## UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA

Lamar Ferguson,	Case No. 0:17-cv-#### (/)
Plaintiff, vs.	
Robert Thunder, in his individual capacity, Tou Thao, in his individual capacity, and the City of Minneapolis,  Defendants.	

#### **COMPLAINT**

For his Complaint, Plaintiff Lamar Ferguson alleges as follows:

#### **PARTIES & JURISDICTION**

1. This is an action for money damages for injuries sustained by then 26-year old Lamar Ferguson as a result of violations of his constitutional rights by Minneapolis Police Officers, Robert Thunder and Tou Thao, on-duty Minneapolis police officers. Defendant Thunder and Defendant Thao's use of unreasonable force on Plaintiff, in the form of

- punches, kicks, and knees to the face and body while Plaintiff was defenseless and handcuffed, was so extreme that it caused Plaintiff to suffer broken teeth as well as other bruising and trauma.
- 2. Defendants' conduct in assaulting Plaintiff on October 7, 2014 violated Plaintiff's well-settled federal civil rights to be free from unreasonable force and false arrest, all while acting under color of state law.
- 3. Defendants were acting within the course and scope of their employment with the City of Minneapolis when they violated Plaintiff's constitutional rights on October 7, 2014.

#### **JURISDICTION AND VENUE**

- 4. Plaintiff brings this action under 42 U.S.C. §§ 1983 and 1988 and the Fourth, Eighth, and Fourteenth Amendments to the United States Constitution.
- 5. At the time of the use of unreasonable force which is the subject matter of this Complaint, Plaintiff resided and presently resides in Minneapolis, Hennepin County, in the state of Minnesota.
- 6. On information and belief, Defendant Robert Thunder was, at all

times material herein, a citizen of the United States and a resident of the state of Minnesota, duly appointed and acting as an officer of the Minneapolis Police Department.

- 7. Mr. Thunder is sued in his individual capacity.
- 8. On information and belief, Defendant Tou Thao was, at all times material herein, a citizen of the United States and a resident of the state of Minnesota, duly appointed and acting as an officer of the Minneapolis Police Department.
- 9. Mr. Thao is sued in his individual capacity.
- 10. The City of Minneapolis is a municipality incorporated under the laws of the State of Minnesota.
- 11. Jurisdiction is proper under 28 U.S.C. §§ 1331 and 1343(a)(3), which confer this Court with original jurisdiction in this matter.
- 12. Plaintiff also requests declaratory and injunctive relief. He also seeks compensatory and punitive damages permitted by law, as well as statutory attorneys' fees and expenses.
- 13. Plaintiff demands a jury trial as to all issues of fact herein.

#### **FACTUAL BACKGROUND**

- 14. In the early morning of October 7, 2014, Plaintiff Ferguson was walking home with his girlfriend, Brittany Peterson, after the two had been at the hospital for issues related to Ms. Peterson's pregnancy.

  She was about 8 months pregnant at the time.
- 15. Plaintiff and Ms. Peterson had taken a taxi from the hospital to Plaintiff's grandmother's house, who had asked Plaintiff for help taking out her garbage. The two were walking to Ms. Peterson's home, a block-and-a-half away, after having attended to Plaintiff's task for his grandmother.
- 16. A car approached Plaintiff and Ms. Peterson in the alley, causing Ms. Peterson some concern. She kept walking and Plaintiff was left by himself as the car pulled up.
- 17. It was a Minneapolis police car and in it were the Defendant Officers

  Thunder and Thao.
- 18. The Officers exited the car.
- 19. The Officers had no reasonable suspicion to stop Plaintiff.

