

GHP

ARCHITECTURE
ENVIRONMENTAL
CONSTRUCTION SERVICES

DESIGN AND
CONSTRUCTION
ISSUES AFTER
HURRICANE
IMPACT
A Case Study

FHEA 2023



PRESENTATION OUTLINE

Case Study - Facility Restored as a result of Hurricane teaches valuable planning lessons

1. Analyze Risks
2. Improve Build-Back
3. Infection Control Risks during Restoration
4. MEPFP is a Critical Part of Restoration
5. Build back Pricing and Construction Management



OUR SPEAKER



Rich Crim PE, LEED AP BD+C Vice President, Project Operations

Education

- Bachelor of Science - Mechanical Engineering –2003, University of Mississippi, Oxford, MS
- Master of Science - Mechanical Engineering –2005, Vanderbilt University, Nashville, TN

Biography

- Joined GHP 2014
- Based out of Nashville, TN
- 17+ years of mechanical engineering experience



OUR AUTHORS



Paul Haas, CSP, CIH
Environmental Project Manager

- Joined GHP 2021
- Based out of Jupiter, FL



Mark L. Smith, AIA, LEED AP
VP, Florida Operations

- Joined GHP 1997
- Based out of Jupiter, FL

LET'S HEAR FROM YOU.

How many damaged facilities have you restored as a result of hurricanes?

- A. 1-3
- B. 3 or more
- C. NONE

BACKGROUND

HURRICANE DAMAGES

- Facilities Exposed to Hurricane Winds— potentially leading to structure damages, roof loss, infrastructure and civil losses
- Extensive Power Outages create loss of finishes and interiors. Architecture is impacted, Infrastructure Connections and widespread Environmental damages.
- HVAC Systems, Potable Water, Electrical/ Data Systems— Part of the MEPFP will need to be assessed



A photograph of a construction site on a roof, showing several workers in high-visibility vests and hard hats working on a corrugated metal roof. The scene is dimly lit, suggesting dusk or dawn. The text is overlaid on the image.

BUILDING MANAGEMENT

Hurricane Response & Pre-planning



LET'S HEAR FROM YOU.

Does your enterprise have specific pre or post hurricane response policies & procedures dictated by your administration?

- A. Yes
- B. No
- C. Not Applicable



MODEL HURRICANE MANAGEMENT PLAN

Consider available checklists for hurricane preparedness as templates for a Response Plan to address main points below:

- Damage Assessment
- Water Extraction and Debris Removal
- Measures to prevent the spread of water and wind damage within the facility
- Prompt identification and isolation of safety risks to patients, staff/public health
- Public and staff communication and plan for appropriate external communication related to building operations
- Restoration of routine operations*
- Remediation Monitoring
- Architectural Design and Construction Administration
- Base Building Common Area MEPFP
- Construction Management

*These plans can speak to stock storage of supplies for hospital use.

- Availability and storage of supplies used to quarter off facility sections to accommodate a damages (e.g., PVC, rolled plastic, PPE, HEPA-filtered negative air machines, HEPA filters, sticky pads, etc.). (GHP)

MODEL HURRICANE MANAGEMENT PLAN

Envelope and Interior Damage Assessment

- Interior Water Damage
 - Water extraction, dehumidification, drying
- Envelope Damage Assessment
 - Repair roof, skin, and window damages
- MEPFP Systems Assessment
 - Determine operable and inoperable systems

**How do the above impact
hospital operations?**





LET'S HEAR FROM YOU.

Have you implemented temporary engineering controls to create negative isolation treatment spaces after hurricane damages?

- A. Yes
- B. No
- C. Not Applicable

TEMPORARY ANTE ROOM TO PATIENT ROOM/SPACE RECOMMENDATIONS

- Constant manometer reading to show continuous negative pressure flow
- Zipper flaps on each end of Ante Room
- Storage space for PPE (single use, reuse)
- Space for donning and doffing PPE
- Waste receptacles for used PPE
- Sticky mats on in/out sides of access point (if applicable)
- Consider one-way in/out, if space(s) allows
- Entry side signage designating limited access stipulations
- Consider EVS designated supplies storage area/waste load out times
- Consider Dietary waste load out times
- Consider access to limited employees; access for (e.g., cart) EMT and their protocols



Photo from STARC Systems

HEPA FILTERED NEGATIVE AIR UNIT USE CONSIDERATIONS

- Consider room size or affected space size and air change goals for determining airflow sizing
- Consider noise generation by machines
- Consider electrical loading, GFI electrical outlets recommended
- Balance airflow with make-up air relative to negative airflow
- In large affected space, consider negative air exhaust points in unused or under-used spaces or at multiple locations



Photo from Oaklawn Hospital

OTHER CONSIDERATIONS

- Cleaning and restoration of electronics (ASHE) (IICRC)
- Safety guidelines related to maintenance and engineering staff working within a damaged structure (AIHA)
- Reopening of previously closed-off or little used areas of a hospital (AIA, ASHRAE, ASHE)



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Questions

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