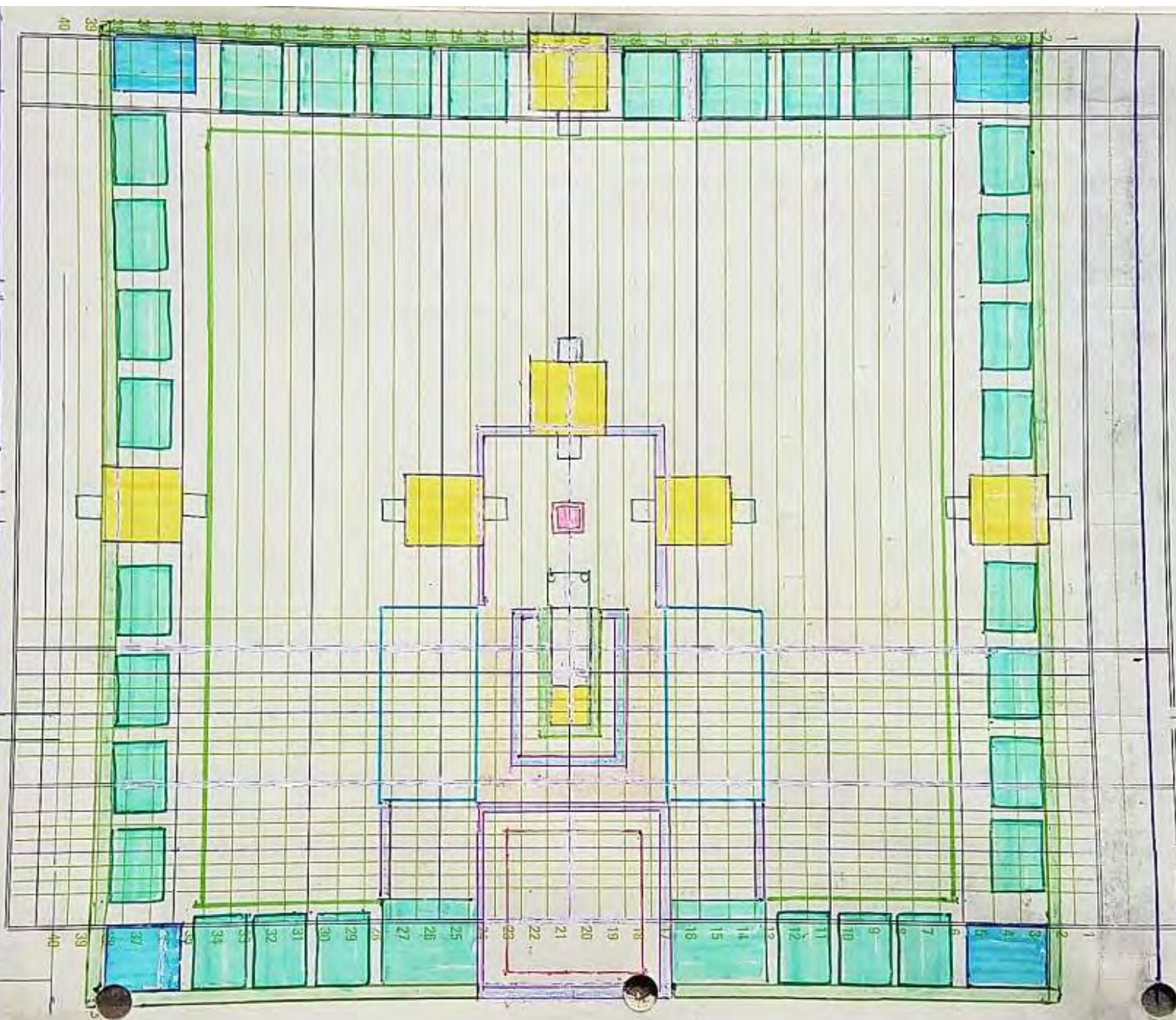
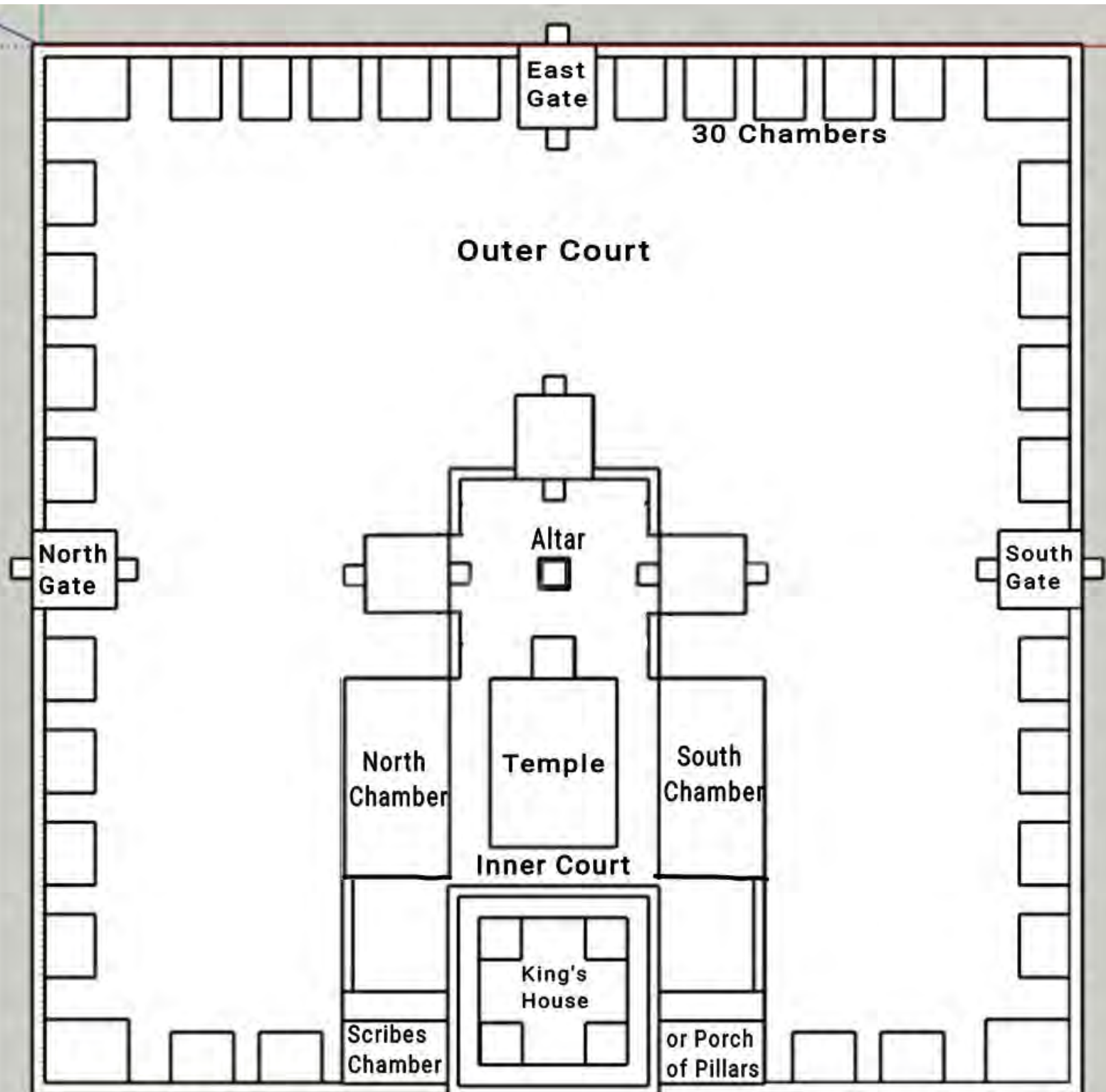
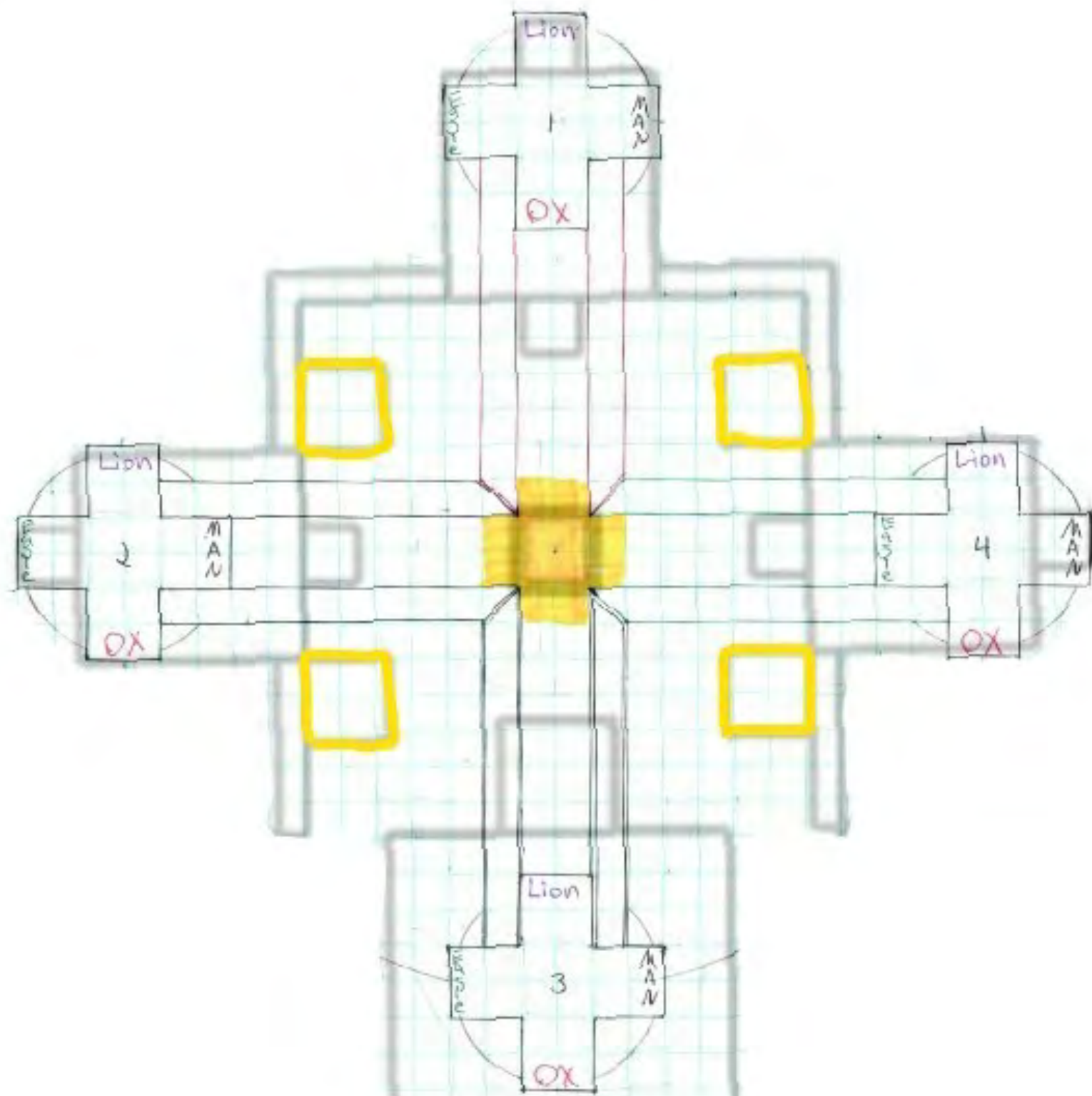


