

User Guide Definitions & Methodology

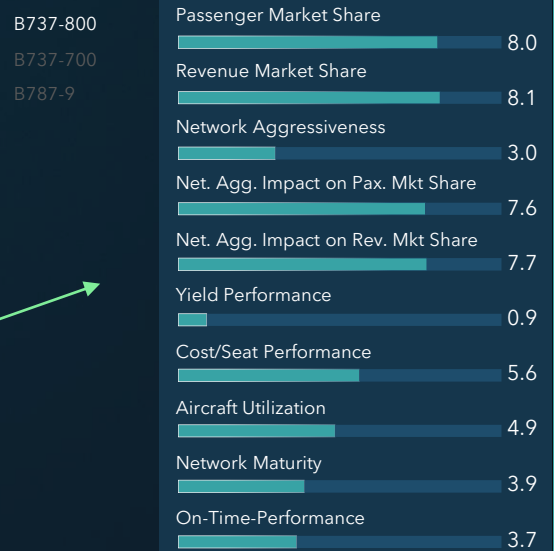
The Commercial & Operational Performance score reflects the overall commercial and operational performance of a sub-fleet within an airline. It takes into consideration all of the following sub-scores, each to varying degrees with the aim of comparing this performance to that of all the other fleets in service today.

This is not an average and the total score may be higher or lower than all subscores. It reflects the positioning of this

Commercial & Operational Performance **7.0** /10

All subscores are calculated in such a way that all profiles are distributed according to a Gaussian curve centered on the average value 5.

Generally speaking, a score beyond 6 can be considered particularly ahead of the industry standards, while a score below 4 denotes a notable gap compared to all other profiles studied.



Full Aircraft/Airline Fit analysis with 30+ metrics available on demand

Commercial & operational performances on a simple scale between 0 and 10
All scores based on a benchmark of 500+ airlines worldwide



Definition

Distribution and evolution of the absolute passenger volume

Closely tracking the progression and dispersion of the airline's passenger market share within the specific aircraft type(s) network over the past three years, whether on the upswing or downswing, alongside the absolute volume performance relative to industry benchmarks for the particular aircraft type.

Transavia France
Boeing 737-800

PMP Score

8.0 /10

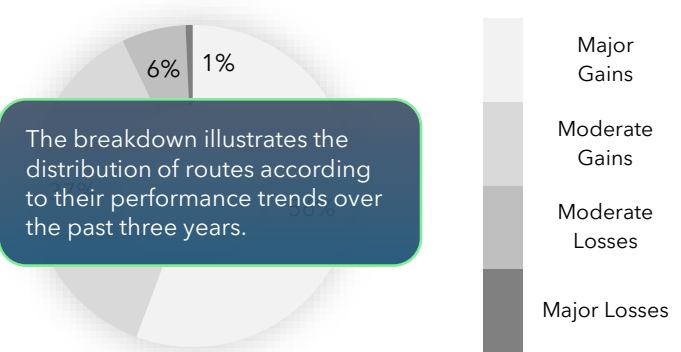
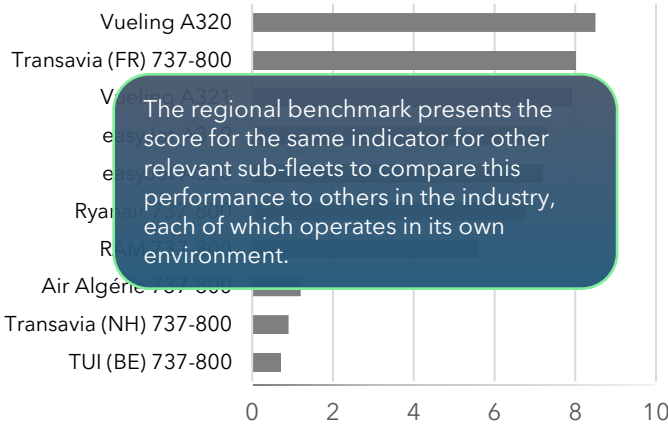
Take Away

If Air France has withdrawn from the market in the last 3 years, Transavia France's performance in terms of passenger market share on the rest of its network has been remarkable. Transavia France has done well in terms of passenger market share, but it has lost a million passengers over the last 12 months.

An airline that is dominant in a large market but with little progress in terms of market share may obtain a score equivalent to an airline with a lower passenger volume but greater progress.

