation (continued)

Gains resulting from contribution of non-monetary asset or sales of asset to associate or joint-ventures are recognized in the Interim consolidated income statement only to the extent of unrelated interest in the associate or joint-venture. Unrealised profits related to interest by the Company and its subsidiaries are realised to the interim consolidated income statement according to the progress of asset recovery in the financial statements of these associates or joint-ventures.

In case the Company disposes a partial interest in a subsidiary and loses control but retains an interest as an investment in other entities, the Company's investment is accounted for using the cost method. Profit/loss from this transaction is recognised in the interim consolidated income statement.

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

3.1 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand, cash at banks and short-term, highly liquid investments with an original maturity of not more than three months that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and that are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

3.2 Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost incurred in bringing each product to its present location and condition, and net realisable value.

Net realisable value ("NRV") represents the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs to complete and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

Inventory property

Property acquired or being constructed for sale or to be held for long-term lease that meets the requirements of outright revenue recognition in the ordinary course of business, rather than to be held for rental or capital appreciation, is held as inventory property and is measured at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

Cost includes:

- Freehold, leasehold and development rights for land;
- Amounts payable/paid to contractors for construction; and
- ▶ Borrowing costs, planning and design costs, costs of site preparation, professional fees for legal services, property transfer taxes, construction overheads and other related costs.

Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of the business, based on market prices at the reporting date, less costs to completion and the estimated costs to sell.

The cost of inventory property recognised in profit or loss on disposal is determined with reference to the specific costs incurred on the property sold and an allocation of any non-specific costs based on reasonable relative cost basis.

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.2 Inventories (continued)

Construction inventory

The Company and its subsidiaries use perpetual method to record raw materials and merchandise which are valued at cost of purchase on a weighted average basis.

Work in progress of construction contracts comprises costs of materials, labour costs, construction costs payable to sub-contractors and other related costs which have not been accepted by the investors at the date of the Interim consolidated financial statements.

Other inventories

The Company and its subsidiaries use perpetual method to record other inventories which are valued as follows:

Raw materials and consumables - cost of purchase on a weighted average basis.

Finished goods

 costs of materials and direct labour cost plus related general production cost which are allocated based on the ordinary course of business on a weighted average basis.

Provision for obsolete inventories

An inventories provision is created for the estimated loss arising due to the impairment of value (through diminution, damage, obsolescence, etc.) of raw materials, finished goods, and other inventories owned by the Company and its subsidiaries, based on appropriate evidence of impairment available at the balance sheet date.

Increases or decreases to the provision balance are recorded into the cost of goods sold account in the interim consolidated income statement.

3.3 Receivables

Receivables are presented in the interim consolidated financial statements at the carrying amounts due from customers and other debtors, after provision for doubtful debts.

The provision for doubtful debts represents amounts of outstanding receivables at the Interim consolidated balance sheet date which are doubtful of being recovered. Increases or decreases to the provision balance are recorded as general and administrative expenses in the interim consolidated income statement.

3.4 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation.

The cost of a tangible fixed asset comprises its purchase price and any directly attributable costs of bringing the tangible fixed asset to working condition for its intended use.

Expenditures for additions, improvements and renewals are added to the carrying amount of the assets and expenditures for maintenance and repairs are charged to the interim consolidated income statement as incurred.

When tangible fixed assets are sold or retired, any gain or loss resulting from their disposal (the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount) is included in the interim consolidated income statement.

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.5 Leased assets

The determination of whether an arrangement is, or contains a lease is based on the substance of the arrangement at inception date and requires an assessment of whether the fulfilment of the arrangement is dependent on the use of a specific asset and the arrangement conveys a right to use the asset.

A lease is classified as a finance lease whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to the lessee. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

Where the Company and its subsidiaries are the lessors

The net investment under finance lease contracts is included as a receivable in the interim consolidated balance sheet. The interest amount of the leased payments are recognised in the interim consolidated income statement over the period of the lease contracts to achieve a constant rate of interest on the net investment outstanding.

Assets subject to operating leases are presented as investment properties in the interim consolidated balance sheet. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating an operating lease are recognised in the Interim consolidated income statement as incurred.

Lease income is recognised in the interim consolidated income statement on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Where the Company and its subsidiaries are the lessees

Rentals under operating leases are charged to the interim consolidated income statement on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

3.6 Intangible fixed assets

Intangible fixed assets are stated at cost less accumulated amortisation.

The cost of an intangible fixed asset comprises its purchase price and any directly attributable costs of preparing the intangible fixed asset for its intended use.

Expenditures for additions, improvements are added to the carrying amount of the assets and other expenditures are charged to the Interim consolidated income statement as incurred.

When intangible fixed assets are sold or retired, any gain or loss resulting from their disposal (the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount) is included in the Interim consolidated income statement.

3.7 Depreciation and amortisation

Depreciation of tangible fixed assets and amortisation of intangible fixed assets are calculated on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life of each asset as follows:

Buildings and structures	15 - 48 years
Machinery and equipment	5 - 15 years
Means of transportation	6 - 10 years
Office equipment	3 - 5 years
Computer software	3 - 5 years
Others	2 - 5 vears

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.8 Investment properties

Investment properties are stated at cost including transaction costs less accumulated depreciation.

Subsequent expenditure relating to an investment property that has already been recognised is added to the net book value of the investment property when it is probable that future economic benefits, in excess of the originally assessed standard of performance of the existing investment property, will flow to the Company and its subsidiaries.

Depreciation of investment properties is calculated on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life of each asset as follows:

Definite land use rights, buildings and structures Machinery and equipment

27 - 50 years

7 - 10 years

No amortisation is charged on the land use rights presented as investment properties with indefinite terms.

Investment properties are derecognised when either they have been disposed of or when the investment properties are permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefit is expected from its disposal. The difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the assets is recognised in the Interim consolidated income statement in the year of retirement or disposal.

Transfers are made to investment properties when, and only when, there is a change in use, evidenced by ending of owner-occupation, commencement of an operating lease to another party or ending of construction or development. Transfers are made from investment properties when, and only when, there is change in use, evidenced by commencement of owner-occupation or commencement of development with a view to sale. The transfer from investment property to owner-occupied property or inventories does not change the cost or the carrying value of the property for subsequent accounting at the date of change in use.

3.9 Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs consist of interest and other costs that an entity incurs in connection with the borrowing of funds.

Borrowing costs are recorded as expense during the year in which they are incurred, except to the extent that borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of an asset that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale are capitalised as part of the cost of the respective asset.

3.10 Prepaid expenses

Prepaid expenses are reported as short-term or long-term prepaid expenses on the Interim consolidated balance sheet and amortised over the period in which economic benefits are generated in relation to these expenses.

Short-term prepaid expenses include selling expenses related to inventory properties not yet handed over, provisional corporate income tax for down payments from customers for the purchase of inventory properties at the Company and its subsidiaries' real estate projects and other prepaid expenses that are expected to generate future economic benefit within one ordinary course of business cycle.

Long-term prepaid expenses include tools and supplies, long-term prepaid rental fee and other prepaid expenses that generate future economic benefits for more than one year.

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.10 Prepaid expenses (continued)

Prepaid land rental

The prepaid land rental represents the remaining unamortised balance of advance payment made in accordance with the lease contract signed with the authorities. Such prepaid rental is recognised as a long-term prepaid expense and is amortised to the Interim consolidated income statement over the remaining lease period according to Circular 45/2013/TT-BTC. Besides, prepaid land rental also comprises land lease incurred from business combination, in which, the acquiree is a lessee under operating leases with favourable lease terms compared with the fair value at the date of business combination.

