## Consumer Behavior Part 2



A Review:

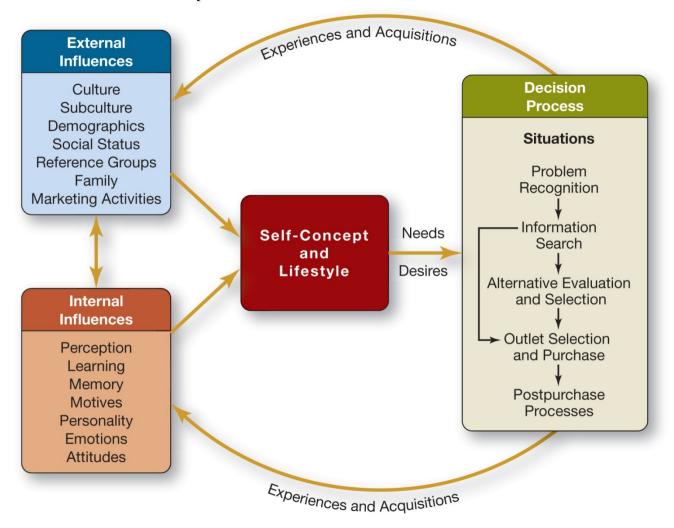
Social Psychologist Kurt Lewin ("le-veen")

$$\mathsf{B} = \mathsf{f}(\mathsf{I},\mathsf{P})$$

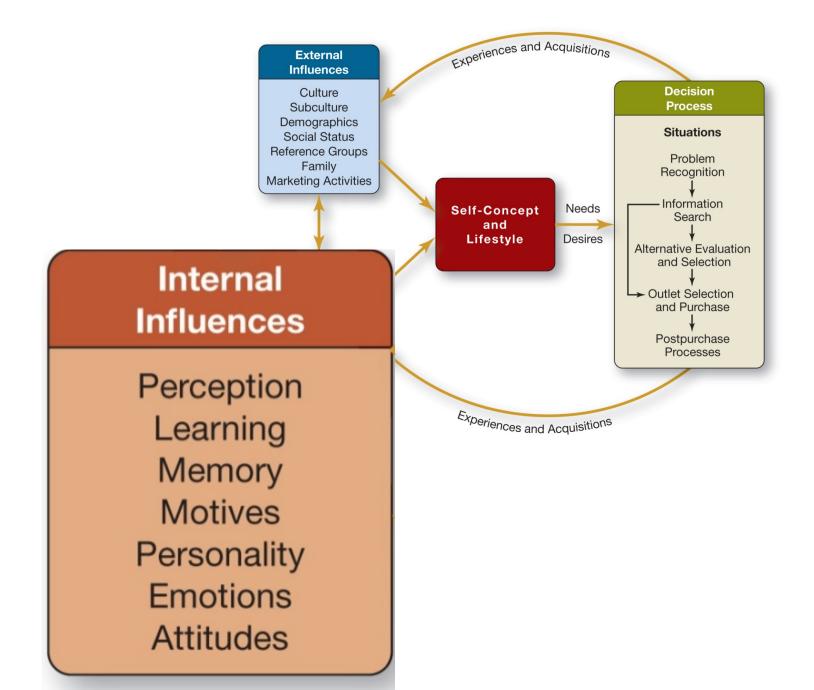
Behavior (B) is a function (f) of the interactions of interpersonal influences (I) and personal factors P)

## The Nature of Consumer Behavior

## Overall Conceptual Model of Consumer Behavior



#### **External** Influences Culture Subculture Demographics Experiences and Acquisitions Social Status Reference Groups **Decision Process** Family **Situations** Problem Recognition Marketing Activities Information Needs Self-Concept Search and Lifestyle Desires Alternative Evaluation and Selection Internal Influences Outlet Selection Perception and Purchase Learning Memory Postpurchase Motives **Processes** Personality **Emotions** Attitudes Experiences and Acquisitions