Regional Benchmark

Boeing 737-800 Network breakdown



Best 15 routes

Route	Current MS	Last 3y gain	Last 12m	Current Pax Vol.	Main Loser
Paris-Toulon/Hyeres	71%	25.9%	-5.6%	220,674	Air France
Biarritz-Paris	64%	24.2%	2.2%	222,052	Air France
Montpellier-Paris	55%	17.0%	38.0%	267,448	Air France
Marseille-Nice	55%	17.0%	38.0%	267,448	Air France
Paris-Saint-Denis	55%	17.0%	38.0%	267,448	Tunisair
Paris-Sevres	55%	17.0%	38.0%	267,448	Air France
Faro-Paris	55%	17.0%	38.0%	267,448	Air France
Santorini-Paris	55%	17.0%	38.0%	267,448	Air France
Brest-Marseille	55%	17.0%	38.0%	267,448	Air France
Algiers-Paris	55%	17.0%	38.0%	267,448	Ryanair
Djerba-Paris	55%	17.0%	38.0%	267,448	Aigle Azur
Oran-Paris	55%	17.0%	38.0%	267,448	Air France
Agadir-Paris	50%	3.7%	4.3%	186,778	TUI (Bel.)
Lisbon-Nantes	55%	9.9%	-0.8%	101,794	Air France
Porto-Paris	38%	1.8%	8.0%	556,183	Aigle Azur

These two tables show the top and bottom 15 markets in terms of performance trends observed over the past three years. Ranking is determined by factors such as overall volume impact, magnitude of gains or losses, and the degree of dependence or influence exerted by the specific aircraft type(s) in these markets.

It is worth noting that regional aircraft could experience a reduction in passenger demand in long-haul markets if they play a crucial role in providing feed to the widebody fleet, for example.

Worst 15 routes

Route	Current MS	Last 3y gain	Last 12m	Current Pax Vol.	Main Winner
Madeira-Porto	14%	-7.7%	-15.8%	61,937	easyJet
Ibiza-Paris	45%	-2.8%	6.0%	101,477	Vueling
Paris-Bangkok	40%	-0.5%	5.5%	214,154	SKY Express
Paris-Dubai	40%	-6.6%	12.6%	15,565	Wizz Air
Paris-Bangkok	40%	-1.3%	7.9%	34,709	Air France
Paris-Bangkok	40%	-4.1%	-4.1%	34,709	Alotea
Paris-Bangkok	40%	-0.9%	5.1%	34,709	Vueling
Paris-Bangkok	40%	-0.1%	8.1%	34,709	Air France
Paris-Bangkok	40%	-0.6%	4.1%	34,709	Wizz Air

This performance is based on an Origin and Destination (O&D) framework, rather than being segmented by specific routes. Consequently, this approach may depict scenarios where, for instance, Air France appears to be losing market share to Emirates on the Paris - Bangkok route, even when Emirates does not operate a direct service on that particular route.

The given % show the **annual** average gain or loss in market share over the last 3 years

The total absolute volume presented here is for the whole airline. It is not limited to the specific aircraft type(s).

Total Airline Passenger last 12 months: 11,079,100
Absolute passenger volume change last 12 months: +6,155,500

Definition

Distribution and evolution of the absolute revenue of the aircraft type(s) network over the past three years, whether on the upswing or downswing, alongside the absolute revenue performance relative to industry benchmarks for the particular aircraft type.

Closely tracking the progression and dispersion of the airline's revenue market share within the specific aircraft type(s) network over the past three years, whether on the upswing or downswing, alongside the absolute revenue performance relative to industry benchmarks for the particular aircraft type.

Take Away

If Air France has withdrawn from a market in the last 3 years, Transavia France tripled its revenue to achieve together during the last 3 years.

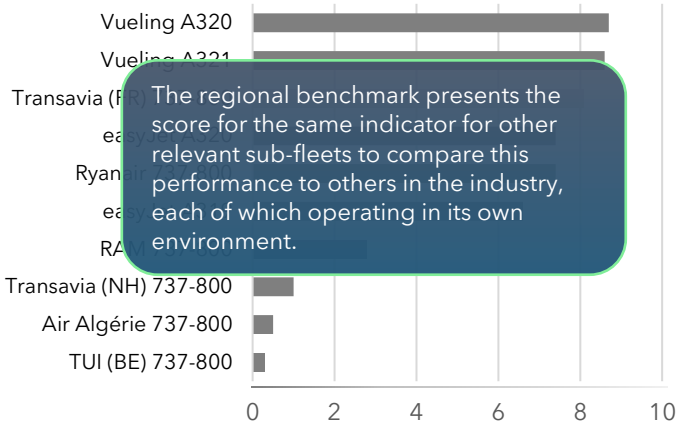
An airline that is dominant in a large market but with little progress in terms of market share may obtain a score equivalent to an airline with a lower revenue but greater progress.