3.11 Business combinations and goodwill

Business combinations are accounted for using the acquisition method. The cost of a business combination is measured as the fair value of assets given, equity instruments issued, and liabilities incurred or assumed at the date of exchange plus any costs directly attributable to the business combination. Identifiable assets and liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination are measured initially at fair values at the date of business combination.

Where equity instruments are issued by the acquirer as consideration, fair value of the consideration shall be measured at fair value of these instruments at the exchange date. In case the published price at the date of exchange is an unreliable indicator of fair value, the fair value of those instruments could, for example, be estimated by reference to their proportional interest in the fair value of the acquirer or by reference to the proportional interest in the fair value of the acquiree obtained, whichever is the more clearly evidence.

Goodwill acquired in a business combination is initially measured at cost being the excess of the cost the business combination over the Company and its subsidiaries' interest in the net fair value of the acquiree's identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities. If the cost of a business combination is less than the fair value of the net assets of the subsidiary acquired, the difference is recognised directly in the Interim consolidated income statement. After initial recognition, goodwill is measured at cost less any accumulated amortisation. Goodwill is amortised over 10-year period on a straight-line basis. The Company and its subsidiaries conduct the periodical review for impairment of goodwill of investment in subsidiaries. If there are indicators of impairment loss incurred is higher than the yearly allocated amount of goodwill on the straight-line basis, the higher amount will be recorded in the Interim consolidated income statement.

Business combinations involving entities or businesses under common control

A business combination involving entities under common control is a business combination in which all of the combining entities or businesses are ultimately controlled by the same party or parties both before and after the business combination, and that control is not transitory. An entity can be under common control of an individual or a group of individuals following a contractual agreement.

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.11 Business combinations and goodwill (continued)

Business combinations involving entities or businesses under common control are accounted for as follows:

- ▶ The assets and liabilities of the combined entities are reflected at their carrying amounts on the date of business combination;
- ▶ No goodwill is recognised from the business combination;
- ► The Interim consolidated income statement reflects the results of the combined entities from the date of the business combination; and
- ▶ Any difference between the consideration paid and the net assets of the acquiree is recorded in equity.

After the date of business combination, if the Company and its subsidiaries transfer and lose control of investment in these entities, the difference between the cost of a business combination and net assets, which was previously recognised in owners' equity, is recognised in the interim consolidated income statement.

3.12 Assets acquisitions and business combinations

The Company and its subsidiaries acquire subsidiaries that own assets and production activities. At the date of acquisition, the Company and its subsidiaries consider whether the acquisition represents the acquisition of a business. The Company and its subsidiaries account for an acquisition as a business combination where an integrated set of activities is acquired in addition to the assets.

When the acquisition of subsidiaries does not represent a business combination, it is accounted for as an acquisition of a group of assets and liabilities. The cost of the acquisition is allocated to the assets and liabilities acquired based upon their relative fair values, and no goodwill or deferred tax is recognised.

In case prior to the date that control is obtained, the investment is an investment in associate or a long-term investment and the acquisition of the subsidiary is not a business combination, when preparing the interim consolidated financial statements, the parent company shall not remeasure the previously held equity interests. Instead previously held equity interests at carrying value and the consideration are allocated to the assets and liabilities acquired based on their relative fair values as at acquisition date.

3.13 Investments

Investments in associates

The Company and its subsidiaries' investment in their associate is accounted for using the equity method of accounting. An associate is an entity in which the Company and its subsidiaries have significant influence that is neither subsidiaries nor joint ventures. The Company and its subsidiaries generally deem they have significant influence if they have over 20% of the voting rights.

Under the equity method, the investment is carried in the Interim consolidated balance sheet at cost plus post acquisition changes in the Company and its subsidiaries' share of net assets of the associates. Goodwill arising on acquisition of the associate is included in the carrying amount of the investment. Goodwill is not amortised and subject to annual review for impairment. The Interim consolidated income statement reflects the share of the post-acquisition results of operation of the associate.

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.13 Investments (continued)

Investments in associates (continued)

The share of post-acquisition profit/(loss) of the associates is presented on face of the Interim consolidated income statement and its share of post-acquisition movements in reserves is recognised in reserves. The cumulative post-acquisition movements are adjusted against the carrying amount of the investment. Dividend/profit sharing received or receivable from associates reduces the carrying amount of the investment.

The financial statements of the associates are prepared for the same reporting period and use the same accounting policies as the Company and its subsidiaries. Where necessary, adjustments are made to bring the accounting policies in line with those of the Company and its subsidiaries.

Held-for-trading securities and investments in other entities

Held-for-trading securities and investments in other entities are stated at their acquisition costs.

Held-to-maturity investments

Held-to-maturity investments are stated at their acquisition costs. After initial recognition, held-to-maturity investments are measured at recoverable amount. Any impairment loss incurred is recognised as finance expense in the Interim consolidated income statement and deducted against the value of such investments.

Provision for diminution in value of investments

Provision of the investment is made when there are reliable evidences of the diminution in value of those investments at the balance sheet date.

Increases or decreases to the provision balance are recorded as finance expense in the Interim consolidated income statement.

3.14 Payables and accruals

Payables and accruals are recognised for amounts to be paid in the future for goods and services received, whether or not billed to the Company and its subsidiaries. Payables to construction contractors are recognised for amounts certified by the construction work certificate signed with contractors, whether or not billed to the Company and its subsidiaries.

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.15 Provisions

General provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Company and its subsidiaries have a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

When the Company and its subsidiaries expect some or all of a provision to be reimbursed, for example under an insurance contract, the reimbursement is recognised as a separate asset but only when the reimbursement is virtually certain. The expense relating to any provision is presented in the Interim consolidated income statement net of any reimbursement.

The Company and its subsidiaries assess onerous contracts are those contracts in which, the unavoidable costs of meeting the obligations under the contract exceed the economic benefits expected to be received under it. The unavoidable costs under a contract reflect the least net cost of exiting from the contract, which is the lower of the cost of fulfilling it and any compensation or penalties arising from failure to fulfil it. The Company and its subsidiaries recognise and assess obligations under onerous contracts as provisions and these provisions are made for each onerous contract.

If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pre-tax rate that reflects, where appropriate, the risks specific to the liability. Where discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as finance expense.

Warranty provision for inventory properties

The Company and its subsidiaries estimate provision for warranty expenses based on revenues and available information about the repair of inventory properties sold in the past.

3.16 Foreign currency transactions

Transactions in currencies other than the Company and its subsidiaries' reporting currency of VND are recorded at the actual transaction exchange rates at transaction dates which are determined as follows:

- Transactions resulting in receivables are recorded at the buying exchange rates of the commercial banks designated for collection;
- ▶ Transactions resulting in liabilities are recorded at the selling exchange rates of the commercial banks designated for payment;
- Capital contributions are recorded at the buying exchange rates of the commercial banks designated for capital contribution; and
- Payments for assets or expenses without liabilities initially being recognised is recorded at the buying exchange rates of the commercial banks that process these payments.

At the end of the year, monetary balances denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the actual transaction exchange rates at the balance sheet dates which are determined as follows:

- Monetary assets are translated at buying exchange rate of the commercial bank where the Company and its subsidiaries conduct transactions regularly; and
- Monetary liabilities are translated at selling exchange rate of the commercial bank where the Company and its subsidiaries conduct transactions regularly.

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.16 Foreign currency transactions (continued)

All foreign exchange differences incurred are taken to the Interim consolidated income statement.

3.17 Treasury shares

Own equity instruments which are reacquired (treasury shares) are recognised at cost and deducted from equity. No gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss upon purchase, sale, issue or cancellation of the Company's own equity instruments.

3.18 Appropriation of net profits

Net profit after tax (excluding gain arising from a bargain purchase) is available for appropriation to shareholders pursuant to decision of the Board of Directors (approved by General Meeting of Shareholders), and after making appropriation to reserve funds in accordance with the Company's Charter and Vietnam's regulatory requirements.