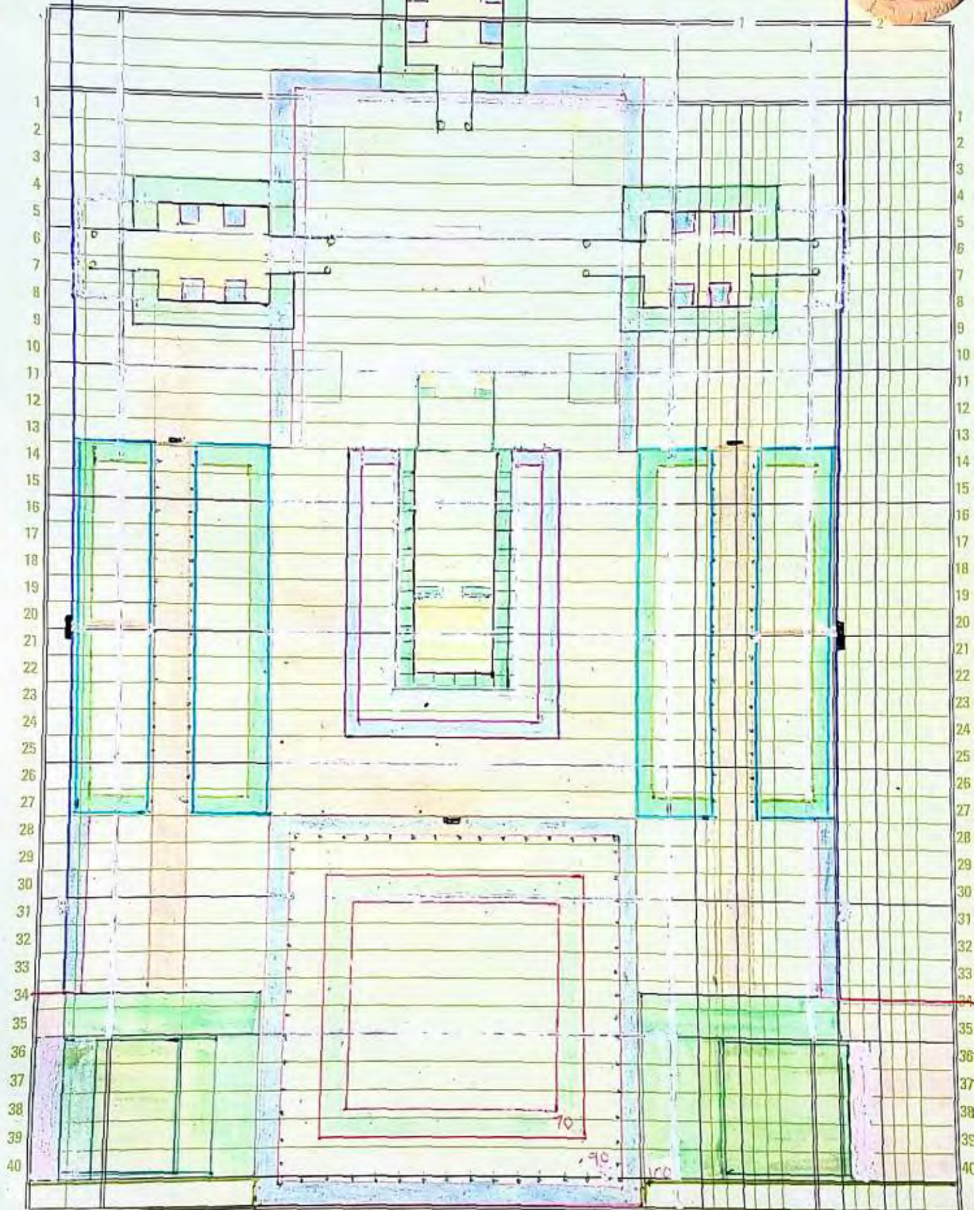






1

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1954



Ezk 42:10 the wall/hedge of court toward the east [5 Cubits]
Ezk 41:12 the wall of the building

Ezk 40:44 the inner gate were the Singers Chambers in the inner court.
One facing South on North

Singer Chamber Ps150 Psaltery
Harp, Tambourine, Strings,
Pipe, Organ, Cymbals

Ezk 40:45 Chamber facing South for Priests, keepers of charge of the House/Temple

Ezk 47 River of Life waters from Temple

Chamber facing North for Priests, keepers of the Altar

Ezk 42:10 (N&S) Chambers were the thickness of the wall/hedge of court toward the east [5 Cubits]

Upper
Middle
Lower
Rooms
Luk 14:8

Separate Place

Ezk 42:7 hedge was over against the chambers, toward the utter court has length of 50 cubits