Transavia France
Boeing 737-800

RMP Score

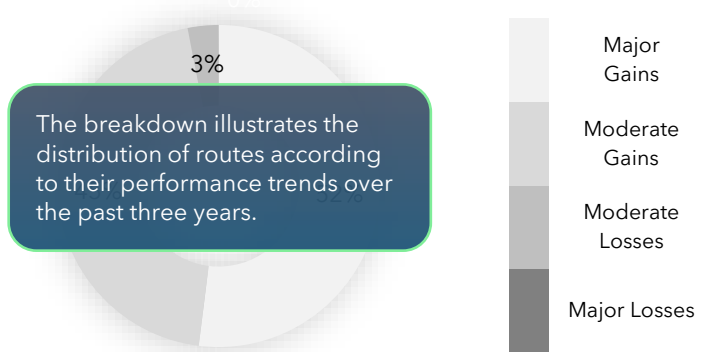
8.1 /10

Regional Benchmark



The regional benchmark presents the score for the same indicator for other relevant sub-fleets to compare this performance to others in the industry, each of which operating in its own environment.

Boeing 737-800 Network breakdown



The breakdown illustrates the distribution of routes according to their performance trends over the past three years.

Best 15 routes

Route	Current MS	Last 3y gain	Last 12m	Current Revenue	Main Loser
Paris-Toulon/Hyeres	72%	25.5%	1.0%	\$20,559,252	Air France
Biarritz-Paris	56%	21.5%	3.8%	\$20,012,486	Air France
Porto-Paris	43%	15.5%	13.3%	\$62,480,302	TAP
Montpellier	38%	15.5%	13.3%	\$62,480,302	Air France
Santorini-Paris	35%	15.5%	13.3%	\$62,480,302	Air France
Faro-Paris	33%	15.5%	13.3%	\$62,480,302	Air France
Agadir-Paris	32%	15.5%	13.3%	\$62,480,302	Air France
Paris-Sev	31%	15.5%	13.3%	\$62,480,302	Air France
Djerba-Paris	30%	15.5%	13.3%	\$62,480,302	Air France
Paris-Sf	29%	15.5%	13.3%	\$62,480,302	Tunisair
Paris-Marrakech	28%	15.5%	13.3%	\$62,480,302	RAM
Marseille-Nice	27%	15.5%	13.3%	\$62,480,302	Air France
Monastir-Paris	25%	11.1%	5.0%	\$12,055,455	Air France
Mikonos-Paris	63%	10.1%	21.2%	\$12,110,248	Air France
Paris-Tunis	22%	5.2%	10.3%	\$21,848,502	Tunisair

These two tables show the top and bottom 15 markets in terms of performance trends observed over the past three years. Ranking is determined by factors such as overall volume impact, magnitude of gains or losses, and the degree of dependence or influence exerted by the specific aircraft type(s) in these markets.

It is worth noting that regional aircraft could experience a reduction in passenger demand in long-haul markets if they play a crucial role in providing feed to the widebody fleet, for example.

Worst 15 routes

Route	Current MS	Last 3y gain	Last 12m	Current Revenue	Main Winner
Ibiza-Paris	31%	-2.2%	7.2%	\$9,013,376	Vueling
Paris-Split	26%	-1.7%	6.6%	\$3,747,135	easyJet
Paris-Bangkok	25%	-1.8%	8.3%	\$3,034,978	easyJet
Paris-Dubai	24%	-3.6%	-2.5%	\$1,368,142	Volotea
Paris-Beijing	23%	-2.6%	11.0%	\$1,580,894	Vizz Air
Paris-Brussels	22%	-2.0%	1.0%	\$1,580,894	Volotea
Paris-Amsterdam	21%	-1.7%	-8.0%	\$1,580,894	Volotea
Paris-London	20%	0.0%	2.0%	\$1,580,894	easyJet
Paris-Paris	19%	0.0%	3.1%	\$2,000,000	Vizz Air
Paris-Paris	18%	0.0%	-0.3%	\$9,181,495	Vueling

This performance is based on an Origin and Destination (O&D) framework, rather than being segmented by specific routes. Consequently, this approach may depict scenarios where, for instance, Air France appears to be losing market share to Emirates on the Paris - Bangkok route, even when Emirates does not operate a direct service on that particular route.

The given % show the **annual** average gain or loss in market share over the last 3 years

The total absolute volume presented here is for the whole airline. It is not limited to the specific aircraft type(s).