3.19 Advances from customers purchasing inventory properties

Payments received from customers as deposits for purchase of inventory properties in the future that do not meet the conditions for revenue recognition, are recognised and presented as "Advances from customers" in the liability section in the Interim consolidated balance sheet. Incentives under promotion programs which are, in substance, revenue deductions are offset against account "Advances from customers" which are not qualified to be recognised as revenue for the year.

3.20 Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and its subsidiaries and the revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding trade discount, rebate and sales return. The following specific recognition criteria must also be met before revenue is recognised:

Revenue from sale of inventory properties

Revenue from sale of inventory properties is recognised when the significant risks and rewards incident to ownership of the properties have been passed to the buyer.

Revenue from sale of inventory properties also includes long-term lease of investment property qualified for recognition of outright sales. If the lease term is greater than 90% of the asset's useful life, the Company and its subsidiaries recognise the revenue for the entire prepaid lease payment if all following conditions are met:

- Lessee is not allowed to cancel the lease contract during the lease term, and the lessor is not responsible for reimbursing the prepaid lease payments under any circumstances;
- The prepaid lease payment is not less than 90% of the total estimated lease payment collected under contract over the lease period and lessee must pay all rental within 12 months from the commencement of the lease;
- Almost all risks and rewards associated with the ownership of leased assets are transferred to the lessee; and
- Lessor must estimate the full cost of leasing activity.

Rental income

Rental income arising from operating lease of properties is recognised in the Interim consolidated income statement on a straight-line basis over the lease term of ongoing leases.

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.20 Revenue recognition (continued)

Sale of goods

Revenue is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have passed to the buyer, usually upon the delivery of the goods.

Rendering of services

Revenue from rendering of services is recognised when the services are rendered for customers.

Interest

Income is recognised as the interest accrues (taking into account the effective yield on the asset) unless collectability is in doubt.

Dividends

Income is recognised when the Company and its subsidiaries' entitlement as an investor to receive the dividend is established.

Income from capital transfer

Income from capital transfer is identified as difference between transfer consideration and cost of capital transfer. This income is recognised on date when the transaction arises being the date when the transfer contract is exercised.

Income from Business and Investment Co-operation Contracts in which the Company and its subsidiaries are entitled to profit before tax or profit after tax

Income from the profit before tax or profit after tax of real estate business under Business and Investment Co-operation Contracts is recognised as finance income in the Interim consolidated income statement.

In the transaction in which the Company and its subsidiaries provide multiple products and services to the customer in the same arrangement, the Company and its subsidiaries determine the obligation to sell the product and the obligation to render the services separately and only recognises the revenue when each individual obligation is completed by the Company and its subsidiaries. The contract value is allocated to individual product by taking the total contract value minus the estimated fair value of the service. Payments from customers under contracts corresponding to the unfulfilled obligations are presented as "Advances from customers" or "Unearned revenues" in the Interim consolidated balance sheet.

3.21 Construction contract

Where the outcome of a construction contract can be estimated reliably, revenue and costs are recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract activity at the Interim consolidated balance sheet date, as measured by reference to the work performed that has been agreed by customers. Variations in contract work, claims and incentive payments are included to the extent that they have been agreed with the customer.

Where the outcome of a construction contract cannot be estimated reliably, contract revenue is recognised to the extent of contract costs incurred that it is probable will be recoverable. Contract costs are recognised as expenses in the year in which they are incurred.

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.22 Taxation

Current income tax

Current income tax assets and liabilities for the current and prior years are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted as at the interim consolidated balance sheet date.

Current income tax is charged or credited to the interim consolidated income statement, except when it relates to items recognised directly to equity, in which case the current income tax is also dealt with in equity.

Current income tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right for the Company and its subsidiaries to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when the Company and its subsidiaries intend to settle their current tax assets and liabilities on a net basis.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is provided using the liability method on temporary differences at the interim consolidated balance sheet date between the tax base of assets and liabilities and their carrying amount for financial reporting purposes.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences, except:

- where the deferred tax liability arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction which at the time of the related transaction affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss; and
- in respect of taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries, associates, and interests in joint ventures where timing of the reversal of the temporary difference can be controlled and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, carried forward unused tax credit and unused tax losses, to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which deductible temporary differences, carried forward unused tax credit and unused tax losses can be utilised, except:

- where the deferred tax asset in respect of deductible temporary difference which arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability which at the time of the related transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss; and
- in respect of deductible temporarily differences associated with investments in subsidiaries, associates, and interests in joint ventures, deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that the temporary differences will reverse in the foreseeable future and taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.22 Taxation (continued)

Deferred tax (continued)

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each interim consolidated balance sheet date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised. Previously unrecognised deferred tax assets are re-assessed at each Interim consolidated balance sheet date and are recognised to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profit will allow the deferred tax assets to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the asset is realised or the liability is settled based on tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted at the Interim consolidated balance sheet date.

Deferred tax is charged or credited to the interim consolidated income statement, except when it relates to items recognised directly to equity, in which case the deferred tax is also dealt with in the equity account.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right for the Company and its subsidiaries to off-set current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on:

- either the same taxable entity; or
- when the Company and its subsidiaries intend either to settle current tax liabilities and assets on a net basis or to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously, in each future period in which significant amounts of deferred tax liabilities or assets are expected to be settled or recovered.

3.23 Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share amounts are calculated by dividing net profit/(loss) after tax for the year attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company (after adjusting for the bonus and welfare fund) by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year.

Diluted earnings per share amounts are calculated by dividing the net profit after tax attributable to ordinary equity holders of the Company (after adjusting for interest on the convertible preference shares) by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year plus the weighted average number of ordinary shares that would be issued on conversion of all the dilutive potential ordinary shares into ordinary shares.

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.24 Segment information

A segment is a component determined separately by the Company and its subsidiaries which is engaged in providing products or related services (business segment) or providing products or services in a particular economic environment (geographical segment), that is subject to risks and returns that are different from those of other segments.

Real estate trading and related services are principal sources of revenue and profit of the Company and its subsidiaries, while revenue from other activities accounts for a minimal portion in the Company and its subsidiaries' total revenue. Therefore, management is of the view that there is only one segment for business. In addition, management defines the Company and subsidiaries' geographical segments to be based on the location of the assets which is in Vietnam.

3.25 Related parties

Parties are considered to be related parties of the Company and its subsidiaries if one party has the ability to control the other party or exercise significant influence over the other party in making financial and operating decisions, or when the Company and its subsidiaries and other party are under common control or under common significant influence. Related parties can be enterprise or individual, including close members of the family of any such individual.

3.26 Demerger

Demerger transactions where the Company is the demerged company are carried out as follows:

- Assets, liabilities transferred to the new company is deducted from the respective items in the Interim consolidated balance sheet by the carrying value at the date of demerger;
- Difference between assets and liabilities transferred to the new company is deducted from equity in the Interim consolidated balance sheet; and
- No gain or loss is recognised for the demerger transaction.

3.27 Bond issuance transaction cost

Transaction costs relating to bond issuance are charged to the interim consolidated income statement on a straight-line basis over the term of the bond. At initial recognition, these transaction costs are deducted from liability component of the bond.

4. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	(Currency: million VND
	30 June 2021	31 December 2020
Cash on hand Cash at banks Cash equivalents	1,294 2,362,501 6,754,178	2,315 4,144,423 9,566,913
TOTAL	9,117,973	13,713,651

Cash equivalents as at 30 June 2021 comprise investments and bank deposits in VND with terms ranging from 1 month to 3 months. Bank deposits earning interests at rates ranging from 3% to 4% per annum (as at 31 December 2020: from 2.2% to 4% per annum).