Building
Luk 14:28 Tower

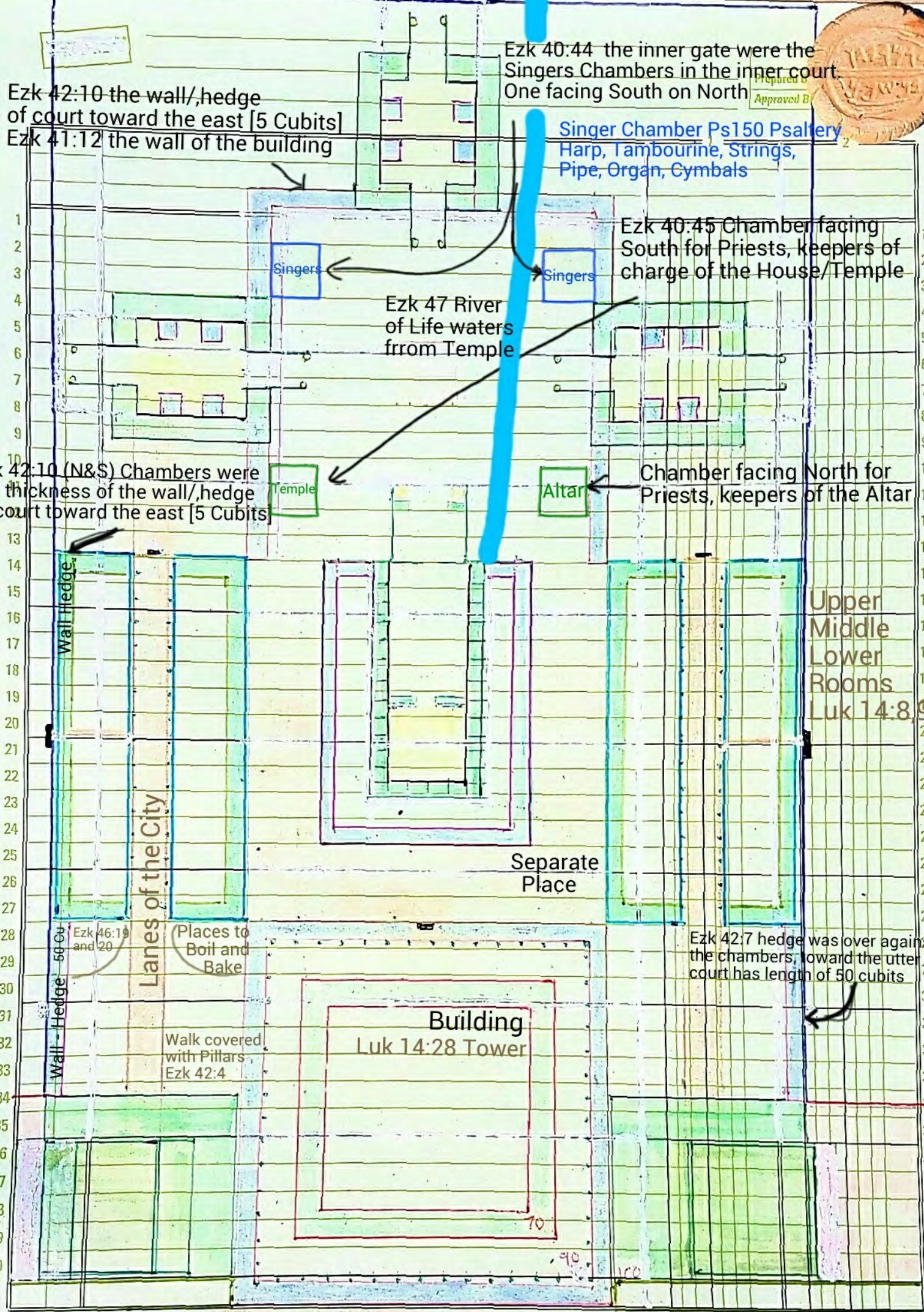
Walk covered with Pillars
Ezk 42:4

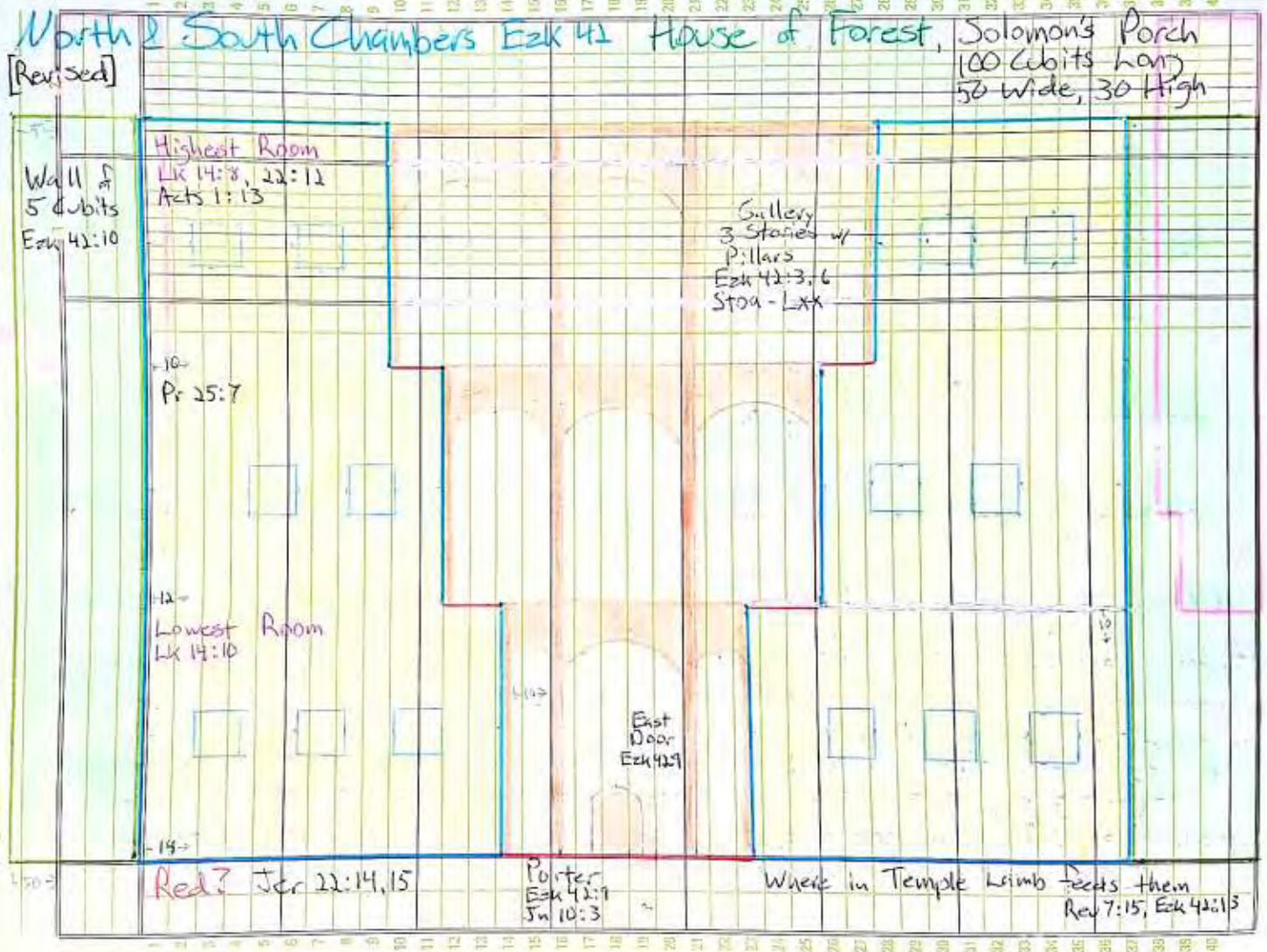
Places to Boil and Bake

Lanes of the City

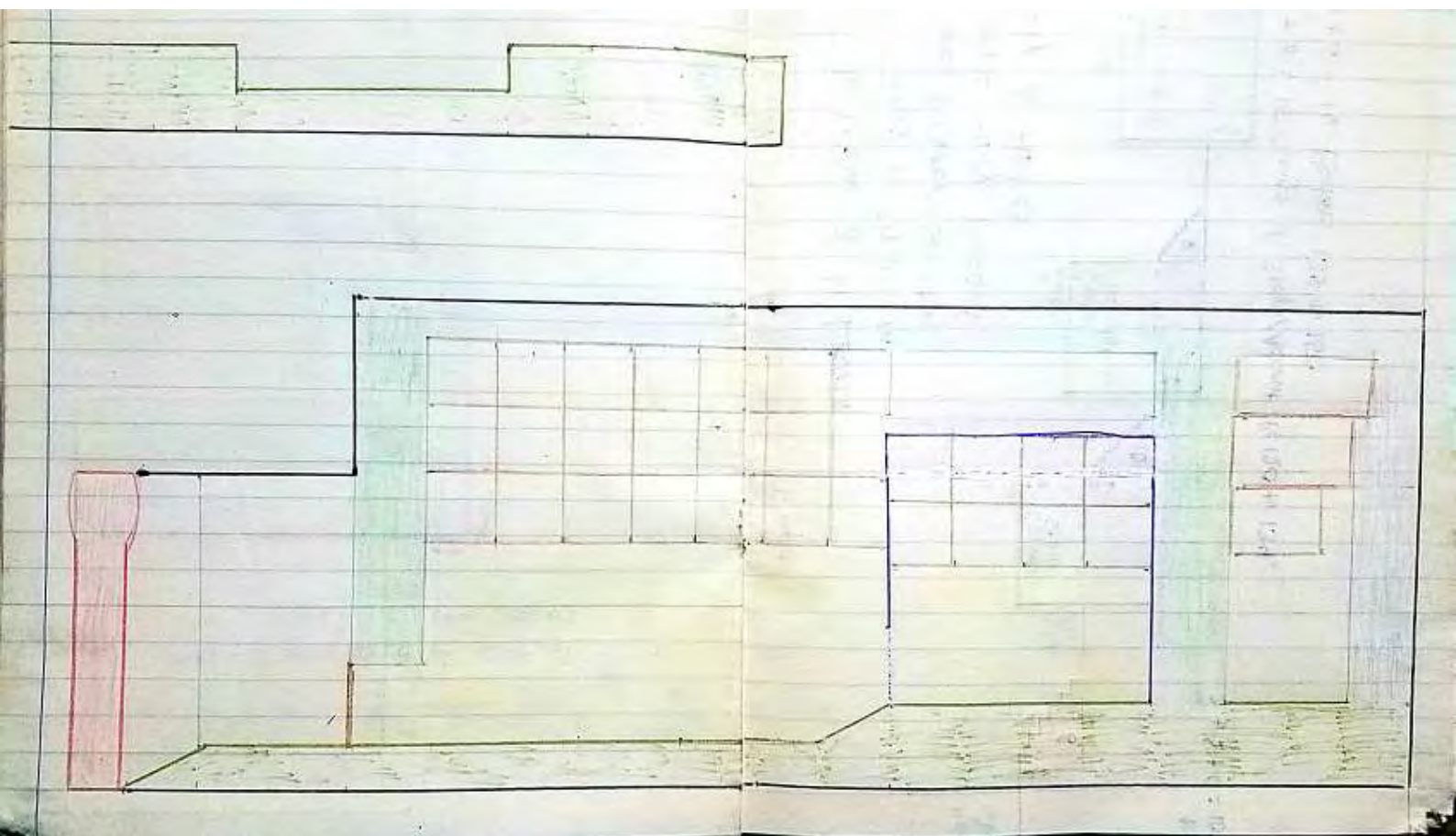
Wall - Hedge 50 cu

Ezk 46:19 and 20









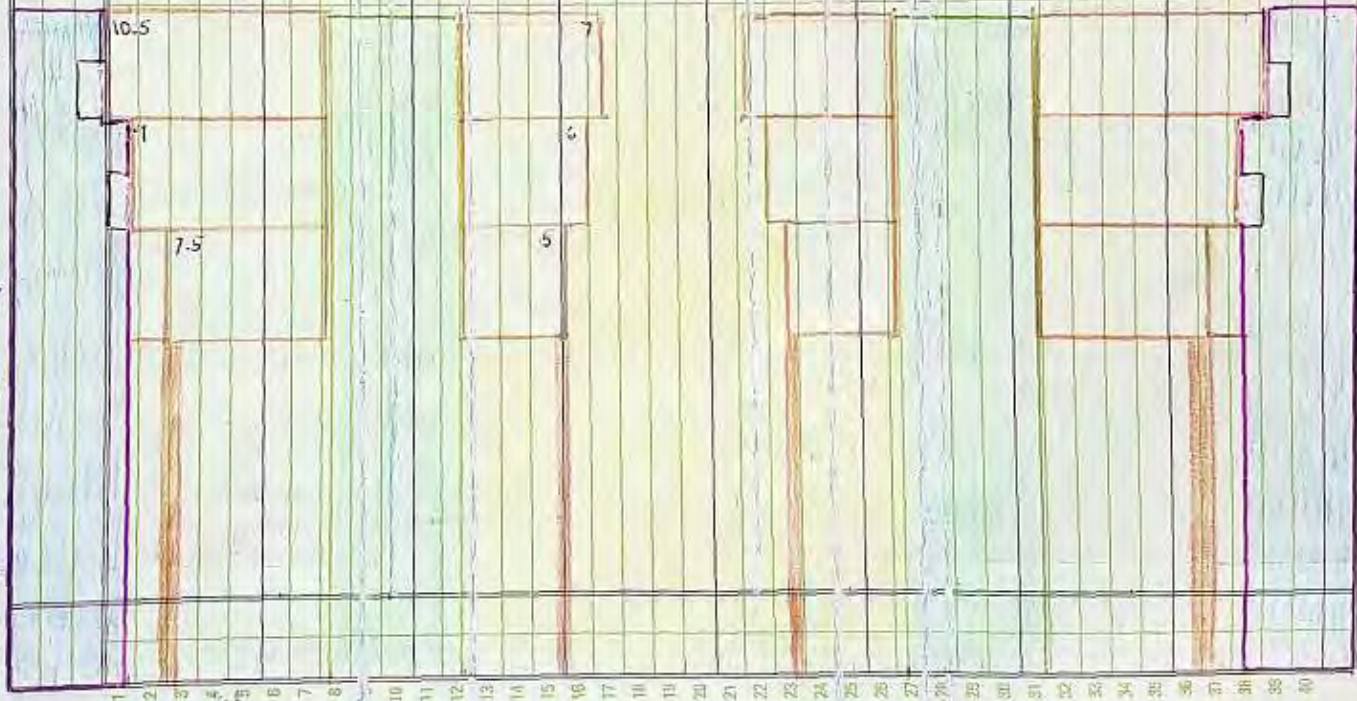
Upper Temple Chambers - Many Mansions in the Father's House - Mene

Temple has 2 Sections of Chambers, Inner 72V5 Ezk 41:10 & Outer 72V8 Side Chambers Ezk 41:5-26. Inner Rooms called Galleries above Door in Holy Place Ezk 41:14-16

These measurements are detailed in 1Ki 6:5-10 with 3 Levels of 7, 6, 5 Cubits.

Outer Chambers are "one above another three thirty" or 33 Rooms in 3 Levels, v7 "lowest" and "highest" and "middle." These Chambers are between 6 & 5 Cubit Walls in a space of 2.5 Cubits Ezk 41:10. The size enlarges as they go up: lower 7.5, middle 9 and highest 10.5 Cubits which go into 5 Cubit wall. Passageways to enter are in walls.