Total Passenger last 12 months: 996 M\$
Absolute passenger volume change last 12 months: +604 M\$

Network Aggressiveness (NA)

Benchmark of capacity market

The index evaluates the current competitive pressure - the network aggressiveness - experienced by a specific aircraft or subfleet in the airline's network over the last 24 months. The more the competition, the worse the score.

Take Away

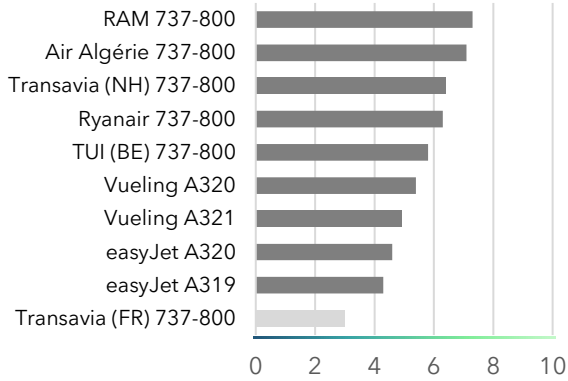
With 91% of comparison

This assessment considers the percentage of routes and their corresponding weight by seat capacity in the network where the aircraft encounters competition. It is categorized as either a monopoly, duopoly, or having multiple players, relative to industry benchmarks. (NH) and Ryanair both have 30% of their networks in a monopoly situation.

A score of 5 reflects an average level of competitive pressure. A higher score means a more favorable environment.

Transavia France
Boeing 737-800

NA Score
3.0 /10



The competition breakdown reflects the level of exposure in terms of capacity deployed by the specific subfleet analyzed in this report.

It is not representing how much capacity the competition is putting, but how much your own capacity is being exposed to your competitors.

Competition Breakdown

Else	
RAM	737-800
TAP	Else
Vueling	A321
Ryanair	737-800
Else	
easyJet	A320
Else	
Air France	A321
	A320

Main Moves from Competition (Past 12 months)

Main Threat	Capa. Change
Algiers - Paris	+170%
Paris - Rome	+47%
Paris - Marrakech	+119%
Lisbon - Paris	+27%
Casablanca - Paris	+48%

Main Relaxation	Capa. Change
Montpellier - Paris	-59%
Paris - Perpignan	-100%
Paris - Pau	-52%
Lille - Marseille	-50%
Brest - Marseille	-100%

Network Aggressiveness Impact on Passenger & Revenue Market Share (NADIP & NADIR)

Market Share performance based on the evolution of the Network Aggressiveness over the past 3 years. A low score means the airline is being hunted down. A high score means the airline is hunting down the competition.

Take Away

Description passenger

These indexes are derived from the interplay of the preceding indexes, specifically 'NA' and 'PMP'/'RMP' and their evolving trends, carefully calibrated to yield the highest score when an airline successfully secures market share in an intensely competitive landscape (resulting in a low 'NA' score), and conversely, registering a lower score when its passenger market share diminishes despite a favorable competitive backdrop.

These indexes provide insight into the competitive environment's effect on the airline, discerning whether the airline is actively hunting or being hunted.

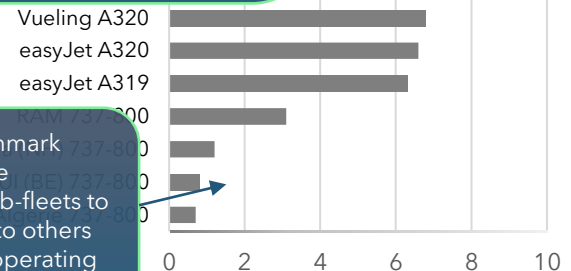
NADIP relates to the Passenger market share performance, the NADIR relates to the Revenue market share performance.

NADIP Score
7.6 /10

NADIR Score
7.7 /10



Here again, the regional benchmark presents the score for the same indicators for other relevant sub-fleets to compare these performances to others in the industry, each of which operating in its own environment.



Definition

The airline yield performance is assessed over the last 12 months in relation to its competitors across all routes serviced by a particular aircraft type or subfleet. The score is determined through a weighted evaluation, with greater emphasis placed on routes that handle a higher volume of passengers.

The airline's yield performance is assessed over the last 12 months in relation to its competitors across all routes serviced by a particular aircraft type or subfleet. The score is determined through a weighted evaluation, with greater emphasis placed on routes that handle a higher volume of passengers. This index gauges the revenue performance of a specific aircraft type on the airline's network in comparison to its competitors.

