

SYSTEM OPERATING PRACTICES

2018

Metro North

RAILROAD OPERATING RULES STUDY GUIDE

This study guide is not the test. It is a guide to help you prepare for the test, and should be used in conjunction with the operating rule book, timetable/special instructions, and classroom instruction. If an employee has any doubt as to the meaning or application of any rule or special instruction, that employee should seek clarification from a member of the Operating Practices Department.

1. What is a notice issued by authority of the Chief Transportation Officer that instructions that do not affect the movement or operation of trains?	at contains (Definitions)
2. What is an order issued by authority of the Senior Vice President – Operatic contains temporary items affecting the movement of trains and is in effect or cancelled?	
3. What is a track designated in the Timetable where movements are authorized controlled by a block signal system or interlocking rules?	(Definitions)
4. What is a segment of track within defined limits upon which trains may op authorized by the designated employee-in-charge (Mobile Unit)?	erate only as (Definitions)
5. You are involved in an incident or accident on Metro-North and you want scene. But, you can only leave the scene when	to leave the (A-7)
• Authorized by:	
Accompanied by:	
• As directed by:	
6. Under what circumstances may a personal electronic device be used while North's property?	on Metro (5-H [1,2])

7. An employee may challenge in good faith, rules found in the following book instructions:	(H)
8. What is an order issued by authority of the Senior Vice President-Operations Working Limits Stop Sign locations, temporary speed restrictions, and othe critical instructions and information?	
9. At your initial Job Briefing, you are asked if you have all of the documents roperation on Metro-North in your possession. To answer "Yes", you would the following documents: (1-F[3];	equired for have to have 1-G[3]; 3-B)
10. Your duties involve the movement of trains. There are documents you must yourself with. What are they?	t familiarize 3-B)
11. You are signing up at a location that is not a specified MetroNorth bulletin location. Who must you call? (3)	board 3-C)
12. A train is travelling along and encounters a fusee burning along the right-of actions must be taken? (4)	f way. What 4-D[2])

13. You are travelling in the cab of an engine that has a horn failure. The engine slowing down because:	eer starts 4-E[2])
There is who/what on or near the tracks?	
To what speed will the engineer be slowing?	-
14. An engineer is approaching some Roadway Workers and their equipment of track. As the train passes this area, the engineer starts sounding the horn in pattern:	
15. List the situations where the engine horn signal 0 – would be used. (4)	4-E[5,c])
16. A train is approaching an adjacent station platform. Is the engineer required horn? • If so what pattern? • What if it is between 2100 and 0600 hours?	to sound the 4-E[5,d])
	(5-E[3])
 For messages that are received and understood, or that the instructions have repeated correctly 	,,
• At the end of a transmission for which a response is expected	
At the end of a transmission for which a response is not expected	
18. Under what conditions must a radio transmission be repeated? What is the procedure for repeating, and confirming understanding of the transmission? E[5])	proper (5-

19. If an employee encounters a hazardous condition, authority is overrun or signal violation, what word must be repeated three times over the radio to the condition?	
20. The headlight has failed, but there is still one operational auxiliary (ditch may the train proceed?) light. How far (6-A [5]c)
21. What type of lights must be working at all times on passenger equipment the condition of these lights be confirmed?	? When must (6-B[2-4])
22. If required to provide flag protection on track where MAS is 65MPH, when minimum distance that the flag must go out?	nat is the (7G)
23. A train is travelling along at MAS and the RTC tells them that there is a remergency that they will be passing: At what speed will the train have to operate? How far must the train travel at that speed?	train in (7-L[3])
24. A PASSENGER train suddenly has an emergency application of the brak did not call "Emergency" three times on the radio because: They immediately determined that	
 Whom must the crew promptly notify? What must the crew tell that person? 	
What must the crew then do with their train?	
To whom does the crew then report results?	

