

Nome : \_\_\_\_\_

INFORMAÇÃO : \_\_\_\_\_

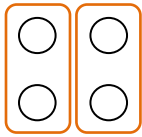
Data : \_\_/\_\_/\_\_

# Divisão

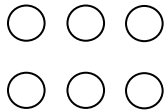
Aprender a dividir

1 – Completa e efetua o cálculo, conforme o exemplo.

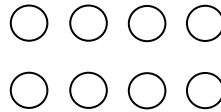
$4 \div 2 = \underline{2}$



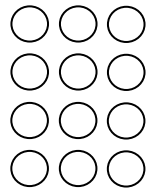
$6 \div 3 = \underline{\quad}$



$8 \div 2 = \underline{\quad}$



$12 \div 3 = \underline{\quad}$



$9 \div 3 = \underline{\quad}$

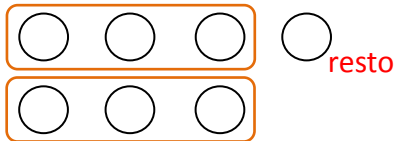
$10 \div 2 = \underline{\quad}$

$10 \div 5 = \underline{\quad}$

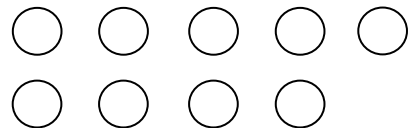
$8 \div 4 = \underline{\quad}$

2 – Completa e efetua o cálculo, conforme o exemplo.

$7 \div 3 = \underline{2 (+1 \text{ círculo no resto})}$



$9 \div 4 = \underline{\quad}$



$12 \div 5 = \underline{\quad}$

$17 \div 3 = \underline{\quad}$

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# Divisão

Aprender a dividir

1 – Completa e efetua o cálculo, conforme o exemplo.

dividendo

Diferentes representações da divisão

$$\begin{array}{r} 30 \overline{) 5} \\ \underline{- 30} \\ 0 \end{array}$$

← divisor

← quociente

↑ resto

$$30 : 5 = \underline{6}$$

$$30 \div 5 = \underline{6}$$

$$\frac{30}{5} = \underline{6}$$

$$5 \times 1 = 5$$

$$\dots$$

$$5 \times 6 = 30$$

$$\underline{5 \times 7 = 35}$$

$$56 \overline{) 8}$$

$$56 : 8 = \underline{\quad}$$

$$56 \div 8 = \underline{\quad}$$

$$\frac{56}{8} = \underline{\quad}$$

$$37 \overline{) 6}$$

$$42 \overline{) 4}$$

$$33 \overline{) 2}$$

$$27 \overline{) 3}$$

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# Divisão

1 – Completa e efetua o cálculo.

$87 \overline{) 2 \quad \underline{\quad}}$

$56 \overline{) 4 \quad \underline{\quad}}$

$37 \overline{) 4 \quad \underline{\quad}}$

$66 \overline{) 3 \quad \underline{\quad}}$

$77 \overline{) 5 \quad \underline{\quad}}$

$65 \overline{) 3 \quad \underline{\quad}}$

$43 \overline{) 6 \quad \underline{\quad}}$

$67 \overline{) 5 \quad \underline{\quad}}$