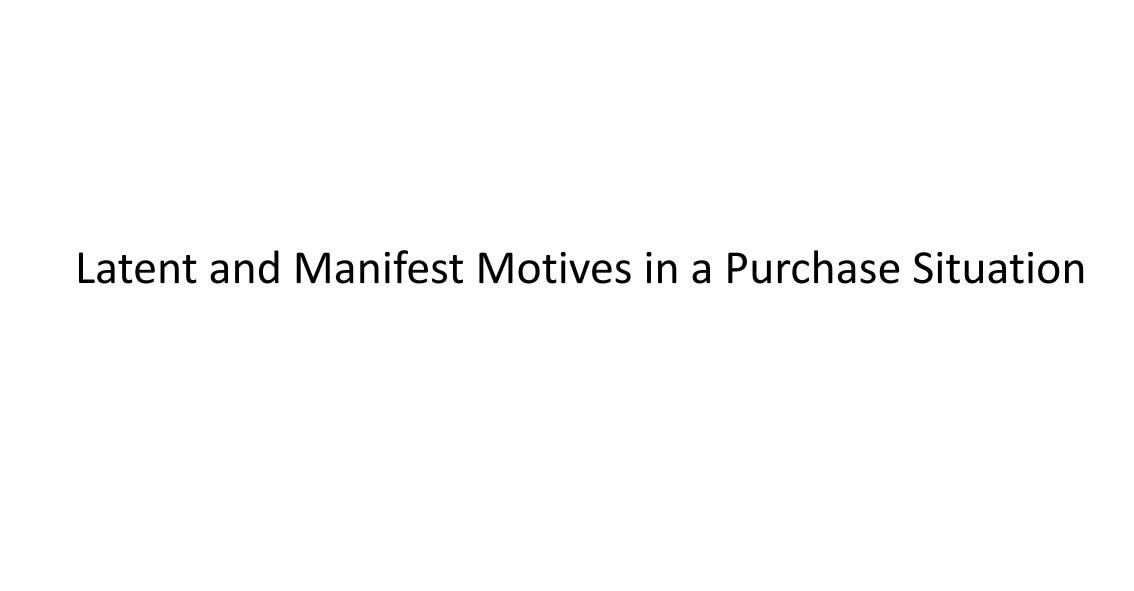
# Information processing for consumer decision making

FIGURE 8.1 / Information processing for consumer decision making **EXPOSURE** Deliberate Random **ATTENTION** Perception **4**..... Highinvolvement involvement INTERPRETATION High-Lowinvolvement involvement Short-term MEMORY Long-term Active problem Stored experiences, values, decisions, solving rules, etc. **PURCHASE AND CONSUMPTION DECISIONS** 

## Motives

## Maslow's Hierarchy of Needs

Fashion is not just about physical needs and material problem solving. Self-fulfillment Wisdom, Discernment, Understanding, and Self-Context for Life; Self-fulfillment that can lead actualization: needs to a new focus on helping others (but not achieving one's full potential, necessarily). including creative activities Competence, Approval, Status, Esteem needs: Sense of Achievement prestige and feeling of accomplishment Psychological needs Mutual Social & Intimate Belongingness and love needs: intimate relationships, friends Relationships; Membership Stability, Safety in family, Safety needs: society, & one's organization security, safety Basic needs Physiological needs: Survival & Bodily food, water, warmth, rest Comfort



Return to your list from last class.

Now, write your LATENT motives for the purchase!

### https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Kr\_N3Tl2WTM

M & S Ad



What consumer behaviors are implied?

How do our attitudes, interests, and opinions influence our purchasing behavior?

Find patterns through AIO surveys.