	, short of, or improperly lined and not exceeding	mph for the
	entire movement.	(7-M,1)
26.	You are operating on an other than main track. What is your maximum s	speed? (7-M[5,a])
7.	A train has to make a reverse move. An employee must be on the leading	g end. (7-O[1]
•	What qualifications must this employee have?	
•	What information must be specified during the crew job safety briefing prior to movement?	
)	At what speed will this shoving move be made?	
•	Is the employee on the leading end required to initiate an emergency be prior to movement?	rake applicatio
28.	While switching out passenger equipment, the conductor wants to ride of the coach. Can this move be made with the conductor in that position?	n the outside o (7-O[3,a])

29. You are the conductor on a work train (other than passenger equipment) at the side of the lead car.	nd want to ride $(7-O[4,b])$
• Is this move permitted?	
• If so, at what speed?	
	(7-T 3)
Who must take position in the operating cab?	
21. The conductor is required to remind the engineer of contain types of rectain	tions issued
31. The conductor is required to remind the engineer of certain types of restriction by the RTC:	(7-U)
What types of restrictions are included?	
A	
В.	
 C.	
D.	
	
• When are the reminders and confirmations to be performed?	
	
 Where must the conductor be stationed, when practicable? 	
32. Is it ever permissible for a train to operate in advance of time shown in the Operating Schedule? If so, When?	Employee (8-F[4])

33. If it becomes necessary to transfer passengers between two territory:	adjacent trains in Third Rail (8-G,1)
What must be de-energized?	
Who must confirm that both tracks are de-energized?	
• What must not be restored until the transfer is complete?	?
34. Your train has become disabled in AC (overhead catenary) transferring your passengers to an adjacent train. What acti trains before beginning the transfer?	territory and you will be on must be taken on both (8-G,2)
35. What is a mandatory directive issued by the RTC that containstructions?	ains essential information or (10-A)
36. The RTC needs to issue a Form M.	(10-[B,3]; 10-B,4, 10-B[6]e)
• Employees with what qualifications are permitted to receive	a Form M?
• Can a Form M be received by an employee at the controls o	f a moving train?
What information will the RTC provide to the receiving emprepeated correctly?	ployee once the Form M is
37. You have in your possession an effective Form M. The RT he would like to add some information to it. What informat your Form M?	

38	The RTC contacts you and states that he will need to issue a Form Who on the train must receive a copy of the Form M? (10-E[3]) (10-E[4])	
•	The Form M will remain in effect until or	?
•	When the Form M is no longer in effect, what must you do with it	?
	Finally, you are about to throw the Form M out because it is no lor remember that you have to hang onto it for a while, but for how long?	nger effective, but you
39	. You're in the cab of a passenger train and the cab signal is at Normaximum numerical speed at which you can operate?	mal, what is your (11-A, Definitions)
•	It drops to Limited; now what is your maximum speed?	
•	It drops to Medium; now what is your maximum speed?	
• And it drops to restricted; now what speed must you operate at?		
• What if you are on a freight train? What are the numerical maximum speeds for each of the above cab signal indications?		
40	What is the name and indication of this interdealing signal?	(11 D[1])
40	. What is the name and indication of this interlocking signal?	(11-B[1])
	DARK	
	GREEN	
	DARK	
41	. What is the name and indication of this interlocking signal?	(11-B[2])
Red Green Red	Flashing Alt Flashing Flashing	

42. What is the name and indication of this interlocking signal? (11-B[3])Red Dark Dark MNR 43. What is the Name and Indication of this sign? (11-E[1]) **YELLOW** background 44. What is the Name and Indication of this sign? (11-E[2])WHITE background 45. What is the Name and Indication of this sign? (11- E[3]) **YELLOW** background 46. What is the Name and Indication of this sign? (11-E[4]) **GREEN** background

47. What is the Name and Indication of this sign? YELLOW	(11-E[5])
60	
48. What is the Name and Indication of this sign?	(11-E[6])
YELLOW background SR	
49. What is the Name and Indication of this sign?	(11-F[1])
YELLOW	
background A	
50. What is the Name and Indication of this sign? WHITE	(11-F[2])
background	
51. What is the Name and Indication of this sign?	(11-F[3]) and (22-A)
RED	
STOP	

