# DOMjudge team manual



## Summary

Here follows a short summary of the system interface. This is meant as a quick introduction, to be able to start using the system. It is, however, strongly advised that at least one of your team's members reads all of this manual. There are specific details of this jury system that might become of importance when you run into problems. **BE WARNED!** 

DOMjudge works through a web interface that can be found at http://example.com/domjudge/team. See figures 1 and 2 on the next page for an impression.

#### Reading and writing

Solutions have to read all input from 'standard in' and write all output to 'standard out' (also known as console). You will never have to open (other) files. See appendix A for some code examples.

#### Submitting solutions

You can submit solutions from the web interface:

#### Web interface

From your team page, http://example.com/domjudge/team, click the file selection button in the left column and select the file(s) you want to submit. By default, the problem is selected from the base of the (first) filename and the language from the extension.

#### Viewing scores, submissions, etc.

Viewing scores, submissions and sending and reading clarification requests and replies is done through the web interface at http://example.com/domjudge/team.

End of summary

🕼 overview	🗉 problems	scoreboar	d												1	logged i	n as John	1 Doe
		RANK	ТЕАМ	SCORE A	в	c 🔾	DO	EO	F 🔵	G 🛑	н 🔾		<u></u> κ					
		3	Example team Utrecht University	9 1158 1/4			2/210				0		/34 3/13					
Submissions							Clarifica	tions										
Browse N	o files selected.	proble	em 🛛 language	- submit	cancel		time	from	to	subje	ct t	ext						
	m lang result	prost	iangaage		curreer		19:52	Jury	All	Gener issue	al	he sco	reboard	is now fr	rozen!			
19:55 B	CPP TOO-LATE						19:52	Jury	You	probl	lem I	Read th	ne prob	lem sta	teme	nt care	fully!	
11:34 F	CPP CORRECT							5		Ä			•				-	
10:10 D	CPP CORRECT						Clarifica	tion Req	uests									
10:00 D	CPP WRONG-A	NSWER					No clari	fication	real.	iests.								
09:18 G	CPP CORRECT																	
08:59 K	CPP CORRECT						reque	st clari	ificati	ion								
08:50 K	CPP WRONG-A	NSWER																
08:46 G	CPP WRONG-A	NSWER																
08:30 E	CPP CORRECT																	
08:24 K	CPP WRONG-A	NSWER																
08:00 C	CPP CORRECT																	
07:48 E	CPP CORRECT																	
07:29 A	CPP CORRECT																	
07:14 J	CPP CORRECT																	
07:07 J	CPP WRONG-A	NSWER																
07:06 I	CPP CORRECT																	

Figure 1: the team web interface overview page.

(j) o	verview 🖽 problems 🗄 s	cor	eboar	ď										
Sc	oreboard NW	EF	RC	20	15									
final	standings													
T														
RANK	TEAM	sc	ORE	a	в 🔵	c 🔵	DO	EО	F 🔵	G 🔴	н 🔾	1.	J 😑	к 🔵
1	Game of Nolife University of Helsinki	10	1447	2/36	1	3/193	4/116	3/77	1/119	3/283	1/237	1/13	2/7	1/146
2	DoCThors Imperial College London	9	1089	1/40	0	2/273	2/126	2/25	0	1/118	3/275	1/17	1/22	2/73
3	Example team Utresht University	9	1158	1/49	0	1/80	2/210	1/68	1/294	2/158	0	1/26	2/34	3/139
4	That empty teamname Nijmegen University	9	1165	1/36	0	1/173	2/128	3/134	0	1/179	3/287	1/9	1/19	2/80
5	hacKIT Karlsruhe Institute of Technolo	8	672	1/26	0	1/98	1/195	2/44	0	1/145	0	1/8	1/12	1/124
6	viRUs Reykjavik University	8	956	3/82	1	2/200	1/86	1/28	0	3/289	0	1/9	1/6	2/136
7	Beuler University of Cambridge	8	1093	1/55	0	4/129	3/293	1/47	0	3/195	0	1/9	3/25	2/140
8	Carrot University College London	8	1130	2/89	0	1/222	1/173	1/61	0	3/290	0	1/18	2/29	2/148
9	UCooL University of Southampton	7	530	1/21	0	1/136	2/83	1/87	0	6	0	1/13	1/43	4/67
10	Little eleFAUnt has array Friedrich-Alexander-University	7	554	1/43	0	1/106	1/200	1/31	5	3	0	2/16	1/13	1/125
11	Exception: teamName not University of Warwick	7	689	1/72	0	1/136	3/251	1/47	0	0	0	1/27	1/13	1/103
12	EE Dragons University of Cambridge	7	793	1/35	2	8/253	7	1/30	0	1/228	0	1/3	1/13	2/71
13	Fastnade i en while-loop Lund University	7	803	1/62	0	7/291	2/99	2/43	0	1	0	1/15	1/7	1/126
14	<(OvO)> Universitaet des Saarlandes	7	847	1/62	0	2/222	1/119	2/201	0	0	0	1/13	1/29	1/161
15	Friedrich-Alexander-University	7	848	3/65	0	3/266	1/167	1/99	0	0	0	1/15	1/8	2/128
16	KTH 2 KTH - Royal Institute of Technol	7	856	1/86	2	1/225	1/266	1/50	0	2	0	1/19	1/15	3/155

