Integrating ecosystem services into urban planning

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Where and when does nature provide what benefits to whom? *How* can we use that understanding to inform decisions?



### Sustainable Development

#### Sustainable, Livable Cities

#### Our Sustainable, Livable Cities Program

Vision: Integrate biodiversity and nature's contributions to people in city planning, conservation, and development to improve outcomes for both people and the planet



#### Urban challenges

- Inequity
- Air pollution
- Urban heat islands
- Flooding
- Energy consumption
- Water & food security
- Changing climate
- Biodiversity protection
- Pandemic recovery
- Mental and physical health



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### Pioneering science, technology, and partnerships that enable people and nature to thrive.



Sustainability Science for Biosphere Stewardship

INSTITUTE ON THE **ENVIRONMENT** 

UNIVERSITY OF MINNESOTA Driven to Discover<sup>™</sup>













#### Access to nature and health: 2 pathways

## Impact of Nature Experience on Mental Health



(7+1)/2 = 4



 $(7+1)/2^{?}=4$ 

#### Bratman et al. 2015 PNAS



## Changes in rumination and brain activity with nature exposure





Bratman et al. 2015 PNAS ...Bratman et al. 2019 Science Advances





## The Natural Capital Platform

Harnessing global environmental data to provide decision makers with actionable information for planning, finance, and conservation decisions.

# Changes in ecosystem $\rightarrow$ Changes in ecosystem services and their values



integrated valuation of ecosystem services and tradeoffs





| a<br>Information<br>USERS<br>Local governments,<br>private sector,<br>researchers, NGOs, civil<br>society  | <b>b</b><br>Lower | Needs for information   |                         |   |   |  |  |
|--|-------------------|---|-------------------------|---|---|--|--|
|  | precision         | Capacity building<br>& communication  | Scenario<br>exploration | Policy or urban<br>design                       | precision   |  |  |
| ° Type of information  |                   |   |                         |   |   |  |  |
| How much?  |                   | Where?  |                         |   | To whom?  |  |  |
| <ul> <li>How much benefit can natural infrastructure provide for reducing urban heat?</li> <li>What is the return on investment in natural infrastructure? (Case study 1)</li> </ul> |                   | <ul> <li>What is the provision of ecosystem services to different neighborhood.</li> <li>Where would investment in natura infrastructure provide the greatest benefits?<br/>(Case study 2)</li> </ul> |                         | ds? natural i<br>ral • Can inve<br>st infrastru | <ul><li>natural infrastructure?</li><li>Can investment in natural</li></ul> |  |  |

#### https://naturalcapitalproject.stanford.edu/



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# Partnership

Photo: Gabriel Kamener, Sewn Together





Development Planning
 Livable Cities

6

Securing Freshwater Private Sector Standards Resilient Coastal Communities

#### 3 stories

- Urban climate adaptation planning
- Urban development planning
- Urban land-use planning and equity



#### 1. Urban Climate Adaptation Planning





Development Planning

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Securing Freshwater Private Sector Standards Resilient Coastal Communities



Adapt to rising seas in an urban area

- Where and when can nature-based solutions help?
- What co-benefits to they provide?





#### **Three Scenarios**

 What we might have done – armored the whole shoreline – serves as a baseline or comparison point 2. What we have done – protect existing marshes and restore as much of the salt ponds to marsh as possible. 3. What we could do next – add nature-based features throughout to protect marshes and communities



Alameda Point Runway Wetland alamedapointenviro.com



Outer Bair Island- alamedapointenviro.com -Dicklyon



Horizontal Levee – HT Harvey & Associates

#### **Three Scenarios**







#### Compared to an Engineered Shoreline...

| Benefits                          | Restoration          | Restoration +<br>Nature-based Adaptation |
|-----------------------------------|----------------------|--|
| Marsh habitat                     | 5.4x                 | 6.9x                                     |
| Beach                             | +0.5 km <sup>2</sup> | +1.7 km <sup>2</sup>                     |
| Recreation*                       | 1.0x                 | 1.0x                                     |
| Runoff retention*                 | 5.6x                 | 6.8x                                     |
| Carbon storage and sequestration* | 5.1x                 | 6.3x                                     |

\* (used InVEST model)

- Creating maps of opportunities for nature-based solutions
- Articulating multiple benefits of nature-based solutions in particular places to inform decisions
- Informing adaptation toolkit for cities in the county

#### 2. Urban Development Planning

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Development Planning
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Securing Freshwater Private Sector Standards Resilient Coastal Communities



#### Location 区位

Haizhu Wetland with a total area of 11km<sup>2</sup>, located in the Southeast of Haizhu District, is the first national wetland park in Guangzhou. It's known as the "Green Heart" of Guangzhou, serving as an important passage for migratory birds and critical ventilation corridor to adjust urbanclimate.

海珠湿地, 总面积11平方公里, 地处广州中央城区海珠区东南隅, 是广州第一个国家级湿地公园。海珠湿地被誉为广州"绿心" , 是候鸟迁徙的重要通道, 也是广州夏季主风廊的关键节点, 是中心城区的入风口和气候调节器。



## Wetland in downtown 特大城市城央湿地

Haizhu Wetland is the largest wetland located in downtown core of China's megacities. The park is highly accessible with a 3km distance from Zhujiang New Town CBD. Connected to major business districts and the Guangzhou college town.

海珠湿地是我国特大城市中心最大的湿地公园。距珠江新城中央商务区仅3公里,交通便利。连接主要商业区和大学城。



## Scenarios 情景设置





#### 现状情景 Current Scenario



integrated valuation of ecosystem services and tradeoffs 没有海珠湿地 No Wetland; Residential development



#### Urban Cooling



- Mental health
- Physical activity/health
- Climate regulation (Carbon storage and sequestration)
- Recreation

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3. Urban Land-use Planning and Equity

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PROJECT

Development PlanningLivable Cities

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Securing Freshwater Private Sector Standards Resilient Coastal Communities



Lonsdorf et al. 2021, Landscape and Urban Planning

#### **Distributional Equity Assessment**



#### Distributional Equity Assessment







#### Partnering with the World Bank

Global Platform for Sustainable Cities Policy Guidance on Urban Biodiversity and Nature, launching at the UN Biodiversity Conference in Kunming



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science + technology + partnerships → scaling of approaches and tools to create a future where people and nature thrive.





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## PROJECT

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