- 20. The Officers had no probable cause to believe that Plaintiff committed a crime.
- 21. Officer Thao asked Plaintiff to put his hands on the hood of the car.
- 22. Officer Thao then put Plaintiff in handcuffs, behind Plaintiff's back, and took Plaintiff's wallet with identification out of Plaintiff's pocket.
- 23. Officer Thao gave Plaintiff's I.D. to Officer Thunder.
- 24. Officer Thunder re-entered the squad car and purported to run Plaintiff's ID through the National Crime Information Center ("NCIC") in the squad car.
- 25. On information and belief, no warrant showed up for Plaintiff when Officer Thunder ran the ID through NCIC.
- 26. Nevertheless, Officer Thunder exited the squad car and, on information and belief, falsely stated that there was a warrant out for Plaintiff's arrest.
- 27. Officer Thunder, noting Plaintiff's last name, began questioning Plaintiff about a previous incident involving people that Officer Thunder believed were Plaintiff's family members.

- 28. Plaintiff said he had no information to tell the officers.
- 29. Officer Thunder grabbed and pulled Plaintiff's right arm towards him.
- 30. Officer Thao was holding onto Plaintiff's left arm at the time.
- 31. Officer Thao then threw Plaintiff, handcuffed, to the ground, and began hitting him.
- 32. Plaintiff was not resisting arrest; he was merely being pulled in two different directions at the same time by both Officers.
- 33. Plaintiff was unarmed.
- 34. Plaintiff made no sudden moves.
- 35. Plaintiff was lying face down on the ground.
- 36. The Officers' use of force was excessive.
- 37. Plaintiff shouted out for help, as evidenced by a 911 call placed by a nearby resident who heard Plaintiff.
- 38. Ms. Peterson also heard Plaintiff's cries for help.
- 39. With Plaintiff, face down on the ground and hand-cuffed, Officer

  Thao pulled Plaintiff's head up by grabbing the back of his hooded

sweatshirt.

- 40. Officer Thunder then kicked Plaintiff in the mouth, causing Plaintiff immediate and excruciating pain, suffering, dental damage, and permanent pain.
- 41. Officers Thao and Thunder subsequently took Plaintiff to the hospital for medical care.
- 42. They expressed impatience with medical staff caring for Plaintiff.
- 43. Hospital staff gave Plaintiff discharge papers, including prescription pain-killers.
- 44. Plaintiff's hands having been cuffed behind him, Officer Thunder took Plaintiff's discharge papers from Plaintiff's hand-cuffed hands and threw them in the garbage as the officers left the hospital.
- 45. Hospital staff expressed concern that Plaintiff should not leave the hospital in t-shirt and underpants, and told Officers Thao and Thunder that Plaintiff should be allowed to put on clothes.
- 46. Officers Thao and Thunder rejected the hospital staff's suggestion and took Plaintiff to jail in t-shirt and underpants.

47. Officers Thao and Thunder did not tell jail staff that Plaintiff had prescription pain-killers and Plaintiff thus suffered additional pain, suffering, and indignities.

### COUNT I: VIOLATIONS OF 42 U.S.C. § 1983

#### (AGAINST DEFENDANT OFFICERS THUNDER & THAO)

- 48. All the foregoing paragraphs of this Complaint are incorporated herein by reference.
- 49. By the actions described above, the Defendant Officers, under color of state law, violated and deprived Plaintiff of his clearly established and well-settled civil rights to be free from excessive force and unreasonable seizure under the Fourth Amendment of the United States Constitution.
- 50. The right to be free from excessive force during arrest is clearly established and that right was violated.
- 51. The Defendant Officers deprived Plaintiff of these rights either maliciously or by acting with reckless disregard for whether Plaintiff's rights would be violated by their actions.

- 52. The Defendant Officers' actions were also objectively unreasonable pursuant to *Graham v. Connor*, 490 U.S. 386 (1989).
- 53. At the time the Defendant Officers struck Plaintiff repeatedly in the face and body, Plaintiff posed no threat to the safety of the Defendant Officers, no threat to his own safety, and no threat to any others.