#### US VALS™ Framework



High Resources

Achievement Self-Expression Ideals Thinkers Achievers Experiencers Believers Strivers Makers Survivors Low Resources

**Psychographic Segmentation** 

<a href="http://www.strategicbusinessinsights.com/vals/about.shtml">http://www.strategicbusinessinsights.com/vals/about.shtml</a>
<a href="http://www.strategicbusinessinsights.com/vals/surveynew.shtml">http://www.strategicbusinessinsights.com/vals/surveynew.shtml</a>

## Experiencers



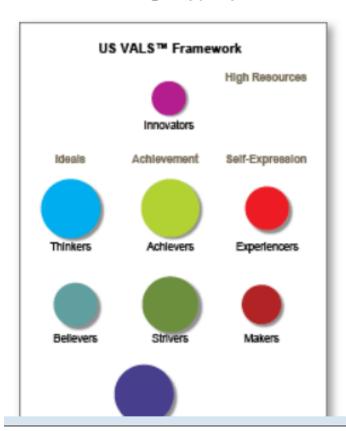








As a consumer group, Experiencers have high resources and a Self-Expression motivation.



#### Members of this group typically:

- Want everything
- Are first in and first out of trend adoption
- Go against the current mainstream
- · Are up on the latest fashions
- Love physical activity (are sensation seeking)
- See themselves as very sociable
- Believe that friends are extremely important
- Are spontaneous
- Have a heightened sense of visual stimulation.

## **Innovators**



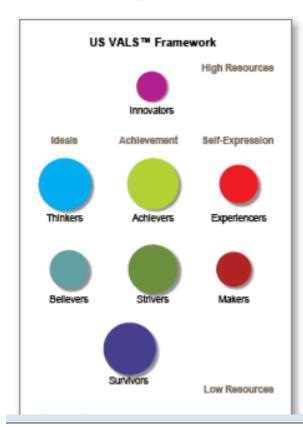








As a consumer group, Innovators exhibit all three primary motivations in varying degrees.



#### Members of this group typically:

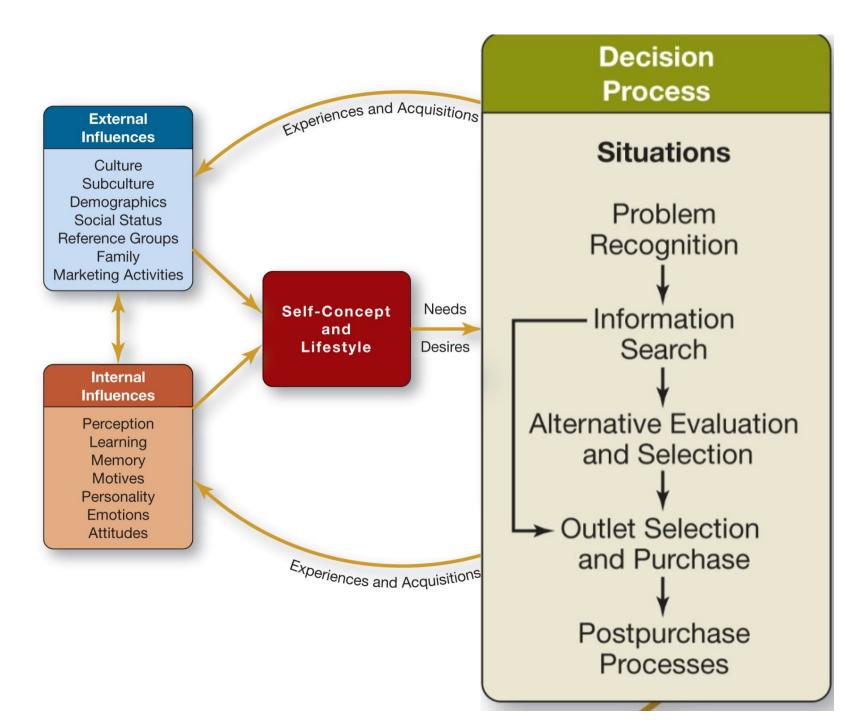
- Are always taking in information (antennas up)
- · Are confident enough to experiment
- Make the highest number of financial transactions
- Are skeptical about advertising
- Have international exposure
- · Are future oriented
- · Are self-directed consumers
- Believe science and R&D are credible
- Are most receptive to new ideas and technologies
- · Enjoy the challenge of problem solving

As a consumer group, Survivors have the lowest resources; they exhibit no primary motivation.