Transavia France
Boeing 737-800

YP Score

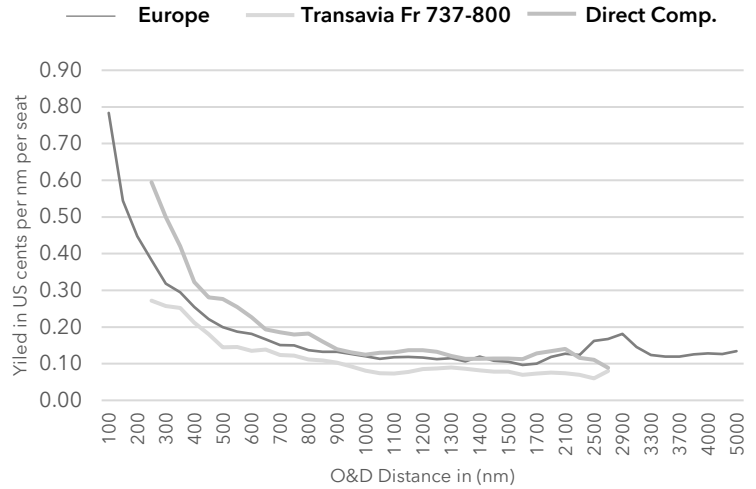
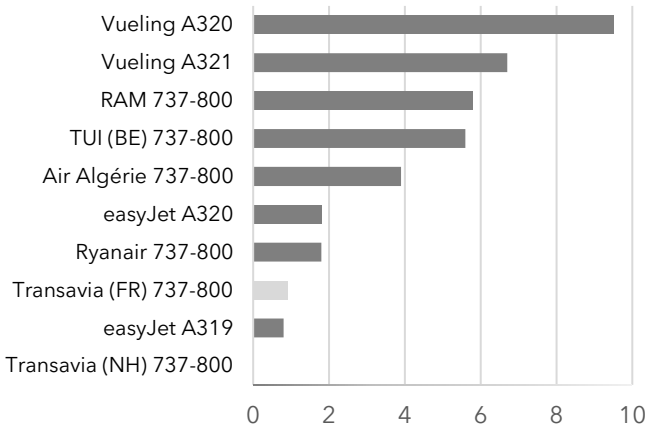
0.9 /10

Take Away

As the Low-Cost carrier, Transavia France competes with Ryanair, easyJet and Vueling. The weighted average yield development is 10% higher than the industry average.

The revenue data are provided at segment level by our partner Milanamos

Regional Benchmark



Top 15 routes where competition is ahead

Capacity Deployed	Route	TO Capacity Market Share	Comp. Yield Advantage	Strongest competitor
██████████	Paris - Tel Aviv-Yafo	32%	36%	El Al
██████████	Algiers - Paris	18%	53%	Air France
██████████	Paris - Madrid	37%	27%	Air France
██████████	Paris - Rome	30%	30%	Air France
██████████	Paris - London	24%	24%	Air France
██████████	Paris - Barcelona	29%	29%	Air France
██████████	Malaga - Paris	32%	31%	Air France
██████████	Düsseldorf - Paris	47%	27%	Nouvelair
██████████	Paris - Sevilla	50%	21%	Vueling
██████████	Bordeaux - Paris	13%	13%	Air France
██████████	Paris - Brno	10%	10%	Air Algérie
██████████	Madrid - Paris	18%	15%	Air France
██████████	Casablanca - Paris	16%	46%	Air France
██████████	Lisbon - Paris	24%	10%	Air France

For example on this specific route and over the past 12 months, Air France is on average extracting yield 24% higher than the reviewed airline.

These bars represent the capacity deployed, in terms of number of seats, by the airline examined and for this specific sub-fleet

Top 15 routes where Transavia France is ahead

Capacity Deployed	Route	TO Capacity Market Share	Advantage Over Competition	Most aggressive competitor
██████████	Porto - Paris	38%	13%	TAP
██████████	Madeira - Paris	51%	14%	TAP
██████████	Bastia, Corsica - Nantes	23%	22%	Volotea
██████████	Paris - Rome	37%	28%	Air Malta
██████████	Paris - London	24%	6%	TAP
██████████	Paris - Brno	10%	6%	Ryanair
██████████	Paris - Brno	10%	1%	easyJet
██████████	Brindisi - Paris	40%	11%	ITA
██████████	Paris - Lamezia Terme	21%	48%	ITA
██████████	Nador - Paris	55%	9%	Ryanair
██████████	Hurghada - Paris	35%	5%	Turkish
██████████	Calvi, Corsica - Nantes	19%	64%	Volotea
██████████	Ajaccio, Corsica - Brest	59%	16%	Volotea
██████████	Brest - Bastia, Corsica	69%	16%	Volotea
██████████	Brest - Toulon/Hyeres	56%	4%	TUI (Bel.)