Side Cut-Out View



5 Cubit Wall

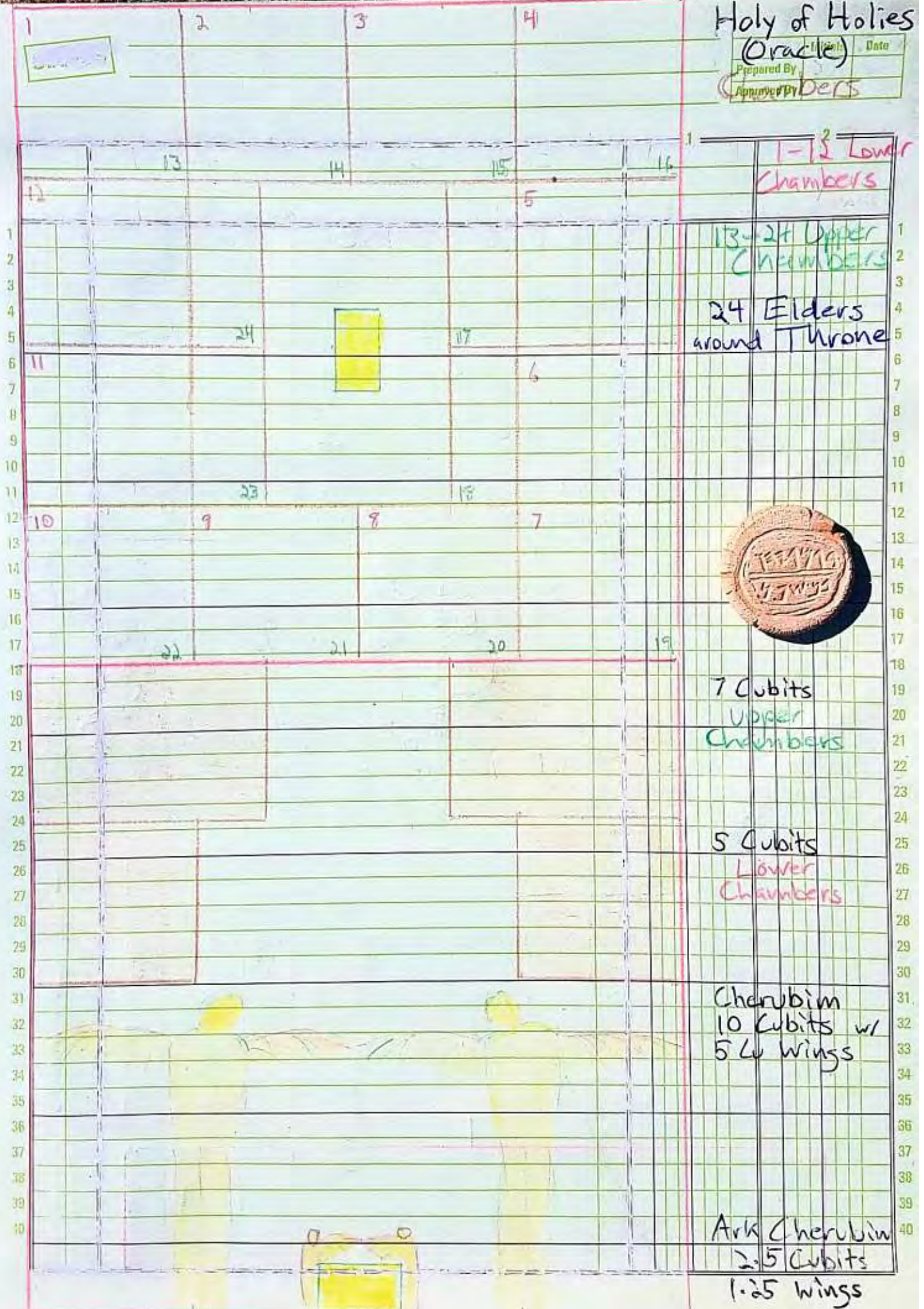
6 Cubit wall

Holy Place



Holy of Holies (Oracle)

Prepared By _____
Approved By **EDERS**



Shav
Des

Ezra	Year	Month	Day
1:1,2	30	4	5
8:1	6	6	5
20:1	7	5	10
24:1	9	10	10
26:1	11		1
29:1	10	10	12
29:17	27	1	1
30:20	11	1	7
31:1	11	3	1
32:1	12	12	1
32:17	12	12	15
33:21	12	10	5
11	12	10	5
40:1	25	10	10
	14		

Book of Ezekiel Year, Month, Day Show Temple Measurements

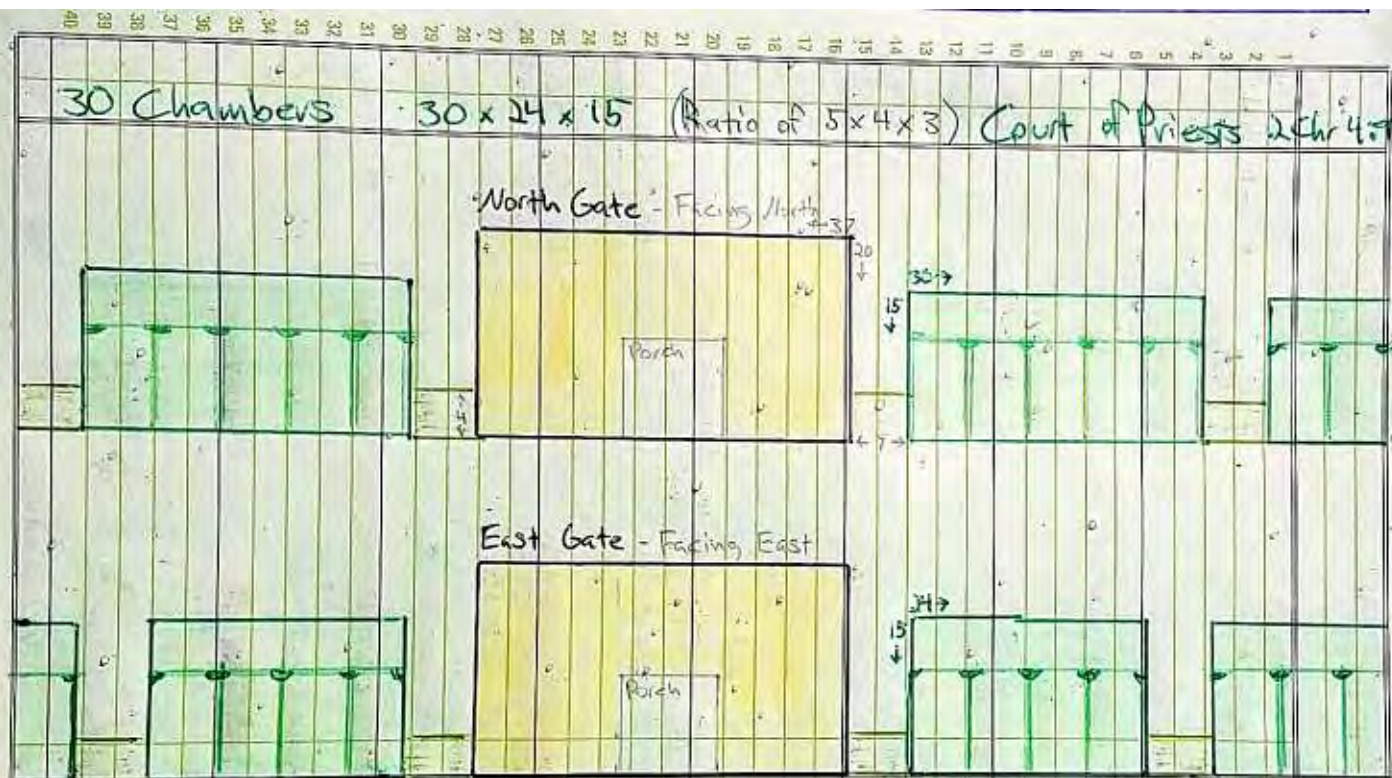
Ezek	Year	Month	Day	
1:1,2	30 Chambers Temple Height	4 Cu Width Inner Chambers	5 lowest Inner Chamber Cu	1 Kis: 5-10
8:1	6 Middle Inner Chamber Cu	6 Cu Inner Wall Thickness	5 Cu Outer Wall Thickness	Ezk 41:1-13
20:1	7 Highest Inner Chamber Cu →	5 Chambers were 5 Cubits High	10.5 Highest Outer Chamber Length	7 10.5
24:1	7.5 Lowest Outer 9 Middle Outer Chamber Length	10 - Cu Height of Cherubim on Walls Kis:23-3	10 Palm Tree Height Ezk 41:13-20	6 9 5 7.5
26:1	11 Cu Temple Porch Width		1 Door has 2 leaves for one door Ezk 41:24	Ezk 40:45, 49
29:1	10 Cu Width of Doorway	10 F 10 Steps	12 E.V. Porch Width	
29:17	27	1 Pillar by the Post, One on Side	1 Post Pillar, on Other Side	
30:20	11 6 Cu Post + 5 Cu Door Sides	1 Door of 5 Cu one Side TTX	7 Cu Width of Door [Holy Holies]	41:1-3
31:1	11 = 6 + 5 Ezk 41 1, 2, Post + 1/2 Door	3 Cu Gate Width	1 Another Door on other side 41:2	
32:1	12 Tribes Names of Israel	12 Land Portions or Divisions	1 TTX "a" or one Portion and one Gate	Ezk 48
32:17	12 Gates	12 Apostles Mat 19:25	15 + 10 = 25,000 Length of Land offering	25 →
33:21	12 Thrones	10 - 10,000 Cu Holy Borders Ezk 45:1-6	5 - 5,000 Cu Possession - City	10 5
11	12 - Cu Length in Middle Room or Floor - Pr 25:3	10 - Cu Length in Upper / Highest Room Lk 14:8	5 - Cubits Wall Thickness	Ezk 42: 1-14
40:1	25	1 - A "Way" of One Cubit	10 - Cu Walk- Way	
	14 - Cubits in Lowest Room		Lk 14:10	