5. HELD-TO-MATURITY INVESTMENTS

5.1 Held-for-trading securities

			Curre	ency: million VND
	30 June	2021	31 Decen	nber 2020
	Cost	Provision	Cost	Provision
Corporate bonds	558,316		359,322	
TOTAL	558,316		359,322	**

5.2 Held-to-maturity investments

Currency: million VND

	30 June 2021		31 Decem	31 December 2020	
Chart tarm hank	Cost	Carrying value	Cost	Carrying value	
Short-term bank deposits	4,371,485	4,371,485	1,694,897	1,694,897	
TOTAL	4,371,485	4,371,485	1,694,897	1,694,897	

Short-term bank deposits in VND as at 30 June 2021 have terms ranging from more than 3 months to 13 months, earning interests at rates ranging from 2.9% to 6.1% per annum.

6. TRADE RECEIVABLES AND ADVANCES TO SUPPLIERS

or onor term trade reactions	6.1	Short-term trace	le receivables
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6.2

Snort-term trade receivables		
		Currency: million VND
	30 June 2021	31 December 2020
Sale of inventory properties Disposal of investments Rendering construction services and related	7,632,465 2,926,619	7,142,800 2,906,619
services	270,247	92,875
Rendering real estate management services and related services Leasing activities and rendering related	380,988	195,782
services	288,897	146,691
Others	366,503	189,641
TOTAL	11,865,719	10,674,408
In which: Trade receivables from others Trade receivables from related parties (Note 31)	11,332,898 532,821	10,359,176 315,232
Provision for doubtful short-term trade receivables	(9,215)	(9,215)
Short-term advances to suppliers		
		Currency: million VND
	30 June 2021	31 December 2020
Advances to other suppliers Advances to related parties (Note 31)	8,433,408 525,434	8,058,810 445,614
TOTAL	8,958,842	8,504,424
Provision for doubtful advances to suppliers	(24,079)	(24,079)

7. LOAN RECEIVABLES

	C	urrency: million VND
	30 June 2021	31 December 2020
Short-term	44 500 000	2 224 222
Loans to counterparties Loans to related parties (Note 31)	11,533,663 1,391,200	8,261,293 11,200
TOTAL	12,924,863	8,272,493
Provisions for doubtful loan receivables	(16,917)	(16,000)
Long-term Loans to counterparties Loans to related parties (Note 31)	2,000	3,770,000 360,000
TOTAL	2,000	4,130,000

8. OTHER RECEIVABLES

	C	urrency: million VND
	30 June 2021	31 December 2020
Short-term Interest income on loans, deposits and bank		
deposits	4,346,083	2,878,953
Advances for land clearance	917,165	1,871,338
Deposits and capital contribution for Business and Investment Co-operation Contracts	751,705	751,705
Short-term deposits, mortgage	510,317	612,730
Receivables from collection and payment on	000 000	202.005
behalf Declared profit receivables	263,860 218,789	330,335 68,820
Others	1,684,738	677,058
TOTAL	8,692,657	7,190,939
Provision for doubtful other short-term receivables	(33,465)	(500)
In which:		
Receivables from others	6,712,631	6,051,346
Receivables from related parties (Note 31)	1,980,026	1,139,593
Long-term Deposits and capital contribution for Business		
and Investment Co-operation Contract Interest income on long-term loans, deposits	5,790,000	5,790,000
and bank deposits	1,442	946,204
Receivables from long-term lease Deposits for rental purpose	129,019	129,019
Others	73,357 16,209	73,357 15,788
TOTAL	6,010,027	6,954,368
In which:		
Receivables from others Receivables from related parties (Note 31)	91,008 5,919,019	1,022,258
(Note 31)	0,818,019	5,932,110

9. INVENTORIES

Currency: million VND

_	30 June 2	2021	31 Decembe	er 2020
	Cost	Provision	Cost	Provision
Inventory properties under construction (i) Completed inventory	31,635,442	-	39,606,536	-
properties Inventories acquired for	1,000,124	(12,295)	1,440,753	(9,706)
sales Work in progress related to construction	409,633	(1,190)	334,462	(1,190)
services (ii)	1,399,021	-	978,351	-
Others (iii)	299,065	(26,632)	661,139	(26,683)
TOTAL	34,743,285	(40,117)	43,021,241	(37,579)

- (i) Mainly includes land use fee, land clearance costs, construction and development costs of Vinhomes Grand Park, Vinhomes Smart City, Vinhomes Ocean Park and other projects.
- (ii) Includes the costs incurred related to the rendering of general constructor services, consultancy services to investors of real estate projects.
- (iii) Mainly includes goods, materials supplied to project investors; work in progress from mining activities and other goods.

10. PREPAID EXPENSES

	C	Currency: million VND
	30 June 2021	31 December 2020
Short-term		
Selling expenses related to inventory		
properties not yet handed over	460,156	1,378,412
Provisional corporate income tax	229,581	281,075
Others	40,204	125,108
TOTAL	729,941	1,784,595
Long-term		
Prepaid land rental (i)	2,090,690	2,202,159
Tools and supplies	37,332	37,271
Others	79,679	48,564
TOTAL	2,207,701	2,287,994

⁽i) These are mainly prepaid land rental fee of Vinhomes Ocean Park Project and Vinhomes Smart City Project, and other projects.

11. OTHER ASSETS

	C	Surrency: million VND
	30 June 2021	31 December 2020
Short-term		
Deposits for investment purpose (i)	6,832,475	6,832,475
TOTAL	6,832,475	6,832,475
In which: Deposits to others Deposits to related parties (Note 31)	2,682,775 4,149,700	2,682,775 4,149,700
Long-term Deposits for investment purpose (i) Deposits for commercial purpose (ii)	38,479,770 1,032,336	38,479,770 1,032,336
TOTAL	39,512,106	39,512,106
In which: Deposits to others	1,032,336	1,032,336
Deposits to related parties (Note 31)	38,479,770	38,479,770

- (i) Mainly comprises deposits to some companies within the Group and some counterparties for the purpose of acquiring several real estate projects and shares of companies that own several real estate projects.
- (ii) An unsecured deposit to a counterparty earning interest rate which is determined by 12-month VND saving rate. The deposit and interest will be used as settlement for 10% of contract value under separate contracts between the Company and its subsidiaries and this counterparty.

Vinhomes Joint Stock Company

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) Quarter II 2021

12. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

					Currenc	Currency: million VND
	Buildings and structures	Machinery and equipment	Means of transportation	Office equipment	Others	Total
Cost: Beginning balance Newly purchased Newly constructed	4,082,153 - 333,864 (87)	1,648,906 86,148	97,915 983	23,546	20,744	5,873,264 87,131 333,864
oold, disposed Ending balance	4,415,930	1,663,114	868'86	23,546	20,659	6,222,147
Accumulated depreciation: Beginning balance Depreciation for the period Sold, disposed	89,547 95,057 (77)	72,070 75,952 (17,150)	10,929 8,056	9,155 14,391	8,358 1,339 (63)	190,059 194,795 (17,284 <u>)</u>
Ending balance	184,533	130,872	18,985	23,546	9,634	367,570
Net carrying amount: Beginning balance	3,992,606	1,576,836	986,98	14,391	12,386	5,683,205
Ending balance	4,231,397	1,532,242	79,913	٠	11,025	5,854,577

Vinhomes Joint Stock Company

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) Quarter II 2021

13. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

			Currency: million VND
	Land use rights, Buildings and structures	Machinery and equipment	Total
Cost:			
Beginning balance Acquisition of subsidiaries	8,118,713 212,073	1,113,109	9,231,822 222,764
Newly constructed Other decreases	2,259,378 33,459	597,812 (641)	2,857,190 32,818
Ending balance (i)	10,623,623	1,720,971	12,344,594
Accumulated depreciation:			
Beginning balance Acquisition of subsidiaries	370,814	161,411	532,225 50,374
Depreciation for the period	118,043	38,642	156,685
Ending balance (i)	528,594	210,690	739,284
Net carrying amount:			
Beginning balance	7,747,899	951,698	8,699,597
Ending balance (i)	10,095,029	1,510,281	11,605,310

13. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (continued)

(i) As at 30 June 2021, investment properties mainly include parking components, offices for lease, observation deck, cuisine and convention center and apartments, villas, shophouses for lease.