Figure 2: the scoreboard webpage.

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## 1 Submitting solutions

#### 1.1 Web interface

Solutions can be submitted from the web interface at http://example.com/domjudge/team. In the left column click the file selection button and select one or multiple files for submission. DOMjudge will try to determine the problem and language from the base and extension of the (first) filename. Otherwise, select the appropriate values. Filenames must start with an alphanumerical character and may contain only alphanumerical characters and +.\_-.

After you hit the submit button and confirm the submission, you will be redirected back to your submission list page. On this page, a message will be displayed that your submission was successful and the submission should be present in the list. An error message will be displayed if something went wrong.

## 2 Viewing the results of submissions

The left column of your team web page shows an overview of your submissions. It contains all relevant information: submission time, programming language, problem and status. The address of your team page is http://example.com/domjudge/team.

The top of the page shows your team's row in the scoreboard: your position and which problems you attempted and solved. Via the menu you can view the public scoreboard page with the scores of all teams. Many cells will show additional "title text" information when hovering over them. The score column lists the number of solved problems and the total penalty time. Each cell in a problem column lists the number of submissions, and if the problem was solved, the time of the first correct submission in minutes since contest start. This is included in your total time together with any penalty time incurred for previous incorrect submissions. Optionally the scoreboard can be 'frozen' some time before the end of the contest. The full scoreboard view will not be updated anymore, but your team row will. Your team's rank will be displayed as '?'. Finally, via the top menu you can also view the list of problems and view/download problem texts and sample data, if provided by the jury.

#### 2.1 Possible results

A submission can have the following results (not all of these may be available depending on configuration of the system):

CORRECT	The submission passed all tests: you solved this problem!
COMPILER-ERROR	There was an error when compiling your program. On the submis- sion details page you can inspect the exact error (this option might be disabled).
TIMELIMIT	Your program took longer than the maximum allowed time for this problem. Therefore it has been aborted. This might indicate that your program hangs in a loop or that your solution is not efficient enough.

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RUN-ERROR	There was an error during the execution of your program. This can have a lot of different causes like division by zero, incorrectly addressing memory (e.g. by indexing arrays out of bounds), trying to use more memory than the limit, etc. Also check that your program exits with exit code 0!
NO-OUTPUT	Your program did not generate any output. Check that you write to standard out.
WRONG-ANSWER	The output of your program was incorrect. This can happen sim- ply because your solution is not correct, but remember that your output must comply exactly with the specifications of the jury.
TOO-LATE	Bummer, you submitted after the contest ended! Your submission is stored but will not be processed anymore.

## 3 Clarifications

All communication with the jury is to be done through clarifications. These can be found in the right column on your team page. Both clarification replies from the jury and requests sent by you are displayed there.

There is also a button to submit a new clarification request to the jury; you can associate a specific problem or one of the general categories to a request. This clarification request is only readable for the jury. The jury can answer specifically to your team or send a reply to everyone if it is relevant for all.

## 4 How are submissions being judged?

The DOMjudge jury system is fully automated. In principle no human interaction is necessary. The judging is done in the following way:

#### 4.1 Submitting solutions

With the web interface (see section 1) you can submit a solution to a problem to the jury. Note that you have to submit the source code of your program (and not a compiled program or the output of your program).

On the jury system your program enters a queue, awaiting compilation, execution and testing on one of the jury computers.

#### 4.2 Compilation

Your program will be compiled on a jury computer running Linux. All submitted source files will be passed to the compiler which generates a single program to run; for languages where this is relevant, the first file specified will be considered the 'main' source file.