Temple Chambers

Temple + Porch

City

NLS Chambers



Ezk 40:17 In Outer Court were Chambers [חדרים] lishuah and a Pavement [רצפה] for the Court round about. 30 Chambers were on the Pavement

1 Ki 7:12 The Great Court round about was with 3 rows hewn stone, 1 row Cedar Beams [עמודי] 1 Ki 6:36 Inner Court, 7:2 cedar beam Pillars

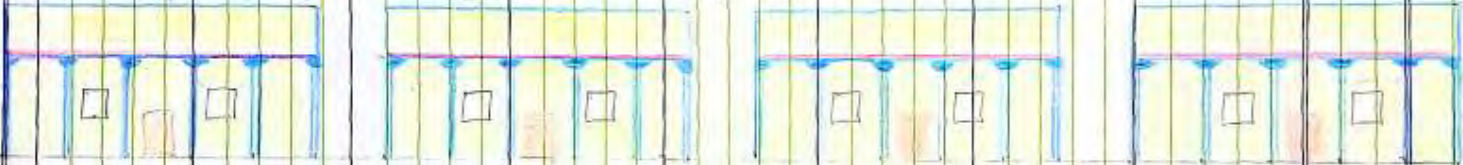
Ezk 42:6 Pillars [עמודי] of the Courts

1 Ki 7:10 Foundation of Castle, Great Stones of 10 Cubits & 8 Cubits - Ratio of 5 parts to 4 Parts in 30 Chambers 5 to 4 x Read 6 Cubits = 30 x 24. This is seen in New Jerusalem 144 Cubits. Number of Men 6 x Angel 24 = 144

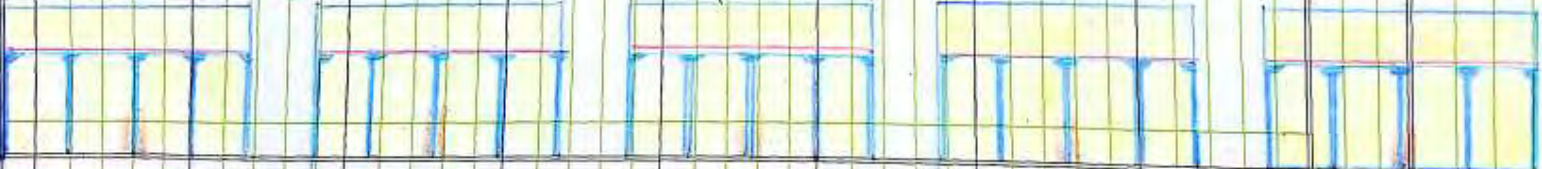
40 39 38 37 36 35 34 33 32 31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1

Pillars of the Court (Outer) on the 30 Chambers

30 Cubit Length (Facing North or South)



24 Cubit Length (Facing East or West)



View Looking down at 5 Cubit

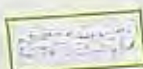
B.33

Ezk 46:21 In 4 corners of Court, in each
corner was a Court

30 →
40 ↓

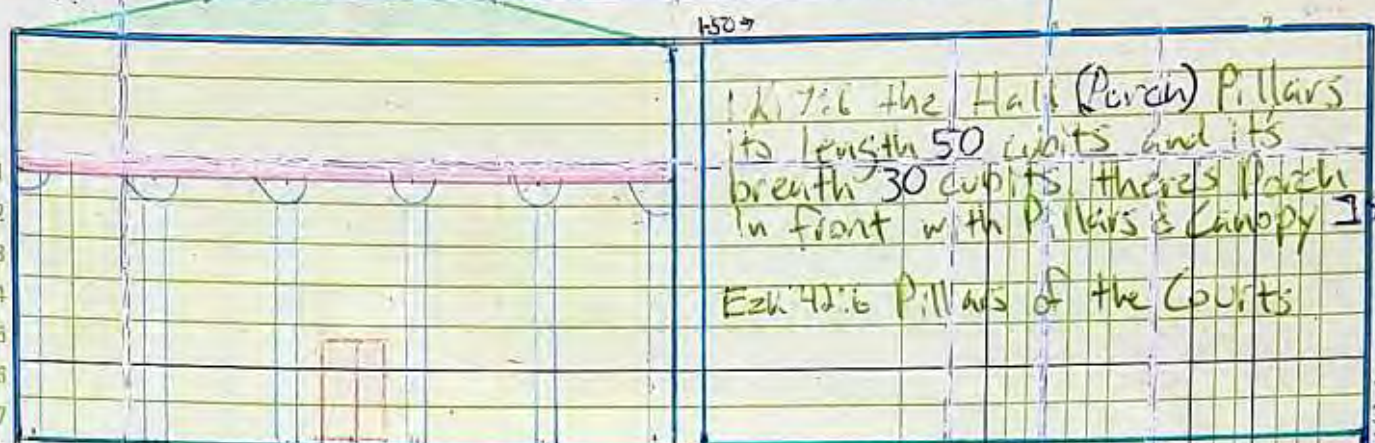
North

West



Scribes Chamber • Pillars of Court

Prepared By	Initials	Date
Approved By		



1 Ki 7:6 the Hall (Porch) Pillars
its length 50 cubits and its
breadth 30 cubits. There's Porch
in front with Pillars & Canopy
Ezk 42:6 Pillars of the Courts

12 Pillars

Mat 13:52 Every Scribe disciplined
unto Kingdom of Heaven is like a
Householder brings out treasure
(the secrets) new and old [Scrolls]

Great Library as expressed by Ekklesia of
Pergamos which was for parchment making and
its great royal library [known - famous]

Canopy
(2 y cloud)
Walkway
with
Pillars
10 cubits

Scribes Chamber next to King's House

Jer 36:12 Then he went down from King's
House into the Scribes Chamber and
all the princes sat there even Elishama
the scribe... Gemariah son of Shaphan
(both seals were discovered)

In the City of David, it's called House of
Bullae which is next to David's Palace

In the Ezekiel Temple Inner Court, there's
one on either side of the King's House

They are part of Pillars of the (Outer) Court aligning
with the Porches of the 30 Chambers. They are
separated by the "Hedge" but form part of the "Mishnah"
Porches are 50 x 14 cubits with 12 Pillars, 20 cu high.

Although not Gates, could also be thought of as Parbar
order from 1 Chr 26:18, "Two at Parbar westward." Nathannelech

School, College - Mishneh 7775 means second, double of
rank, quarter or district. Translated "college" in 2 Ki 22:14, 2 Chr 34:22