#### Members of this group typically:

- Are cautious and risk averse
- Are the oldest consumers
- Are thrifty
- Are not concerned about appearing traditional or trendy
- Take comfort in routine, familiar people, and places
- Are heavy TV viewers
- Are loyal to brands and products
- Spend most of their time alone
- Are the least likely use the internet
- Are the most likely to have a landline-only household.



**Evoked set** = The number of alternatives consumer actually considers in making a purchase decision.

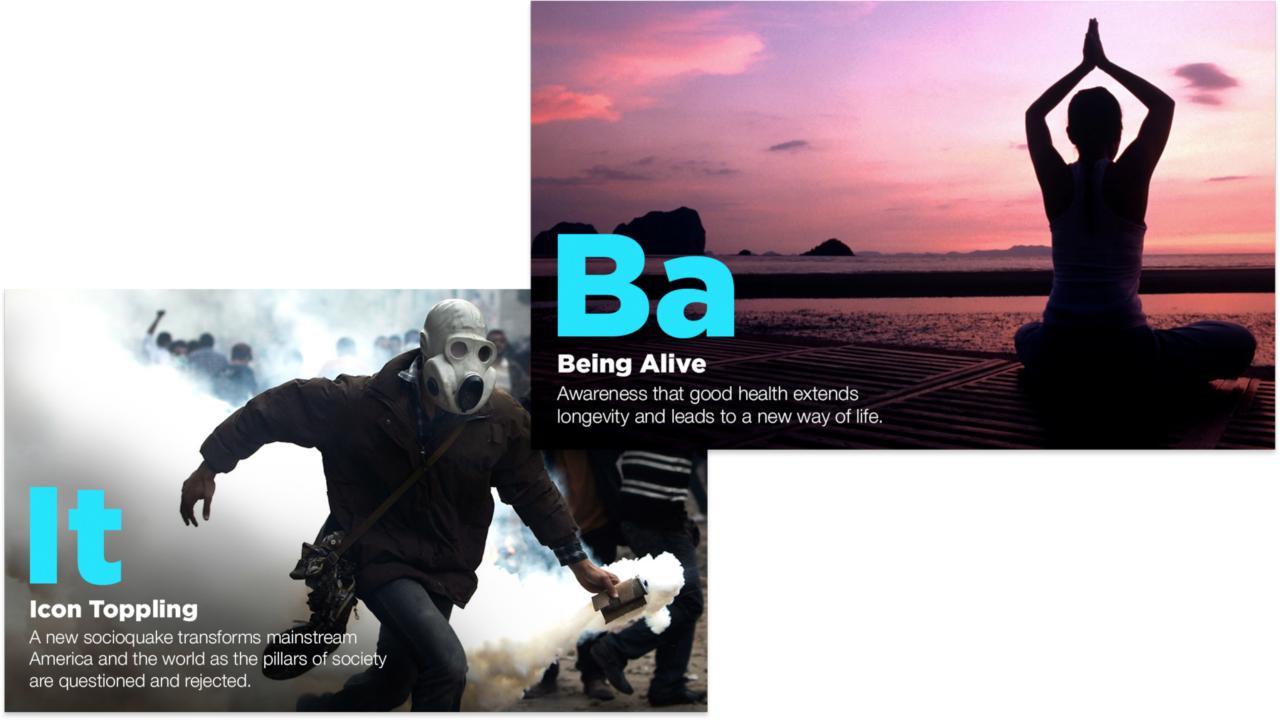
Evaluative criteria = Features a consumer considers in choosing among alternatives. **Cognitive dissonance** = Post-purchase anxiety; Results from an imbalance among a person's knowledge, beliefs, and attitudes.

Using Consumer Behavior to Predict Future Trends









# Consumer Behavior

http://www.adweek.com/news/advertising-branding/heres-how-brands-can-connect-college-students-throughout-school-year-173197

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