The Company and its subsidiaries have not determined fair value of investment properties as at 30 June 2021 because of insufficient market information for fair value determination purpose.

14. CAPITALISED BORROWING COSTS

During the period, the Company and its subsidiaries capitalised borrowing costs with an amount of approximately VND130 billion (for the six-month period ended 30 June 2021: VND251 billion). These borrowing costs mainly related to specific borrowings taken to finance the construction of projects. The capitalised borrowing costs are determined by applying a capitalisation rate from 9% per annum to 10% per annum.

15. CONSTRUCTION IN PROGRESS

Construction in progress comprises construction costs, land clearance costs, land use fee, other costs and consideration for acquisition of subsidiaries allocated as a part of project acquisition costs.

Details of construction in progress which are higher than 10% of total balance are as follows:

	C	Currency: million VND
	30 June 2021	31 December 2020
Vinhomes Long Beach Can Gio Project Hoc Mon Urban Project Vinhomes Grand Park Project	12,595,561 4,111,966 3,921,226	12,534,630 4,109,548 3,378,915

16. LONG-TERM INVESTMENTS

Currency: million VND

_	30 June 20	021	31 Decembe	r 2020
	Cost	Provision	Cost	Provision
Investments in associates				
(Note 16.1) Investments in other entities	3,456,533	-	5,838,118	-
(Note 16.2) Held-to-maturity	6,418,722	-	3,969,035	(235,991)
investments (i)	184,680	<u>-</u>	184,680	-
TOTAL	10,059,935	<u> </u>	9,991,833	(235,991)

⁽i) Balance at 30 June 2021 includes investments in bank bonds in VND.

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) Quarter II 2021

16. LONG-TERM INVESTMENTS (continued)

16.1 Investments in associates

Details of associates, voting rights and equity interest of the Company and its subsidiaries in associates as at 30 June 2021 are as follows:

			Voting right	Equity		
No.	Company name	No of shares	(%) int	interest (%)	interest (%) Head office	Principal activities
	Cam Ranh Investment Joint Stock Company ("Cam Ranh JSC")	164,028,749	43.74%	43.70%	Hon Tre Islands, Vinh Nguyen Ward, Nha Trang City, Khanh Hoa Province, Viet Nam	Investing, developing and trading real estate properties
7	Tuong Phu Natural Stone Exploiting and Processing LLC ("Tuong Phu LLC")	€	40.00%	24.79%	Sub-quarter 13, Yen The Townlet, Luc Yen District, Yen Bai Province, Viet Nam	Exploiting, processing and trading stones, sand, oravel and clay

^(*) These are limited liability companies.

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) Quarter II 2021

16. LONG-TERM INVESTMENTS (continued)

16.1 Investments in associates (continued)

Details of investments in associates are as follows:

Currency: million VND

		Investments in		
	Cam Ranh JSC	MV1 Real Estate LLC	Tuong Phu LLC	Total
Cost of investment:				
Beginning balance Decrease	3,395,395	2,412,849 (2,412,849 <u>)</u>	11,348	5,819,592 (2,412,849)
Ending balance	3,395,395		11,348	3,406,743
Accumulated share in post-acquisition profit of the associates:				
Beginning balance Share in post-acquisition	18,526	1	ı	18,526
profit of the associates for the period	31,264	•	3	31,264
Ending balance	49,790	I	•	49,790
Net carrying amount:				
Beginning balance	3,413,921	2,412,849	11,348	5,838,118
Ending balance	3,445,185	1	11,348	3,456,533

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) Quarter II 2021

16. LONG-TERM INVESTMENTS (continued)

16.2 Investments in other entities

		=	30 June 2021	1			31	31 December 2020	020	
	Number of shares	Number of Voting right shares (%)	Ownership (%)	ship Cost (%) (million VND)	Provision (million VND)	Number of shares	Number of Voting right shares (%)	Омпел	ship Cost Provision (%) (million VND) (million VND)	Provision (million VND)
MV Real Estate JSC	217,963,747	19.82%	19.82%	2,179,638	1 2	217,963,747	19.82%	19.82%	2,179,638	1
MV1 Real Estate LLC Vietnam Exhibition Fair Centre	£)	19.83%	19.83%	2,392,849	1					
JSC ("VEFAC JSC") S-Vin Viet Nam Real Estate	7,758,800	4.66%	4.66%	900,144	•	7,758,800	4.66%	4.66%	900,144	(235,991)
Frading JSC (iii) (*) Phat Loc Commercial	36,362,042	10.00%	10.00%	363,621	1	36,362,042	10.00%	10.00%	363,621	•
nvestment Trading LLC						;			1	
("Phat Loc LLC") (iv) (*)	ŧ	2	51.00%	342,909	1	£	•	51.00%	342,909	:
SV Real Estate JSC (v) (*)	9,700,000	4.00%	4.00%	97,000		7,700,000	4.00%	4.00%	77,000	•
SV West Hanoi JSC (*)	7,000,000	4.00%	4.00%	70,000	•	7,000,000	4.00%	4.00%	70,000	:
Xavinco Land JSC ("Xavinco		7	7000	0			,	7	0	
JSC.) (*)	2,000,000	1.00%	1.00%	22,223	•	2,000,000	1.00%	1.00%	22,223	•
AIC Real Estate JSC Thang Long Real Estate	216,000	1.00%	1.00%	28,472	:	•	•	•	t	•
Trading Investment JSC										
	500,000	10.00%	10.00%	13,500	1	500,000	10.00%	10.00%	13,500	•
Vinpearl Invest JSC	311,184	0.50%	0.50%	8,366	1	•	•	'	•	'
TOTAL			•	6.418.722	8			•	3,969,035	(235,991)

As at 30 June 2021, the fair value of these investments has not been determined because of insufficient market information for fair value determination purpose. €

^(**) These are limited liability companies.

Vinhomes Joint Stock Company

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) Quarter II 2021

17. GOODWILL

Currency: million VND	Goodwill arising anising from of Bao Lai JSC acquisition of and its Sai Dong JSC subsidiaries (*)	520,364 1,263,323	520,364 1,263,323	0		25,971 62,993	28,537 62,993		517,798 1,263,323	491,827 1,200,329
	Goodwill arising from acquisition of VinITIS JSC	76,637	76,637	1	4// _c	3,800	9,574		70,863	67,063
	Goodwill ansing from acquisition of Millenium LLC	153,044	153,044	Č	38,024	7,589	47,213		113,420	105,831
	Goodwill arising from acquisition of Tan Lien Phat JSC	337,767	337,767		960,598	16,750	115,304		239,213	222,463
	Goodwill arising from acquisition of Vinhomes Management JSC	115,728	115,728	† ************************************	10/55	5,739	39,506		81,961	76,222
	Goodwill ansing from acquisition of Gia Lam LLC	1,235	1,235	Š	4 9	94	990		736	675
	Goodwill arising from acquisition of Vietnam Investment JSC	288,149	288,149		116,523	14,289	130,812		171,626	157,337
	Goodwill arising from acquisition of Ecology JSC	369,867	369,867		149,558	18,341	167,910		220,299	201,957
		Cost: Beginning balance	Ending balance	Accumulated amortisation:	Beginning balance Amortisation for	the period	Ending balance	Net carrying amount:	Beginning balance	Ending balance

^(*) The Company applied provisional accounting for this transaction.

