



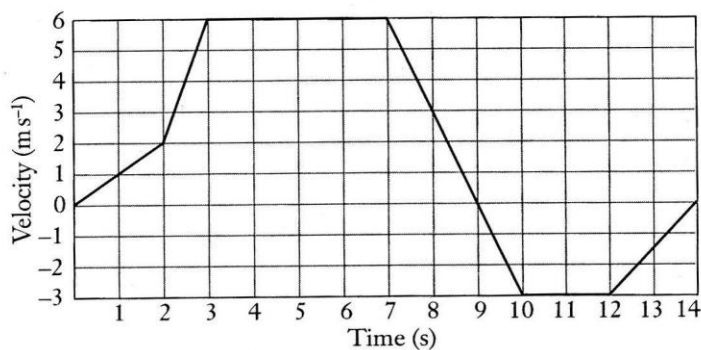
Revision Sheet

Term 2 – Final Exam

Grade 9- Physics

Material for final: chapter 2 , motion in one dimension , sections 1 +2+3
(displacement – acceleration – falling objects)

Q1. The graph shows a velocity-time graph for a soccer player moving in a straight line during part of a match.



- A. Calculate the acceleration between $t = 0$ s and $t = 2.0$ s.
- B. Calculate the instantaneous acceleration at $t = 8.0$ s
- C. Calculate the acceleration between $t = 4.0$ s and $t = 7.0$ s.
- D. Calculate the instantaneous acceleration at $t = 9.0$ s.

E. Determine the distance the player travels between $t = 0$ s and $t = 6.0$ s.

F. What is the total distance covered by the player between $t = 0$ s and $t = 14.0$ s?

G. What is the displacement between $t = 0$ s and $t = 14.0$ s?

Q2 : Answer the following questions :

1- What is the meaning of motion ?

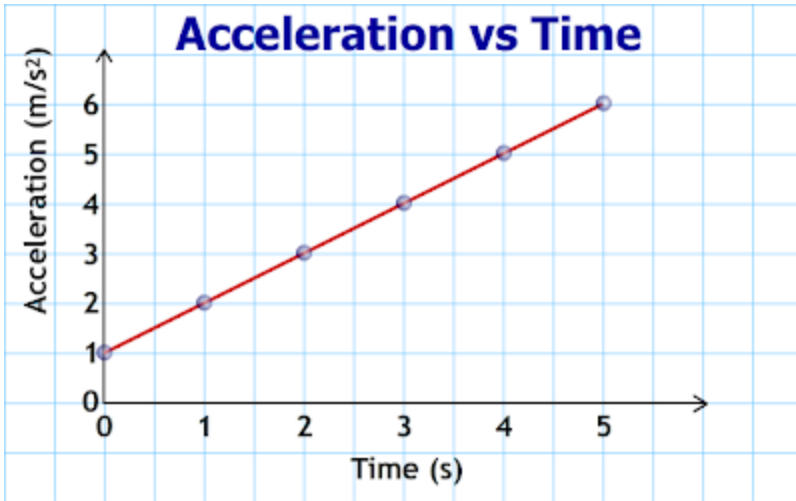
2- What is the difference between reference point and reference frame ?

3- How many dimensions do you know? How can you explain the motion in one dimension ?

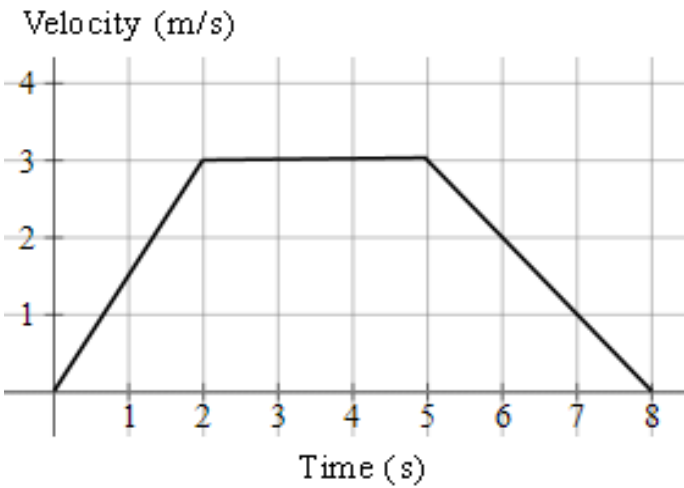
4- What is the difference between scalar and vector quantities?

5- What are the differences between speed and velocity ?

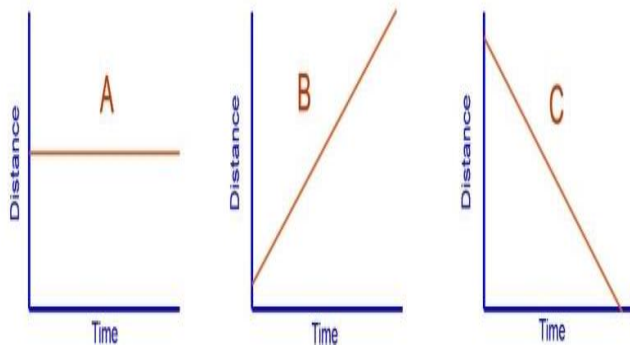
Q3 : Look at the graphs bellow, then describe each one of them in the space beside it.



A) _____



B) _____



C) _____

Q4: Complete the following table about the velocity and acceleration :

Velocity	Acceleration	Description
+	+	
-	-	
+	-	
-	+	
+	0	
-	0	
0	+	
0	-	
0	0	

Q5 : Answer the following equations :

- 1- Maith's car accelerates at an average rate of 2.6 m/s^2 . Calculate how long it takes her car to speed up from 24.6 m/s to 26.8 m/s .

- 2- A car is driving down the road at $15.0 \text{ meter per second}$, when the driver notices a stop sign up ahead. The driver applies the brakes, and comes to a stop in 5.0 seconds . What was the average acceleration of the car when the brakes were applied?

3. A robot probe drops a camera off the rim of a 239 m high cliff on Mars, where the free-fall acceleration is -3.7 m/s^2 .
 - a. Find the velocity with which the camera hits the ground.
 - b. Find the time required for it to hit the ground.

4. A flowerpot falls from a windowsill 25.0 m above the sidewalk.
 - a. How fast is the flowerpot moving when it strikes the ground?
 - b. How much time does a passerby on the sidewalk below have to move out of the way before the flowerpot hits the ground?

5. A volleyball is hit upward with an initial velocity of 6.0 m/s. Calculate the displacement of the volleyball when its final velocity is 1.1 m/s upward