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Using a different compiler or operating system than the jury should not be a problem. Be careful however, not to use any special compiler and/or system specific things (you may be able to check compiler errors on the team page).

The jury system defines ONLINE\_JUDGE and DOMJUDGE. These are defined as preprocessor symbols in compiled languages and as (environment) variables in scripted languages.

### 4.3 Testing

After your program has compiled successfully it will be executed and its output compared to the output of the jury. Before comparing the output, the exit status of your program is checked: if your program gives the correct answer, but exits with a non-zero exit code, the result will be a RUN-ERROR! There are some restrictions during execution. If your program violates these it will also be aborted with a RUN-ERROR, see section 4.4.

When comparing program output, it has to exactly match to output of the jury, except that some extra whitespace may be ignored (this depends on the jury's configuration of the problems). So take care that you follow the output specifications. In case of problem statements which do not have unique output (e.g. with floating point answers), the jury may use a modified comparison function.

#### 4.4 Restrictions

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To prevent abuse, keep the jury system stable and give everyone clear and equal environments, there are some restrictions to which all submissions are subjected:

compile time	Compilation of your program may take no longer than 30 seconds After that, compilation will be aborted and the result will be a com- pile error. In practice this should never give rise to problems. Should this happen to a normal program, please inform the jury right away
source size	The total amount of source code in a single submission may no exceed 256 kilobytes, otherwise your submission will be rejected.
memory	During execution of your program, there are 524288 kilobytes of memory available. This is the total amount of memory (including program code, statically and dynamically defined variables, stack, Java VM)! If your program tries to use more memory, it will abort, result ing in a run error.
number of processes	You are not supposed to create multiple processes (threads). This is to no avail anyway, because your program has exactly 1 processos core fully at its disposal. To increase stability of the jury system there is a maximum of 15 processes that can be run simultaneously (including processes that started your program).
	People who have never programmed with multiple processes (or have never heard of "threads") do not have to worry: a normal program runs in one process.
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#### 4.5 Java class naming

Compilation of Java sources is somewhat complicated by the class naming conventions used: there is no fixed entry point; any class can contain a method main. Furthermore, a class declared public must be located in an indentically named file.

In the default configuration of DOMjudge this is worked around by autodetecting the main class. When this feature is not used, then the main class should be "Main", with method "public static void main(String args[])", see also the Java code example in appendix A.

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## A Code examples

Below are a few examples on how to read input and write output for a problem.

The examples are solutions for the following problem: the first line of the input contains the number of testcases. Then each testcase consists of a line containing a name (a single word) of at most 99 characters. For each testcase output the string "Hello <name>!" on a separate line.

Sample input and output for this problem:

Input	Output
3	Hello world!
world	Hello Jan!
Jan	Hello SantaClaus!
SantaClaus	

Note that the number 3 on the first line indicates that 3 testcases follow.

A solution for this problem in C:

```
1
     #include <stdio.h>
\mathbf{2}
     int main()
3
4
     {
5
               int i, ntests;
6
               char name[100];
7
8
               scanf("%d\n", &ntests);
9
               for(i=0; i<ntests; i++) {</pre>
10
                        scanf("%s\n", name);
11
12
                        printf("Hello %s!\n", name);
13
               }
14
15
              return 0;
16
     }
```

Notice the last return 0; to prevent a RUN-ERROR!

A solution in C++:

```
1
     #include <iostream>
2
     #include <string>
3
     using namespace std;
4
5
6
     int main()
7
     ſ
              int ntests;
8
9
              string name;
10
              cin >> ntests;
11
              for(int i = 0; i < ntests; i++) {</pre>
12
13
                       cin >> name;
14
                       cout << "Hello " << name << "!" << endl;</pre>
              }
15
16
17
              return 0;
18
     }
```

A solution in Java:

```
import java.io.*;
1
2
3
     class Main
4
     {
             public static BufferedReader in;
5
6
7
             public static void main(String[] args) throws IOException
8
             Ł
                      in = new BufferedReader(new InputStreamReader(System.in));
9
10
                      int nTests = Integer.parseInt(in.readLine());
11
12
13
                      for (int i = 0; i < nTests; i++) {</pre>
                              String name = in.readLine();
14
                              System.out.println("Hello "+name+"!");
15
                     }
16
17
             }
     }
18
```

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