52. What is the Name, Indication, and location of this sign?	(11-F[4])
Green R on	
a white background	
53. When a train arrives at a signal that is imperfectly display what must they do?	ed, who must they contact and (11-1)
54 When appearing any dea MDC gales, what is the path suits for	
54. When operating under MBS rules, what is the authority for train?	or the movement of an extra (12-C)
55. What can be established by bulletin order or Form M Line	e 10? (12-D[1])
56 Describe the precedure for energting when MPS rules has	va boon substituted for
56. Describe the procedure for operating when MBS rules have CTC/CSS rules:	(12-L[6])
• At a road crossing:	
• Approaching an interlocking signal:	
• Train speed will not exceed	

57.	A train is operating under MBS rules and is approaching an interlocking t taken out-of-service under MBS rules. At what speed may the train operathose limits?	hat has been ite through (12-L[7]b)
50	The RTC contacts a train and instructs it to stop within an interlocking. To	ha train must
	not move until when?	(13-F[6])
59.	You are on a train that stops within an interlocking and you would like to direction. There are two ways of doing this. What are they?	reverse (13-H)
	1)	
60.	What is required for movement if a train stops less than one engine length interlocking signal?	past an (13-I)
61.	What is issued to ensure a disabled train awaiting a head-end rescue does	not move? (14-D[a])
62.	What governs the movement of a train that is making an opposing moven disabled train?	nent to assist a (14-D[b])

63. What is a train's authority to make a reverse move in CTC territory?	(14-I)
64. What must the engineer, conductor, or other designated employee do whe cleared the main track at a hand operated switch and returned the switch position?	to the normal (14-G[2])
65. A train travels through an interlocking and stops just past the opposing i signal. The engineer changes ends and now wants to reverse direction ar that signal back into the interlocking. What authority is needed?	nterlocking ad proceed past (14-I[2])
66. When entering or leaving CSS territory, the Engineer and conductor are ensuring which switch is in the proper position?	responsible for (15-D[2])
67. For a train to depart from a terminal or turnaround point, the cab signals no more thanhours prior to departure?	must be tested (15-E[1])
68. As a train is travelling, the cab signals change to a more favorable indicathe engineer increase speed?	ntion. When may (15-G)

circumstances constitute a train control apparatus failure?	(15-I)
ition to notifying the RTC of the nature of the failure, train cre train control apparatus must follow what procedures ?	ws operating with a (15-I[3]), (15-
procedures must an engineer and conductor follow after their to control apparatus failure?	rain has experienced (15-I[4])
1	

73. Can a failed train accept a "proceed cab" when the RTC cannot display an block?	absolute (15-J[4])
• What is Required?	
74. While travelling on MetroNorth, you have a question about the Amtrak e are operating. To what document will you refer?	quipment you (17-A)
75. How far may a train with a running gear defect operate after obtaining per the QMP to move?	ermission from (17-D[1])
76. What are classified as running gear defects?	(17-D[1])
77. What size flat spots are considered running gear defects?	(17-D[2])
78. When required to provide flag protection at a crossing, how far away from must the train stop?	m the crossing (18-D)

79. What is required before entering an out of service track?	(21-A[2,3])		
• RTC:			
• CREW:			
• Employee in Charge:			
80. At what speed can a train operate on an out of service track?	(21-A)		
81. What remains in service when two or more consecutive controlled block from service?	s are removed (21-A[5])		
82. You are on a train, and you know you are approaching working limits be established by either or (22-A[1] also passing the sign. (11-F[1])	cause it was) and you are		
83. You have contacted the Mobile Unit and he gives you permission throug limits. You were not given a speed, so when you arrive at thesign (11-F[3]) at the beginning of the limits through those limits atspeed. (22-A[6]) You speed when your head end passes the	you proceed		
84. What are the steps that must be taken in order for a train to be allowed to limits at an interlocking located between working limits stop signs?	enter working (22 – A[4])		
RTC:			
Engineer:			

85.	Under what circumstances can a train pass a "Diverting Approach Sign" to comply with the indication of the sign?	without having (22-A[7])
86	5. A train is operating with both passenger and non-passenger equipment. speed will it operate at?	What equipment (TTSI 7-D[1])
97	. When a conductor is leading a shoving move, what speed is allowed wh	on operating on
0/	a "proceed cab" signal?	(TTSI 11-A)
88	3. You open your timetable to look up a Maximum Authorized Speed whe find these speeds? (TTSI HU	ere where you JD 41, NHV 41)