School - שְׁכוּל scholē 54981 means leisure, free from labor

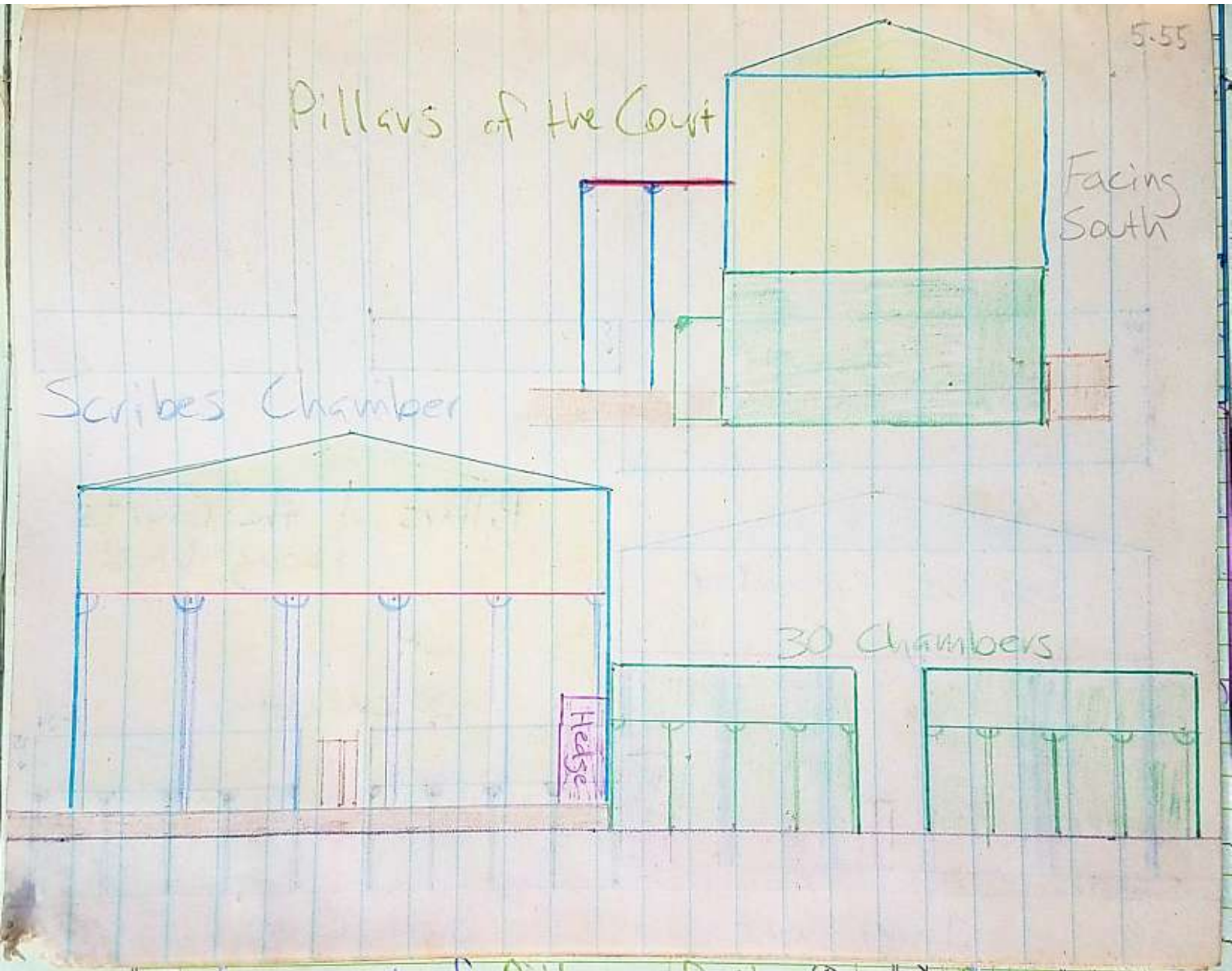
Pillars of the Court

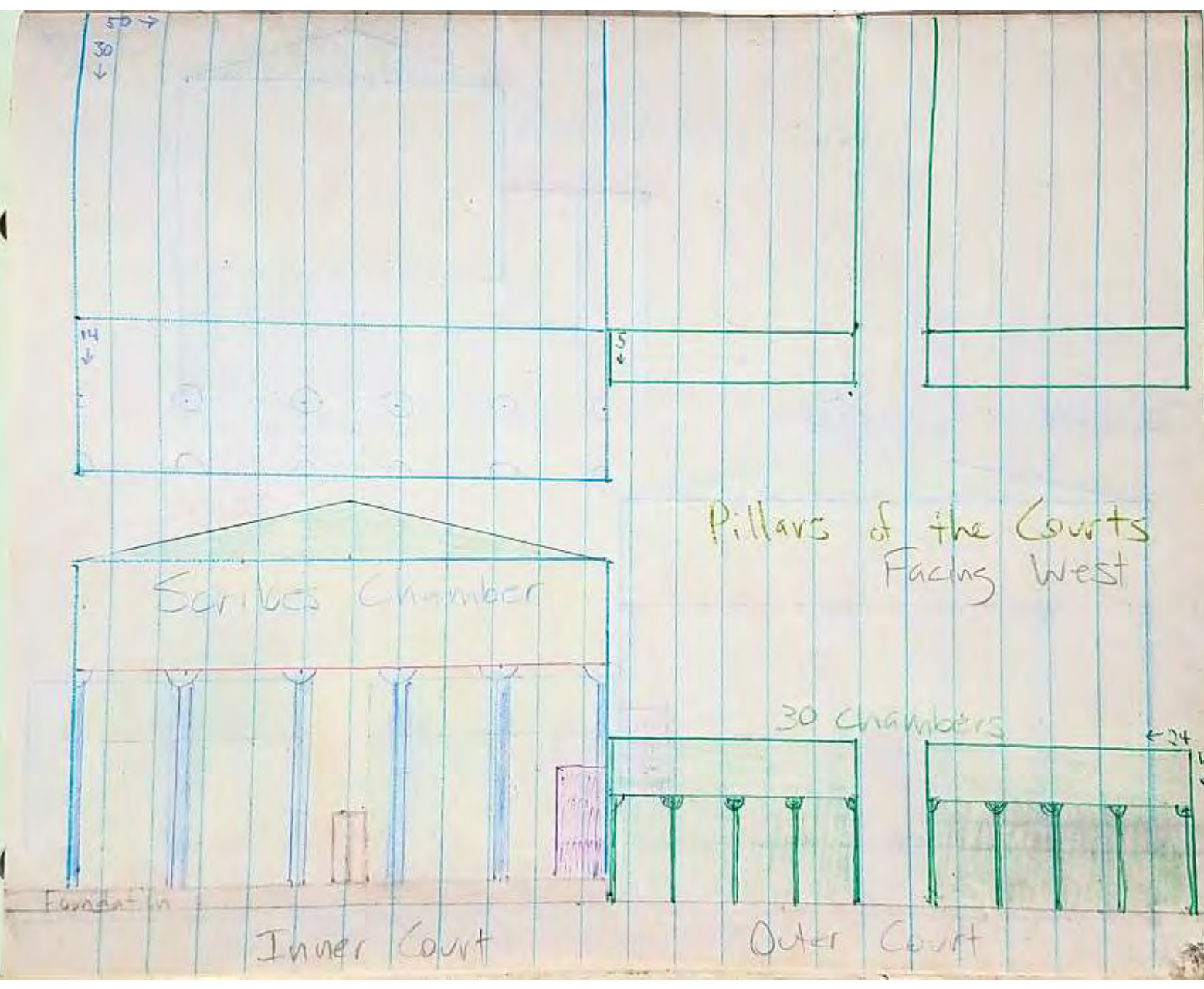
Facing South

Scribes Chamber

30 Chambers

Hedse





Pillars of the Courts
Facing West

30 Chambers

Scribes Chamber

Inner Court

Outer Court

Foundation

East

North and South
with 16 of 30
Chambers

4 Chambers	30
1 Boiling House	30
Boil Space	20

1/2 Gate	+ 18.5
244	188.5
- 188.5	
55.5 ÷ 4 =	13.875

Solving spaces between
the 30 Chambers

The Outer Court has 3
types of structures, the 30
Chambers, Gates and the
Boiling Houses.

The Temple Complex has
a Wall of 6 Cubits around
the complex.