  Plaintiff was already handcuffed in police custody, in a position which left him defenseless against Thunder's kick to his face.
- 54. Plaintiff never actively resisted arrest or attempted to evade arrest by flight.
- As a direct and proximate result of the Defendant Officers' actions,

  Plaintiff suffered serious injuries, was forced to endure pain and

  mental suffering, and was thereby damaged in an amount to be

  determined at trial by jury.
- 56. Punitive damages are available against the Defendant Officers and are hereby claimed as a matter of federal common law, and therefore are not subject to the pleading standard set forth in Minn. Stat. § 549.20.
- 57. Plaintiff is entitled to recovery of his costs, including reasonable

attorney's fees, under 42 U.S.C. § 1988.

# COUNT II: CONSTITUTIONAL VIOLATION: 8th AMENDMENT (AGAINST ALL DEFENDANTS)

- 58. Plaintiff realleges and incorporates herein by reference the allegations in the preceding paragraphs of this Complaint as if set forth herein in their entirety.
- 59. The Eighth Amendment of the U.S. Constitution prohibits the federal government from imposing cruel and unusual punishment.
- 60. The Fourteenth Amendment and 42 U.S.C. § 1983 provide that the prohibitions of the Eighth Amendment apply to the state government or state actor under color of state law.
- 61. At all relevant times, Defendants were acting under color of state law.
- As alleged herein, denying Plaintiff his medical information, including his prescription for pain-killing medication, constituted cruel and unusual punishment as well as deliberate indifference to Plaintiff's medical needs and basic human dignity.
- 63. Furthermore, as alleged herein, forcibly parading Plaintiff out of the

hospital, into the public, and to jail in his underpants despite

Plaintiff's reasonable request to be fully clothed, subjected Plaintiff to shame and humiliation.

- 64. Forcibly parading Plaintiff despite Plaintiff's reasonable request to be fully clothed, through the hospital and to jail partially nude violated Plaintiff's basic human dignity.
- 65. Defendants' conduct conflicts with the Eighth Amendment's prohibition on cruel and unusual punishment.
- 66. Plaintiff is entitled to recovery of his damages for pain and suffering, for costs, and for reasonable attorney's fees, under 42 U.S.C. §§ 1983 and 1988.

WHEREFORE, based on the foregoing, Plaintiff prays for judgment as follows:

i. As to Count I, a money judgment against Defendants Thunder and Thao for compensatory damages and punitive damages in an amount to be determined by the jury, together with costs, including reasonable attorney's fees under 42 U.S.C. § 1988, and prejudgment interest;

- ii. As to Count II, a money judgment against Defendants for compensatory damages and punitive damages, together with costs, and reasonable attorney's fees under 42 U.S.C. § 1988, and prejudgment interest;
- iii. For injunctive relief against Defendant City of Minneapolis, including changes in the way it administers discipline to officers who use excessive force; and
- iv. For such other and further relief as the Court deems just and equitable.

Dated: April 10, 2017 LEVENTHAL pllc

By: Seth Leventhal

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4818-9163-4245, v. 4

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The JS 44 civil cover sheet and the information contained herein neither replace nor supplement the filing and service of pleadings or other papers as required by law, except as provided by local rules of court. This form, approved by the Judicial Conference of the United States in September 1974, is required for the use of the Clerk of Court for the purpose of initiating the civil docket sheet. (SEE INSTRUCTIONS ON NEXT PAGE OF THIS FORM.)