18. SHORT-TERM TRADE PAYABLES AND ADVANCES FROM CUSTOMERS

18.1 Short-term trade payables

18.1	Short-term trade payables		
		C	Surrency: million VND
	_	Balance (Paya	able amount)
		30 June 2021	31 December 2020
	Short-term trade payables In which:	11,606,794	10,235,689
	- A corporate counterparty rendering		
	construction services	472,596	737,367
	- Others	11,134,198	9,498,322
	Trade payables to related parties (Note 31)	786,717	1,165,795
	TOTAL	12,393,511	11,401,484
18.2	Advances from customers		
		C	Currency: million VND
		30 June 2021	31 December 2020
	Down payments from customers under sales		
	and purchase agreements (i)	21,063,601	25,677,901
	Advances from customers for construction services	1,117,629	1,267,859
	Others	32,405	22,975
	TOTAL	22,213,635	26,968,735
	In which: Advances from others Advances from related parties	22,213,635	26,968,735 -

⁽i) These mainly represent down payments from customers who signed sales and purchase agreements to purchase inventory properties at real estate projects of the Company and its subsidiaries.

19. STATUTORY OBLIGATIONS

	Beginning balance	Payable for the period	Payment made in the period	Ending balance
Payables Corporate income	Dalano	uro portod	m the period	Ending balance
tax	4,207,140	4,139,424	(4,609,590)	3,736,974
Value added tax	375,268	1,073,279	(496,524)	952,023
Other taxes	452,659	348,694	(344,208)	457,145
TOTAL	5,035,067	5,561,397	(5,450,322)	5,146,142
	Beginning	Receivable for	Offset during	
	balance	the period	the period	Ending balance
Receivables		•	•	Ü
Value added tax Corporate income	309,066	1,565,111	(1,575,620)	298,557
tax	41,680	-	(8,044)	33,636
Other taxes	291	402		693
TOTAL	351,037	1,565,513	(1,583,664)	332,886

20. ACCRUED EXPENSES

Currency: million VND

30 June 2021 31 December 2020

Short-term Accrued costs for operating tangible fixed assets, investment properties and handed over inventory properties Accrued construction costs Accrued commission fees and other expenses related to inventory properties Accrued bond and loan interest expenses Others	12,316,565 255,482 3,481,146 635,010 254,398	9,238,457 2,087,810 1,952,247 306,178 328,092
TOTAL	16,942,601	13,912,784
In which: Short-term accrual to others Short-term accrual to related parties	16,929,181 13,420	13,675,857 236,927
Long-term Accrued loan interest expenses Others	1,332,434 21,964	1,368,029 41,669
TOTAL	1,354,399	1,409,698
In which: Long-term accrual to others Long-term accrual to related parties	1,334,773 19,626	1,119,163 290,535

21. UNEARNED REVENUE

	C	Currency: million VND
	30 June 2021	31 December 2020
Short-term Unearned revenue from real estate		
management service	523,331	507,131
Unearned revenue from leasing service	23,504	24,568
TOTAL	546,835	531,699
Long-term		
Unrealised profit from transactions with		
associates	-	1,735,405
Unearned revenue from real estate	4 474 045	4 00 4 000
management service	1,171,845	1,334,326
Unearned revenue from leasing service	<u>250,216</u>	256,266
TOTAL	1,422,061	3,325,997

22. OTHER PAYABLES

	C	urrency: million VND
	30 June 2021	31 December 2020
Short-term		
Deposits and other agreements related to	45 450 770	00 500 004
real estate projects (i) Dividends payables	15,453,779 4,934,271	28,590,821
Apartment maintenance funds held on behalf	4,534,27 1	•
of customers (ii)	1,872,199	2,106,981
Deposits under Business and Investment	.,,	
Co-operation Contracts (iii)	2,060,820	1,868,702
Deposits from brokerage agents and tenants	225,822	190,782
Payables for receipt on behalf	55,446	156,599
Payables from receiving an investment Others	561,000 1,366,967	4 440 027
	1,300,307	1,118,937
TOTAL	26,530,304	34,032,822
In which:		
Other short-term payables to others	23,768,951	31,379,064
Other short-term payables to related parties	2,761,353	
(Note 31)		2,653,758
Long-term		
Deposits and other agreements related to		
real estate projects (i)	•	2,728,138
Deposits for transfer of investments	-	561,000
Deposits under Business and Investment	463,000	462,000
Co-operation Contracts (iii) Long-term deposits for real estate leasing	163,000	163,000
purposes	80,198	85,410
TOTAL	243,198	3,537,548
In which: Other long-term payables to others	80,198	3,374,548
Other long-term payables to others Other long-term payables to related parties	163,000	<i>ა,ა14,</i> 040
(Note 31)	700,000	163,000
•		,

- (i) Balance as at 30 June 2021 includes cash receipts under deposits and other agreements from customers and corporate counterparties related to real estate properties of the Company and its subsidiaries.
- (ii) These pertain to maintenance funds held on behalf of customers of real estate projects of the Company and its subsidiaries, which will be handed over to Building Management Boards.
- (iii) These pertain to deposits from a number of affiliates to the Company and its subsidiaries pursuant to Business and Investment Co-operation Contracts for purpose of operating and transferring co-operation of shopping mall, hotel and other components of real estate projects.

Vinhomes Joint Stock Company

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) Quarter II 2021

23. LOANS

LOANS					Curre	Currency: million VND
	Beginning balance	balance	Movement during the period	ng the period	Ending balance	alance
	Balance	Payable amount	Increase	Decrease	Balance	Payable amount
Short-term			:			
Short-term loans from banks Current portion of long-term loan from hanks	290,000	590,000	564,745	(1,154,745)	1	1
(Note 23.1) Current portion of long-term	1,380,950	1,380,950	412,092	(1,473,633)	319,409	319,409
(Note 23.3) Short-term loans from	8,442,360	8,442,360	49,038	•	8,491,398	8,491,398
counterparties (Note 23.2)	1	1	1,780,000	ı	1,780,000	1,780,000
(Note 31)	584,416	584,416	1	(584,416)	1	*
•	10,997,726	10,997,726	2,805,875	(3,212,794)	10,590,807	10,590,807
Long-term						
(Note 23.1)	510,814	510,814	421,630	(494,941)	437,503	437,503
(Note 23.2)	5,320,000	5,320,000	5,150,000	(5,280,000)	5,190,000	5,190,000
(Note 23.3)	7,389,921	7,389,921	16,374	(1,499,741)	5,906,554	5,906,554
(Note 31)	737,000	737,000	1 1		737,000	737,000
1	13,957,735	13,957,735	5,588,004	(7,274,682)	12,271,057	12,271,057
TOTAL	24,955,461	24,955,461	8,393,879	(10,487,476)	22,861,864	22,861,864

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) Quarter II 2021

23. LOANS (continued)

23.1 Loans from banks

Detail of long-term loans from banks is presented as below:

	30 June 2021	121		
Lender	Currency	Million VND	Maturity date	Collateral
Bank for Investment and Development of Vietnam	VND	437,503	August 2024	(j)
Vietnam Joint Stock Commercial Bank for Industry and Trade	ONN	204,964	September 2021 to June 2022	Θ
In which: Current portion of long-term loans	QNA	204,964		
Vietnam Joint Stock Commercial Bank for Industry and Trade	OSN	114,445	September 2021 to June 2022	()
In which: Current portion of long-term loans	 GSN	114,445		
TOTAL	I	756,912		
In which: Long-term Ioans Current portion of Iong-term Ioans		437,503 319,409		

Details of interests on long-term loans from banks as at 30 June 2021 are as follow:

Interest	Floating interest, interest rate during the year ranges from 9.5% to 10% per annum	Floating interest, interest rate during the year ranges from 5.5% to 7% per annum
Currency	NN	OSD
Loans	Secured loans	Secured loans

(i) As at 30 June 2021, these long-term loans are secured by the following collaterals:

- Tangible fixed assets, construction in progress, inventories and other benefits related to these assets; and

- Capital contribution in a number of subsidiaries.