For example, on this specific route and over the last 12 months, the reviewed airline achieves on average 6% higher yield per passenger than Ryanair.

Definition

CASM performance of the airline's fleet over the competition on that specific network. Only costs directly linked to the aircraft types and their configurations are considered (excludes overhead). A high score means that the airline is very cost efficient against its competitors on its network.

Take Away

Ryanair's 737-8/-800, easyJet's competition in terms of France's 737-800 is 3%

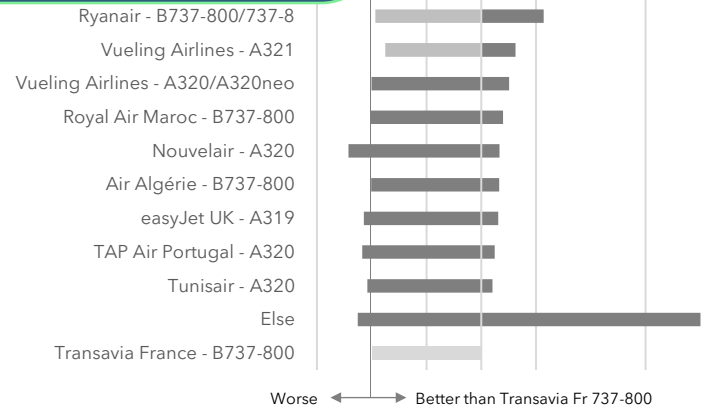
The average cost per seat per nautical mile is computed for each route individually within the specific aircraft current network, both for the airline and its competitors. While the overheads are excluded, factors such as the aircraft type, the stage length, the average fleet age, and the cabin configuration are taken into account. A standard ownership cost is also applied based on the fleet age.

To evaluate performance over the entire network, the number of flights carried out for each route is used to weight the performance of each of them.

Transavia France
Boeing 737-800

CP Score
5.6 /10

Regional Benchmark



Top 15 routes where competition is ahead

Capacity Deployed	Route	TO Capacity Market Share	TO Cost Disadvantage	Most efficient equipment
~100%	Paris - London	~50%	8%	Aegean - A321neo
~80%	Paris - Rome	~40%	4%	easyJet - A321neo
~60%	Paris - Barcelona	~30%	9%	Vueling - A321
~40%	Paris - Madrid	~20%	12%	Vueling - A321
~30%	Barcelona - Paris	33%	5%	Vueling - A321
~20%	Faro - Paris	55%	2%	Ryanair - 737-8/737-800
~15%	Marseille - Nantes	40%	3%	Ryanair - 737-8/737-800
~10%	Malaga - Paris	~10%	~10%	Vueling - A321
~5%	Paris - Stockholm	~5%	~5%	Ryanair - 737-8/737-800
~5%	Paris - Istanbul	~5%	~5%	Ryanair - 737-8/737-800
~5%	Paris - Tirana	30%	14%	Wizz Air - A321
~5%	Irakleion - Paris	69%	1%	SKY Express - A320neo
~5%	Fuerteventura - Paris	59%	4%	Vueling - A321
~5%	Madeira - Paris	64%	3%	Ryanair - 737-8/737-800
~5%	Paris - Tenerife	43%	3%	Vueling - A321

For example on this specific route and over the past 12 months, the airline specific aircraft's cost per seat is 9% higher than Vueling A321's.

These bars represent the capacity deployed, in terms of number of seats, by the airline examined and for this specific sub-fleet

Top 15 routes where Transavia France is ahead

Capacity Deployed	Route	TO Capacity Market Share	TO Cost Advantage	Most competitive equipment
~100%	Brest - Paris	98%	-49%	Chalair - ATR-42
~80%	Beirut - Paris	57%	-22%	MEA - A321neo
~60%	Djerba - Paris	53%	-4%	Tunisair - A320
~40%	Nantes - Tunis	70%	-17%	Nouvelair - A320
~30%	Paris - Rome	~30%	-18%	Nouvelair - A320
~20%	Paris - London	~20%	-17%	Royal Jord. - A320
~15%	Paris - London	~15%	-18%	El Al - 737-800
~10%	Paris - London	~10%	-17%	TUI (Bel.) - A320
~5%	Monastir - Paris	54%	-3%	Tunisair - A320
~5%	Monastir - Nantes	76%	-18%	Nouvelair - A320
~5%	Paris - Reykjavik	17%	-6%	PLAY - A321neo
~5%	Algiers - Nantes	63%	-10%	Tassili - 737-800
~5%	Dakar - Lyon	35%	-25%	Air Sénégal - A321
~5%	Paris - Zadar	47%	-16%	Ryanair - A320
~5%	Paris - Sharm el-Sheikh	97%	-22%	EgyptAir - 787-9

For example, on this specific route and over the last 12 months, the reviewed airline's cost per seat is 18% lower than El Al 737-800's.