Thus the 30 Chambers
are spaced between 37
Gates, and 30 x 40 Boiling
Houses in an line of 144
and 244 cubits between the
Gates and Boiling Houses
(as seen here)

East Wall	10
5 Chambers	24
1 Boiling House	40
Boil Space	20
1/2 Gate	+ 18.5

244	
- 198.5	
45.5 ÷ 5 =	9.1

The 30 Chambers are
30 x 24 Cubits and we find
the best orientation to be
East = 10 Chambers
North & South - 8 Each
West = 4

West Wall	4
2 Chambers	30
1 Boiling House	40
Boil Space	+ 20
	120

144	
- 120	
24 ÷ 2 =	12

The Space around the
Boiling Houses for the Pots
is 20 Cubits, thus showing
the allotted space for the
Chambers (See top etc)

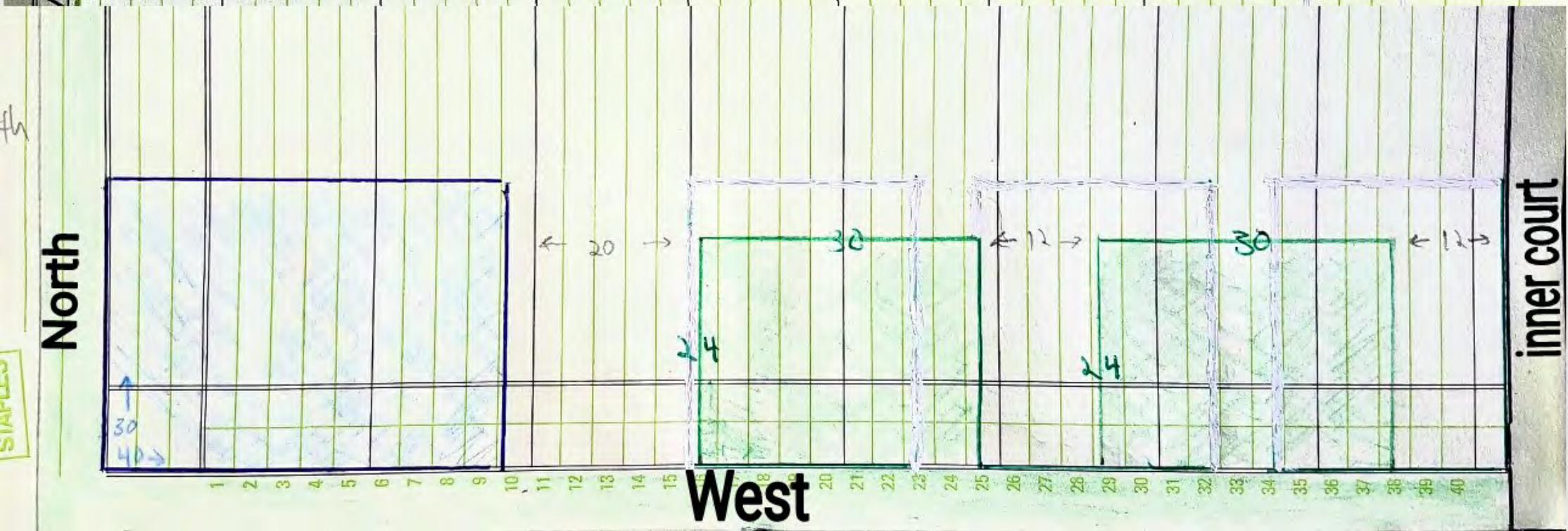
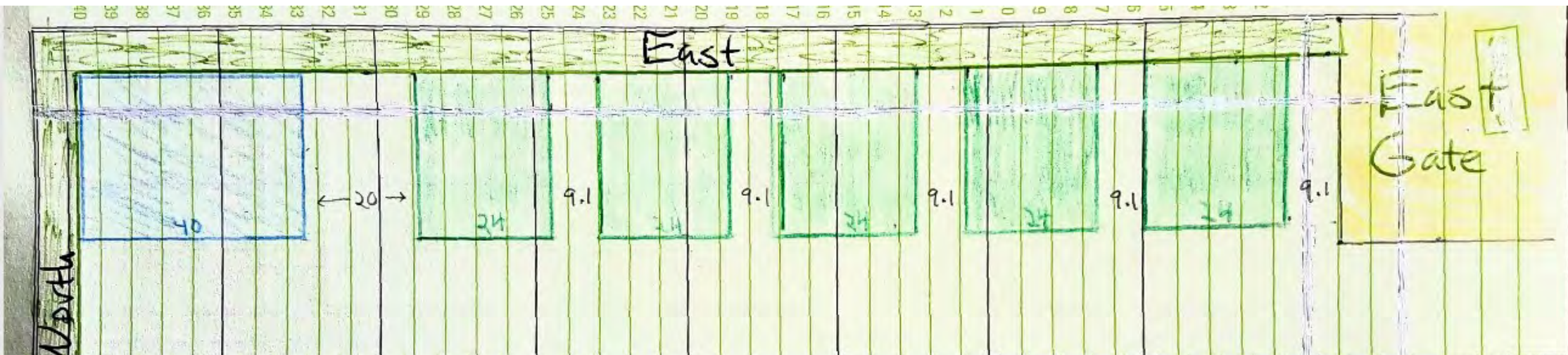
East	9.1
North & South	13.875
West	12

North
Gate

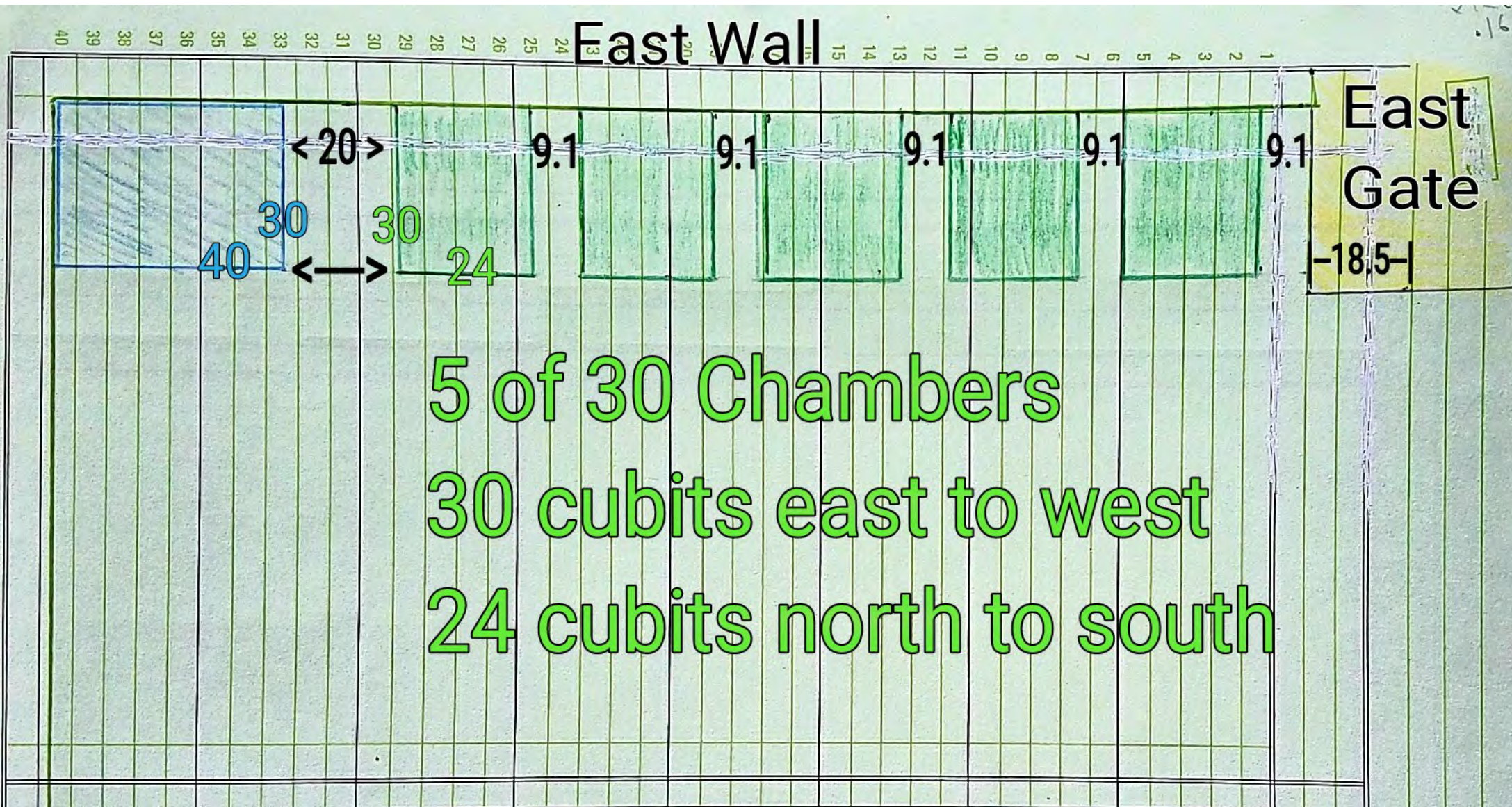
The Math determining
these Spaces in Right Column

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38
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40



East Wall



2 of 30 Chambers

24 cubits east to west

30 cubits north to south

North

STAPLES



< - 20 - >



< 12 - >



< 12 - >

inner court

West