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) Quarter II 2021

23. LOANS (continued)

23.2 Loans from counterparties

Details of loans from counterparties:

Short-term loans from corporate counterparties with total principal of VND1,780 billion, bearing the interest rate at 9% per annum with maturity date from April 2022 to June 2022.

Long-term loan from corporate counterparties with total principal of VND5,190 billion, bearing the interest rate at 9% per annum with maturity date from July 2022 to November 2022. Δ

23.3 Corporate bonds

Currency: million VND	31 December 2020	15,832,281 (8,442,360)	7,389,921
	30 June 2021	ong-term corporate bonds In which: Current portion of long-term corporate bonds (8,491,398)	5,906,554
		Long-term corporate bonds In which: Current portion o	TOTAL

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) Quarter II 2021

23. LOANS (continued)

23.3 Corporate bonds (continued)

			Currency: r.	Currency: million VND
Underwriter	30 June 2021	Maturity date	Interest	Collateral
Techcom Securities Joint Stock Company	11,899,467	From November 2021 to May	Interest rate for the first four periods is from 9% to 10% per annum. Interest rate for the following periods is calculated as 12-month interest	€
In which: Current portion of long-term bonds	6,492,232	2023	paid-in-arrear VND saving rate plus 3.25% per annum. Interest is payable every 3 months.	
Techcom Securities Joint Stock Company	1,999,166	August 2021	Interest rate for the first and second periods is 10% per annum. Interest rate for the following periods is calculated as 12-month interest paid-in-	(E)
In which: Current portion of long-term bonds	1,999,166		arrear VND saving rate plus 4.25% per annum. Interest is payable every 6 months.	
KB Securities Vietnam Joint Stock Company	499,319	May 2023	Interest rate from issuance date to 31 December 2020 is 9.5% per annum. Interest rate for the following periods is calculated as regular saving rate and 12-month VND individual saving rate plus 2.3% per annum. Interest is payable every 3 months.	()
TOTAL	14,397,952			
In which: Long-term bonds	5,906,554			
Current portion of long- term bonds	8,491,398			

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) Quarter II 2021

- 23. LOANS (continued)
- 23.3 Corporate bonds (continued)
- (i) As at 30 June 2021, these corporate bonds are secured by the following collaterals:
- A number of listed shares of some companies within the Group; and
- A number of real estate and commercial projects.
- (ii) These loans are unsecured.
- 24. PROVISIONS
- 24.1 Short-term provisions

The short-term provisions balance at 30 June 2021 includes the provision related to a deposit for payments under commercial purchase contracts.

24.2 Long-term provisions

The long-term provisions balance at 30 June 2021 mainly includes provisions for warranty costs for inventory properties at the Company and its subsidiaries' projects in accordance with the warranty clause in sales and purchase agreements.

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) Quarter II 2021

25. OWNERS' EQUITY

25.1 Increase and decrease in owners' equity

						Currenc	Currency: million VND
l		Attributable	Attributable to shareholders of the parent	the parent			
	Issued share capital	Share premium	Treasury shares	Other funds belonging to owners' equity	Undistributed earnings	Non-controlling interests	Total
For the six-month period ended 30 June 2020							
Beginning balance - Acquisition of new subsidiaries and step-	33,495,139	295,000	(5,549,929)	1,816,269	26,039,678	8,618,886	64,715,043
subsidiarion of equity interest in existing subsidiaries. Nat profit for the period	•	•	• 1	\$	1,924,733	(1,851,515)	73,218
Cash dividends declared			•		6 10,012,01	(63.716)	(63.716)
- Appropriation to other reserves		1	י ו	10,000	(10,000)	(21.122)	(5) (50)
Ending balance	33,495,139	295,000	(5,549,929)	1,826,269	38,232,990	7,486,398	75,785,867
For the six-month period ended 30 June 2021							
Beginning balance	33,495,139	295,000	(5,549,929)	1,200,896	56,259,405	3,429,404	89,129,915
Net profit for the period Aguisting of new subsidiaries Charge in aguity integet in existing			1 1	(681,542)	15,628,616	766,161 -	15,780,508 (681,542)
subsidiaries	•	1	,	3	65,576	(65,576)	1
- Cash dividends declared	•	•	•	1	(4,934,271)	(102,766)	(5,037,037)
- Other decrease	'	*	*	000,4	(23,824)	(3,000)	(21,824)
Ending balance	33,495,139	295,000	(5,549,929)	524,354	66,995,502	3,410,054	99,170,120

(*) According to the Resolution of the Shareholders, the Company plans to pay dividends in cash and stock dividends, the rate of cash dividend payment is 15% of charter capital (equivalent to 4,934,271 VND million). As at the issuance date of the financial statements, the Company is in process of completing the procedures related to payment of dividends.

25. OWNER'S EQUITY (continued)

25.2 Capital transactions with owners

		C	Currency: million VND
		30 June 2021	31 December 2020
	Contributed share capital from owners Beginning balance	33,495,139	33,495,139
	Ending balance	33,495,139	33,495,139
25.3	Ordinary shares and preference shares		Unit: Shares
		30 June 2021	31 December 2020
	Authorised shares Issued shares <i>Ordinary shares</i> <i>Preference shares</i>	3,349,513,918 3,349,513,918 3,349,513,918	3,349,513,918 3,349,513,918 3,349,513,918
	Treasury shares Ordinary shares Preference shares	60,000,000 60,000,000 	60,000,000 60,000,000 -
	Shares in circulation Ordinary shares Preference shares	3,289,513,918 3,289,513,918	3,289,513,918 3,289,513,918 -

The par value of outstanding shares: VND10,000 per share (as at 31 December 2020: VND10,000 per share).

26. REVENUES

26.1 Revenue from sale of goods and rendering of services

	Currency: million VND	
	Quarter II 2021	Quarter II 2020
Gross revenue	28,725,193	16,376,482
In which:		
Revenue from sales of inventory properties	26,017,666	15,630,469
Revenue from rendering real estate management and related services	328,955	458,290
Revenue from leasing activities and rendering related services	384,125	186,279
Revenue from rendering general contractor, construction consultancy and supervision services	1,546,653	50,520
Others	447,794	50,924
Deductions		
Net revenue	28,725,193	16,376,482

26. REVENUES (continued)

26.2 Finance income

	Cu	rrency: million VND
	Quarter II 2021	Quarter II 2020
Interest income from deposits and lendings Income from Business and Investment	416,087	649,381
Co-operation Contracts (i)	158,205	29,842
Income from disposal of investments	-	53,160
Other finance income	1,592	100,060
TOTAL	575,884	832,443

⁽i) Income from Business and Investment Co-operation Contracts with Vingroup JSC and an affiliate for the development purpose of real estate projects.

27. COST OF GOODS SOLD AND SERVICES RENDERED

TOTAL	14,368,754	9,951,729	
Others	264,152	32,488	
services	1,503,863	27,231	
Cost of rendering general contractor, construction consultancy and supervision			
Cost of leasing activities and other related costs	186,188	43,643	
and other related services	259,612	441,694	
Cost of inventory properties sold Cost of rendering real estate management	12,154,939	9,406,672	
	Quarter II 2021	Quarter II 2020	
	Currency: mil		

28. FINANCE EXPENSES

	Currency: million VN	
	Quarter II 2021	Quarter II 2020
Loans interest and bond issuance costs Other finance expenses	612,507 1,847	672,092 1,435
TOTAL	614,354	673,527

29. SELLING EXPENSES AND GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

Currency: million VND Quarter II 2021 Quarter II 2020 Selling expenses Consultancy, guarantee, commission fees and advertising, marketing expenses 478,937 427,402 Labour costs 63,266 74,945 Others 36,297 51,809 578,500 554,156 General and administrative expenses Labour costs 15,463 61,834 Depreciation and amortisation (including amortisation of goodwill) 89,858 42.073 Others 411,639 447,216 516,960 551,123 1,095,460 1,105,279 **TOTAL**

30. CORPORATE INCOME TAX

The current corporate income tax ("CIT") rate applicable to the Company and its subsidiaries is 20% of taxable profits (previous period: 20%).