Aircraft Utilization (AU)

Annual number of scheduled cycles benchmarked versus other operators of the same aircraft type and adjusted based on average mission stage length.

Transavia France
Boeing 737-800

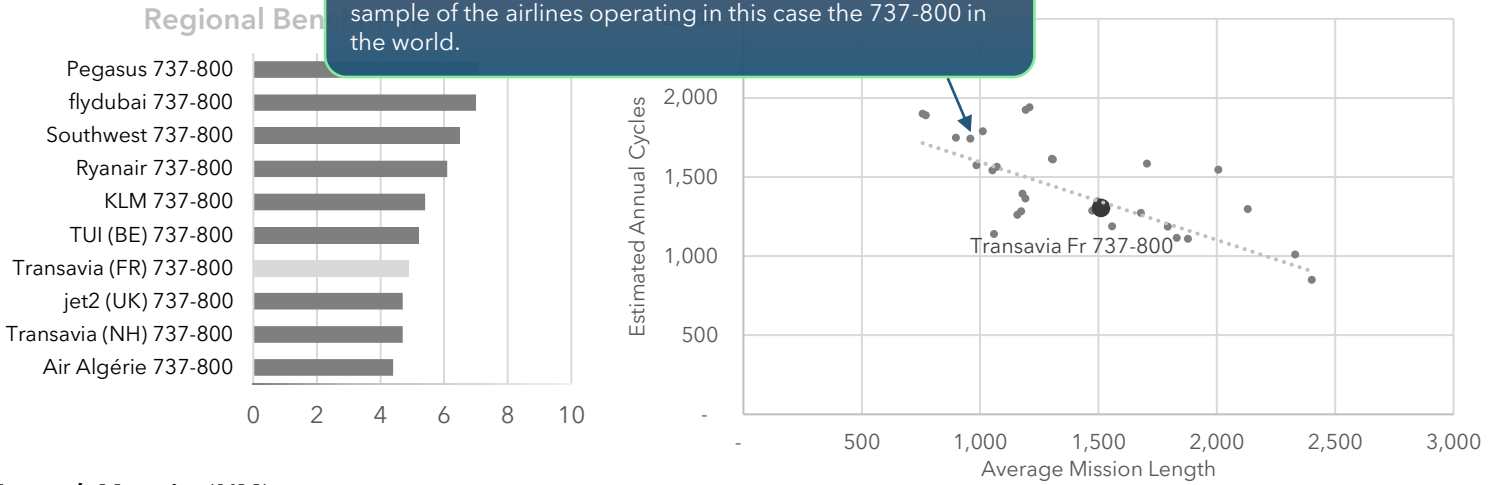
AU Score

4.9 /10

Take Away

Transavia France's 737-800 fleet utilization is around 1300 cycles per year and per aircraft, for an average mission stage length close to 1510 km. This is about 3% lower than the global distance adjusted trend for 737-800 operators. This good performance is in line with the rest of the industry but shows potential for improvements.

The dots on this graph reflect a selected representative sample of the airlines operating in this case the 737-800 in the world.



Network Maturity (NM)

Number and percentage of routes that have been opened for more than 3 years and share of routes cancelled in the last 12 months.

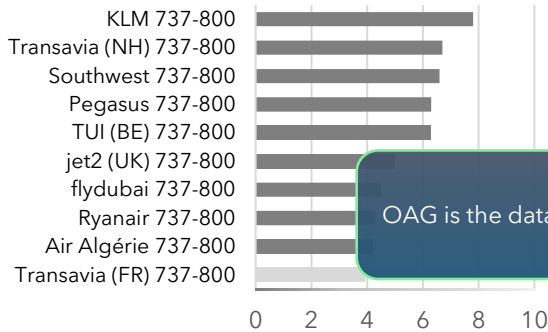
Take Away

Transavia France's 737-800 network is still very fluid. This is partly due to the transfer of routes from Air France, and the fact that Transavia France has significantly overhauled its network since COVID.