I. (a) PLAINTIFFS Lamar Ferguson	cket sneet. (SEE INSTRUCT	IONS ON NEXT PAGE OF TH	DEFENDANTS City of Minneapolis, Robert Thunder, Tou Thao			
<ul> <li>(b) County of Residence of First Listed Plaintiff Hennepin         (EXCEPT IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES)</li> <li>(c) Attorneys (Firm Name, Address, and Telephone Number)         Seth Leventhal, LEVENTHAL pllc, 527 Marquette Ave. South, Suite 2100,         Minneapolis, MN 55402; Patrick R. Burns, 1624 Harmon Place, Suite 300         Minneapolis, MN 55403</li> </ul>			County of Residence of First Listed Defendant Hennepin  (IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES ONLY)  NOTE: IN LAND CONDEMNATION CASES, USE THE LOCATION OF THE TRACT OF LAND INVOLVED.  Attorneys (If Known)			
II. BASIS OF JURISDI	CTION (Place an "X" in C	One Box Only)	. CITIZENSHIP OF PE	RINCIPAL PARTIES		
□ 1 U.S. Government Plaintiff			(For Diversity Cases Only) PT Citizen of This State			
2 U.S. Government Defendant	4 Diversity (Indicate Citizenship	o of Parties in Item III)	Citizen of Another State	2		
Citizen or Subject of a 3 5 Foreign Nation 6 6						
IV. NATURE OF SUIT			FORFEITURE/PENALTY	Click here for: Nature of S  BANKRUPTCY	uit Code Descriptions.  OTHER STATUTES	
CONTRACT  ☐ 110 Insurance ☐ 120 Marine ☐ 130 Miller Act ☐ 140 Negotiable Instrument ☐ 150 Recovery of Overpayment	PERSONAL INJURY  310 Airplane 315 Airplane Product Liability 320 Assault, Libel & Slander 330 Federal Employers' Liability 340 Marine 345 Marine Product Liability 350 Motor Vehicle Product Liability 360 Other Personal Injury 362 Personal Injury - Medical Malpractice CIVIL RIGHTS 440 Other Civil Rights 441 Voting 442 Employment 443 Housing/ Accommodations 445 Amer. w/Disabilities - Employment 446 Amer. w/Disabilities - Other 448 Education	PERSONAL INJURY  365 Personal Injury - Product Liability  367 Health Care/ Pharmaceutical Personal Injury Product Liability  368 Asbestos Personal Injury Product Liability  PERSONAL PROPERTY  370 Other Fraud  371 Truth in Lending  380 Other Personal Property Damage Property Damage  385 Property Damage Product Liability  PRISONER PETITIONS  Habeas Corpus: 463 Alien Detainee  510 Motions to Vacate Sentence  530 General  535 Death Penalty Other: 540 Mandamus & Other 550 Civil Rights 555 Prison Condition 560 Civil Detainee - Conditions of Confinement	CABOR   General Penal	422 Appeal 28 USC 158   423 Withdrawal	□ 375 False Claims Act □ 376 Qui Tam (31 USC 3729(a)) □ 400 State Reapportionment □ 410 Antitrust □ 430 Banks and Banking □ 450 Commerce □ 460 Deportation □ 470 Racketeer Influenced and Corrupt Organizations □ 480 Consumer Credit □ 490 Cable/Sat TV □ 850 Securities/Commodities/Exchange □ 890 Other Statutory Actions □ 891 Agricultural Acts □ 893 Environmental Matters □ 895 Freedom of Information Act □ 896 Arbitration □ 899 Administrative Procedure Act/Review or Appeal of Agency Decision □ 950 Constitutionality of State Statutes	
V. ORIGIN (Place an "X" in One Box Only)    1 Original Proceeding   2 Removed from State Court   3 Remanded from Appellate Court   4 Reinstated or Reopened   5 Transferred from Another District (specify)   6 Multidistrict Litigation - Direct File   7 Transfer   7 T						
VI CAUGE OF ACTIO	18	1050 1983	ling (Do not cite jurisdictional state) $oldsymbol{eta}$	tutes unless diversity):		
VI. CAUSE OF ACTION Brief description of cause: POLICE BRUTALITY - EXCESSIVE FORCE						
VII. REQUESTED IN COMPLAINT:	CHECK IF THIS UNDER RULE 2	IS A <b>CLASS ACTION</b> 3, F.R.Cv.P.	DEMAND \$	CHECK YES only <b>JURY DEMAND:</b>	if demanded in complaint:  Yes  No	
VIII. RELATED CASE(S) IF ANY (See instructions): JUDGE DOCKET NUMBER						
DATE 4-10-17 SIGNATURE OF ATTORNEY OF RECORD SETHLEVENTHAL						

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