The tax returns filed by the Company and its subsidiaries are subject to examination by the tax authorities. As the application of tax laws and regulations is susceptible to varying interpretations, the amounts reported in the Interim consolidated financial statements could be changed at a later date upon final determination by the tax authorities.

	Curr	Currency: million VND		
	Quarter II 2021	Quarter II 2020		
Current tax expense Deferred tax income	3,003,191 (54,725)	1,181,376 (24,588)		
TOTAL	2,948,466	1,156,788		

31. TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES (continued)

31.1 Amount due to and due from related parties

Amounts due to and due from related parties as at 30 June 2021 and 31 December 2020 were as follows:

			Cu	rrency: million VND
Related parties	Relationship	Transactions	Ending balance	Beginning balance
Short-term trade	receivables (Note 6.1)		
Vincom Retail JSC	Affiliate	Receivables from sales of inventory properties	122,728	122,728
		Other receivables	31,575	5,533
Other affiliates		Other receivables (i)	378,518	186,971
		,	532,821	315,232

⁽i) Other short-term receivables mainly comprise receivables from shared profit, general contractor and technological services.

Short-term advances to supplier (Note 6.2)

Short-term advances to suppliers mainly include advances for goods and services.

31. TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES (continued)

31.1 Amount due to and due from related parties (continued)

Amounts due to and due from related parties as at 30 June 2021 and 31 December 2020 were as follows: (continued)

			Curre	ency: million VND
Related parties	Relationship	Transactions	Ending balance	Beginning balance
Other short-term	n receivables	(Note 8)		
Vingroup JSC	Parent company	Capital contribution for Business and Investment Co-operation Contract	410,230	410,230
		Receivables from profit sharing	187,455	
Other affiliates		Other receivables	1,382,341	729,363
			1,980,026	1,139,593
Other long-term	receivables (Note 8)		
Vingroup JSC	Parent company	Deposit for Business and Investment Co-operation Contract	3,000,000	3,000,000
VinAcademy Education and Training LLC ("VinAcademy LLC")	Affiliate	Capital contribution for Business and Investment Co-operation Contract	2,790,000	2,790,000
Other affiliates		Other receivables	129,019	142,110
			5,919,019	5,932,110

31. TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES (continued)

31.1 Amounts due to and due from related parties (continued)

Amounts due to and due from related parties as at 30 June 2021 and 31 December 2020 were as follows: (continued)

			Currei	ncy: million VND
Related parties	Relationship	Transactions	Ending balance	Beginning balance
Other current a	ssets (Note 11)			
Vinpearl JSC	Affiliate	Deposit for share transfer and investment purpose	3,950,000	3,950,000
Vingroup JSC	Parent company	Deposit for project development, share transfer and investment purpose	199,700	199,700
			4,149,700	4,149,700
Other non-curr	ent assets (Note	11)		
Vingroup JSC	Parent company	Deposit for share transfer, investment and project development purpose	21,474,770	21,474,770
Vinfast LLC	Affiliate	Deposit for project transfer purpose	17,005,000	17,005,000
			38,479,770	38,479,770

31. TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES (continued)

31.1 Amounts due to and due from related parties (continued)

Amounts due to and due from related parties as at 30 June 2021 and 31 December 2020 were as follows: (continued)

			Currency	: million VND
Related parties	Relationship	Transactions	Ending balance	Beginning balance
Short-term trac	ie <mark>payabies</mark> (Not	e 18.1)		
Vingroup JSC	Parent company	Management service fee payables	166,081	368,319
		Other service fee payables	167,329	99,170
Vinfast Trading LLC	Affiliate	Payables for goods purchased	210,000	210,000
Vinsmart JSC	Affiliate	Payables for goods purchased	210,617	407,628
Other affiliates		Others	32,690	80,678
			786,717	1,165,795

31. TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES (continued)

31.1 Amounts due to and due from related parties (continued)

Amounts due to and due from related parties as at 30 June 2021 and 31 December 2020 were as follows: (continued)

			Curre	ncy: million VND
Related parties	Relationship	Transactions	Ending balance	Beginning balance
Other short-ter	m payables (No	te 22)		
Vincom Retail JSC (*)	Affiliate	Deposit received for Investment Co-operation Contract	2,021,791	1,668,702
		Other payables	17,942	269,833
Vinschool LLC	Affiliate	Other payables	271,338	271,338
Vinwonders JSC	Affiliate	Deposit received for Investment Co-operation Contract	200,000	200,000
Other affiliates		Other payables (**)	250,282	243,885
			2,761,353	2,653,758

^(*) Deposits for shopping mall components bear the interest at 10% per annum.

31.2 Details of lending to related parties (Note 7)

Details of short-term lending as at 30 June 2021:

Related parties	Relationship	Amount (million VND)	Interest rate % per annum	Maturity date	Collateral
Vingroup JSC	Parent company	1,380,000	9%	June 2022	(i)
Thang Long Real Estate JSC	Affiliate	11,200	9%	December 2021	(i)
		1,391,200			

⁽i) These loans are secured by a number of shares of companies within the Group.

^(**) Other payables mainly include deposits received for Investment Co-operation Contract.

31. TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES (continued)

31.3 Details of borrowings from related parties (Note 23)

As at 30 June 2021, there is no short-term borrowings of the company and its subsidiaries.

Details of long-term borrowings as at 30 June 2021:

Related parties	Relationship	Amount (million VND)	Interest rate % per annum	Maturity date	Collateral
Xavinco JSC	Affiliate	336,000	9%	July 2022	(i)
Xalivico Limited Liability Company ("Xalivico LLC")	Affiliate	401,000	9%	July 2022	(i)
		737,000			

⁽i) These loans are secured by shares of the Company in a subsidiary.

32. EARNINGS PER SHARE

The following reflects the income and share data used in the basic and diluted earnings per share computations:

share computations:		Currency: VND
	Quarter II 2021	Quarter II 2020
Net profit after tax attributable to ordinary shareholders Adjust for the effect of dilution	10,232,466,402,036	3,434,748,421,093
Net profit attributable to ordinary shareholders adjusted for the effect of dilution	10,232,466,702,036	3,434,748,421,093
	Quarter II 2021	Quarter II 2020
Weighted average number of ordinary shares (excluding treasury shares) for basic earnings per share Adjust for the effect of dilution	3,289,513,918	3,289,513,918
Weighted average number of ordinary shares (excluding treasury shares) for basic earnings per share	3,289,513,918	3,289,513,918
		Currency: VND
	Quarter II 2021	Quarter II 2020
Basic earnings per share	3,111	1,044

33. **EVENTS AFTER THE BALANCE SHEET DATE**

Except for the events after the interim consolidated balance sheet date as presented in other notes of the interim consolidated financial statements, there is no other matter or circumstance that has arisen since the interim consolidated balance sheet date that requires adjustment or disclosure in the interim consolidated financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries.

Hoang Minh Thai Preparer

Le Tien Cong **Chief Accountant**

Rham Thiệu Hồa ChiếtŒ蛇ệcative Officer

Hanoi, Vietnam

28 July 2021