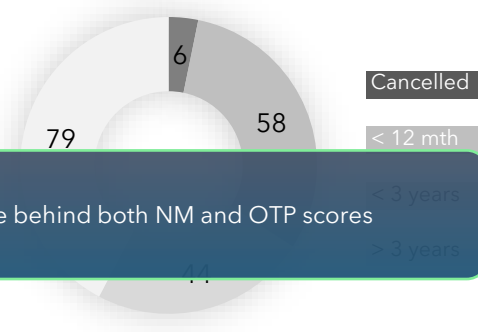
NM Score

3.9 /10

NM - Worldwide Benchmark

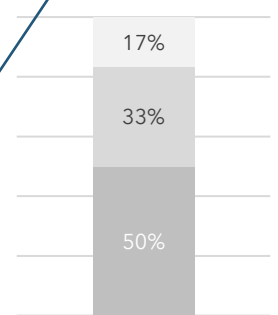


Route Profile (Last 12 months)



OAG is the data source behind both NM and OTP scores

Cancelled routes (Last 12 mths)



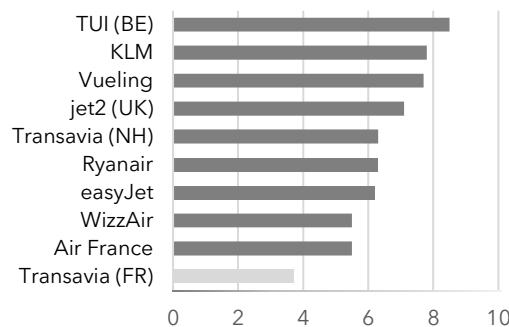
On-Time-Performance (OTP)

Airline's overall On-Time-Performance benchmarked versus industry standards.

Take Away

Transavia France was only able to get 67% of its flights within 15 min of the scheduled arrival time, which is behind most operators in the industry. Transavia France ranks 74 out of 128 in Europe.

OTP - Regional Benchmark



OTP Score

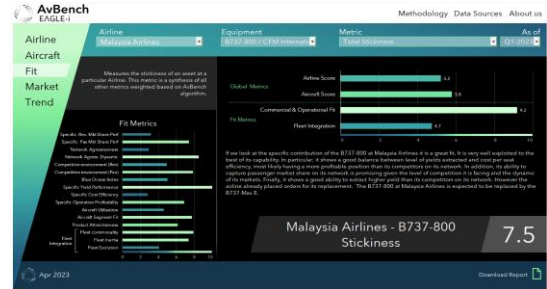
3.7 /10

OUR MISSION

Access to airline credit ratings and current/future aircraft asset values are widely available through various rating agencies and appraisers. However, an assessment of the actual performance of a particular asset type and its stickiness to a particular airline does not exist till today. AvBench is a Business Intelligence company offering independent ratings and fleet reports reflecting the role and contribution of an aircraft within an airline’s fleet and network.

Understanding why and how an aircraft contributes to the operational and commercial success of an airline will explain ahead of time the airline’s financial performance and the role of each asset.

AvBench's unique solution "Eagle-i" analyzes the value of each type and its stickiness to a particular airline according to 30+ commercial and operational metrics.



AvBench's Eagle-i

This Airline Competitive Assessment report is an extract from AvBench's Eagle-i solution and reviews some of the multiple factors affecting the airline's commercial and operational effectiveness. All these factors are addressed by dedicated indexes, all using a similar scale between 0 and 10, and where the score 5 reflects a performance in line with the rest of the industry.

OUR EXPERTISE

Whether it is for network optimization, fleet analysis, or strategic planning, our experts leverage advanced analytics to extract actionable insights from complex data, enhancing decision-making processes. Based in Montreal and with a collective experience spanning 30 years, our team members have worked for several aircraft manufacturers and consulting firms and are passionate about empowering airlines and aircraft lessors with the knowledge and strategies they need to navigate the complex challenges of today's commercial airlines landscape.

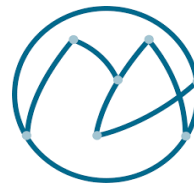
OUR PARTNERS

Traffic & revenue data since 2003

- 1.5 Billion of Origin & Destination Records
- 2.4 Billion of Flight Segment Records
- 800 million of Flight Schedule Records
- OAG Schedule Data

350+ Sources of Monthly Market Data

- MIDT & ARC Traffic Data
- IATA BSP Data
- GDS Data (240 countries covered)
- Airports Council International Data (1950 airports)
- 45 Civil Aviations Data (110 countries)
- 3 Airlines Association Data (140 airlines)
- Airports Monthly Reports (Top 50 airports)



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Dash8-400

A220-300

B737-900

A320Neo

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B777-200

CRJ200

E195-E2



Transavia France's Fleet as of Q1-2023

737-800 - 64